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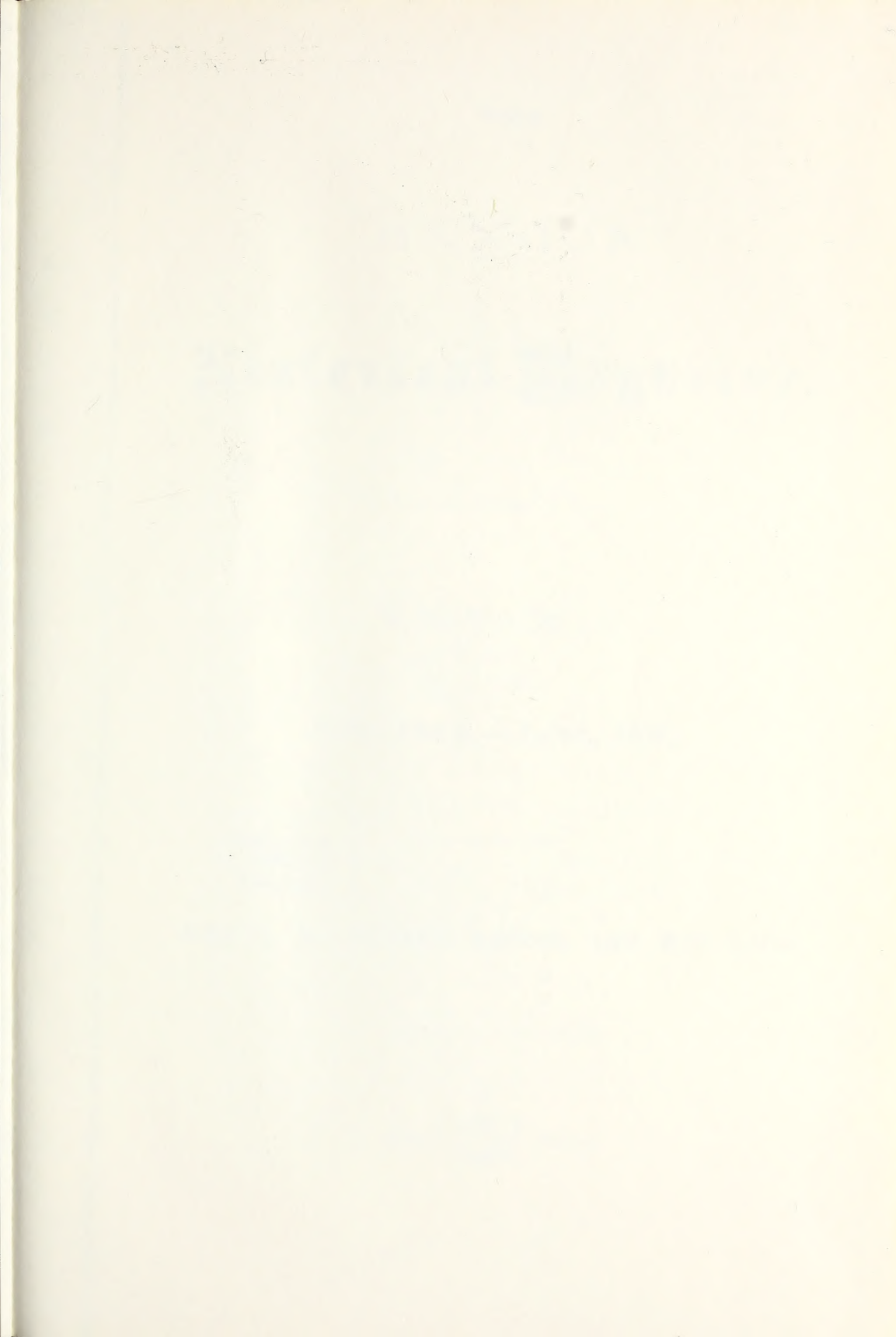
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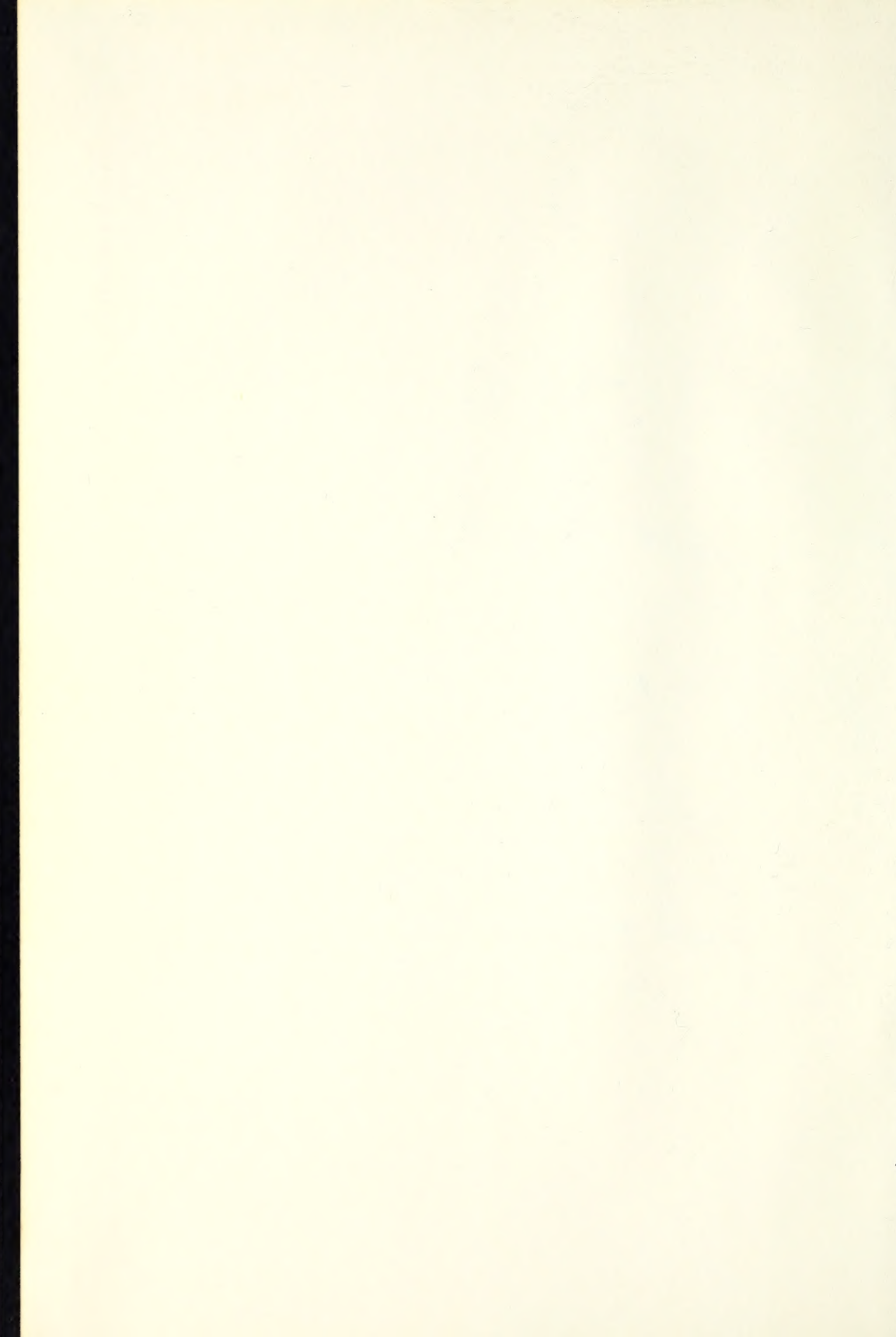
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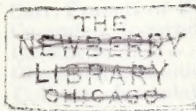
BANGOR

Historical Magazine.

VOLUME II.

2

July, 1886,---June, 1887.



JOSEPH W. PORTER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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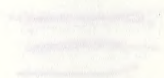
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CONTENTS OF VOLUME II.

	PAGE.
Addison.....	18
Additions and Corrections, Vol. II.....	222, 224
Allan, Col. John, of Passamaquoddy.....	204
Aroostook War. Roster of Volunteer troops therein, 1839.....	121
Arnold, Benedict on the Eastern Frontier.....	138
Bangor, Fourth of July, 1895.....	219
Bangor, marriages.....	63, 79
Bangor, Intentions of marriage.....	61
Bangor, Deaths.....	138, 180, 217, 243
Bangor, Historical Society.....	223
Belfast, Marriages 1774—1818.....	195
Belfast, Marriages 1799—1809.....	102
Billings Family, of Bangor.....	164
Blake, Gen. John of Brewer, and his family.....	1
Blake, Rev. Charles M.....	17
Bowers, Benjamin of Lowell.....	119
Blue Hill, Congregational Church.....	113
Book Notices.....	224
Brastow Family.....	135
Bragdon, Ebenezer of Sullivan.....	179
Brewer, Col. Josiah of Brewer.....	42
Brewer, Incorporation of, 1812.....	213
Brewer, Col. John of Brewer, His Petition, 1792.....	242
British raid on Naskeag, (Sedgwick).....	183
Brown Family, Concord, Mass., and Bangor.....	224
Brown, Dea. George W. of Bangor.....	43
Brunswick, Inscriptions.....	17
Buck, Roger and his Descendants.....	142
Buckstown, (Bucksport) Incorporated 1792.....	219
Bucksport, Inscriptions Buck Cemetery.....	80
Buck, Family of Bucksport.....	10, 21
Buck, Capt. Ebenezer of Bucksport.....	69
Carr, Francis of Bangor, His diary while a member of Congress, 1812, 1813, 214	
Campden, Incorporation of.....	51
Castine in 1815.....	45
Champlain, Samuel. His voyage from St. Croix to Penobscot 1604.....	229
Colburn, Jeremiah. His deposition relating to Marsh Island, Orono.....	41
Cooper, General John, First Sheriff of Washington County.....	33
Crosby, Simon of Bangor and Family.....	105, 143
Darling, Jonathan Jr. His Diary, 1757—73.....	76
De Gregoire. His grant at Mount Desart.....	81
Deer Isle, Deposition relating to, 1781.....	84
Deer Isle and Sedgwick Petitions, 1775.....	103
Eastport Inscriptions.....	150
Ellsworth, License Innholders, 1812.....	158
First European Settlement in New England, 1604.....	225
First Steamboat on Penobscot Bay.....	64
First marriage on Penobscot River.....	137
Frankfort, Incorporation of.....	119
Frees Family, Deer Isle and Orono.....	144
Friendship, Novel marriage, 1772.....	202
French Settlements in Maine, 1688.....	121
Godfrey, Hon. John of Bangor.....	133
Goldthwait, Col. Thomas of Fort Pownal, 1764.....	87

Goodwin, Francis Le Baron of Frankfort.....	56
Genealogy.....	204
Hammon, Charles of Bangor, his letter concerning a Privateer, 1813.....	157
Hamlin Family.....	192
Hampden, Sketch of.....	25
Hatch, Temperance of Bowdoinham, 1803.....	179
Harpswell, Petition of Inhabitants, 1768.....	120
Hancock County Lawyers.....	173
Herbert, Dr. John of Bangor.....	43
Hewes Family of Islesboro.....	120
Huntoon, Rev. Benjamin of Bangor, 1829.....	144
Johonnot, Col. Gabriel of Castine.....	55
Junin, Joseph of Bangor, 1790.....	176
List of Persons taken Captive in Maine by the Indians in the Wars of 1754-58	58
Long Island (Islesboro) Petition of Inhabitants, 1787.....	216
Machias Inscriptions.....	44, 89
Machias, Incorporation of.....	132
Mount Desert.....	42
Mount Desert, Petition of Inhabitants, 1768.....	218
Mount Desert, Journal of a voyage there by Sir Francis Bernard, Governor, 1762.....	185
Muscongus and Medumcook, Petitions of Inhabitants, 1767.....	158
Nevers, Col. and Doctor Phineas of Bangor, 1782.....	161
Norembega, Ancient.....	134
Orrington, Early Land Grants.....	65
Orrington, Survey by Levi Carter.....	132
Orrington, Petitions in 1792.....	23
Parker, Hon. Isaac of Penobscot.....	234
Passadumkeag, Census, when Incorporated 1835 with name and age of In- habitants.....	52
Passamaquoddy, Indians Treaty, 1794.....	91
Patriotism.....	94
Penobscot, Incorporated.....	118
Penobscot Indians Treaty, 1818.....	93
Penobscot, Letter from Com. of Safety, 1814.....	203
Penobscot River, Reminiscences.....	100
Penobscot County, Incorporation of towns.....	239
Penobscot County, Sketch of.....	241
Pendleton, Job of Islesboro, his Letter.....	17
Peters, Chief Justice John A., His Address at the dedication of the New Court House at Ellsworth, April 13, 1886.....	165
Prospect, Petition of Inhabitants of Plantation—Now Prospect, Stockton, and Searsport.....	209
Prospect, Incorporation of, 1794.....	184
Rich, Doctor Hosea of Bangor, 1805.....	191
Saint George Islands.....	60
Sargent, Col. Paul D. of Sullivan.....	125
Sumner, General W. H., his Letter 1818.....	144
State House, Augusta, Sketch of.....	145
Skinner, Doctor and Deacon Elisha of Orrington, now Brewer, the first per- manent Physician on Penobscot River.....	156
Snow Storm, 1793.....	18
Sullivan, Capt. Daniel of Sullivan.....	75
Taxation for Faculty.....	204
Thatcher, Hon. Samuel of Warren and Bangor, and Family.....	220
Thomas, Samuel of Fox Island.....	158
Thomaston, Intentions of Marriage, 1777—1811.....	83
Thoreau, John of Boston and Concord, Mass.....	164
Thomaston, Persons notified to leave from 1785 to 1788.....	24
Treat, Major Robert of Bangor.....	85, 104
Trenton, Incorporation of.....	23
Ulmer, Gen. George of Lincolnville.....	117

Veazie, Rev. Samuel of Duxbury, Hull, Mass., and Harpswell, and his Family.....	70
Vinalhaven, Incorporation of, 1789.....	190
Waldo County, Settlers in Plantations Knox, Searsmont, Thorndike, Jackson, and Brooks, 1804.....	159
Washington County, First Lawyer.....	24
Waymouth, Capt. George. His voyage to the coast of Maine, 1605.....	205
Wiscasset Inscriptions.....	235
Winslow, Edward of New Brunswick, His Letter, 1797.....	140

INDEX OF NAMES IN VOL. II.

Abbot, 52, 56, 79, 113, 168, 173, 222.	Billington, 28	Burrage, 205
Adams, 60, 61, 63, 64, 83, 112, 131, 156, 180.	Binney, 70	Burns, 243
Allan, 33, 89, 91, 161, 163, 188, 189, 204.	Bingham, 81	Burton, 60
Allen, 108, 150, 177, 180, 199, 201	Blagden, 68	Bussell, 26, 101, 123
Alexander, 199	Black, 201, 209, 210	Butler, 24, 82, 112, 162, 201
Alford, 210	Blake, 1, 61, 64, 95, 109, 112, 132, 137, 144, 151, 203.	Butman, 151
Ames, 19, 74, 83, 179, 197, 198, 200, 201, 210.	Blakelain, 62	Butters, 123
Anderson, 62, 82	Blanchard, 73, 112	Byard, 104
Angove, 52	Blatchford, 151	Byram, 151
Appleton, 194	Blackington, 83	Cabaxis, 232
Applebee, 150, 155	Blasdell, 27, 30, 32	Cadillac, 208, 221
Apt, 150	Blen, 181	Call, 107, 112
Arey, 68	Blood, 20, 242	Campbell, 26, 36, 37, 68, 89, 91, 103, 177, 241.
Armstrong, 204	Blithers, 160	Cameron, 151
Arnold, 62, 79, 188, 189	Bly, 24	Candage, 2
Arundel, 205	Boardman, 216	Capen, 151
Ashmun, 202	Dodge, 181	Cavendish, 2
Askens, 235	Bolton, 196	Carmar, 64
Asten, 190	Bond, 61, 63, 180, 243	Carpenter, 108, 145, 151
Atwood, 29, 30, 32, 68, 112	Bonney, 192	Cartland, 79, 121
Atkinson, 61	Booden, 13	Carlton, 114, 235
Avery, 203	Booker, 124	Cartwright, 151
Averill, 235	Borland, 32	Carr, 61, 62, 181, 213, 214
Ayer, 199	Boutelle, 12	Carter, 21, 26, 102, 104, 114, 132, 193, 197, 200.
Ayers, 52, 100	Bowker, 89	Carv, 25, 27, 30, 79, 181
Aymar, 150	Bowles, 119	Carver, 60, 158
Babbidge, 62, 79, 144	Bowman, 89, 150	Case, 152
Babson, 235	Boyd, 61, 62, 79, 85, 107, 140, 159, 180, 210, 235.	Castin, 221
Bachelder, 52, 194, 195, 196, 201, 202.	Boynton, 62, 103, 137, 180	Cates, 100, 198, 201, 202
Badger, 80	Bradford, 59, 83, 117, 151, 158, 243.	Chadbourne, 57, 152
Baker, 52, 66, 159, 212	Bradbury, 202	Chadwick, 29, 181
Bailey, 62, 79, 101	Bradley, 19, 41, 62, 181, 193, 238	Chaloner, 199
Baile, 36	Bragdon, 179, 199	Chamberlain, 21, 123, 137, 217, 218.
Rail, 32	Brastow, 10, 66, 135	215.
Ballard, 15, 181, 207, 235	Bray, 58	Champlain, 226, 229, 242, 244
Bangs, 159	Bretton, 221	Chandler, 18, 89, 197, 215
Barter, 60	Brewer, 23, 35, 36, 44, 64, 65, 67, 68, 85, 109, 137, 212, 213, 241, 242.	Chapin, 157
Bartlett, 63	Brewster, 24, 63	Chase, 52, 123, 124, 160, 181, 200
Barnes, 80, 101	Bridge, 200	Chesley, 210
Barry, 106	Brier, 199	Cheney, 64
Barker, 21, 137, 180, 191	Bright, 61, 238	Chillain, 25
Basset, 203	Bridges, 63, 79, 104	Chipman, 140, 141, 199
Bass, 197	Briggs, 64	Choate, 193, 235
Bassick, 31	Brinley, 129	Churchill, 201
Batson, 18	Brooks, 68, 79, 83, 144, 151	Cilley, 200
Bates, 213	Brown, 15, 21, 42, 61, 71, 80, 89, 102, 103, 107, 124, 125, 130, 159, 160, 164, 181, 193, 197, 198, 200, 212, 220, 224, 228, 241, 243, 244	Clapp, 1, 52, 66
Bayley, 129	Bruce, 31, 102, 159, 180, 205	Clay, 119
Beattie, 103	Buck, 19, 60, 80, 83, 89, 103, 142, 151, 183, 184, 219.	Clayton, 61
Bean, 12, 14, 75, 137, 183	Bucklin, 83	Clark, 50, 62, 79, 107, 151, 152, 160, 181, 197, 235.
Beals, 32, 62	Buckmar, 13, 151	Chary, 102, 197, 199
Beckford, 151, 212	Buckley, 80	Clemens, 120
Bedlow, 112	Budge, 61, 65, 177, 180	Clement, 64, 111, 159, 203
Bell, 150	Buffet, 195	Cleveland, 2, 113
Belknap, 207, 226, 228	Bunker, 184	Clifford, 52, 108
Bennoch, 193	Burgin, 143	Clough, 63
Bennet, 79, 103, 195	Burkmar, 102, 106	Cobb, 13, 28, 29, 63, 129, 224
Bent, 16, 151	Burley, 61, 180, 181	Coburn, 123
Bernard, 87, 185	Burnham, 80, 151	Cochran, 59, 161, 195, 196, 198, 200.
Berry, 82	Burr, 61, 63, 123, 211, 243	Coe, 109
Bessabaz, 230	Burnet, 124	Coffin, 18, 59, 119, 151, 160, 169, 173.
Bessey, 103		Cofeal, 31
Bethel, 181		Coggins, 113, 114
Bickmore, 158		Collamore, 158
Bickford, 18		Colburn, 32, 41, 62, 111
Billings, 104, 107, 124, 151, 164, 180, 220, 224.		Cole, 34, 34, 52, 68, 193

Colby,	181	Dolliver,	59	Fraser,	158
Colbath,	12	Doughty,	123	Francour,	60
Colson,	32, 100	Dow,	89, 124	Frees,	26, 101, 144
Colcord,	190, 200	Downey,	52, 53	Freeman,	68, 81, 107, 108
Comstock,	100	Downes,	36, 68	French,	94, 102, 103, 182, 197, 210
Condon,	158, 203	Drake,	136	Frisbee,	182
Conner,	201	Drew,	123, 168	Frost,	62, 203
Cony,	103	Dresser,	181	Frye,	64, 77, 78, 80
Coombs,	70, 74, 75, 79, 120, 202, 216	Drisko,	18	Fuller,	74, 83
Cook,	158, 235, 243	Drinkwater,	61, 74, 200	Furber,	124, 182, 200
Cooper,	33, 198, 244	Drummond,	63, 181, 243	Furnald,	53
Copeland,	13, 213, 242	Dudley,	101, 109, 110, 112, 125, 126	Gale,	20, 86, 182
Cornthwait,	18	Dugans,	79, 86	Gallison,	90
Costigan,	101, 241	Dumont,	123	Gally,	235
Corson,	104	Dunbar,	181, 103	Gannett,	214
Cottle,	137	Dunning,	26, 83, 124, 129	Gardner,	28, 61, 60
Cottrel,	120, 238	Dupce,	10, 66, 130	Gardiner,	178
Couillard,	153	Durham,	195, 200, 201	Garland,	182
Coulter,	153	Dusten,	22	Gates,	53
Covel,	201	Dutton,	41, 130, 133, 158, 181, 241	Gay,	60, 90
Crabtree,	82	Dwellely,	201, 210	George,	32, 200, 211
Crawford,	42, 75, 87, 106, 137, 155, 212	Dwinel,	112	Getchell,	182
Cram,	63	Dyer,	52, 114, 125, 216	Gibben,	42
Crane,	63, 101	Eames,	216	Giddings,	180
Cravy,	202, 208	Eastman,	182, 213, 243	Giles,	197
Creech,	62	Eaton,	63, 69, 71, 72, 104, 117, 182, 213, 243	Gillard,	152
Crocker,	68, 80	Eddy,	41, 66, 107, 162, 177, 189, 237	Gilkey,	74, 216
Crockett,	60, 84, 181, 198	Edes,	79	Gilbert,	200
Crooks,	105	Edgcomb,	89	Glison,	110
Crosby,	25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32, 37, 56, 62, 64, 105, 143, 164, 181, 197, 199, 202, 241	Edmunds,	209	Gilford,	59
Cross,	59, 103, 123, 159, 198, 201, 202	Edwards,	152	Gilman,	23, 53, 66, 152, 159, 242, 241
Crowell,	124	Eeles,	197, 201	Gilmore,	11, 197, 200, 202, 241
Cummings,	52, 100, 204, 212	Eldridge,	64, 101, 108	Ginn,	65
Cunningham,	102, 103, 123, 197, 198, 199, 200, 202	Ellenwood,	29, 168, 169	Gipson,	79
Currier,	113	Ellis,	18, 53, 62, 112, 200, 201	Gleason,	154
Curtis,	12, 102, 196, 198, 200	Elliot,	62, 159, 235	Godfrey,	56, 133, 212, 241
Cushing,	38, 59, 158, 183, 191	Elwell,	60, 61, 158, 190, 203	Good,	53
Cushman,	71, 108, 197, 207	Emerson,	32, 98, 101, 152	Goodale,	31, 32, 191, 215
Cutter,	235	Emery,	25, 27, 28, 30, 62, 68, 69, 75, 100, 110, 124, 137, 193, 194	Goodwin,	137
Cutting,	193	Escarbot,	226	Goodell,	209, 210
Daggett,	32, 181, 197	Esten,	104	Goodrich,	100
Dale,	181	Eustis,	209, 210	Goodman,	56, 62
Danon,	235	Evans,	53, 100, 103, 159, 200	Googins,	82
Dam,	52	Evins,	53	Goodhue,	79
Dana,	129	Fairfield,	123	Goldthwait,	87, 107, 137
Danforth,	101	Farley,	210	Gordon,	32, 130
Darling,	53, 76, 119, 131	Fargo,	61	Gorton,	25, 26, 27, 28, 30
Davidson,	82	Farrington,	11, 79, 136, 211	Goss,	62
Davis,	11, 31, 61, 62, 83, 93, 158, 160, 181, 200, 202	Farnham,	182	Gould,	11, 71, 182, 213
Day,	58, 113, 114	Farnsworth,	60, 90	Gove,	53
Dean,	30, 166, 169, 174, 164	Farwell,	59	Gower,	243
Decrow,	102, 197, 108	Fellows,	235	Grafam,	188
DeGregoire,	81	Felker,	74	Granger,	182
Demeritt,	243	Felt,	53, 133	Grant,	25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32, 62, 101, 209, 210, 242
Demorse,	158	Field,	102, 156, 198, 200	Gray,	24, 100, 193, 201
Dennett,	26, 176, 204, 231	Figard,	152	Green,	58, 59, 160
Denott,	152	Finson,	79	Gregg,	79
Dennis,	52	Finney,	160	Greenleaf,	215
Denny,	38, 93	Fiske,	63, 182	Greenlaw,	164
DeLano,	30	Fish,	103, 159	Greely,	200, 201
DeLatombe,	178	Fisher,	63, 64, 66, 113, 114, 115, 116, 135, 152	Griffin,	13, 53, 62, 155, 201, 200, 210
Deshon,	129	Flagg,	79	Griffith,	216
Dexter,	181, 238	Fletcher,	200	Grinnell,	109, 219
Dillaway,	202	Fling,	59	Grover,	157
Dickey,	198, 209, 210	Flint,	12	Gubtail,	53, 103
Dillingham,	181	Floyd,	82, 115	Guild,	60
Dix,	61, 74, 182	Flucker,	60	Gullifer,	61, 63
Doane,	28, 64, 68, 212	Fogg,	62	Gunnison,	152
Doble,	103, 161	Folsom,	152	Hadley,	62, 102, 105, 197
Dodge,	31, 76, 114, 117, 133, 181, 216	Foot,	160	Haines,	200
Doe,	181	Ford,	82, 124, 159, 197, 201	Hale,	83, 100, 153
Dole,	25, 27, 28, 212, 242	Foster,	82, 101, 129, 152	Halliburton,	100, 117, 182
Dulloff,	103	Fovall,	71	Hall, S. S.,	60, 120, 161, 197, 202, 215, 238
		Fowler,	23, 29, 63, 68, 102, 144, 178, 184, 197, 200, 202, 215	Hamlin,	160, 162, 223
				Hamlen,	28, 30
				Ham,	62, 90

100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029	1030	1031	1032	1033	1034	1035	1036	1037	1038	1039	1040	1041	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046	1047	1048	1049	1050	1051	1052	1053	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058	1059	1060	1061	1062	1063	1064	1065	1066	1067	1068	1069	1070	1071	1072	1073	1074	1075	1076	1077	1078	1079	1080	1081	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108	1109	1110	1111	1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1153	1154	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185	1186	1187	1188	1189	1190	1191	1192	1193	1194	1195	1196	1197	1198	1199	1200	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225	1226	1227	1228	1229	1230	1231	1232	1233	1234	1235	1236	1237	1238	1239	1240	1241	1242	1243	1244	1245	1246	1247	1248	1249	1250	1251	1252	1253	1254	1255	1256	1257	1258	1259	1260	1261	1262	1263	1264	1265	1266	1267	1268	1269	1270	1271	1272	1273	1274	1275	1276	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	1290	1291	1292	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332	1333	1334	1335	1336	1337	1338	1339	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400	1401	1402	1403	1404	1405	1406	1407	1408	1409	1410	1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416	1417	1418	1419	1420	1421	1422	1423	1424	1425	1426	1427	1428	1429	1430	1431	1432	1433	1434	1435	1436	1437	1438	1439	1440	1441	1442	1443	1444	1445	1446	1447	1448	1449	1450	1451	1452	1453	1454	1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468	1469	1470	1471	1472	1473	1474	1475	1476	1477	1478	1479	1480	1481	1482	1483	1484	1485	1486	1487	1488	1489	1490	1491	1492	1493	1494	1495	1496	1497	1498	1499	1500	1501	1502	1503	1504	1505	1506	1507	1508	1509	1510	1511	1512	1513	1514	1515	1516	1517	1518	1519	1520	1521	1522	1523	1524	1525	1526	1527	1528	1529	1530	1531	1532	1533	1534	1535	1536	1537	1538	1539	1540	1541	1542	1543	1544	1545	1546	1547	1548	1549	1550	1551	1552	1553	1554	1555	1556	1557	1558	1559	1560	1561	1562	1563	1564	
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	--

Index.

VI

Hammond, 43, 62, 157, 164, 182, 224.	Howard, 62, 130, 174, 183	Larry, 62, 203
Hammatt, 101	Hovey, 215	Larrabee, 62, 217
Hamilton, 197	Hoyt, 44, 189, 243	Lathrop, 200
Hanson, 160	Huckins, 90, 183	Lassell, 83
Hannafor, 151	Hues, 235	Lawton, 54
Harding, 25, 26, 27, 32, 74	Hunt, 2, 123, 242	Lawrence, 60
Harron, 44	Huntoon, 144	Layton, 200
Harriman, 21, 63, 183	Hull, 71	Lear, 201
Harris, 153, 190	Hunnewell, 109	Leach, 201, 202
Harden, 104	Hurley, 204	Leathers, 201
Hardy, 31, 32, 159, 201	Hutchins, 61, 68, 79	Lee, 107, 131, 222, 237
Harkness, 83	Hutchinson, 62	Leavitt, 153
Harrington, 152	Hurd, 100	Lenwood, 151
Hartford, 102, 197	Hussey, 124	Leonard, 241
Harvey, 243	Huse, 113, 202	Leighton, 152, 217
Harwood, 131	Ingalls, 53, 61	Letrell, 221
Hartshorn, 108, 201	Ingersoll, 18, 243	Legro, 2, 79
Harlow, 63, 177, 182, 223	Inglee, 44	Lewis, 95, 217
Haraden, 201	Inman, 61	Libby, 32
Hartorn, 61, 62, 68, 101, 182	Irish, 201	Lincoln, 140, 153, 155, 243
Hasey, 62, 63, 64, 120, 183	Isley, 101	Linscot, 120
Haskins, 108	Jackman, 79	Lithgow, 173
Haskell, 44, 53, 79, 117, 144, 183, 196, 201	Jackson, 79, 81, 198, 201	Lindley, 2, 14
Hatch, 74, 153, 159, 179, 182, 199, 201, 216.	Jacobs, 83	Little, 23, 78, 79, 111, 113, 153, 168, 174, 195, 217.
Hathaway, 53, 101, 168, 174	Jameson, 41, 59, 60, 158	Littlefield, 26, 62, 102
Hawes, 10, 14, 15	Jarvis, 122, 123, 215	Liscomb, 201
Hayes, 10, 11	Jeffrey, 63	Livermore, 30, 153, 154, 192
Haynes, 26, 62, 83, 100, 101	Jellison, 82	Logan, 244
Haywood, 53, 63	Jewell, 86	Loomis, 64, 217
Hayden, 79, 153	Jewett, 130, 131	Look, 18
Heard, 61	Jones, 44, 62, 72, 79, 81, 82, 83, 129, 132, 153, 180, 187, 191, 217	Longfellow, 90
Heaton, 66	Johnson, 60, 63, 68, 102, 103, 131, 153, 217.	Longley, 61
Hemmenway, 238	Johnston, 235	Lord, 73, 82, 195, 200, 201
Henry, 201	Johannot, 32, 55, 120	Lovejoy, 30, 217
Herbert, 43, 156, 169, 174	Jordan, 11, 53, 61, 62, 71, 82, 161, 169, 200, 201.	Lovell, 61, 62, 79, 217
Herick, 24	Joy, 11	Low, 63, 84, 101, 163, 217, 218
Hersey, 79, 183, 194	Judd, 18	Lowder, 163, 201, 217
Hewes, 25, 26, 63, 65, 117, 120, 153, 243.	Judds, 123, 241	Lowell, 161, 174, 213, 235
Hibbard, 65, 182	Judson, 66	Lowney, 201
Hibbert, 118	Jumper, 242	Lowley, 168
Higgins, 25, 27, 28, 29, 32, 160, 191.	Junin, 176	Lowrey, 221
Higginson, 228	Kallock, 66	Luce, 197, 241
Hibberd, 197	Keith, 90	Ludlow, 153
Hill, 44, 79, 93, 182, 200, 202	Kelso, 166	Lumbert, 63, 243
Hills, 111, 112, 182.	Kempton, 31	Lunt, 93, 79
Hillard, 91	Kenard, 165	Lyford, 63
Hilyard, 152	Kendrick, 204	Lymburner, 106
Hilton, 72, 235	Kendall, 202	Lyons, 62, 244
Hinckley, 114, 153, 169, 174, 122	Kent, 63, 146, 213, 217	Mack, 62
Hinds, 64	Kenney, 53, 59, 197, 213	Mabee, 154
Hinkson, 169	Kilby, 149, 153, 158, 228	Macomb, 124
Hitchborn, 177, 184, 209, 210	Kidder, 32, 102, 197	Maddocks, 103
Hobart, 202	Kimball, 61, 63, 153, 198, 202, 217.	Mains, 12, 66, 215, 242
Hobbs, 75	King, 66, 146	Mann, 104
Hodsdon, 63, 144	Kinney, 159	Mansell, 61, 78, 79
Hodges, 129, 213	Kinsley, 241	Mansur, 198
Hodgkins, 53, 82	Knapp, 65, 66, 67	Mansfield, 64
Hodge, 235	Kneeland, 101	Marble, 201
Holman, 112, 213	Knight, 61, 217	Martell, 221
Holmes, 132, 193, 198	Knowland, 54	Marston, 18, 71, 84, 129
Holland, 31, 32, 105, 112	Knuckles, 18, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 32.	Marton, 60, 210
Holbrook, 30, 32, 64, 66, 70, 72, 74, 111, 120.	Knowlton, 102, 103, 196	Marshfield, 18
Holt, 24, 63, 76, 78, 79, 113, 111	Knox, 153, 208	Marshall, 102, 54, 196
Hollis, 160	Ladd, 201, 212	Marsh, 41, 61
Hollenshed, 14	LaFlower, 221	Mason, 31, 43, 103, 154, 233
Hooke, 159, 215, 243	LaFayette, 125	Mathews, 17, 120, 154, 162, 201
Hopkins, 27, 28, 29, 31, 80, 82, 104, 120, 121.	Lain, 79	May, 64
Holman, 112, 243	Lambert, 79, 217	Mayberry, 34
Horton, 53, 78, 79, 114, 131, 213	Lamont, 162	Mayhew, 13, 61, 79
Holyoke, 64, 68, 85, 137, 163	Lampher, 200, 201, 209, 210	Mayo, 26, 28, 29, 30, 32, 63
Horsford, 134	Lancaster, 63, 79, 113, 198, 209, 210.	Maxfield, 218
Horspiand, 200	Lancil, 61	Maxim, 63
Houghton, 119, 153	Lanndon, 120, 158	McAllister, 123
Houston, 195, 196, 197	Lancy, 62, 153	McArrick, 63, 218
Hoskins, 183	Lapban, 42, 142	McClure, 199, 200, 217
	Lapish, 217	McCrate, 235
		McCrea, 154
		McCurdy, 68
		McClintock, 113
		McDonnel, 198

McDonald,	62, 200, 201	Ogier,	71	Purrrington,	71
McFarland,	102, 197	O'Mara,	54	Pyke,	154
McGaw,	217, 241, 242	Orbeton,	70	Quinby,	199, 243
McGrath,	50, 202	Orcutt,	58, 104	Ramsdell,	18
McGuire,	53	Ordway,	202	Rand,	137
McGathery,	54	Osborn,	18	Randall,	62, 138
McKeen,	195, 201, 207	Osgood,	113, 114, 115, 218	Rankins,	130
McKenney,	54, 62, 68, 124	Ott,	83	Raymond,	155
McLean,	69	Otis,	229	Reed,	102, 112, 113, 159, 183, 184, 200, 201
McIntire,	54, 121, 122, 123, 217, 218	Owen,	110, 154, 235	Reynolds,	18, 50, 154
McLellan,	83	Packard,	138	Rice,	11, 103, 154, 155, 109, 175, 211, 212, 243
McMann,	209, 210	Paine,	30, 32, 154	Rich,	71, 138, 160, 191
McNear,	59	Palmer,	83, 90, 109	Richards,	107
McPheters,	23, 217, 241, 242	Page,	32, 26, 30, 61, 62, 75, 120, 121, 242	Richardson,	2, 104, 154
Merritt,	18	Parker,	32, 51, 57, 63, 74, 75, 111, 113, 114, 119, 133, 154, 168, 175, 222, 234, 242, 243	Ridley,	54
Merrill,	73, 198, 202	Parks,	64, 196, 107	Rider,	29, 68, 212, 213
Merriam,	196	Parkhurst,	100	Riley,	34
Merriman,	63	Park,	198, 200, 209	Ring,	151
Megarge,	59	Parrott,	123	Rines,	122, 123
Mellen,	36	Parsons,	124, 131, 132	Roberts,	63, 74, 79, 99, 100, 161, 101, 197, 198, 201
Metcalf,	66, 83	Partridge,	43, 80, 209, 210	Robbins,	93
Messer,	54	Patch,	150	Robinson,	13, 32, 103, 114, 123, 138, 169, 175, 213, 215
Miller,	18, 27, 30, 32, 101, 102, 113, 154, 180, 187, 190, 198, 243	Patee,	168	Robershaw,	66
Mills,	63, 79	Patten,	28, 31, 54, 80, 109	Rogers,	13, 30, 31, 130, 138, 199, 213
Miliken,	54, 82, 107	Patterson,	27, 28, 30, 31, 34, 102, 103, 154, 195, 196, 197, 199	Rooks,	157
Miers,	61	Payson,	66, 236	Rollins,	133
Miner,	216	Pearson,	61	Rolfe,	154
Minns,	221	Peabody,	111, 241	Rosier,	205
Minot,	218	Peavey,	154	Rose,	154
Middleton,	79	Peirce,	27, 151, 191, 195, 197, 198, 200	Ross,	70, 120, 188, 198, 221
Mitchell,	62, 64, 79, 83, 110, 160, 195, 217	Pennell,	17, 90, 138	Rowe,	62, 130, 213
Monroe,	198	Penniman,	44, 90	Rowell,	101, 112
MontDe,	225, 226, 227, 228, 232	Pendleton,	17, 63, 209, 210, 216	Roundy,	54, 78, 113, 114, 115
More,	230	Pendexter,	210	Ruggles,	30
Moody,	199, 200, 202	Perkins,	32, 201	Russ,	78, 236
Morgan,	61, 201	Perry,	63, 90, 215	Russell,	100, 201
Morey,	90	Perley,	160	Ryan,	109
Mooers,	160	Perham,	215, 241	Ryder,	64, 79
Morris,	9, 218	Peters,	18, 81, 82, 114, 130, 158, 166, 175, 191, 222	Sabine,	89, 155
Morrell,	31, 62, 117, 106	Pepper,	166, 175, 191, 222	Saint Robin	221
Morton,	133, 158, 160, 200, 203	Pettingell,	54, 179	Sally,	30, 32
Morland,	32	Philbrook,	25, 26, 27, 79, 83, 150, 216	Salmond,	201
Morrow,	159	Philips,	213	Sampson,	71, 136, 155
Morse,	19, 31, 60, 120	Phillips,	32, 102, 138, 154, 190, 213	Sanborn,	61, 90, 104
Moor,	11, 41, 62, 137, 193, 218	Pickard,	30, 32	Sanders,	54, 127, 128, 135
Moors,	63	Pickering,	43, 220	Saunders,	244
Mosman,	201	Pinkham,	201, 203	Sangster,	68
Mudgett,	31, 210	Pike,	79, 138, 154, 109, 241	Sargent,	38, 57, 125, 244
Munsell,	64	Pine,	159, 190	Savage,	40, 41, 164, 133
Murray,	60	Piper,	31, 200	Savory,	200
Murch,	28, 30, 32	Pishon,	54	Sawyer,	79, 113, 138, 159
Muncy,	195	Plaisted,	72	Scott,	53, 140
Myrick,	25, 47, 28, 30, 31, 32, 62	Platt,	193	Scottow,	244
Myers,	218	Plummer,	15, 61, 63, 138	Searle,	155, 159
Nash,	18, 31, 54, 62	Plympton,	177	Sears,	155, 159
Nason,	243	Pomroy,	26, 30, 64, 111	Seekins,	190
Neal,	26, 30	Pool,	138, 235	Seely,	74
Nealley,	223	Pond,	2, 43, 120, 166, 175, 241	Severance,	54
Nelson,	168, 175, 222	Pope,	1, 212	Sevey,	239
Nesmith,	102, 107, 195, 196, 197, 201	Poor,	241, 242	Sewall,	9, 22, 105, 106, 236, 244
Nevers,	110, 156, 161, 191	Potter,	90, 131	Seward,	135
Neptune,	93	Porter,	41, 61, 64, 90, 122, 123, 130	Shaw,	72, 108
Newcomb,	27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 242	Powers,	103, 117	Shead,	155
Newman,	41	Powell,	59	Sheldon,	130
Newton,	102, 197	Pratt,	17, 23, 103, 209, 216, 242	Sherlock,	155
Nichols,	59, 79, 83, 90, 108, 215	Pray,	133	Sherburne,	244
Nichols,	101, 209, 210, 212	Presbie,	36, 59, 85, 87, 88, 90, 154	Shepard,	11, 136
Nickerson,	39, 68, 79, 154, 196, 199, 200, 213	Presby,	169	Shiperd,	195
Noble,	59, 113, 163, 164, 231	Prescott,	62, 102, 103, 159	Shorey,	54
Norton,	18, 154	Prentiss,	42, 133	Shute,	85, 109, 110, 209, 210
Norwood,	154, 218	Price,	105, 196	Sibley,	54
Noyes,	154	Prince,	62, 207	Simmons,	54
Nourse,	218			Simpson,	32
Nye,	62, 79, 124			Sinclair,	81
Oakes,	54, 83			Skilling,	202
Odum,	209, 210			Skinner,	111, 159

Index.

IX

Slaffter,	220	Thorn,	59	Welch, 28, 40, 32, 61, 79, 120, 243,	
Sleeper,	190	Thurston,	133	Wells,	59, 69
Small,	120	Tibbetts,	18, 27, 164, 201, 210	Wescott,	203
Smart,	177, 242	Tilden,	190	Wentworth, 55, 68, 79, 188, 243,	
Smith, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 44,		Ting,	24	Weston,	30
63, 64, 68, 79, 90, 91, 106, 128,		Tinkham,	237	West,	130, 195, 199
138, 159, 177, 188, 195, 197, 199,		Tinney,	18	Wetmore,	176, 222
201, 230.		Titcomb,	91	Wetherbee,	91
Snow, 28, 29, 30, 31, 61, 62, 63,		Tobey,	80	Wheeler, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 63,	
68, 70, 71, 79, 83, 155, 242.		Todd,	200	109, 140, 155, 156.	
Somerby,	15, 80	Toppan,	17	Wheelden,	213
Southwick,	139	Torrey,	139	Wheelwright,	133
Sparhawk,	80, 168, 175	Toothacre,	62	Whelpley,	155
Spates,	155	Toutellot,	55, 100, 177	Whidden,	55
Spencer, 61, 100, 101, 138, 155,		Towle,	14, 123, 200	Whipple,	95, 133, 243
195, 200.		Townsend,	73, 104	Whitman,	139, 140
Spring,	196, 202	Tozier,	24, 139	Whitmore,	32
Springer,	82	Trafton,	61, 139, 179	Whitmarsh,	59
Stackpole,	120, 133	Trask,	103	Whitney, 28, 30, 160, 196, 204,	
Stacy,	230	Treat, 85, 98, 104, 109, 139, 155,		215.	
Stanley,	139, 184	177, 209, 210, 241.		White, 18, 32, 103, 139, 160, 196,	
Staples,	196, 209, 210	Trecarten,	155	198, 201, 202, 243,	
Starrett,	138	Trefeathern,	201	Whittier,	62, 200, 201
Steel,	37, 44, 244	Trescott,	57	Wiegins,	83
Stetson,	110	Trim,	210	Wiley,	30, 32, 61
Stephenson,	102, 196, 200, 201	True,	197, 198, 201, 202	Wilcox,	64
Stewart,	60	Trudy,	199, 237	Wilks,	59
Simpson,	166	Tuck,	168, 175, 222	Wilkins,	159, 196, 212, 241
Sinpson,	117	Tufts,	139, 195	Williams, 17, 63, 83, 120, 139, 140,	
Sinclairfield,	139	Turner,	139	146, 168, 179, 200, 207, 219, 222	
Stillman,	91	24, 55, 123, 124, 128, 215		Williamson, 45, 50, 63, 64, 69, 91,	
Stoddard,	62, 155	Tuttle,	55, 154, 155	98, 117, 124, 139, 483, 208, 215,	
Storer,	168, 175	Trust,	61	219, 234, 241.	
Storry,	264	Tyler,	59, 62, 79, 139, 199	William,	73
Stoughton,	108	Ulmer,	61, 117	Williston,	201
Stowers,	122	Vance,	145	Willson,	2, 18, 106, 169, 201
Strickland,	110, 237	Valentine,	139	Winslow,	63, 73, 140, 141
Strong,	102	Veazie,	70, 103, 139, 244	Wingate,	79, 140
Strout,	230	Vinal,	57, 190	Winsor,	220
Stuart,	32	Vose,	33, 39, 91	Wiswell, 2, 10, 68, 169, 176, 212,	
Stubbs,	108	Walls,	83	244.	
Sturtevant,	73, 137, 141, 234	Ware,	201	Winchester,	13, 64, 156
Sullivan,	144	Ward,	79	Winthrop,	125
Sumner,	27, 30, 32, 161	Wardell,	201	Witham,	109
Swan,	22, 80	76, 77, 203, 215		Witherel,	202
Swasey,	209, 210	Ward, 30, 72, 82, 155, 160, 201		Witherbee,	244
Swetsit,	237	Wardsworth,	156, 152	Witherby,	203
Swett, 39, 68, 137, 155, 212, 237,		Waldo,	87, 188	Wood, 61, 113, 114, 115, 169, 170,	
244.		Walker, 2, 30, 31, 32, 73, 159, 160,		218.	
Sylvester,	63, 237	201, 220, 221.		Woodard,	164
Taft,	130	Wales,	59, 109	Woodcock,	49
Taggart,	161, 198	Watts,	89	Woodbury,	169
Tappan,	139	Watson,	59, 190, 201, 238	Woodman,	62, 176, 178, 237
Talcott,	43	Warren, 62, 74, 200, 203, 204, 243		Woodward,	139
Tarbot,	169	Wass,	18	Woodworth,	150
Tarr,	199	Wassatt,	111	Works,	124
Tasker,	131	Washburn,	121, 241	Worster,	158
Taylor,	139, 159, 202, 237	Waterhouse,	55	Worther,	119
Templeton,	109	Waterman,	201	Wright,	79
Tenney,	59	Waymouth,	205	Wyatt,	202
Thatcher,	33, 91, 164, 220, 224	Welb,	55, 140, 179	York,	202
Thaxter,	91, 155	Webber,	30, 263	Young,	55, 160, 209
Thomas,	61, 84, 103, 153, 203	Weed,	243	Zorzy,	221
Thoms,	139	Weeks,	103, 196		
Thoreau,	164, 220	Weekson,	195		
Thompson, 24, 59, 61, 62, 63, 81,		Webster, 62, 79, 95, 139, 153, 197,			
84, 107, 139, 155, 194.		200, 242.			

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

VOL. II.

BANGOR, 1896.

No. 1.

MEMOIR OF MAJOR GENERAL JOHN BLAKE, OF BREWSTER, MASS.

BY HIS GRANDSON, COL. JOHN BLAKE, AND W. D.
CHAPELAIN IN THE ARMY.

WILLIAM BLAKE, son of John Blake, was born at
four miles south of Somers, Conn., Sept. 10,
1794. His father was a Rev. Mr. Blake. His
They had five children, viz: John, William,
James, Edward, and Mary. They were all
England, on the 10th of Nov. 1812. He was married
at Nantasket, Mass., to Elizabeth Hunt of Boston;
Mass., that party. His wife died July 10, 1878.

I. WILLIAM BLAKE, son of John Blake, was born at
and died at Somers, Conn., Nov. 10, 1878.

II. JAMES BLAKE, son of John Blake, married Miss Elizabeth Hunt, about
1812, and moved to Brewster, Mass., where he died Nov. 25, 1878.

III. EDWARD BLAKE, son of John Blake, married Miss Frances Hunt, about
1812, and moved to Brewster, Mass., where he died Nov. 25, 1878. Children were—Edward, Jr., and Sept.
30, 1824, and died Nov. 25, 1878. Mary, born
Nov. 21, 1826, and died Nov. 25, 1878. Nathan,
born Nov. 21, 1828, and died Nov. 25, 1878.

IV. JOHN BLAKE, son of John Blake, married Miss Elizabeth Hunt, about
1812, and moved to Brewster, Mass., where he died Nov. 25, 1878. Children were—John, Jr., and Sept.
30, 1824, and died Nov. 25, 1878. Mary, born
Nov. 21, 1826, and died Nov. 25, 1878. Nathan,
born Nov. 21, 1828, and died Nov. 25, 1878.

John M. Blake

Major Genl. 10th div. Mass. A. I. 1816.

Engraved on Steel by H. B. McEllan, Melrose Highlands, Mass.
from a Painting by M. C. Richardson.

*Miss (or Esther) Pope was daughter of John Pope, Brewster.



Handwritten signature or name, possibly "John D. [unclear]"

Faint, illegible text, possibly a date or address.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

VOL. II.

BANGOR, ME., JULY, 1886.

No. I.

MEMOIR OF MAJOR GENERAL JOHN BLAKE, OF BREWER, AND HIS DESCENDANTS.

BY HIS GRANDSON, CHARLES MORRIS BLAKE, A. M. AND M. D.,
CHAPLAIN IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALI.

WILLIAM¹ BLAKE, was baptized in Pitminster Parish Church, four miles south of Taunton in Somersetshire, England, June 5, 1594. He married Mrs. Agnes Bent, September 23, 1617. They had five children all born in England, viz.:—William,² James,² Edward,² John² and Ann². They set sail from Plymouth, England, on the "Mary and John," in March, 1630, and arrived at Nantasket, now Hull, May 30, and settled in Dorchester, Mass., that part now Milton. He died October 25, 1663, and his wife died July 22, 1678.

- i. WILLIAM BLAKE, Jr., of Dorchester, Milton, Mass., had two wives and nine children, four sons and five daughters.
- ii. JAMES BLAKE, of Dorchester, married first Elizabeth Clapp, about 1651, and second Elizabeth Hunt at Rehoboth; he died June 28, 1770, aged 77.
- iii. EDWARD BLAKE, Dorchester, married Patience (Jane) Pope*— he died in Milton, 1692. Children were:—Edward, Jr., died Sept. 30, 1676; Jonathan, died in Wrentham, 1727; Solomon, — Mary —; married — Pitcher, Aug. 3, 1681; Sarah — married — Kilton, Jan. 25, 1684; Susanna, b. July 20, 1661; married Nathaniel Wales, Aug. 26, 1688; Abigail — married Obediah Swift, Dec. 31, 1695.
- iv. JOHN BLAKE, Dorchester, married widow Mary Shaw, Aug. 16, 1654.
- v. ANN BLAKE, married Jacob Leger, and had two daughters, Bethiah who married Fearnot Shaw, of Weymouth, and had two sons— Jacob, b. Nov. 6, 1672; and John, b. March 30, 1673; and Hannah, who married John Walker and John Wiswell.

*Jane (or Patience) Pope was daughter of John Pope Dorchester.

2456

JONATHAN³ BLAKE, son of Edward² Blake, lived in Boston. Married Elizabeth Candage,* February 16, 1697-8 by Rev. Cotton Mather. Children—Jonathan,⁴ Married Mary Bennett in Boston, 1724; Charity⁴; Elizabeth,⁴ who married Thomas Daggett, July 29, 1728-9; Ebenezer,⁴ born September 28, 1709, married Petronella (?) Peck, December 11, 1727; Patience⁴; Joseph⁴; Edward⁴; John,⁴ born about 1720; Mary,⁴ married Isaiah Hunt, of Rehoboth, September 28, 1746. He was a major, lawyer and Quaker.

JOHN⁴ BLAKE, son of Jonathan³ Blake, born 1720, married a Woburn, Mass., Ann, daughter of Job and Sarah (Clevelandt) Richardson,† April 14, 1742. She died July 4, 1806. He lived in Boston and Wrentham. Children were:—

- i. JOB, b. in Boston, Aug. 6, 1846; married Elizabeth Brown.
- ii. ANNE, b. Boston, Nov. 29, 1747; m. twice; lived in Boston; died after 1839; had children.
- iii. JOHN, b. in Wrentham, Aug. 29, 1753, of Brewer, Me.
- iv. DORCAS, b. Wrentham, Feb. 14, 1757; m. Capt. Thomas Rice, of Charlestown. No issue.
- v. MARY, b. Wrentham, Sept. 9, 1759; m. in Boston.
- vi. WILLING, b. Wrentham, May 27, 1762; m. Mary Lindley, of Walpole, Mass., removed to Warren, Me. Died there June 18, 1844. Had Children.
- vii. SUSAN, b. Wrentham, July 25, 1764; m. and lived in Boston.

GENERAL JOHN BLAKE OF BREWER.

JOHN⁵ BLAKE, Jr., son of John⁴ Blake, born in Wrentham, Mass., August 29, 1753. He spent his youth on his father's farm where his chance for education was limited. He was Sergeant in Captain Oliver Pond's Company of minutemen, and plowing in the field 19th April, 1775, when the signal of alarm called him to arms, just after noon. That night they rendezvoused at Roxbury. His own narrative of the next seven years, in a letter to the Hon. John C. Calhoun, Secretary of War, in July, 1820, is here inserted.

*Corruption of Cavendish.

†Job Richardson, married Sarah Cleveland, her mother was Dorcas, daughter of John Wilson of Woburn.

Jonathan Blake, son of Edward Blake, lived in Boston. Married Elizabeth (Candage), February 16, 1801-8 by Rev. John Mather. Children—Jonathan, married Mary Bennett in Boston, 1794; Charity, Elizabeth, who married Thomas Bennett, July 23, 1798-9; Elizabeth, born September 28, 1799, married (Bennett?) 1827, December 11, 1797; William, Joseph; Edward; born about 1790; Mary, married Isiah Hunt, of Boston, September 28, 1796. He was a major, lawyer and (Boston).

John Blake, son of Jonathan Blake, born 1796 married Woburn, Mass., daughter of John and Sarah (Candage) Richardson, April 14, 1812. She died July 4, 1840. The first in Boston and Woburn. Children were—

- i. John, b. Boston, Aug. 6, 1800; married Elizabeth Bennett, 1821; d. Boston, Nov. 20, 1871; no issue; lived in Boston.
- ii. Mary, b. Boston, 1802; m. John, 1821; no issue; lived in Boston.
- iii. William, b. Woburn, July 22, 1804; m. Mary, 1821; no issue; lived in Woburn.
- iv. Charles, b. Woburn, Feb. 14, 1807; m. Sarah, 1821; no issue; lived in Woburn.
- v. Mary, b. Woburn, Sept. 10, 1809; m. John, 1821; no issue; lived in Woburn.
- vi. William, b. Woburn, May 27, 1811; m. Sarah, 1821; no issue; lived in Woburn.
- vii. John, b. Woburn, 1812; m. Sarah, 1821; no issue; lived in Woburn.
- viii. Sarah, b. Woburn, 1813; m. John, 1821; no issue; lived in Woburn.

GENERAL JOHN BLAKE OF BOSTON

John Blake, son of John Blake, born in Boston, Mass., August 30, 1752. His great-grandfather was John Blake, who lived where the Academy for Education was built in 1774, and went in 1774 to the Island of Longue Pointe, where he lived until his death in the fall of 1775. When the island of Longue Pointe was to be given to the British, that night they were surprised at him to escape just after noon. His own narrative of the last seven years, from 1770 to the Fall of 1775, is given in the History of the War of 1775, is here inserted.

Description at a certain time and place, and the fact that he was then in the city of Boston, is here inserted.

“To the Hon. J. C. Calhoun Esq. Secretary at War at Washington Sir. Agreeably to your statement of May 11th, 1820, respecting pensioners, I beg leave to make to your Honor a statement of some of the military services performed by myself during the war of the revolution. On the 19th of April, 1775, it is well known the battle at Lexington took place, and the sound of war spread with the rapidity of lightning through our Country. I was at that time a young man of twenty-one who was Sergeant in the light Infantry Company in Wrentham, my native Town,—a Town about twenty-seven miles from Boston, the seat of war. This Company was Commanded by Capt. Oliver Pond, of said Town. On the 19th of April as aforesaid, I marched with this Company to Roxbury, a Town adjoining Boston, and enlisted under Capt. Pond as a Sergeant for the term of eight months. We were put under the command of Col. Joseph Reed of Uxbridge, Massachusetts; which Regiment was afterwards known as the 13th Regt. U. S. Infantry. I continued in this Regt. eight months, according to my term of enlistment. On the first of January, 1776, I re-enlisted into the same Company and Regt. as a Sergeant for the term of one year. On the first of April, 1776, I marched from Roxbury to New York under the Command of Gen. Washington. In August following, I was in the action on Long Island under Lord Stirling; at which time our Company suffered severely, both in killed and wounded. Lord Stirling and the right wing of his army were made prisoners; the left wing in which I was placed, by the skillful manœuvre of Gen. Washington, made good their retreat in the twilight of the morning to York Island. On the sixth of September following I was detached, and put under the Command of Capt. Gleason of the 6th Regt. The next day I was in an action under Capt. Gleason on Harlem Heights on New York Island near Kings’ Bridge, in which our brave Capt. fell, and the Company suffered very great loss. The next day, being the eighth, I again encountered the enemy in an action at East Chester under the command of Capt. Walbridge of the 13th Regt.; at which time our company suffered the loss of seven killed and three wounded. On the 10th I was engaged with the enemy at the White Plains under Col. M’Doogle, of New York. The action continued 1 1-2 hours, when we were overpowered by superior numbers, and were obliged to retreat with considerable loss. On the first of October following, Gen. Washington was pleased to appoint me an Ensign. I did not, however, receive my Commission until the first of January 1777, which Commission I have forwarded to the war Department. Our term of enlistment being for one year would expire on the first day of 1777. Gen. Washington therefore about the middle of Dec. 1776 (knowing that his men’s time was nearly out) solicited volunteers for six weeks. I then volunteered and called for others to follow me; when at this very depressed state of American affairs, twenty four brave soldiers in defence of their Country’s rights stepped forward altho’ almost naked, and their feet bare and bleeding in the snow; exclaimed that they would follow me in vindication of their Country’s rights wherever I should see fit to lead them. We were then at Peekskill, in New York State, on

the margin of Hudsons river. After three days march I found my men's feet lacerated by the ice and snow; and bleeding in a shocking manner; insomuch that I found it impossible to continue the march in that situation. I then took from my pocket the last Dollar, purchased two raw hides, and gave them to my men of which they made moccasins, and so were enabled to pursue their march. We then continued our march to the forks of the Delaware, from which we went to Corills Ferry on the Delaware. We next marched upon Trenton, where we attacked and captured a large body of Hessians. 900 prisoners was the fruit of this brilliant affair. This happened about the 25th of Dec. 1776. Immediately after this, a reorganization of the army took place. I was put into Capt. Nathan Goodales Company of the 5th Massachusetts Regt. commanded by Col. Rufus Putman. In March, 1777, we joined the Northern Army commanded by Gen. Gates, and I was with that General in his retreat from Skeensborough to Fort Edward, and the half Moon. When we had retreated as far as Fort Edward, I was sent out by Gen. Gates on a scout to Fort George, 14 miles through a wilderness. On my return to Camp, the Indians having received information of my route, laid an ambuscade two miles before we arrived at Camp, and there fired upon us, and killed one Sergeant and six privates upon the spot. I instantly charged the Savages and they retired. We then took up our dead and wounded and carried them to the Camp. On the second day of September, Gen. Gates sent for me to his quarters, and informed me that a Hessian Guard was posted about two miles from his left wing; to ascertain the situation and numbers of which he said would be only sport for me to do. On the night of the third Sept. I took a party of men and went out and took their two Sentinels, and then their guard consisting of a Lieut. and eighteen men, without the loss of a man. On the first of October following, I was notified by Gen. Gates to repair to his quarters, which I immediately did. Upon my arrival at his quarters he told me that the same conduct that took a Hessian guard, would undoubtedly conquer a British guard. "There is (said he) a British guard posted about one mile in front of my line: the situation of the guard, together with the ground I was informed of yesterday by an Indian." The ensuing night therefore, I took with me a party consisting of thirty men and went and brought off the British guard without any essential loss on our side, three men only being slightly wounded with the bayonet. On the fifth of October I was detached and put under Capt. Shays, and annexed to Col. Morgans Regt. of Riflemen, and posted on the left of the army. On the morning of the seventh, a guard was sent out from our Regt. of Riflemen about 160 rods. About 11 o'clock this guard was attacked by a small body of British troops. I immediately received orders from Col. Morgan with thirty-six men to support the guard, with orders to maintain the ground if possible, if not to retreat to him in good order. Having arrived at the scene of action I found the enemy to be vastly superior in numbers. We fought them a few moments, lost two men, and then retired to the Regt. in good order. The action soon became general through our line. We fought

from 11 o'clock A. M. until the twilight of the evening, without the least cessation. Being amongst the light troops, I had frequently that day to contend with the British Grenadiers at the point of the bayonet; but they had constantly to recede before the charge of our brave troops. We encamped on the field of battle. In the night the British army retreated, leaving their dead and wounded on the ground. Never perhaps did embattled armies contend with greater obstinacy and perseverance. Our loss that day was two Commissioned officers, and seventeen privates, killed out of our Company, and nineteen wounded. On the seventeenth of the same month, I was with my own Regt commanded by Col. Putnam, and had no command in the line, but was the bearer of the standard of the Regt. On this day our Regt. with the rest of the army, were engaged with the enemy about three hours; our loss was considerable. Not long after, our intrepid Commander again drew up his troops, in order once more to give battle to the enemy; but Gen. Burgoyne dreading the event of another conflict, was glad to sign the articles of capitulation. From the 17th of October 1777 to the 15 of May 1779 nothing more than the common fatigues and hardships of armies happened to me being only engaged in a few skirmishes, too trifling to mention in a statement of this kind. On the 15th of May as aforesaid, being then encamped at Crumpond, in New York State, I received a line from Gen. Washington requesting me to repair to his quarters immediately. I speedily and cheerfully obeyed the summons; and having arrived at the General's quarters, he addressed me to the following effect. "Friend Blake I have a pleasant tour of duty allotted to you. Col. Delancey, with a detachment of Refugees, is encamped near Kings' Bridge, about 15 miles from my quarters; take therefore a party of men, and capture the Col. and bring him, together with his men to my camp." Immediately I obeyed the order, and taking with me thirty-seven chosen men, proceeded with a forced march to Delancey's station. We were challenged by his sentinels about 1 1-2 hours before daylight; which having taken without opposition, we instantly repaired to the house where the Col. and his troops were quartered. Having arrived at the house, I ordered my men to force the door with the butt of their muskets; and on entering the house I received a bayonet wound in my side, the mark of which I carry to this day. The Refugee guard cried out, "who in the name of God are you." I replied, "Black Jack of the 5th Massachusetts Regt. Lay down your arms instantly, or you will all fall beneath the bayonets of my soldiers." I took without further opposition six officers, and thirty privates; also Col. DeLancey's servant. The Col. himself being absent, escaped capture. I also took from a neighboring stable, eight horses and their equipments, belonging to Col. De Worm's corps of Hessian Cavalry. I now set out with my prisoners on my return to camp, and after proceeding at a rapid march about six miles, was overtaken by a large body of Col. DeWorm's Cavalry consisting of two hundred horse, who made repeated attempts to force my guard; but all was in vain. Having formed my men into close column, we kept up a scattering but incessant fire, which made the numerous

and violent charges of the enemy ineffectual. I succeeded in arriving at camp in safety, with all my prisoners; but found myself much exhausted with the fatigues of the night, and the loss of blood. I had seven men wounded which we mounted on horse back, and so brought them in safety to the camp. This service called forth the public thanks of Gen. Washington in my behalf.

In July 1779 I was with Gen. Wayne at the storming of the fort at Stony Point, and had the honor of commanding one of his advanced guards. It may perhaps be unnecessary to inform your honor, that the American arms were crowned with the most signal success; and that the whole garrison, consisting of 500 men became prisoners to the Americans, with a small loss on either side.

Thus, Sir, have I given you in as concise a manner as possible, a history of the most important services which I rendered my Country during her struggle with Great Britain.

October 14th 1780, I received an honorable discharge from Col. Harrison, Gen. Washington's Secreitary. Gen. Washington manifested much reluctance in consenting to my resignation as I had been with him several years, and had ever been found a faithful and successful officer. My resignation did violence to my own feelings and inclinations. It was with much regret that I left the service of my beloved Country. But filial duty and considerations, triumphed over every other consideration. My parents were sickly, were far advanced in life, and were also in destitute circumstances, became very anxious for me to retire from the service, in order to afford them some assistance in their necessitous situation; it being absolutely impossible for me to grant them any pecuniary aid while I remained in the army, my pay and emoluments (owing to the depreciation of our paper currency) being scarcely sufficient for my own maintenance. I accordingly complied with what I considered my duty, and so left the army.

From the commencement of the war, to the date of my resignation in 1780, I performed every tour of duty assigned me, being always in health, and ever ready to meet my fate.

When I entered the service I had \$150 which I had accumulated by my industry. When I left it, I was not worth a dollar. In April '82 I was married. In '87 I removed from Boston to Penobscot river (Maine.) I went back six miles from the river into the wilderness, and the same distance from any inhabitant, purchased 100 acres of wild land upon credit where I now live, and where I have suffered so many hardships and privations, and by incessant labor accumulated a small estate, which will be set forth to your honor in a schedule which will be herewith transmitted. I am now sixty-seven years old, and my health, owing to my age, and the hardships and fatigues of my life, is very much impaired, so that labor is no longer practicable. I have four sons, who have all become of age, and have left me.

I received a pension certificate from your Honor, dated April 10th 1819 as an officer on the pension list, for services performed in the revolutionary war between the U. S. and G. Britain, the No. of which

is 9162; and I cannot but hope and believe that your Honor will continue to me the small pittance, to cheer and make glad my few remaining days

I am, dear, Sir, your Hon.'s friend and hum. Serv't. very respectfully,

[Signed.] JNO. BLAKE."

General Blake went from Wrentham, Mass. to the Penobscot River country, District of Maine, in April, 1786, and spent the season surveying lands in the large unexplored region across the river opposite Bangor, with a view to bringing in here a colony of families. In 1787 he entered this region with his wife and two children, going six miles east of the river and building a log-cabin just to the South of Potash Hill, a short distance from the Congregational Church in the town of Holden, then Orrington, afterwards Brewer, then East Brewer, Maine. It was named by him New Wrentham, the Wrentham Settlement, in District of Maine.

Here he lead a busy, laborious life, caring for the white settlement on the lands and for the Penobscot Indians, whose Agent he was on the part of Massachusetts, for some thirty years. He made many visits to Boston, where he represented this portion of the District in the General Court of Massachusetts. He held military commissions from all the Governors of that State, who promoted him successively from 1786 when he held the rank of Lieutenant, to that of Major-General in 1816. In 1799 he was appointed by President Adams, Captain 15th Infantry U. S. Army, under Lt. Gen. Washington.

His home was the abode of frugality, industry and prosperity. Clad in homespun, he labored hard in clearing lands and sowing and harvesting crops; in lumbering and building mills; in helping the needy out of his own scanty resources. Because he was not a pauper no pension was allowed him till 1832, a few years before his decease. He had spent his last dollar out of a fund of some hundreds laid by to purchase land, in buying green hides to make moccasins to protect the bleeding feet of his men on the fields of the Revoution, not a cent of which was ever refunded him.

In 1829, he was chosen, after holding every office in the gift of the people, President of the Temperance Society of the town of

is 3153; and I cannot but hope and believe that your letter will continue to me the small pleasure, to cheer and make glad my few remaining days.

I am, dear Sir, your Hon. friend and son, Sir, very respectfully,

[Signed,] John Blake.

General Blake went from Westham, Mass. to the Province River country, District of Maine, in April, 1780, and spent the season surveying lands in the large unexplored region across the river opposite Bangor, with a view to bringing in upon a colony of families. In 1781 he entered this region with his wife and two children, going six miles east of the river and building a log cabin just to the south of Potato Hill, a short distance from the Congregational Church in the town of Libby, where Congregationalists were known. It was named for him New Westham, the Westham Settlement, in the town of Libby.

Here he had a busy, laborious life, engaged for the whole winter on the lands and for the Province River, where he was on the part of the Government for some time in 1781. He made many visits to the river where he represented the Province of the District in the General Court of the Province. The local military commission to all the Government of that State, appointed him successively from 1775 when he held the rank of Lieutenant, to that of Major-General in 1781. In 1781 he was appointed by President Adams, General John Adams, & Agent under Lt. Gen. Washington.

His home was the scene of struggle, industry and poverty. Cold in winter, he labored hard in clearing, planting and sowing and harvesting crops; in late spring and building up the poor and the needy out of his own scanty resources. He was the only one of his family who allowed him to live a few years before his death. He had spent two dollars out of a fund of some hundreds laid by in purchase land in Maine and in other places, in order to protect the bleeding feet of his men in the field of the Revolution, and a part of which was never refunded him.

In 1810, he was chosen, after holding every office in the gift of the people, President of the Hampshire Society in the town of

Brewer, and from that day on, tho' always strictly temperate himself, all intoxicating drinks were banished from his side-board, and hospitalities were dispensed in his mansion without the rum, gin, brandy and wines of earlier times.

By a fall on the ice in 1824, he had broken an arm; and ten years later a similar accident fractured the right femur. But he perfectly recovered and was as erect as ever in his chair and in his walk.

A soldier in all his bearing, trained in 1777-8 with the other officers, by the Baron Von Steuben, Maj. General of Drills and Musters, his heart was tender as that of a child. The poor all around him looked upon him as a father; the clergy and people of all sects and parties as a friend.

The war of 1812 was very trying to Gen. Blake, and to all military men in his section of the country. He could not give himself orders, as a matter of course, and so far as his papers show he received no orders for a campaign, not even to use common precautions against a surprise. New England was opposed to that war and its people made no preparations for fighting. They had no hankering after Canada. Arnold in 1775 had tried that. They did not hate Great Britain. They never did so. They do not to-day. All men of thought, of feeling, of principle, feel alike as to this; all English-speaking peoples under the sun, I believe, feel so. And the battle of Hampden, Sept. 3, 1814, was but an incident in a long series of events, of which the burning of Washington a few days before, and battle of Baltimore, a few days later, were also incidents. The orders of Gov. Strong, Jan. 8, 1816, show that Gen. Blake's action was approved. Volumes could add no more than that.

I do not propose now and at a distance of more than three thousand miles from the scenes of the war of 1812 to discuss the action of Brig. Gen. Blake at Hamden, Dist. of Maine, Sept. 3, 1814. Nor will I notice the extravaganzas of penny-a-liners, who make a living by sensational stories. It is sufficient for me, as Luke says (VII, 35) that "Wisdom is justified of her children."

Gen. Blake obeyed orders, if he had any, most faithfully. That was his characteristic. "Masterly inactivity" ruled New England at that crisis. All was quiet on the Penobscot. While Gen. Jackson, in 1813-14, was chastising the Creeks and the other savages in the Southwest, who were in the pay of Great Britain, and leading on the choicest men of that frontier to victory at New Orleans, Gen. Blake was peacefully following the plow on his rocky farm. The Penobscots were all bound to him by the justice and liberality of Massachusetts in firmest ties and had been for many years.

Of a sudden, like a cyclone, the British Admiral, Aug. 27, 1814, sails from Halifax, with eight men of war and ten transports, (See Autobiography of Com. Charles Morris, pp—69, 70) carrying 4000 of the veterans who the previous April had captured Napoleon. They are bound for the valley of the Penobscot to annex it to British North America. The sons of Revolutionary sires, there at Hampden had never seen battle. Their white haired fathers were too old for the fray. Besides the Councils of New England had declared the war at that epoch as "unnecessary" and "wrong." The "piety and patriotism" of Governor Strong and the other men of that time in the Federal Party, opposed it, and the United States made no demands to the contrary, and rendered no aid towards the defence of the Northeastern frontier. Eastport fell in July, 1814, Washington and Alexandria a month later, Castine and Bangor in Sept. following. The strongest battalions, at that date, the British veterans, who conquered Napoleon turned the scale against us. They were the superiors in war for the nonce of the farm boys, and the lumbermen of the Penobscot who had no stomach for the unequal contest. There was no question there and then decided by arms.

"COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, BOSTON, January 8, 1816.

The Court of Inquiry, whereof Major-General Henry Sewall is Pres-

ident, appointed by the orders of the 15th of May last, to examine into the grounds of a complaint exhibited against Brigadier-General John Blake, of the first Brigade and tenth Division of the Militia, by Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew Grant, and sundry other officers, of the third Regiment of said Brigade, having assembled at Bangor, conformably to said orders, having deliberately and carefully examined into the grounds of complaint, and the evidence adduced in support thereof, as well as that which was adduced to rebut the same, and also the written defence and replication which are made part of the record of the case, has reported to his excellency the Commander in Chief, as the opinion of the Court, which opinion he approves, "that the charges do not appear to be so far supported as to render a reference of them to a Court Martial expedient or proper."

The Court of Inquiry of which Major-General Sewall is President is dissolved.

By his Excellency's Command.

J. BROOKS, ADJUTANT-GENERAL."

The close of the General's life was eminently peaceful and happy. In the bosom of his family, surrounded by children and numerous grand-children whom he had taught by his own bright and spotless example the exalted lessons of patriotism and integrity and purity, he sank to his rest. His remains repose on the mound-like eminence overlooking the dwellings of the settlements in New Wrentham, where he first felled the forests primeval (now Holden, Maine), more than half a century before his decease. His work was done.

He died in Bangor, Jan. 12, 1842, and was buried in the family lot in Holden. He married in Wrentham, Massachusetts, Mary, daughter of Charles and Hannah (Smith)* Dupee, (French Dupuis) May 14, 1782.† She was born May 14, 1762, and died in Brewer, June 9, 1835, and buried beside her husband at Holden.

There children were:—

- i. GEORGE. b. in Wrentham, Mass., May 8, 1783.
- ii. SALLY. b. in Wrentham, Jan. 24, 1786; m. Samuel Waldron Hayes, in Brewer, Me., May 13, 1807.

*John Dupee, Charles Dupee, Charles, Jr., Dupee, a Huguenot family of Picardy, France, who fled persecution and came, to Boston 1685. Elizabeth, wife of Col. Solomon Blake, Lydia, wife of Billings Brastow, were sisters of Mrs. Blake; Her brother, James Dupee, married Esther Hawes, and lived in Walpole, Mass. She had other sisters married in Wrentham, Mass.

†Wrentham Records say, published April 26, and married May 19, 1782.—EDITOR.

NOTE. James Smith, father of Hannah, who married Charles Dupee. We are anxious to trace this line. Was it from John Smith, Quarter Master of British Army, in Dorchester, Mass., 1630.

- iii. JAMES, b. Oct. 25, 1789.
- iv. JOHN, b. April 5, 1792; died young.
- v. CHARLES, b. March 29, 1794.
- vi. ELIAS, b. Sept. 24, 1796.

GEORGE BLAKE, OF HOLDEN.

GEORGE BLAKE,⁹ son of John⁵ Blake, born May 8, 1783; lived in Holden; died February 22, 1873; married Sylvia, daughter of John Farrington,* of Brewer, at Brewer, January 1, 1807; she born September 13, 1789, died April 25, 1843. Children all born at what is now Holden:—

- i. JOHN FARRINGTON, b. Nov. 12, 1808; m. Celestia, daughter of John and Lucy (Gilmore) Wiswell, Oct. 7, 1847. Children:—Herbert George, b. Oct. 8, 1852, died Feb. 14, 1853; George, b. Nov. 1, 1855; Harriet Eliza, b. April 19, 1862, died March 20, 1878.
- ii. SALLY HAYES, b. Sept. 16, 1810; m. Thomas Goodale, of Bucksport July 17, 1845. He died July 23, 1875. She died Nov. 22, 1878. Children:—George B., b. Feb. 20, 1848; resides in Bangor; m. Sarah Hook Shepard, Dec. 24, 1878; Eugene Bodare, b. Aug. 2, 1851; lives at Bar Harbor; Alice Matilda, b. Oct. 30, 1855, unmarried; Loomis Farrington, b. Dec. 30, 1857; m. Anne M. Gould, of Orono, Feb. 20, 1884; resides at Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin.
- iii. GEORGE WASHINGTON, b. Nov. 9, 1812; died young.
- iv. LEVI ADDISON, b. Sept. 25, 1815; m. Roxey Wight Jordan 1841. ——— Children:—Amelia A., b. Dec. 2, 1842, died Sept. 7, 1862; Ella F., b. Aug. 29, 1847; m. Hazen W. Jordan, Oct. 11, 1877; Frances A., b. Feb. 20, 1850, died April 30, 1876; Ada E., b. June 24, 1854; married.
- v. SAMUEL NEWELL, b. Jan. 17, 1818; m. Cynthia Joy, He died at Winterport, March 30, 1871.
- vi. THOMAS FRAZER, b. July 15, 1820; m. Lucy Moor, of Winterport, Jan. 18, 1852. He died Nov. 15, 1860.
- vii. SYLVIA FARRINGTON, b. Feb. 18, 1824, died in Lowell, Mass.
- viii. MYRA FISHER, b. Sept. 27, 1827; Lowell, Mass.
- ix. ELIZA NEAL MURRAY, b. Sept. 10, 1832; m. Newell S. Davis, Sept. 1852, died March 6, 1854, leaving one son, George Blake, b. Oct. 1853, died Oct. 19, 1854,

SAMUEL W. HAYES.

Samuel Waldron Hayes, son of John† and Hannah (Waldron) Hayes of Lebanon, N. H., born there November 11, 1775. He

*John Farrington, settled in Dedham, Mass., 1646. His son Daniel settled in Wrentham, Mass. His son Benjamin, married Christine Cox, of Wrentham, who were parents of Deacon John Farrington, of Brewer, who left numerous descendants.

†The father of John Hayes was a tanner; came from Scotland with one or two brothers who had families and settled near Garrison Hill, Dover, N. H.

married Sarah, daughter of Gen. John and Mary (Dupee) Blake, of Brewer; published or married in Brewer, May 13, 1807. He was a merchant in Bangor and Town Clerk many years. He was a cousin to the father of President Hayes. He died February 18, 1815. The early death of Mrs. Sally Hayes was greatly lamented. She died July 14, 1809.

- i. JOHN BLAKE HAYES, b. Feb. 27, 1808. Lived the most of his life in Brewer; m. Abby, daughter of Capt. Thomas Rice, of Charlestown, Mass., Sept. 6, 1832. She was born Jan. 18, 1800, and died in Oakland, California, Feb. 15, 1883. He died in San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 12, 1872. Children all born in Brewer but the last, were:
 1. John Howard, b. Aug. 5, 1833; m. first, Annie Lane Fovall, (?) at Frankfort, April 13, 1859. She died at Lapwai Agency, Idaho Territory, Sept. 2, 1883. He married second, Mrs. Mary McMurry, at Moor's Station, Cal., Sept. 3, 1884. Children—Frank Howard, b. Frankfort, Jan. 18, 1860; Carrie Alice, b. Bucksport, Nov. 25, 1861; m. Walter H. McIntosh, of Moscow, Idaho, Feb. 1, 1884. (Daughter Marian Frances born Jan. 18, 1886.) William Edward, b. Hampden, July 31, 1864; Marian Winchester, b. Bangor, June 14, 1866; m. Robert S. Browne, at Moscow, Idaho, Aug. 24, 1884. (Son Harry Howard, born Nov. 17, 1885); Annette, b. Bangor, Dec. 26, 1869, died there July, 26, 1870; Harry Lane, b. Bangor, May 18, 1872.
 2. Thomas Rice, b. Brewer, Feb. 18, 1835; m. Mary Curtis at San Francisco, Aug. 4, 1860. Children all born there: Charles Edward, b. May 25, 1861; Harriet Loring, b. Sept. 5, 1862; Lucy Boutelle, b. July 5, 1866; Mary Eliza, b. Oct. 30, 1870.
 3. Daniel Edward, b. Brewer, Jan. 23, 1838; m. Eleanor A. Olwell (?) at San Francisco, May 26, 1864. Children: Estelle Frances, b. April 10, 1866; Florence E., b. April 20, 1875.
 4. Frances Abigail, b. Brewer, Sept. 21, 1840; m. John C. Flint, at Caribou, Me., Sept. 2, 1866. He died at Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 16, 1881. Children: Abby Hayes, b. Aug. 28, 1867; Antoinette Frances, b. Jan. 12, 1873; died May 18, 1881. Widow m. second Thomas J. Stone, at Chicago, April 21, 1886.
- ii. SARAH BLAKE KIDDER, b. June 14, (15) 1809; m. Uriah Winchester in Brewer, Oct. 27, 1837; he born Aug. 27, 1814. Children:
 1. Frederick Orlando, b. Sept. 24, 1838, died Sept. 10, 1839.
 2. Sarah Augusta, b. Nov. 20, 1840, of Santa Barba, Cal.
 3. Marietta Sophia, b. Jan. 10, 1843, died July, 1848.
 4. Robert Fulton, b. April 27, 1845; Physician in Santa Barbara, Cal.; m. Carrie M. Snow, —; no children.
 5. Abbie Hayes, b. March 29, 1848, died Nov. 15, 1862.
 6. Charlotte Maria, b. Aug. 1, 1850; m. Stanley Chipman Bagg at Santa Barbara, Nov. 30, 1876; two children: Carrie Frances, b. Oct. 30, 1877, and John Sherman, b. May 18, 1881.

JAMES BLAKE, OF CORINTH.

JAMES⁶ BLAKE, son of John⁵ Blake, born in Orrington, Brewer part, October 25, 1789; removed to Corinth in 1819, where he

filled many offices to general satisfaction. He died February 8, 1862. He married at New Wrentham, now Holden, April 1, 1817, Abigail, daughter of David and Sarah (Osgood) Mann,* of that place. She died in Corinth, August 22, 1882, aged 89 years, 8 months, 11 days. Children were :—

- i. NANCY. b. Holden, Jan. 17, 1818; resides Corinth.
- ii. LEVI. b. Corinth, Sept. 10, 1819; married Dianthe Bean, of Corinth, Jan. 1, 1848. Three children.
- iii. SARAH M.. b. Corinth, Dec. 17, 1821.
- iv. MARY DUPEE. b. Corinth, May 23, 1824.
- v. EUNICE M.. b. Corinth, July 24, 1826; m. John Boutelle, Sept. 30, 1849. Eight children.
- vi. GEORGE W.. b. May 19, 1829; died June 12.
- vii. ELMIRA L.. b. July 3, 1830; m. Joseph Colboth, of Exeter, June 4, 1854. She died Jan. 6, 1867; one child.
- viii. JOSEPH W.. b. Nov. 30, 1832; in the Christian Commission in the war of the Rebellion; Deputy Collector at Brownville, Texas, where he died Nov. 27, 1870.

CHARLES BLAKE, OF HOLDEN.

Charles⁶ Blake, of John⁵ Blake, born in Brewer, March 29, 1794; died at Ottumwa, Iowa, November, 14, 1870; married first, Mary, daughter of Silas and Sarah (King) Winchester, of Holden, January 8, 1815, she born February 22, 1795, and died February 19, 1837. He married second, Sophronia, daughter of William and Silena (Lane) Copeland, of Holden, November 10, 1837, she born November 23, 1807. Now lives at Omaha. Children :—

- i. SELINDA MARIA. b. Nov. 20, 1815; m. John Adams Mayhew, ———. She died June 1, 1877; no children.
- ii. JULIA MUNROE. b. Jan. 20, 1818; died ——— 1820.
- iii. CHARLES MORRIS. b. Dec. 24, 1819; resides in San Francisco; graduated Bowdoin College, 1842; married Charlotte Amanda, daughter of Daniel and Charlotte (Rogers†) Farrington, of Holden, Aug. 18, 1844. Children :—

*David Mann was grandson of Rev. Samuel Mann, first minister at Wrentham, Mass; one of the first settlers in Holden, and an original grantee.

†Charlotte Rogers, mother of Mrs. C. M. Blake, is believed to have been of the tenth generation from the Rev. John Rogers, the martyr, who had eight sons and three daughters, the oldest son born in Holland, A. D. 1558; the youngest, a babe whom the father had never seen till the day of his martyrdom, Feb. 5, 1655, when the eldest son, was but seventeen years of age. Thomas and Joseph Rogers, the grandson and great grandson of the martyr (such is the unvarying tradition) came to Plymouth in the "Mayflower." The father died that winter; the son married and had eleven children at Duxbury. In 1650 the family removed to Eastham, where the father died Dec. 24, 1660. The entire line then runs: John (1), Daniel (2), (?) Thomas (3), Joseph (4), John (5), Joseph (6), Elkanah (7), Josiah (8), Zenas (9), Charlotte (10). The descendants of these "Pilgrims" are now very numerous.

1. Charles Edward, b. Brewer, Me., Aug. 14, 1845; m. Martha, daughter of James and Rachel (Lambert) Foster, of Dorchester, Mass., June 10, 1874. Children—Marguerite, b. Aug. 28, 1875; Jessie Foster, April 6, 1877, in San Francisco.
2. Charlotte Amanda, b. Philadelphia, Dec. 21, 1846; m. Henry A. Brown, Sept. 12, 1867. Children—Adelaide Frances, b. July 19, 1868; Phillip King, b. June 24, 1869; Harriet Langdon, b. Jan. 12, 1871.
3. Thomas Arnold, b. Philadelphia, July 27, 1848; died Benicia, Cal. Feb. 20, 1854.
4. Mary Ellen, b. Benicia, Cal. Nov. 4, 1853; died Aug. 9, 1854.
5. Anna Morris, b. Coudershort, Penn., Jan. 24, 1859; died Aaronsburg, Penn. Nov. 14, 1860.
- iv. JULIA MUNROE, b. Dec. 29, 1828, died young.
- v. MARY LOUISA, b. Sept. 12, 1847; m. John Fisher Robinson,* of Holden, Sept. 12, 1847. He died at Augusta while a member of the Legislature, Jan., 20, 1876. She died May 25, 1877. Children:—
 1. John Preston, b. July 6, 1849; merchant in Bangor; m. Mrs. Fanny Breed; no issue.
 2. Abby Maria, b. Oct. 10, 1850, died July, 18, 1876.
 3. Charles Blake, b. Sept. 23, 1852; m. Frances H. Griffin, March 20, 1878, she b. July 31, 1856.
- vi. PRENTISS MELLE, b. June 26, 1826; Banker in Bangor; m. Miss Mary B., daughter of Galen and Harriet (Lindley†) Hawes, of Union, Me.
- v. WILLIAM WATSON, b. April 27, 1828; married in Philadelphia, May 10, 1856, Mary West; Lived in Tremont, N. J. Children:—Ella M., b. in Tremont, N. J., Jan. 22, 1857, died in Zanesville, Ohio, May 27, 1862; Louisa S., b. Zanesville, Oct. 3, 1859; Nettie W., b. Zanesville, Dec. 22, 1861; Charles A., b. July 22, 1864, died Feb. 21, 1881.
- viii. ABBIE RICE, b. Oct. 30, 1831; m. John Hollinshead, of Camden, N. J. ——— Two children:—Mary and Edward B.
- ix. DANIEL WEBSTER, b. June 28, 1833; invalid from 1862, on the Chickahominy.
- x. LYMAN MUNSON, b. Dec. 13, 1835; lived in Winona, Minn. ——— Married ———. He died ———, 1886; left one child Minnie A.
- xi. HARRIET NEWELL, b. Sept. 9, 1838, died 1853.
- xii. CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS, b. Feb. 6, 1840, or July 7, 1840; m. ——— resides Richland, Kansas.
- xiii. GEORGE WASHINGTON, b. July 7, 1841; m. at Charlton, Iowa, Sept. 27, 1866, Caroline Edginton, of London, Eng. Children:—Charles Arthur, b. Aug. 16, 1868; Harriet Forward, b. Nov. 23, 1870; George Clarence, b. Sept. 24, 1879.

*Son of John and Mary Booden Robinson. Mr. John Robinson, b. July 24, 1775, in Mass., came to Penobscot County and settled in Orrington, about 1808. His brothers, Elisha and Amariah, came also. Elisha married ——— Cobb, and had large family. John died December 24, 1834. His wife, Nancy Bowden (or Bowden), born April 4, 1794; died March 14, 1851.

†LINDLEY FAMILY. Levi and Daniel Lindley, brothers, came to America previous to the Revolutionary War, and settled therein. They lived in Walepole, Mass. John Warren Lindley, son of Levi, married Lucy Jones and had six children, the oldest of whom, Sarah, born November 1804, 29; married Silas Alden now of Bangor, January 27, 1828. Harriet the 4th, born September 29, 1809, married first Galen Hawes, January 6, 1831, and second Elias Blake, September 5, 1843.

ELIAS BLAKE, OF HOLDEN.

ELIAS BLAKE,⁶ of John Blake, born September 24, 1796, lived in Holden and Bangor; died August 28, 1286. He married first, Sophia, daughter of Silas Winchester,* of Holden, January, 1, 1822; she born May 31, 1796, died July 23, 1842. He married second, Mrs. Harriet Lindley Hawes, September 5, 1843, she daughter of Capt. John W. Lindley, of Union, Me., born September 29, 1808, and widow of Galen Hawes,† of Union, Me.——

Children:—

- i. ELIAS OTIS. b. July 15, 1823; m. and resides in Lowell, Mass.
- ii. SOPHIA A. b. March 27, 1825, died July 17, 1826.
- iii. SARAH ANGENETTE. b. May 27, 1826; married.
- iv. ORLANDO WILBUR, bap. Brewer. Aug. 11, 1833; m. —, and resides in St. Louis, Mo.
- v. GEORGE KING. — died in New Orleans, 1884.
By his second wife, Elias Blake had:
- vi. HARRIET LINDLEY. b. Aug. 20, 1846; m. William E. Brown, of Bangor, June 15, 1874. Children—Marguerite, b. June 8, 1881.

CHRISTOPHER C. BLAKE, OF CHARLES BLAKE.

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS BLAKE, was born at Brewer, now Holden, February 6, 1840. He has resided in Ottumwa, Iowa; Decatur, Ill.; Evanston, Ill.; now resides in Richland, Kansas; is proprietor of *The Future*, a newspaper "devoted to the calculation of the coming weather through Astronomical Mathematics." He married in Kansas, Rachael A. E., daughter of John A., and Mary Ann (Shoemaker) Bean, June 17, 1866; she born in Columbus, Ohio, December 21, 1840. Children:—

*Winchester.—Silas (5) of Elkanan (4), and Sarah Belcher, Elk-nan (3), Josiah (2). John (1), who came in 1635, at the age of 19, from Harts, England, to Hingham, Mass. He married Hannah, daughter of Deacon Sealis, and in 1650, removed to Muddy River, now Brooklin, from whence the Winchesters have gone out into all the world.

†Galen Hawes was the fifteenth child of Mathias and Sarah (Payson) Hawes, of Franklin, Mass., born April 13, 1802. He married Miss Harriet Lindley, January 6, 1831; she born September 29, 1803. Children—Mary Barrett, born September 29, 1832; married Prentiss M. Blake, the well known Banker of Bangor. Horace, born March 9, 1835; died August 13, 1835, and Levi Lindley.

1. Nellie, b. Ottumwa, Iowa, August 21, 1867; died same day.
2. Estrella, b. Ottumwa, same day; died November 26, 1872.
3. Minnie Ellen, b. Ottumwa, April 30, 1869.
4. Gilbert Edward, b. Ottumwa, July 28, 1871.
5. John Charles, b. Ottumwa, May 31, 1873.
6. Lalla Etta, b. Decatur, Ill., June 4, 1875.
7. Frederick Columbus, b. Decatur, ct. 30, 1877.
8. Myrtle Alice, b. Decatur, June 6, 1879.
9. Rosalia Ella, b. Evanston, Ill., Sept. 22, 1881.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES ON THE BLAKE FAMILY.

—

The Pedigree of the Blake family has been traced back to :

1. Robert de Blakeland, who was assessed in the Wiltshire Roll of Subsidies granted in 1286 to Edward I. His son who dropped the "de" and the "land" was :
2. Robert Blake, who had his residence in Clane Co., Wilts, England. By his wife Anne, daughter of William Cole, he had :
3. Henry Blake, who married a daughter of Edward Durant and had a son :
4. William Blake, who married Margaret, daughter of Thomas Power. Their son
5. Henry Blake, of Calne, married Margaret, daughter of Mr. Billott, and had
6. Robert Blake, of Calne and Quemberford. He married Avice, daughter of John Wallop, Esq. They were buried under and had a memorial window in Crane Church. Their son
7. William Blake, resided in White Parish; died 1471 and had
8. William Blake, who resided in Old Hall in the Parish of Andover. He married Mary, daughter of Humphrey Coles. He made his will in 1547, which was proved on the 20th of June that year. His son
9. Humphrey Blake, removed in the early part of the 16th century into Somersetshire, seated himself in Overstowey, and became Lord of the Manor in Plainfield, pleasantly situated on the eastern side of the Quantock Hills. In the great hall of the Manor House in Plainfield, are the sculptured arms of this Blake

WILTSHIRE ENGLAND.

The mark + indicates burial in the church and a cross in the
 Parish Register of Burials, 1831-1840 is not

ROBERT BROWNE, M.D.
 Buried

SARAH WILLIAMS, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

JOHN BROWN, M.D.
 Buried

PEDIGREE OF THE BLAKES, SOMERSETSHIRE, ENGLAND.

14-640-17

Index of Original Wills
at Wells, begins 1660.

HUMPHREY BLAKE,
of Taxwell Spaxton. d. 1558

The mark ? indicates entries in the
Parish Register of Pitminster, Co. Somerset.

There is a line under the names of
those of whom there are portraits.

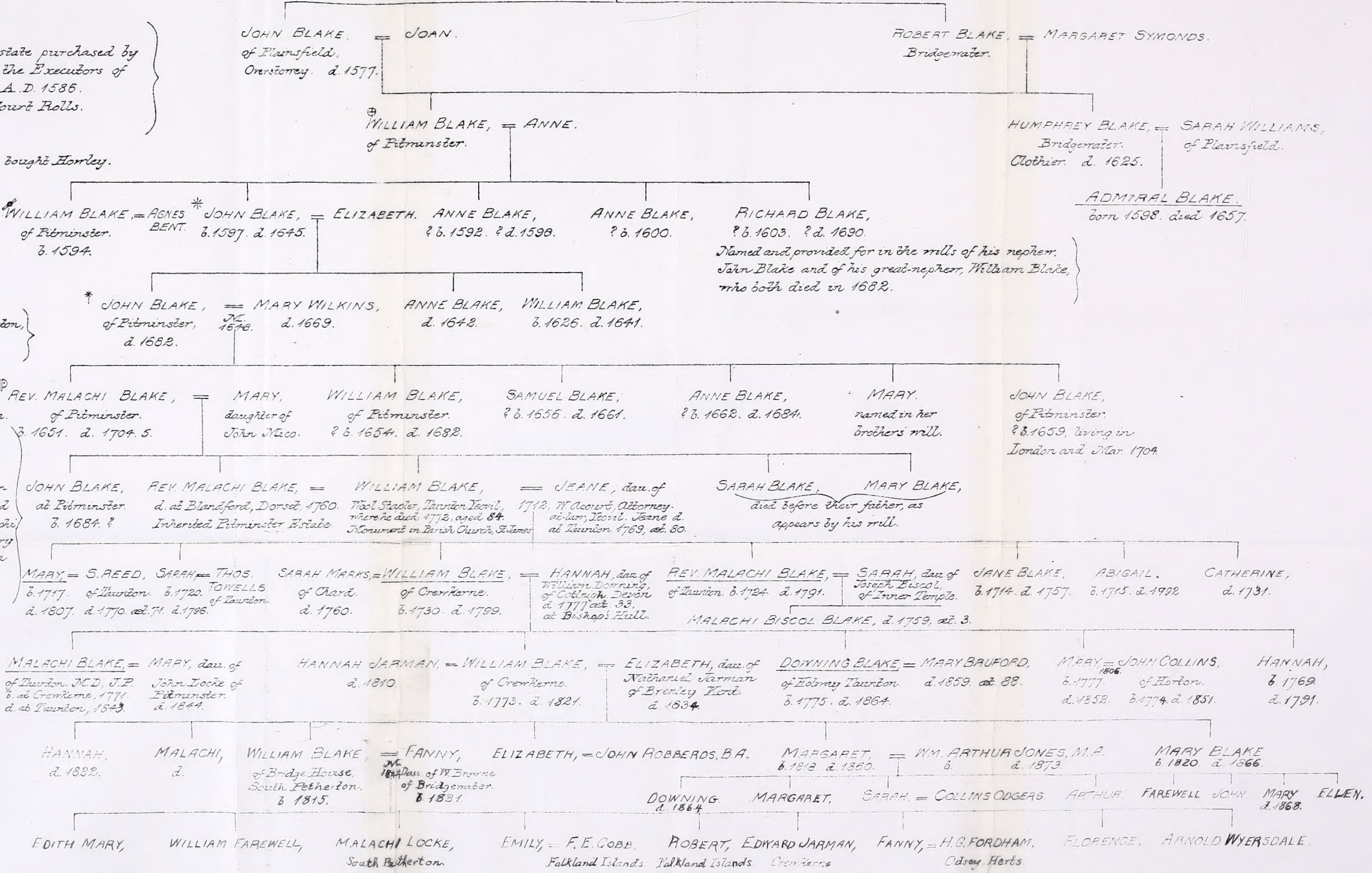
The Pitminster Estate purchased by
Will. Blake from the Executors of
Jacobus Spiring, A.D. 1586.
Taunton Deane Court Rolls.

* 1625, John Blake bought Horley.

Went to America
in 1630 with
five children.

* Will proven at Taunton,
Oct. 6. 1682.

Concerned in
Monmouth's Rebellion.
The Will,
executed 1704,
proved in Wells 1705.
Wife Mary and father-
in-law John Mico and
children John, Malachi,
William, Sarah, Mary
named in Will. John
Blake described as of
London.



family as borne by its ancestors: a shield bearing three sheaves, two above and one below a chevron. Crest a martlet. By his wife Agnes, he had

10. John Blake, the Elder, to distinguish him from his younger brother, who also bore the name of John. He was born in 1521. (Robert Blake, the famous English Admiral, so celebrated for naval genius, was the son of Humphrey Blake, who was the brother of John Blake the elder. Admiral Blake died unmarried August 17, 1657.) John the elder succeeded to the Manor of Plainfield, and to the patronage of Aisholt Church. The advowson of the church of Overstowey he bequeathed to his son Richard. Under this church he was buried 10 December, 1576. By his wife Jane or Joan, he had

11. Robert (or William) Blake, baptized 12 May, 1566, resided at Overstowey, (or Pitminister, near Taunton) where he was buried 26 January, 1626-7. By his wife Eleanor (or Annie) of P. he had

12. William Blake, baptized 5 June, 1594. He married Mrs. Agnes Bent, 23 September, 1617. They had five children: (1) William, born 6 September, 1620; (2) James, born 25 of April, 1623; (3) Edward, born 1625; (4) John, b. 1627; (5) Ann, born 1619; all born in England and in January, 1630, he sold his house and land at Aisholt (Pitminister?) and on the 20th March, embarked at Plymouth on board the "Mary & John," taking with him his family and arrived at Nantasket, (now Hull) Mass. on the 30th May, 1630, where he died August 25, 1663.

He settled in that part of Dorchester which is now Milton, where he was a useful and influential citizen. He died 25 August, 1663; his widow Agnes died 22 July, 1678. [Copied from Chandler Memorial by C. B. Houghton, Esq., 1877.]

NOTES.

It will not do to vouch for the entire accuracy of all of Mr. H. G. Somerby's Researches into English Family History, of which

most this extract is taken, though no doubt he is mainly correct. My own personal inquiries in Somersetshire in 1880, were necessarily brief and imperfect. But I place great reliance upon the prolonged and thorough labors of William Arthur Jones, M. A., and his "Pedigrees of the Blakes of Somersetshire." Born on the soil, allied to the family, of liberal culture himself, and older than am I, who was Mr. Somerby's senior at Bowdoin, 1842, I cannot presume to question the mature results of Mr. Jones' extensive antiquarian and genealogical studies in the Blake Family History. All of these were cheerfully placed within my reach by William Blake, Esq., of Bridge House, South Petherton, Somersetshire, our nearest of kin in England, of the eighth remove from a common ancestor in the lands of our fathers.

BURYING PLACES.

William¹ Blake's grave* is on Meeting House Hill in ground donated by him to the town of Dorchester, Mass. His son Edward² was interred in the Granary B. Ground, Tremont St., Boston. Johnathan³ Blake's remains were no doubt interred in Wrentham where he died in 1727. John⁴ Blake's body reposes by that of his wife at the foot of the Common in Boston.

All these ancient graves are without a monument to mark them.

THE PENOBSCOT INDIANS.

The relations of Gen. Blake to these Indians were of the most friendly character for over fifty years. While the Agent for the State of Massachusetts, he paid them their annuities, witnessed by two white men—money, ammunition, corn, blankets, etc., with scrupulous fidelity. He protected their land from depredators.

*The Editor of this Magazine has supposed that William Blake, senior, removed from Dorchester to Springfield, Mass., and died there.

He often took their chiefs to see the Governor in Boston. Long lists of the names of these Indian families are among the papers of Gen. Blake. The writer well remembers visits of these people made more than sixty years ago at his grandfather's house a mile above the Bridge across the Penobscot, when they put on all their finery and spoke French with Grandma Blake.

CHARLES M. BLAKE.

CHARLES M. BLAKE.*

"Graduated at Bowdoin College* in 1842. Studied medicine at Jefferson College, and Theology with Rev. Albert Barnes, D.D., of Philadelphia; license to preach in 1845. He established a school for boys, at Benicia, Cal., 1852; ordained a minister at Valparaiso, Chili; 1855. and was pastor and preacher to the Scotch miners there for several years. Appointed Chaplain in the United States Army, 1861. Assisted in raising several regiments of colored Infantry in 1863 and 1864. He was severely wounded in front Charleston, S. C. Hospital Chaplain at Chattanooga, Tenn. Was for several years on duty at Arizona, and for several years California Correspondent of the New York Tribune. He has been for several years preparing a Genealogy of the Blake family, and allied families, in the United States."

LETTER FROM JOB. PENDLETON OF ISLESBORO.

TO THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Contributed by Dr. J. F. Pratt, of Chelsea, Massachusetts.

LITTLE LONG ISLAND, 29th March, 1789.

GENTLEMEN:—I, the subscriber, am possessed of an Island laying in Penobscot Bay known by the name of Little Long Island, containing 204 acres. (likewise an Island joining by a bar at low water, containing 13 acres.) Which Island I settled in the year 1769, together with Mr. James Matthews and Mr. Shubael Williams. On the 9th day of November 1769, I purchased James Matthews third part, likewise on the 23rd day of September 1772 I purchased Mr. Shubael Williams third part which I have their Deeds to show. The above written are facts that I can clearly prove—and whereas Gentlemen you having the Power to settle and do justice to the individuals in this remote part of the state, I humbly pray that you will inform me how I may still be in quiet possession of my lands, and humbly submit myself to your direction and the Laws of this commonwealth.

I am Gentlemen your most Obedient—and most Humble Servant
JOB. PENDLETON.

*Copied from History of Bowden College, page 565.—EDITOR.

SETTLERS WHO HAD LOTS IN ADDISON, 1794.

First settlers and proprietors who received deeds of land June 2, 1794 under act of June 21 1793 and Plan of lots by Lothrop Lewis, Esq.

John Bucknam.	Heirs, Samuel Coffin.
John Bucknam's heirs.	Barnabas Coffin.
Wm. Bucknam's heirs assigns of	Thos. Cornthwait.
Geo. Tinney.	Freeman Knowles deceased assignee and heir to Samuel Knowles.
William Batson.	Ebenezer Warren Judd.
William Bickford.	Josiah Moore.
Richard Coffin.	Samuel Marston.
John Drisko, assignee of Jeremiah Bucknam.	Thos. Marshfield.
Joseph Drisko, assignee of John Bucknam.	Heirs, Robert Miller.
John Hall, assignee of Daniel Rolfe Sen. and Jr. and John Ellis.	Samuel Merrit assignee to Sam Merrit.
Moses Look.	Daniel Merrit.
Daniel Look assignee of William Hix.	Wm. Merrit.
George Look.	Samuel Nash.
Seth Norton, assignee.	Joseph Nash, assignee of Joseph Nash† deceased, Judah Chandler and William Ingersoll.
Seth Norton, Jr.	Isaiah Nash assignee to James Nash.
Elias Norton.	Eliphalet Reynolds.
Moses Plummer Sen. assignee of Osborn.	Nath. Ramsdell.
Moses Plummer, Jr.	Daniel Tinney.
Reuben Steel.	Joseph Wilson.
Wm. Tibbetts.	Capt. Wilmit Wass heir of Wilmot Wass, deceased.†
Joseph Tibbetts,	Wilmit Wass jr.
Ephraim White.	Christopher Wass.
Tilly White.	

A SEVERE SNOW STORM, 1793.

FROM FIELD NOTES OF JOHN PETERS, OF BLUE HILL.

Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1793. A severe snow storm.

Thursday, Oct. 31, 1793. Now we set out for our camp in No. 18, (North of East Machias,) where our stores are, a most tedious job we had, the snow as much as twenty inches on a level and fairly up to the waist band of my Breeches, in Swamps. I do not think the oldest man on earth ever saw such a snow the first that came.

Friday, Nov. 1, the snow is so very thick on the trees and so very deep on the ground, that we can do nothing at present.

“*Joseph Nash deceased.” was son of John Nash, of Braintree, Mass., baptized 12th November, 1727; first North Yarmouth, then Addison.

John Wass was of Falmouth; married Anna, daughter of Richard Wilmot. He was father of Wilmot Wass, senior. John sold at Falmouth 1726 and moved away.

BUCK FAMILY OF BUCKSPORT.

BY THE LATE HON. RUFUS BUCK, 1857.

Communicated by Mrs. Mary S. Bradley.

Roger¹ Buck settled in Cambridge, Mass. 1643. He had three children Mary², John² and Ephraim² who was born there July 26, 1646 and afterward settled in the north part of Woburn, New Wilmington, he married there Sarah Brooks, Jan. 1, 1671, and had children, Sarah 1674, Ephraim³ 1676, John³ 1679, John³ 1680, Samuel 1682, Eunice 1685, Ebenezer³ May 20, 1689 and Mary 1691, Ebenezer³ Buck married Lydia Ames Jan. 1713, and had among other children Jonathan born in Woburn, Feb. 20, 1719. In 1723 Ebenezer Buck moved to Haverhill where his son Jonathan married Lydia Morse, of Newbury 1743, by whom he had nine children the three eldest of whom died previous to Jan. 1754. The six who lived were Jonathan Jr.,——Mary,——Ebenezer, Amos,——Daniel,——and Lydia.

The farm on which Ephraim³ settled is in the present town of Wilmington, and retains the name of the "old Buck Farm." It is situated one mile south of the meeting house, and the old fashioned gambel roof house is still standing in which Benjamin Buck now lives. (1847)

Col. Jonathan Buck, the founder of this town, was in person a thin, spare man about 5 feet 10 inches in height, with a countenance very expressive of what he felt; had what is called a Roman nose, large, black arching eye-brows, dark penetrating eyes which made every one feel when he looked at them that he meant what he said. A man of ardent temperament and an iron will, not easily changed, who would not turn out of the way he thought right, to please anyone. He was a staunch Whig and so ardently devoted to the Revolutionary cause that he freely sacrificed all his property here and barely escaped from the hands of the British soldiers when Castine was taken in the year 1779. Often was he heard to say that he would sooner lose his head than take the oath

of allegiance to Great Britain. He is spoken of by Sullivan in his History of Maine, as being a very worthy man in whom the people at Penobscot had the fullest confidence; his word was always to be depended on and he never deceived or defrauded anyone and his popularity with the Indians as a trader is a confirmation of his honest dealings with them. He received a Lieutenant Commission under the Provincial government in the year 1745, and a lot commission in 1775. He died March 18th, 1795, aged 77 years. A Granite Monument erected by a few of his grand children in August 1852 in the old Buck burying ground marks the spot where he was buried.

Lydia, wife of Col. Buck, was in many things the reverse of her husband. Naturally of a timid, retiring disposition, she was seldom known to take the lead in conversation even at her own quiet fireside. She was noted for her benevolence and from her door the poor never went empty away. Easy and unaffected in her manner, of a pleasing address, she was ever striving for the comfort and happiness of all around her. The epitaph on her gravestone says her study was to do God's will. She died Dec. 15th, 1789, aged 71. Jonathan Buck jr., the eldest son of Col. Buck, was one of the most prominent men for many years in the management of the affairs of this town; being a Justice of the peace, he acted as Judge in all petty cases of law in this and the adjoining plantations. In 1769 he married Hannah Gale, of Haverhill, by whom he had eleven children; their names were Benjamin, John, Ruth, Lydia, Hannah, Amos, Joseph, James, Nancy, David, and Moses. Two sons and two daughters are still living. Esquire Buck as he was usually called, in his mental and physical composition bore a strong resemblance to his father, save that his heart was deeply imbued with the spirit of Christ whereby his influence for doing good is still seen and felt by his numerous descendants and intimate friends. He held various offices of trust and honor in this town, was the first Representative to the General Court and Deacon of the First Congregational Church formed on the settlement of Rev. Mr. Blood. He died in March, 1824, aged 74 years. Ebenezer Buck was one of the boldest pioneers in the

settlement of this town. Inured to hard labor from his boyhood and possessing a vigorous constitution, he was enabled to bear up under the trials and privations of this wilderness land with a lighter heart than either of his brothers. After the British burned his house he determined to enter the army and do what he could to drive the tyrants from our shores. In 1777 he received a Lieutenant's Commission and for a time was stationed at Machias. After the Bagaduce defeat he was ordered to Camden and promoted to the office of Captain and served during the war under Gen. Wardsworth, filled with patriotic ardor he came up to this town in 1780 and carried four Tories to Camden. He was by trade a house carpenter and built the first framed house in this town after the Peace. In 1780 he married Mary Brown, of Belfast, by whom he had eleven children; their names were Ebenezer, Mary, William, Jane, George, Alice, Jonathan, Charles, Henry, and Caroline seven of whom are now living. He was given to hospitality and his house was a home for the weary traveller for many years. He died April 20th, 1824, aged 73.

Amos Buck came to this town previous to the Revolution and settled on the lot bordering on the town line of Orland. He was a blacksmith by trade and from his account book it appears he did the work for all the inhabitants who then lived in this town and Orland. The items charged are principally for new steeling hoes and mending traps for the hunter. In Sept. 1778, he married Lydia Chamberlain, of Plaistow, N. H., in a few week after his marriage he was seized with a fever and died in Haverhill, Dec. 12th, 1778. His wife after remaining a widow nearly three years married Daniel Harriman, son of Asael Harriman, of this town. She was the mother of Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Samuel Carter and the late Jonathan Harriman of this village. Mrs. Harriman after the death of her husband lived a number of years with her daughter and was highly esteemed for her eminent piety. She was the only female member of the Congregational church in this town at its formation.

Daniel, the youngest son of Col. Buck was born in Haverhill in the year 1755; he often came to Penobscot with his father when

a boy but was not one of those who obtained a lot by settlement. In early life he followed the sea and at the age of 19 took charge of a vessel; for some years he was engaged in the coasting trade on the Penobscot and Kennebec rivers. In 1784 he purchased the lot on which he afterward lived, built a house and also a small store near the water. In 1798 he left following the sea and built the house now owned and occupied by his son Daniel; from this time up to 1812 he was engaged in trade and did a large business for those days. In 1805 he built a store and wharf and in 1810 he built the dock now owned and occupied by Sewall B. Swazey & Co. In 1783 he married Mary Sewall, daughter of Col. Dummer Sewall of Bath by whom he had 12 children. The names of those who lived to grow up were: Sarah, Eliza, Harriet, Maria, Jona., Sewall, Lucy, Rufus, Daniel and Richard Pike; of these only one daughter and three sons are now living. He was a man of unwavering integrity and would not compromise the right for expediency. He never affected a fashionable dress or carriage and yet he was highly respected by all his acquaintance; whoever knew him esteemed him for his meekness and kindness; he chose rather to suffer than to do wrong and was more ready to do than others to ask a favor at his hands. Being ardently attached to the Congregational Church he made great sacrifices to maintain it. He honored the house of God and kept holy the Sabbath Day, having served the church faithfully as one of its officers for many years, he peacefully departed this life Nov. 18th, 1826, aged 71.

Of Col. Jonathan Buck's daughters, Mary the eldest married Col. Dustin and settled in the town of Camden, N. H. She was the mother of thirteen children of which the writer has very little knowledge; five of them died in early life. Some of the eldest settled in Canada and some in Danvers Mass. Mrs. Dustin lived to a good old age and was highly esteemed by all her acquaintances.

Lydia m. Joshua Treat of Frankfort, had 11 children. She was the mother of Mrs. Waldo Pierce, Joshua, Jonathan and Col. Robert Treat, also of Mrs. James Buck, of this town. Her sons and grandsons are well known as the most wealthy and enterprising merchants of Frankfort. It is said by the old people that Mrs. Treat in personal appearance was the *fac-simile* of her mother.

The descendants of Col. Buck at this day (1847) number more than 1,000 and are scattered all over the Union.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

VOL. II.

BANGOR, ME., AUGUST, 1886.

NO. II.

TOWN OF HAMPDEN.

NO. I, FIRST RANGE NORTH OF WALDO PATENT.

The first settler in what is now Hampden is said to have been Benjamin Wheeler, from Durham, N. H. He came about 1772, and settled at the mouth of the Sowadabscook stream, and built mills there. Some others came the same year—probably Elihu Hewes, Richard Cary, Samuel Cary, Joshua Pomroy, John Crosby, Abner Crosby, Goodin Grant, Andrew Grant, Elisha Grant, and John Emery. In 1787 Amos Dole, Simeon Gorton, Freeman Knowles, Nath. Hopkins, Reuben Newcomb, Simon Smith, Nath. Myrick, James Philbrook, Jona. Philbrook, Archelaus Harding, Nath. Harding, Alisha Higgins, Joshua Harding, and Daniel Tebbits, were there.

Under the general law for the incorporation of plantations, this township was incorporated as Wheelersborough Plantation. Sometimes the settlers called it Sowadabscook Plantation. It seems to have embraced all the territory and inhabitants on the west side of the river, above what is now Winterport.

In 1777 the inhabitants sent a petition to the General Court of Massachusetts, asking to be incorporated into a town by the name of Wheelersborough. This petition was signed by about all the settlers in what are now the towns of Hampden and Bangor.

“To the Great and General Court held at Boston for the State of the Massachusetts Bay.

The Petition of the Inhabitants of Wheelersborough Humbly Sheweth that your Petitioners did in May, 1774, Procure a Warrant from a Justice of the Peace, Impowering us to call a meeting and Chuse a

Clerk, Town Committee, Treasurer, Surveyors of Roads & Surveyors of Lumber, &c., and by virtue of said Warrant our Committee called the Inhabitants together in March, annually, and made a new choice of the above said officers, &c., till May, 1776, when we received a Resolve of this Court the 15th of February, Ultimo. In obedience to which we obtained a New Warrant from a Justice agreeable to said Resolve, in which our doings were approbated, and we as before Impowered to Notify and warn the Proprietors or Inhabitants of Wheelersborough, to wit, all the Settlers on the West Side of Penobscot River, from the upper or Northernmost Line of Frankfort Township to the Indian Line agreeable to our Plan, and to chuse the above officers, &c. But finding our power thus derived Insufficient to answer all the exegencies of our Body Politic, We now Humbly Pray that we may have your Grant of our said Township agreeable to our Plan of the Same, and that we may be Incorporated Into a Township by the Name of Wheelersborough. And we hereby constitute and direct our Representative, Mr. Elihu Hewes, to attend your Honorable Court in order to Present this, our Petition, and Transact all matters relative to our Publick affair.

13th March, 1777.

(Signed.)

Andrew Webster, Jr., Benjamin Wheeler, Ephr'm Grant, Thomas Campbell, Nicholas Crosby, Andrew Paterson, John Smart, Joshua Couillard, John Crosby, Simon Smith, Simeon Gorton, Andrew Grant, Freeman Knowles, James Philbrook, James Grant, Joshua Walker, Simon Crosby, Jacob Denuett, Thomas Harding, Elisha Grant, Edward Smith, James Dunning, Reuben Goodwin, Nathaniel Mayo, ——— Hopkins, D——ors (?), Jacob Bussell, Daniel Neal, Elihu Hewes, Eben'r Haynes, Stephen Littlefield, Robert Treat, William Sullivan, Gustavus Swan, Samuel Chillam (?), Joseph Pomroy, Ephraim Grant, Jr., John Couillard, Joseph Carter, Joseph Page, Seth Webb, John Frees, Isaac Frees."

Nothing came of this, as the revolutionary war put a stop to all new settlements. In 1779, being much disturbed by the English occupation on the river, most of the inhabitants left. Some went to Camden, and others to Kennebec river. At the close of the war, about 1783, the most of the original settlers returned. Up to this time the settlers were squatters, and held their lands by occupation and possession. The inhabitants now became desirous of procuring a title to their lands. It had always been supposed by them that the State owned these lands, but the Waldo heirs preferred claims to the township, which the General Court afterwards partly allowed, with reservations in favor of settlers who had settled thereon prior to a certain date, probably January 1, 1794.

Joseph Chadwick had made some surveys in 1783. In 1786,

General Knox sent Jonathan Stone on to the town to make surveys or explorations. I give an extract from his report:—

“NO. 1, IN THE FIRST RANGE, (NOW HAMPDEN,)”

Contains twenty-one thousand four hundred and sixty-two acres, and is bounded as follows, viz.: On the Waldo patent on the south, on No. two in the same range on the west, on Nos. one and two in the second range on the north, and on the Penobscot river on the east, which affords a fine navigation the whole distance, having from four to six fathoms of water at low water, and is well supplied with salmon, shadd and alewives.

The Sowadabscook stream and on its numerous branches; and affords a good navigation for a canoe, small boat or raft—for many miles distance—and on the banks of said stream—and on a vast number of small streams which fall into it—are large quantities of open meadows and good low interval, which will afford plenty of forage for the first settlers, and will ever be of great value to them.

The land in this township is generally very good for farming. The uplands abound in good white ash, yellow birch, beach, rock maple and basswood timber, and in some places red oak; the lower lands have a mixture of pine, spruce and fir. Those farming lands are not only good for hay and grazing cattle, but are generally good and easy for tillage. All kinds of grain, especially flax and pease, are cultivated with good success. There is, however, some poor land in the southeast part and on the north line from the third to the eighth mile, and between that line and the two streams. There is likewise some poor land on the western line which is flat and could, timbered with poplar and white birch, with a mixture of black growth. Almost the whole of the river lots are taken up by settlers, whose names are annexed, with their time of settlement, from the best information I could get, and are as follows, viz.:

Richard Cary, Samuel Cary, both on one old possession of 14 years; Simeon Gorton, 14 years; Amos Dole, half an old possession of 10 years; John Emery, 15 years; Abner Crosby, 14 years; Joshua Pomeroy, 14 years; Sanborn Blaisdell, 10 years; Benjamin Wheeler, at the mills; Goodwin Grant, Andrew Grant, Elisha Grant, Elihu Hewes, 14 years; John Crosby, 15 years; — Knowles, — Hopkins, Nathaniel Hopkins, Simon Smith, Nathaniel Myrick, Col. Newcomb, James Philbrooks, Jesse Harding, Jonathan Philbrooks, Arch Harding, Nathan'l Harding, Abisha Higgins, Joshua Hardin, Daniel Tibbits.

Mr. Wheeler and those that follow, including Daniel Tibbits, are on settlements improved by themselves or others before the commencement of the late war. Andrew Patterson at the pond 7 years. Samuel Patterson six years possession by John Peirce at the pond. James Emery, Nathan Emery and Benjamin Higgins, settled since the war. Jno. Pierce one year, his old possession sold Samuel Patterson. John Miller two or three years.

There are several other new beginnings in the second tier of lots from the river, laid out by themselves in a very irregular manner—the people

have and are still making great waste of the Timber, and are doing all the possible damage to the land—the upper road to Kennebec must set off from the Penobscot River in this Township, and is much wanted at present. Capt. Newcomb and some others have proposed, that if Government will authorize some person to mark out the road, they will clear it through this township and make the necessary bridges at their own expense.

JONATHAN STONE.

December 16, 1786.”

In 1790, the inhabitants sent a memorial to the General Court asking for their lots, a copy of which is here given:—

“To the Honorable Committee on the subject of unappropriated lands of this commonwealth—Inhabitants of Sowadabscook Plantation, Sheweth, That your Memorialists are actual Settlers on Lands In said Plantation, & since we have been Informed that a Sufficient Title to our Land is to be obtained in conformity to the Resolve passed June 24th, 1789, We have taken every measure In our power to procure as much money as would pay for the Same, but as yet have not been able to Raise a sufficiency for that purpose, through the Scarcity of Specie In these parts, altho’ we were willing to make the greatest Sacrifices. We therefore pray that your Honorable Board would take our circumstances Into your wise consideration, that a further time might be allowed us to procure the remainder of our money to pay for our Lots. And also that some suitable person living near this Plantation might be appointed and Impowered as an Agent to receive our money, & to give and execute Sufficient Deeds of our Respective Lots of Land on which we have settled. And also to take such measures respecting running out our lines as your Honors in your Wisdom may think meet. And your Petitioners as In duty bound will ever Pray.

Penobscot River, 22d May, 1790.

(Signed),

Reuben Newcomb, Benjamin Smith, Shebna Sweet, Nathan Hopkins, Abisha Higgins, Simeon Gorton, Gooden Grant, Henry Welch, Thomas Whitney, Thomas Snow, Moses Baker, Zebulon Young, Nathan Whitney, Daniel Whitney, Amos Dole, Benjamin Higgins, Amos Doane, James Mayo, Israel Mayo, Nahum Emery, Simeon Newcomb, Nath’l Myrick, Jr., Benjamin Murch, Joseph Wheeler, Ezeziel Cobb, Jonathan Newcomb, Simon Smith, John Crosby, Robert Wheeler, the Widow Peirce, James Pattison, Edward Snow, C. (?) Gardner, Ebenezer Crosby, Andrew Grant, Peter Newcomb, Harding Snow, Perez Hamlen, Isaac Hopkins, John Emery, William Patten, Zebulon Smith, Jesse Harding, Abner Crosby, Ebenezer Mayo, Nath’l Mayo, John Billington, Andrew Grant, Benjamin Wheeler, William Murch, David Patterson.

Mr. Simon Smith being appointed at our Annual Meeting in the month of March, 1790, to wait on the Court’s Committee of Eastern Lands, is intrusted with full power by said plantation to act in behalf of the inhabitants of Wheelersborough.

JOHN CROSBY,

REUBEN NEWCOMB,

Committee.

AMOS DOLE, Town Clerk.

In 1794, another petition for incorporation was sent, which was granted.

TOWN OF HAMPDEN.

INCORPORATED FEB. 24, 1794.

"An Act to incorporate the Plantation called Sowerdabscook, with part of the town of Frankfort, into a separate town by the name of Hampden.

SEC. I. Be it enacted etc., * * * That the plantation called Sowerdabscook, and the northerly part of the town of Frankfort, included within the following boundaries, to wit., Beginning at the north east corner of the northerly line of the Waldo patent, so called on Penobscot river, and bounded on the south by the northerly line of said patent, running six miles on said line; from thence running north ten degrees east until it comes to the town of Bangor; thence on said line to Penobscot river, and thence bounded on said river to the first mentioned boundary, together with the inhabitants thereof, be, and hereby is incorporated into a town by the name of Hampden. * * *."

Simeon Fowler, Esq., of Orrington, was authorized to issue his warrant for the calling of the first meeting.

In 1795 the inhabitants again sent a petition to the General Court, asking for their lots. The Court by a resolve June 19, 1795, gave to settlers who made their settlement prior to Jan. 1, 1784, one hundred acres of land for \$6.50, to be laid out so as best to convene each settler's improvements, and be least injurious to adjoining lands. To settlers between Jan. 1, 1784, and Jan. 1, 1794, one hundred acres for 50 cents per acre, to be like first named. In 1796 a part of the township was surveyed by Ephraim Ballard. Feb. 23, 1798, another resolve was passed by the General Court, relating to settlers' lots.

I give names of settlers, taken from plans, deeds and records. I can not give the date of settlement, further than can be gleaned from what is herein printed. Very few, if any, of the persons named were born on the township.

Names of settlers prior to 1784, on the river, with the number of their lots, beginning on the southerly line and running up river to what was south line of Bangor.

- | | |
|--------|--------------------|
| No. 1. | Richard Ellenwood. |
| 2. | Ralph Ellenwood. |
| 3. | Ezekiel Atwood. |
| 4. | Thomas Snow. |
| 5. | Abisha Higgins. |
| 6. | Abner Knowles. |
| 7. | Amos Rider. |

- | | |
|--------|------------------|
| No. 8. | Benj. Higgins. |
| 9. | Simon-Smith. |
| 10. | Ebenezer Mayo. |
| 11. | Nathan Hopkins. |
| 12. | Israel Hopkins. |
| 13. | Freeman Cobb. |
| 14. | Freeman Knowles. |

No. 15.	Harding Snow.	No. 30.	Amos Hardy.
16.	Jesse Holbrook.	31.	John Crosby.
17.	Perez Hamlin.	32.	John Crosby.
18.	Eliashib Delano	33.	Shebna Swett.
19.	Reuben Newcomb.	34.	David Patterson.
20.	Andrew Grant.	35.	Simeon Gorton.
21.	Benj. Swett.	36.	Ebenezer Crosby.
22.	Thomas Pickard.	37.	Abner Crosby.
23.		38.	Phillip Lovejoy.
24.	Goodin Grant.	39.	Wm. Patten.
25.	Benjamin Wheeler.	40.	John Emery.
26.	Widow Elis Wheeler.	41.	Samuel Cary.
27.	D. Wheeler.	42.	Samuel Cary.
28.	Samuel Patterson.	43.	Richard Cary.
29.	Robert Wheeler.	44.	Benj. Smith.

Other settlers, some of whom settled prior to Jan. 1, 1784, and others prior to Jan. 1, 1794, and the lots they settled or lived on.

No. 45.	Prince Rogers.	No. 77.	
46.	Silvanus Rogers.	78.	James Philbrook.
47.	Enoch Mayo.	79.	
48.	Jona. Nickerson.	80.	Winthrop Patterson.
49.	Howes Mayo.	81.	Stephen Atwood.
50.		82.	Abiathar Knowles.
51.	Israel Mayo.	83.	Nath'l Paine.
52.	James Mayo.	84.	Myrick Snow.
53.	Nath'l Murch.	85.	Thos. Whitney.
54.	Nath'l Mayo.	86.	Henry Welch.
55.	Benj. Murch.	87.	Simon Smith.
56.	Daniel Whitney.	88.	
57.	Christopher Atwood.	89.	Elkanah Smith.
58.	Amos Dean.	90.	Joseph Myrick.
59.	James Dean.	91.	Freeman Knowles.
60.	William Murch.	92.	Simon Smith, Jr.
61.	Simon Newcomb.	93.	Ben. Wiley.
62.		94.	Aaron Walker.
63.	Ezekiel Cole.	95.	Ebenezer Walker.
64.	Wm. Wheeler (?)	96.	
65.		97.	
66.	Daniel Wheeler.	98.	Zebulon Smith.
67.	Richard S. Blasdell.	99.	Thomas Dean.
68.		100.	Jesse Harding.
69.	John Sally.	101.	John Pomroy.
70.	Daniel Blasdell.	105.	Ben. Swett.
71.	John Swan.	108.	Andrew Grant.
72.	Robert Wheeler.	109.	Robert Page.
73.	Nath. Ward.	112.	R. Patterson.
74.		118.	Robert Miller.
75.	Daniel Neal.	123.	Daniel Livermore, partly in Hermon.
76.	Isaac Webber.		

No. 124. Wm. Patterson Jr.	No. 132. Peter Newcomb.
125. John Goodale.	133. Jona. Newcomb.
126. Geo. Bassick.	135. Daniel Snow.
128. Wm. Patten (2.)	136. Edward Snow, partly in Newburgh.
129. Isaac Hopkins Jr.	137. Collier Snow.
131. Reuben Newcomb Jr.	

In 1798, a petition was sent to the General Court, signed by settlers living in the westerly part of the town:—

"To the Honorable, the Senate, and Honorable House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled: The Petition of the Subscribers respectfully Sheweth that each of them have taken up and permanently Settled one hundred acres of Land, belonging to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, lying in Township No. 2, adjoining the Westerly line of Hampden in the first Range, North of the Waldo Patent, in the County of Hancock, and that the Settlers have encountered the many difficulties and hardships usually attending the foundation of a New Settlement, the want of Roads, and the expensive and difficult transportation necessities of life, etc., etc. Therefore your Petitioners humbly pray that the Honorable Court would grant to each Settler one hundred acres of Land, to be laid out so as to include their Improvements to the best advantage, for as moderate a compensation as the General Court may think proper. Your Petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray. (1798)

(Signed)

Edward Snow, Moses Watson, Daniel Snow, Isaac Davis, Hezekiah Newcomb, Caleb Dodge, Samuel Davis, Joseph Myrick, Samuel Mudget, Abel Hardy, Daniel Piper, John Folsom, Henry B. Walker, Jonas Mason, Stephen Bryant, Lemuel Nash, Jonathan Nash, Collier Snow, Reuben Newcomb, Benjamin Wheeler, Thomas Morrell, Josiah Morse (?), Seth Kempton, Samuel Hardy, William Cofeal."

This petition did not seem to bring much relief, and another petition was in 1802, and a resolve passed Jan. 30, 1802.

RESOLVE OF GENERAL COURT,

passed Jan. 30, 1802, on petition of James Patten and others, settlers on additional lands, claimed under resolve of Feb. 23, 1798. Park Holland, Esq., was authorized to receive applications and quiet settlers thereon, and run out their lots.

"A list of Settlers' lots in Hampden, as surveyed or assigned by Park Holland, agreeable to a resolve of the General Court Jan. 30, 1802. *

No. 46. Silvanus Rogers.	No. 70. Daniel Blasdel.
134. Silvanus Snow.	90. Joseph Myrick.

* These settlers are those who settled between Jan. 1, 1784, and Jan. 1, 1794, and sons of settlers who came previously, or their assigns.

No. 98.	Ezra Smith's Heirs.	No. 162.	Phillip Wheeler.
142.	Jabez Phillips' Heirs.		George Wheeler.
88.	Whitney, Simeon Smith's Heirs.		Joseph Wheeler.
104.	John Borland.	156.	Wm. Morland.
	Henry Welch.		Jeremiah Simpson.
106.	R. Newcomb.	129.	Ebenezer Young.
	Jesse Holbrook.	138.	Moses Watson.
— 144.	William Higgins.		Jona. Simpson, Jr.
145.	David Colson.	139.	Peter Newcomb.
140.	Joshua Cole.		Job Harding.
147.	Daniel Whiting.	72.	Robert Wheeler.
148.	Thomas Daggett.		Kidder and Johannot.
	Jona. Pickard, Jr.	105.	Richard Blasdell.
149.	Pickard.		Josiah Kidder.
150.	Samuel Parker.	140.	John Patten.
151.	Joseph Atwood.		Samuel Emerson.
152.	James Miller.	110.	Thos. Patterson.
153.	James Patten.	80.	Winthrop Patterson.
154.	Widow Goodale.	160.	Henry Mayo.
	John Crosby.		Ebenezer Perkins.
103.	Ephraim Murch.	158.	Samuel Paine.
96.	Jona. Knowles.		Simon Smith, Heirs.
155.	Ben. Walker.	161.	Elisha Mayo.
93.	Amasa Knowles.	143.	Ezekiel Smith.
	Ben. Wiley.	71.	Swan and Sally.
92.	Jesse Libby.		Josiah Kidder.
	Geo. Knowles.	163.	Jeremiah Colburn.
91.	Richard Stubbs.		John Emery.
	Freeman Knowles.	167.	Wm. Robinson.
102.	Ezra Cobb.		Simeon Whitmore.
	John Crosby.	168.	Amos Hardy.
107.	William George.	172.	Elisha Pepper.
	Eliphalet Perkins.	108.	Andrew Grant, Jr.
109.	Eliphalet Perkins.	164.	David Libby.
	Joseph Gordon.		Daniel or David Hol-
157.	Newcomb and Murch.		brook.
	Ezra Beals.	165.	Nath. Myrick, Jr.
— 116.	Isaac Robinson.	166.	Sam. Harding.
159.	Benj. Newcomb.	169.	Robert White.
	John Higgins.	170.	Richard Blasdell.
			Abel Hardy.
		171.	Ebenezer Perkins.
			Samuel Emerson.

Copy PARK HOLLAND.

Sept. 12, 1803."

GENERAL JOHN COOPER,
THE FIRST SHERIFF OF WASHINGTON COUNTY, ME.

By Peter E. Vose, of Dennysville.

In the fall of 1787, (the year after the commencement of the settlement at Dennysville,) there came into Eastern Maine a well educated and gentlemanly young man in the twenty-second year of his age, for the purpose of engaging in trade in a small way. With him came his elder brother William, and the amount of merchandise they brought to dispose of, purchased of several firms in Boston, was as per invoice £119, 5s, 8³/₄d. Entering the Cobscook bay, instead of following their predecessors to its head, they turned aside at "Soward's Neck," now a portion of the township of Lubec, where they soon commenced operations. Their first bill of goods, amounting to £2, 2s, 10d, was sold November 15, 1787, to Colonel John Allan, known during the Revolutionary war as the "Superintendent of all the tribes of Indians east of the Connecticut river." The goods, consisting of meal, molasses, sugar and tea, were sent (doubtless by water) to Machias. Mr. Allan was not only the first but their principal customer, and the last charge made in their ledger was to John Allan (Feb. 13, 1790)—"1 Coffee Pot, 4d."

A memorandum on the fly leaf of their ledger records that their whole amount of first cost of goods for the first year was £340, 11s, 3d. During the more than two years in which they were engaged in business they opened accounts (many of them small) with over fifty persons. Their whole trade during this time amounts only to a few hundred pounds, and judging from the many unsettled accounts was evidently not very profitable. The County of Washington was incorporated June 25, 1789, and the young trader, John Cooper, late of Boston, twenty-four years old, was soon after appointed High Sheriff of the County, which office he held, and well and honorably filled, for the long term of thirty years. His appointment as Sheriff and Jailor made it necessary that he should remove to Machias, the shire town.

In the early summer of 1791 he went to Boston, where on the 23d day of June he was united in marriage by Rev. Dr. Thatcher,

with Miss Elizabeth Savage, sister of Hon. James Savage, a young lady of good family and twenty-one years of age. Returning to Machias and becoming settled in his new home, he not only attended to the duties of his office, but soon became interested in other business, as the sparsely settled county with its limited "Docket" could hardly afford him sufficient remuneration for the support of a family. His first account with Washington County as Sheriff, is as follows, viz. :—

"COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, DR.

May, 1794. To amount of order drawn on the County Treasurer for the several terms in 1790, 1791, 1792, and 1793, in my favor as Sheriff, per account settled with the Treasurer May 12th, 1794, on file, \$279.06."

He engaged in trade to some extent, and in lumbering, built and owned in part several saw-mills on the east and west Machias rivers, and operated them a portion of the time. Later in life he became interested in the purchase of wild lands in several of the near-by townships, was the principal proprietor of township No. 15, east division, Washington county, (now Cooper) and for years was the agent of the proprietors of several neighboring townships. His accounts were all kept with great care and neatness, and with evident knowledge of the art of Book-Keeping. His ledger shows that from 1795 to 1798 he had much to do in connection with building a meeting house at Machias, his bill for furnishings, payment for labor, etc., amounting to \$902, taking his pay for the larger half of the same, "in pews, etc." In 1803 he was elected County Treasurer, which office he held until 1809. On Feb. 27, 1811, he resigned his office as Brigadier General of the 2nd Brigade, 10th Division of the Militia of the Commonwealth, which place he had held for seven years. His various business matters, especially the performance of his duties as agent for the proprietors of several eastern townships, made it necessary that he should make quite frequent trips to Boston. Often he went by vessel. Sometimes the long journey to or from was performed by various conveyances by land, but on Sept. 27, 1809, he leaves Boston with Mrs. Cooper, in his own chaise for home, and arrived in Machias Oct. 14, the first journey ever made in a private carriage between the two places. On the 29th day of Nov. in that

year, died his honored father, Wm. Cooper, Esq., aged 88 years, who for 49 successive years had been the faithful Town Clerk of Boston.

In the year 1816, Mr. Cooper turned his attention more particularly to the improvement of his own township, No. 15, where, during that year, he built a saw mill and a grist mill. The first he named the "Successful Enterprise," and the latter the "Resolution." In those days such mills were not the very expensive structures which this age calls for, the whole cost of the two mills mentioned being a little over \$2,000. In 1816 he was a member of a convention which met at the meeting house in Brunswick to act upon the separation of the District of Maine from the Commonwealth of Mass. As shewing his connection with events connected with the capture and capitulation of Machias in the war of 1812, the following is interesting. The capture was made by a British land force under the command of Lieut.-Col. Andrew Pilkington, and a naval force commanded by Capt. Hyde Parker, of the Tenedos, on Sept. 11, 1814. On the 12th a capitulation was proposed and accepted. On the 13th it was ratified by Gen. John Brewer in behalf of the 3rd Regt., and by Col. Campbell for the 1st Regt., these two regiments including all in the county. On the 14th Mr. Cooper writes, "Arrangements were this day made by me with the British commanders, respecting the Custom House, paroles, etc., which were confirmed by Sir John Sherbrook and Admiral Griffith yesterday, and the terms (then) entered into were guaranted by me so that the British troops will be embarked to-morrow." Sept. 15th he continues, "This day at 10 o'clock all the British troops were embarked from Berry's wharf, and the town left without any danger whatever to the inhabitants. I accompanied the British commanders to the time of their departure, and expressed acknowledgements, etc., for the good conduct of the troops while in this town."

Mr. Cooper was quite largely employed by the county for several years, in opening and making county roads in the townships of No. 13, 14, 15, 18, etc. He doubtless performed his duties faithfully in this connection, and perhaps, the more so, because as Sheriff, Agent, etc., he was probably obliged to make

greater use of them than any other person of the times. His journeys over the new rough roads, sometimes alone, sometimes accompanied by Mrs. Cooper, were often evidently enjoyed by him, especially when at their end he found himself under the hospitable roofs of his old friends, Judge Lincoln of Dennysville, Geo. Downes, Esq., of Calais, Gen. John Brewer, and Capt. Thos. Vose, of Robbinston, I. R. Chadbourne, Esq., of Eastport, and Judge Campbell, of Cherryfield, some of whom from time to time escorted him a portion of the way on his homeward rides.

In July, 1820, Mr. Cooper learned by the "Eastern Argus" that Horatio G. Balch, Esq., had been appointed Sheriff of the County in his stead. Maine had recently become a sovereign State, and was no longer subject to the elections and appointments of Massachusetts, and doubtless desired officers of its own making. Mr. Cooper, the only appointee to the office of Sheriff for Washington County by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, had well filled the position for full thirty years.

But not until Dec. 20, was the new Sheriff ready to enter upon the duties of his office, when, as recorded in Mr. Cooper's journal, "Mr. Sheriff Balch received from my son the Gaol calender and files, and my son delivered the whole to him with the keys of the Gaol and Court House, also he resigned his commission as Gaoler and Deputy Sheriff at the same time." Mr. Cooper writes these matters of interest under the same date: "After the adjournment of the Court of Sessions this P. M., the Chief Justice, Thomas Ruggles, Esq., in a few minutes after being at his lodgings, was taken in a fit and immediately expired. This is the first accident of the kind, or indeed of any sudden sickness, that has befallen any of the justices of Common Pleas or Sessions, of any officer belonging to the court, or any of the bar, jurors or witnesses during the sessions of any court, or at the adjournment of any court in the county of Washington, during a period of thirty years and six months last past."

Mr. Cooper records under date of June 19, 1821, "This day the S. J. C. for State of Maine held its first session in this county, present Chief Justice Prentiss Mellen and Judges Preble and Weston."

On March 5, 1822, "The court (C. C. P.) met this day, Judges Crosby and Campbell. This is the last Court of Common Pleas that will be held in this county under the old system."

June 3, 1821, Mr. Cooper was admitted to the membership of the Congregational church in Machias. He writes, "I this day made a public profession of my faith in Jesus Christ, and gave my assent to the covenant, and was admitted to full communion as a member of Mr. Steel's church, and God in his infinite mercy grant that by the influence of his Holy Spirit I may be enabled to adorn the doctrine of God my Saviour in all things." Mr. Cooper and his minister, Rev. Mansfield Steel, had evidently been very friendly for many years. He was, doubtless, religiously inclined from his boyhood. If God had prospered him and his family, he is found very frequently recording in his Journal with reference to particular providences, "God's holy name be praised." He came of a God-fearing race. His good father, from his early days, was a christian man; for many years a member of the church in Brattle street, Boston. (In after times, though not then, a Unitarian church.) As long ago as March 17, 1764, he writes, "The town have been again pleased to make choice of me as their clerk for the year ensuing. I would see and acknowledge the hand of God herein, and my prayer is, that I may be enabled to fill up this and the other stations assigned me in life, (he was Register of Probate, etc.) so that the good of others may be promoted, as well as my own interest served."

His uncle, Dr. Samuel Cooper, brother of his father, was the pastor of Brattle street church for thirty-seven years, and his grandfather, Rev. Wm. Cooper, for twenty-seven years, dating from the year 1716.

Having lost the sheriffalty, he naturally turned his attention to other occupations, and another place of residence. He would clear a farm on his Township of No. 15 and erect a dwelling thereon and become a farmer, first taking the precaution of inviting his wife to leave her pleasant surroundings in Machias, and accompany him to the locality, in the almost wilderness, in order that she might decide how she liked the place and the neighbors. The inspection was satisfactory. He writes, "The country and

my settlement at No. 15 pleases her much." And so the land was cleared and a large and commodious house of two stories was built on a sightly spot near his mills, into which he moved Aug. 23, 1822. "We have concluded to name our place Ashley Farm," he says, "and dedicate it to the glory of God and the happiness of our family." Thorns are ever among the roses. On that very day in the midst of his pleasant surroundings, he is attacked "by a fit of the gout in the left hand and knee." As to one of the prevailing customs of the times, even among the best citizens of the County, (so strange to us now,) within ten days after Mr. Cooper had dedicated his new dwelling to the "glory of God," he had sold about ten gallons of rum to several of his neighbors, and had *lent* to others, in small quantities, four gallons more. But the habit of selling and drinking intoxicating liquors was within a very few years thereafter abandoned by many of the prominent men of the county, Mr. Cooper among them, and he with them became firm friends of the cause of temperance.

Mr. Cooper's home was located near the highway leading from Machias to Calais, and nearly equidistant from these towns. His house was spacious for the time and place. He and his good wife had many friends. They were hospitably inclined, and able to furnish good beds and table, and as the years passed on numerous relatives and friends from abroad, came and went, and many a visit was highly enjoyed by both host and guest. There was the home of the minister of the gospel, who from year to year came into the settlement to preach. His son James S. went to Calais to practice law, while his eldest living son, William, and his family, resided with him. Granddaughters, children of William, in time grew up in the household, the eldest of whom, Elizabeth D. became the second wife of the late Judge Luther S. Cushing of Boston.

On the 6th day of February 1822, township No. 15 became by act of the Legislature the town of Cooper, and on the 21st day of March following, the first town meeting was held at which John Chaloner, William Cooper and John L. Sargent were chosen Selectmen. A Congregational church was formed in Cooper,

February 22, 1826. The council called for the purpose met at Mr. Cooper's house. Rev. Mr. Steel, moderator.

In 1831 Mr. Cooper rebuilt his saw mill and grist mill at a cost of \$1,757.27. The people of Cooper for years had held their religious meetings in the school houses and it became desirable to have a more suitable and commodious house in which to worship God. Mr. Cooper and his neighbors became interested in the idea of having a meeting house. They will "arise and build," the preliminary arrangements are made and the foundations are laid. On June 26, 1835, Mr. C. makes this record: "This day the frame of the meeting house was raised, God's holy name be praised." The work went rapidly on, until its completion and on the 30th day of the following March the people assembled within it to listen to the Dedication Services. The expense of building was doubtless largely borne by Mr. Cooper. He says, "The meeting house built by me, and dedicated March 30, 1836, cost \$2,335.65, and is the first built in the county away from rivers."

Sunday, Dec. 13, 1840, he writes, "My birthday, which makes my age seventy-five. For the good measure of health and tranquility we as a family, are permitted to enjoy, God's holy name be praised." Mr. Cooper was growing old, but his activity and usefulness continued. Business, duty, pleasure, still called him to make not unfrequent journeys to the several towns in the county. The annual and semi-annual meetings of the Conference of Congregational Churches in the county, were almost uniformly attended by him for many years. His old-time practice of conducting religious meetings on the Sabbath in the absence of a minister still continued. He was, and had been for many years, a Justice of the Peace (this record shows the marriage of at least thirty-five couples, generally his Cooper neighbors.) He had officiated for years as Postmaster of Cooper, as Selectman, Assessor and Town Treasurer and as Treasurer of the County Conference. He farmed and lumbered, conveyed and purchased lands, and kept the accounts of his land agencies, until the fall of 1845, when, after a short period of disability he sickened and on the 17th day of November in that year, was "gathered to his fathers," and was buried in a lot prepared by him, upon his own

homestead. His good wife lived on, in the family of her son William, until July 13, 1854, when at the age of 84 years she died, and was laid to rest beside her husband.

Mr. Cooper was physically a man among men, of good presence, tall and erect, and in his best estate exceeding two hundred pounds in weight, of pleasant countenance and gentlemanly mien and manners, a man of ability, a good and very useful man through all his long and busy life.

✓ GENEALOGY OF GENERAL JOHN COOPER.

Thomas Cooper², of Boston, died — 1704; wife Mehitable, daughter of James Minot.

Rev. William Cooper,³ minister Brattle street church, Boston; Born March 20, 1694; died Dec. 13, 1743; wife Judith, daughter of Judge Samuel Sewall Mann, 12th May, 1720, she born Jan. 2, 170 $\frac{1}{2}$ died Dec. 23, 1740.

William⁴ Cooper, Jr., Town Clerk of Boston forty-nine years; born Oct. 12, 1721, O. S.; died Nov. 28, 1809. Married Katherine of Jacob Wendell, April 25, 1745; born Jan. 18, 1726; died Jan. 29, 1796.

General John Cooper,⁵ born Dec. 13, 1765; died Nov. 17, 1845.

GENEALOGY OF MRS. COOPER.

Thomas Savage, of Boston, died Feb. 14, 1682, aged 75; wife Faith Hutchinson 1637; died Feb. 20, 1652.

Thomas² Savage, Jr., of Boston, born May, 1640; died July 2, 1705; wife Elizabeth, of John Sutton, 1664. She died August 29, 1715.

Habijah³ Savage, of Boston, born Sept. 10, 1674; wife, widow Hannah Philips Anderson.

Thomas⁴ Savage; wife Deborah Briggs.

Habijah⁵ Savage, born April 22, 1741, O. S.; wife Elis, daughter of Deacon John Tudor—(great great grandfather of Charles Parnell,) May 9, 1765; she born March 31, 1745.

Elizabeth⁶ Savage married John Cooper, June 23, 1791.

Gen. John⁵ Cooper, of Machias & Cooper, married Elizabeth⁶ Savage, June* 23, 1791. Their children, all born in Machias, were :—

- i. JOHN TUDOR, b. June 6, 1792; graduated at Harvard College 1811; died March 22, 1812.
- ii. WILLIAM, b. Jan. 3, 1794; m. Eliza Dutton, — ; died Aug. 27, 1875, aged 82.
- iii. EMMA E., b. July 20, 1796; m. Rufus K. Porter of Machias, — 1820. She died — 1827. He died — 1856.
- iv. CHARLES WENDELL, b. May 17, 1798.
- v. SAMUEL, b. June 2, 1800.
- vi. JAMES SULLIVAN, b. Oct. 10, 1802; of Calais, and Amherst, Mass., where he died; m. Mary E. Savage —. Abby J. Girdler.
- vii. THOMAS SAVAGE, b. July 6, 1805.
- viii. CAROLINE SAVAGE, b. April 28, 1808; m. Rev. Wm. J. Newman — minister at York, Me., 1849. He died Andover, Mass., March 5, 1850, aged 38.
- ix. ARTHUR SAVAGE, born May 9, 1811.

DEPOSITION OF JEREMIAH COLBURN RELATING TO MARSH'S ISLAND, ORONO.

—
"COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Penobscot, April 23, 1787.

The Deposition of Jeremiah Colburn of Penobscot River in the County of Lincoln, Gentleman, on oath testified and saith, that on or about the 28th Day of November, 1777, John Marsh of Penobscot, in the County aforesaid, Entered on an Island called and known here by the name of Marsh's Island and took up and settled on a Certain Lot of Land for A Farm for himself; which lot includes a mill Privelege. That on or about the Last of May, 1784. Messrs. Levy Bradley, Joseph Moore and Daniel Jemison, all of Penobscot in said County, Did then and there agree with the said John Marsh to Build a Saw mill upon the s^d Priviledge included in within the Lot which the s^d John had Settle as aforesaid. And the s^d Levy, Joseph and Daniel, Did also agree with the s^d Marsh to Relinquish to him one Quarter Part of one saw immediately after finished in the mill which they so built, upon Conditions that the said Marsh should Relinquish 10 Acres of Land included within said Lot so as to include s^d mill Priviledge and upon the former conditions being fulfilled upon the s^d Levy, Joseph and Daniel's Part. Then the s^d Marsh was to give A Deed of s^d 10 acres as soon as he obtained a Deed from Government.

JERE^{AB} COLBURN.

Lincoln, ss.—Penobscot, April 23, 1787.

Then Jeremiah Colburn Personally Appeared and made oath to the above D^e position.

Before me,

JONATHAN EDDY, Justice of the Peace."

* I have it January 23, 1791.

COL. JOSIAH BREWER, JR.,

Was the son of Josiah and Hannah (Woolson) Brewer, of West-
ton, Mass., where he was born May 26, 1743. He was brother to
Col. John Brewer,* and of Mary, the wife of Dr. Crawford, of
Fort Pownall†. He was in Worcester, Mass., a juryman there,
1757 and 1760. He was one of a committee to rebuild old south
church, May 17, 1762, and bought pew No. 52 therein. "Col.
Josiah Brewer, from Worcester, was the first settler in Cumming-
ton, Mass." I suppose that it was this man. In 1771 he was at
what is now Brewer Village, and with his brother John and
brother-in-law Dr. Crawford, built a corn mill there in 1777. He
was colonel of the regiment here. Col. John Brewer in his account
of the battles at Castine in 1779, says "Captain Smith and myself
returned home, having received orders from my brother, then my
Colonel, I being then a Captain." Josiah Brewer was a licensed
innholder in Lincoln county, 1782, a justice of the peace for
Lincoln county 1783, 1784, truckmaster at Fort Halifax 1781.
He died in Orrington May 17; February 2, 1805, aged 75, he
married Margaret ———. She died in Orrington, May 17, 1816,
aged 75. Their gravestones are in the Orrington cemetery. The
will of Mrs. Brewer was made May 9, 1816, and proved Aug.
15, 1816. She appoints Rev. Enoch Mudge administrator, and
gave him 1-3 of her estate. She gave to Col. John Brewer and
each of his children a decent pocket bible; other legacies to late
niece, Abigail Prentiss' heirs, the widow of Dr. Nath. Prentiss, of
Roxbury, Mass.; and to Eliza Gibben, of Samuel Gibben, of Marl-
boro, Mass.

HISTORY OF MOUNT DESERT.

Dr. William B. Lapham, of Augusta, is preparing a history of
Mount Desert Island and its towns. His well known ability is a
guaranty of a most interesting history of a remarkable island.

* See ante, Vol. I, page 17.

† See ante, Vol. I, page 144.

NOTE. Beulah Brewer, sister of the above, died at Brewer Village, Dec. 2, 1809,
aged 71 years.

DR. JOHN HERBERT,*

Was a surgeon and chaplain in the British army, and came to this country prior to the revolution. He is supposed to have settled in the western part of Massachusetts. He came to what is now Bangor in 1774, probably as a missionary. He practiced medicine, and was the first doctor on the river above Fort Point. He preached to the people in the vicinity of his settlement. In 1779 his son George Herbert, of Deerfield, Massachusetts, came here and took his father home with him. He died in 1780.

George Herbert Jr., his grandson, was born in Deerfield, Massachusetts, Aug. 18, 1778, graduated at Dartmouth college in 1800. He studied law with Theodore Sedgwick, and settled in Ellsworth in 1800 or 1801, where he was the first lawyer. He was Representative to the General Court 1813, 1814 and 1815, County Attorney for Hancock 1816; died in Ellsworth, Jan. 2, 1820.

DEACON GEORGE W. BROWN, OF BANGOR,

Was born in Concord, N. H., Feb., 1792. He came to Bangor in 1805. He was a merchant of high character, deacon of the Hammond Street Congregational Church, and Trustee of the Bangor Theological Seminary many years. He died Jan. 18, 1850 aged 57. He married Sophia, daughter of Capt. William Hammond, 1816. She was born in Newton, Massachusetts, Nov. 23, 1790; admitted to First Church, Bangor, Aug., 1819, and died Nov. 4, 1881. Children were:

- i. SOPHIA HAMMOND, b. March 30, 1817; m. Rev. D. S. Talcott, D. D., April 20, 1840. She died April 1, 1866.
- ii. MARY HAMMOND, b. Jan. 14, 1819; m. N. S. Partridge. — 1844. He died — 1853, and she married second, George W. Pickering, Esquire, 1863. He died — 1876. She died Aug. 23, 1881.
- iii. GEORGE W., b. Sept. — 1820, graduated at Bowdoin College, 1841; studied law with Hill & Appleton of Bangor; removed to St. Louis, 1851. He is a lawyer; m. Maria, daughter of Chas. H. Pond, Esq., of St. Louis; no children.
- iv. WILLIAM HAMMOND, b. Jan. 14, 1822; graduated at Bowdoin College, 1842; studied medicine with Dr. John Mason, of Bangor, and at Harvard Medical School, 1850; commenced practice of medicine in Bangor in 1850; went to Eureka 1855 and 1856; removed to St. Louis, where he practiced his profession several years. He returned to Bangor, —, and resumed his practice here. He was held in

* See Vol. 1, No. 9, page 139.

the highest esteem for his ability, kindness and sympathy. No physician was ever more endeared to his patients. He was a member of both branches of the City Government of Bangor, and mayor in 1879, 1880. He died Nov. 23, 1882. He married Ann Eliza, daughter of John Woodcock, Esquire, of Leicester, Mass., June 12, 1851. Their children were Annie Louisa and Mary Hammond, who married John L. Stoddard, the lecturer.

v. REUBEN HOWE, b. Nov. 11, 1856, died in 1871, aged 45.

MACHIAS INSCRIPTIONS,

COPIED FROM GRAVESTONES IN OLD BURYING GROUND BACK OF
TOWN HOUSE.*

Hon. Stephen Smith, Esq. born Sandwich, Mass.; died Sept. 29, 1806, aged 67 years, 4 months.

Deborah, wife of Stephen Smith, Esq., died March 4, 1825, aged 85 years and 2 months.

In memory of Sarah Jones, wife of Hon. Stephen Jones, died May 24, 1820, aged 78.

In memory of Jacob Penniman; died Nov. 24; wife Mary died Jan., 1804, aged 31.

Josiah Hill, died May 9, 1835, aged 37.

George and Mary Harmon—George 24 May, 1805—Mary, 11 May, 1808; Louisa, 3 Dec., 1806; Climena, 28 Feb., 1812.

Obediah Hill, died Aug. 14, 1860, aged 74.

In memory of Rev. Mansfield Steel.† This devoted and exemplary servant of God was born at West Hartford, Aug. 10, 1771, settled in the ministry in this place, Sept. 3, 1800, died June 25, 1831, aged 60.

Phineas Haskell, died 1837, 68.

Daniel Hoyt, died June 27, 1846, aged 73; wife Eleanor died Feb. 21, 1862, aged 78.

Ebenezer Inglee, born Halifax, Mass., died Oct. 29, 1851, aged 87 years 7 months; wife Elizabeth O., died Aug. 31, 1860, aged 80.

* In a condition not creditable to somebody.

† Yale College, 1790.

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No. III.

CASTINE, OCTOBER 1, 1815.

BY DOCTOR WILLIAM BALLARD,* U. S. A.

Contributed by Joseph Williamson, Esq., of Belfast.

From the circumstance of this place having been captured and for a considerable time remaining in the possession of the enemy, a few topographical and historic remarks concerning it may not be unacceptable to the public, more especially as a diversity of sentiment has existed among military men respecting the policy of retaking the same. We have now, too, without the expense of blood recovered it; the question arises, how much treasure we must spend to secure it; in other words, from its importance to the Union, what is the proportion of the public funds to which it is entitled for its fortification? This importance is two-fold, first to ourselves, and second to our enemies, which in the sequel we will examine.

Castine perpetuates the name and character of a Frenchman of eccentric genius. This man, who had been a cornet in the French service, and who, according to Voltaire and the Abbe Raynal was a man of family and fortune, it appears entertained so strong an attachment to the sweets of natural liberty, and the simplicity of savage life, that he quitted the refinements and delicacies of the

* Dr. Ballard was a native of Framingham, Mass., and was born July 6, 1776, being the sixth child of William Ballard, whose ancestor, of the same name, came from England in 1634. He graduated at Harvard College in 1799, studied medicine, and became a surgeon in the United States army during the war of 1812. After the British left Castine, in 1815, he was stationed there for a few months. In 1817 he published a history of his native town, where he died in 1821.—J. W.

first Court in Europe for their enjoyment. Early in 1670, he came over to America, and marrying the daughter of a Penobscot chief, made this spot the principal seat of his adventures. He was a mortal enemy of the English, and by his address and influence with the savages, was long a rankling thorn in their side, for the jealousies which he excited they had not prudence or address enough to dissipate.

His name is applied indiscriminately to a township set off from Penobscot, and incorporated in 1796; to a peninsula constituting a part of the same township; and lastly to a small village built on one side of this peninsula. The township is of no consequence in the present occasion. It is the peninsula and the village which demand our attention: which of these should take precedence as most important, would depend on the view we take of the subject—whether civil and commercial, or military. In the former light every other object on the peninsula would be subordinate to the village; but in the hands of the British, the village would be merely an appendage to the peninsula as a military post. For the good citizens here, when lately blessed with British laws and liberty, found Tully's adage reversed, and instead of "*arma cedant togis*," "*armis cedat toga*."

This place is situated on the Bay of Penobscot, at the mouth of the river of the same name, according to Sullivan, twenty miles from the outermost islands, in latitude 44° 24', in longitude 60° 46', and was formerly known as Bagaduce Point. At the extremity of this Point, where the Major-Biguyduce (or as it is more commonly called by contraction, Bagaduce) river forms a junction with the Penobscot, the United States have erected a semi-circular water battery, mounting four twenty-four pounders. This was intended to command the mouth of that river, and by so doing, to command the harbor of Castine village which is situated in a N. E. direction, about three quarters of a mile from this battery up the river; the harbor being the estuary of the river. This effect, the battery might have had if enlarged and protected in its rear; but under existing circumstances, the battery, so far from protecting the harbor and village, itself actually needed protection. This will appear evident to all who consider the width of Penobscot bay which washes the west side of this peninsula. For

what has a naval force contemplating an attack, to do, except to steer well westward, and then by giving the battery a good berth, to keep out of the way of cannon shot till they had proceeded up the bay or river as far as to be past the bearing of the guns; then tacking eastward to sail into the cove on the back of the peninsula, which with a corresponding one from the Bagaduce river forms the isthmus connecting the peninsula with the main—here landing and advancing about eighty rods to the top of the hill with two six pounders, the battery is rendered untenable. Accordingly Lieut. Lewis, who commanded this battery at the time the British landed here, after some time attempting in vain to annoy them with his shot, found it necessary, having previously set a fired match to his magazine, to make good his retreat. This he did in a handsome and military style, and held himself ready to act as further exigencies should demand.

The form of the point or peninsula somewhat resembles the oval, or perhaps without great violence to its outlines, might be represented under the figure of an isosceles triangle. Then the northeast point of this will constitute its apex. The northwest side will be connected to the main by a marsh about eighty rods in width, which in high tide is overflowed. This is formed by a cove from the Penobscot bay with one from the Bagaduce river. The base at the southwest is formed by the bay or river of Penobscot. Proceeding from the apex southwesterly, as the land increases in width, it also increases in height, till it becomes about two hundred feet above the level of the surrounding water. The base, therefore, on the Penobscot, is rugged and broken, presenting to the eye of a spectator in the bay, a bluff, precipice, or cliff-like appearance. It is almost for its whole length inaccessible. At least the British so considered it, by not erecting any batteries in this quarter.

The dimensions, too, of this triangle, will be about one mile and three quarters, measuring the perpendicular from the apex to the base, and the base itself about one mile. The land from the apex to the base is not regular in its rise. The ridge is nearer the northwest side, or that connected to the land than to that of the village and harbor. Accordingly, the descent towards the Bagaduce river or harbor is a very gentle declivity, free from rocks,

and offers a delightful situation either for agriculture or as sites for dwelling-houses. The other side, toward the isthmus is more rugged, quite irregular, and in some parts steep in its descent. Nearly in the center of the line, constituting the aforesaid ridge, is situated Fort George, concerning which more hereafter.

The village, situated as we have observed, on the south-east ridge of the triangle, on the Bagaduce river, consists of about one hundred houses, mostly of wood neatly constructed and some of these of a genteel style of architecture. The number of inhabitants is about seven hundred; mostly engaged in the lumber and fish trade with the West Indies.

The tonnage of shipping appears by minutes from the Custom house as follows:—

DATE.	REGISTERED.	ENROLLED.	TOTAL.
June 30, 1813,	5489	9797	15,286
“ 1814,	5196	8600	13,796
“ 1815,	5105	8632	13,797

The harbor is spacious and secure, and what is of equal importance, perfectly accessible to ships of any burthen at all seasons of the year. In a word this port is, to the various places on the Penobscot, what New York is to those on the Hudson; there is no harbor anywhere in the neighborhood that can be compared with it.

About half a mile northeast of the battery erected by the United States, toward the village, are very plainly to be seen the ruins of an old fort, reported here to have been built by Count Castine, and accordingly denominated Fort Castine. This fort, Gov. Sullivan in his History of Maine informs us, “ was erected in 1620, by the people of the Colony of New Plymouth, and afterwards, through a variety of changes alternately submitted to the French, the Dutch, and the English.”

But the principal military work on the peninsula is Fort George, the situation of which we have already mentioned. This fort was commenced in 1779 by the English, and by them always strongly garrisoned, till by the treaty of Paris, in 1783, this section of the country was restored to the Americans. On evacuating this fort, in January, 1784, the commanding officer of the British garrison,

after waiting several days for the arrival of an American force to take possession of the same, which, not arriving, he suffered the privates on his embarking, to set fire to the barracks and destroy everything within their power. This work accordingly remained in a state of ruins, from the peace of 1783, to the landing of the British, September 1st, 1814. On their landing, the first object was to repair and put these ruins in a state of defense. They therefore set themselves to work with the same alacrity and zeal with which the Jews repaired the temple on their restoration.

The area within the ramparts of this fort is a square, the length of whose sides is fourteen perches. At each angle is a bastion, and probably at the completion of the work each bastion was intended to have constructed beneath it bomb-proof apartments. Beneath three of these, the works were once probably completed, but now have very much fallen into decay; now are to be discovered broken arches, and passages filled with rubbish. The British have partly cleared and repaired these. However, so slight were the materials with which they repaired, and so rapidly were their labors hurried forward, that they deviated in many points and lines from the original plan of the fortification, which was undoubtedly regular, but have produced works which can boast neither permanency or security. You here find parapets composed of a mixture of fascines and gravel; also barrels filled with sand, or any kinds of materials at hand. So very hastily was this work repaired, that a regular force very little superior in numbers to the enemy once landed on the peninsula, would with little difficulty have carried it. But to prevent this landing, they erected in every place which they considered assailable, redoubts or batteries commanded by the main work, which enabled them to command every point of attack and ravine under cover of which an enemy could approach.

On the north-west corner of the peninsula, an angle of the triangle which we have described, on a craggy eminence, they erected a block-house about twenty feet square on the ground story: the second story, as usual, projecting, and above this, an area protected by continuing the sides of the building four feet higher as a parapet. This could not easily be taken by musquetry but would be very quickly shattered by cannon. This, from the

extensive and beautifully variegated prospect here enjoyed of the Penobscot bay and river, and surrounding country in every direction, was probably intended as much for a watch-tower or observatory, as for a work of defence.

We have observed that the place is of two-fold value; first to ourselves, and second, to our enemy. As regards its importance to ourselves, perhaps we cannot say much. The Penobscot river, however, Governor Sullivan informs us, for beauty, conveniency, and usefulness, may be considered the first in the District.

There is none that equals it for the ease of navigation, or surpasses it in the plentifulness of fish, the excellency of its timber, or the commodiousness of its mill privileges. But the peninsula of Castine does not command the navigation of this river, owing to the width of the bay or estuary with which it communicates with the ocean, nor can the soil here vie in the copiousness and variety of its productions with that of the south-western region.

Of course the tide of emigration sets strongly hence toward the elysian fields of Kentucky and Ohio. But though of comparatively little value in our hands, this becomes of vast importance in those of our enemy. No country could afford a greater supply of masts and spars for the Royal navy. Nor could any station afford equal convenience for annoying in time of war, yea, annihilating the commerce of New England. In winter, the navigation of the Bay of Fundy to St. John, and around the peninsula of Nova Scotia to Halifax, is both difficult and dangerous. From the extremity of Cape Cod, however, to this place, the passage is short and secure, and many vessels that would be retaken before they reached the above named ports, would safely arrive here.

British policy has always aimed to impose shackles on the commerce of the world by establishing strong naval forts in every sea and strait to which their ships might all times have a ready access. The officers who were sent hither expected that this place would be retained for that purpose, and were much disappointed when undeceived in that respect. They expected that if the Penobscot river was re-established as the former boundary of the ancient Acadie, or what is now demonstrated Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the islands at least in Penobscot Bay, would on the restora-

tion of peace, be retained in the possession of Great Britain. With that view, as also for the purpose of defence, they insulated this peninsula by cutting a channel across the isthmus, and called it the island of St. John. A report also is current here, and on what is deemed respectable authority, that such had been their representations to their government respecting the importance of the place, as induced the ministry to forward orders for their retaining possession till the American government had complied with the various articles of the treaty. These orders did not arrive until they had evacuated the place and nearly reached Halifax. They could not return without committing an act of hostility. No doubt the feverish state of France, at the time of settling the peace with this country, occasioned them to withdraw attention from this quarter, and to neglect their interests.

According to Governor Sullivan, "this place has never been, from the first settlement of Acadie till the year 1784, without a garrison in it, and it has always been dealt with by the nations under whose government it has been, as a place of great consequence."

TOWN OF CAMBDEN.

INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 17, 1791.

An act to incorporate the plantation of Cambden, in the county of Hancock, into a town by the name of Cambden.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, etc. * * * That the said plantation called Cambden, included within the following boundaries, viz.: Beginning at a rock marked A. X., on the sea shore, at the north side of Owl's Head Bay, at the south-east corner of Thomastown line; thence running north-west by north seven miles, 64 poles, to a maple stake marked on four sides, and pile of stones; thence running north-east by east, five miles, 94 poles, to a beech tree marked on four sides; thence running east three miles and a half and 20 poles to a spruce tree marked on four sides; thence running south-east by south one mile to a fir tree marked on four sides, at Little Duck Trap, in Penobscot Bay; thence by the sea shore in a westerly direction to the bounds first mentioned.

Oliver Parker, Esq., of Penobscot, was authorized to issue his warrant for the first meeting.

TOWN OF PASSADUMKEAG.

CENSUS OF THE TOWN WHEN INCORPORATED, 1835, WITH THE DATE
OF BIRTH OF THE INHABITANTS.

A.

William Ayers, Oct. 16, 1763.
Mrs. Anna Ayers, May 5, 1769.
Josiah Abbot, Feb. 15, 1792.
Mrs. Betsey Abbot, March 12, 1796.
Nancy Abbot, June 16, 1815.
John Abbot, June 3, 1816.
Josiah Abbott, Jr., March 15, 1818.
William Abbot, Sept. 1, 1819.
Martha Abbot, July 23, 1823.
Rhoda Abbot, July 8, 1827.
Nancy Angove,
Cyreia (?) Angove.
Eleanor Angove.

B.

Wm. P. Baker, March 30, 1805.
Mrs. Mary A. Baker, Jan. 5, 1807.
Georgianna Baker, March 8, 1830.
Cordelia M. Baker, March 7, 1832.
Harriett Baker, Nov. 17, 1834.
Henry Batchelder, Jan. 26, 1805.
Mrs. Mary J. Batchelder, Nov. 18, 1814.
Jona. Batchelder, Feb. 9, 1832.
Simon E. Batchelder, Nov. 13, 1833.
Jerry Batchelder.

C.

Isaiah Cole, Oct. 12, 1801.
Mrs. Rebecca Cole, March 24, 1804.
James Cummings, Dec. 28, 1766.
Mrs. Lucy Cummings, Nov. 7, 1769.
John Clapp.
Mrs. Mary Clapp, June 2, 1816.
Aaron Clapp, Aug. 12, 1813.
Sarah Clapp, Dec. 28, 1824.
Ben F. Cummings, May 8, 1792.
Fred G. Cummings, Feb. 17, 1816.
Joseph Chase.
Rhoda Chase, Nov. 25, 1813.
Julia A. Chase, Dec. 16, 1831.
Joseph R. Chase, Jan. 10, 1834.
Ben H. Clark.
Henry Clifford, July 22, 1794.
Hannah Clifford, July 3, 1802.
Elis Clifford, July 12, 1824.
Wm. H. Clifford, March 3, 1826.
Martha J. Clifford, Dec. 7, 1829.
Mary A. Clifford, July 4, 1831.
John W. Clifford, Sept. 18, 1834.

D.

David Dyer, July 16, 1789.
Abigail Dyer, Feb. 19, 1792.

Rebecca A. Dyer, Dec. 6, 1813.
Chas. S. Dyer, March 29, 1815.
Peters Dyer, Nov. 4, 1816.
Asbury F. Dyer, Sept. 23, 1818.
John G. Dyer, Oct. 10, 1820.
Jesse H. Dyer, Oct. 31, 1824.
David H. Dyer, June 5, 1828.
Julius F. Dyer, March 8, 1831.
Martha H. Dyer, Aug. 15, 1822.
Mary G. Dyer, Aug. 8, 1826.
Hannah Dennis, May 2, 1807.
Amos Dennis, Oct. 16, 1773.
Betsey Dennis, March 28, 1779.
Mary Dennis.
Amos Dennis, Jr., Sept. 1, 1795.
Thankful Dennis, Oct. 6, 1807.
Albert Dennis, Dec. 2, 1825.
Mary B. Dennis, July 24, 1827.
Geo. W. Dennis, June 30, 1830.
John C. Dennis, June 30, 1830.
Ambrose Dennis, April 16, 1793.
Rebecca Dennis, Sept. 21, 1807.
Carlisle Dennis.
Sam Dam, Sen., April 4, 1784.
Miriam Dam, Aug. 12, 1785.
Sam'l Dam, Jr., Aug. 12, 1812.
Hercules Dam.
Leader Dam, July 11, 1816.
Joel F. Dam, Oct. 4, 1818.
Reuben M. Dam, July 22, 1822.
Andrew J. Dam, July 4, 1824.
Alfonso Dam, June 11, 1836.
Joseph S. Dam, Jan. 7, 1830.
Richard Downey, April, 1768.
Martha Downey, May 22, 1796.
John Downey, Sept. 9, 1814.
Richard Downey, Jr., May 22, 1819.
Eleanor Downey, Nov. 28, 1822.
Bridget Downey, Mar. 16, 1825.
Sam'l Darling.
Polly Darling.
Hannah O. Darling, July 19, 1811.
Sam'l Darling, Jr., April 16, 1816.
Sarah Darling, June 1, 1822.
Louisa Darling, July 28, 1824.
Mary Darling, Aug. 16, 1826.
Isabella Darling, Sept. 11, 1829.
Getchel Darling.
Susan Darling, Jan. 12, 1801.
Mary Darling, March 14, 1828.
Caroline Darling, July 13, 1829.
Sam H. Darling, June 9, 1831.
Phebe Darling, July 14, 1834.

Martha Downey, May 31, 1830.
Ann M. Downey, March 4, 1834.

E.

Thomas Ewins, July 8, 1811.
Bethany Ewins, Sept., 1814.
Susan Ellis, July 29, 1825.
Widow Emma Eldridge.
David Ewins, May 2, 1815.
Hannah Ewins, July 26, 1818.
David B. Evans.

F.

Jordan Fox, Sept. 26, 1824.
Noah Felch, Sept. 28, 1808.
Sam'l Fernald, Jan. 20, 1799.
Nancy Fernald, Feb. 12, 1806.
Sam'l D. Fernald, Feb. 22, 1829.
Susan J. Fernald, June 15, 1831.
Ben W. Fernald, Oct. 5, 1833.

G.

John Gove, June 15, 1831.
Joanna Gove, March 29, 1806.
Erexene Gove, Oct. 22, 1822.
Gardner Gove, Feb. 7, 1824.
Austin Gove, Nov. 7, 1825.
Elis A. Gove, Sept. 25, 1828.
John Q. Gove, April 8, 1830.
Enoch Gove, Feb. 29, 1832.
James M. Gove, Jan. 25, 1835.
Aaron Griffin, Aug. 27, 1766.
Margaret Griffin, Sept. 11, 1773.
Daniel W. Griffin, Oct. 28, 1810.
Susan Griffin, May 18, 1811.
Cyrus F. Gates.
Nicholas Gilman, June 4, 1791.
Ruth Gilman, Oct. 3, 1796.
Martha Gilman, June 2, 1817.
Wm. S. Gilman, Aug. 30, 1818.
Louisa M. Gilman, Sept. 7, 1820.
Keziah Gilman, Dec 11, 1822.
Diana Gilman, Jan. 6, 1824.
Joseph Gilman, Aug. 8, 1831.
Elisha Gubtail, May 1, 1792.
Phebe Gubtail, (1796) 1776.
Wm. Gubtail, April 29, 1814.
John P. Gubtail, March 8, 1815.
Elisha Gubtail, Jr., June 27, 1820.
Rebecca Good, July 3, 1803.

H.

Joshua Horton, Jr., Aug. 16, 1793.
Margaret Horton, Jan. 8, 1797.
Sarah J. Horton, Jan. 21, 1820.
Mary E. Horton, Dec. 22, 1821.
Maria L. Horton, Dec. 22, 1821.
Lemuel R. Horton, Sept. 9, 1824.
Franklin T. Horton, March 19, 1827.
Joseph A. Horton, June 24, 1830.
Reuben D. Horton, June 24, 1835.
Elijah B. Hodgkins, April 30, 1810.
Wm. Haywood, Feb. 27, 1768.

Jane Haywood, Aug. 23, 1774.
James Haywood, March 17, 1809.
Harrison O. Haywood, Jan. 1, 1815.
Widow Betsy Haywood, April 4, 1807.
Louisa F. Haywood, June 21, 1830.
Charlotte Haywood, March 25, 1832.
James Haskell, Jan. 14, 1799.
Phebe Haskell, April 10, 1802.
Ruby Haskell, Feb. 7, 1822.
Sally Haskell, Oct. 21, 1823.
Caroline Haskell, Jan. 30, 1826.
Isaac P. Haynes, March 13, 1795.
Mary Haynes, March 5, 1798.
Alvan Haynes, 2d, Nov. 3, 1820.
Isaac Haynes, July 10, 1828.
Hannah L. Haynes, Sept. 5, 1831.
Charles M. Haynes, March 20, 18—.
Aaron Haynes, March 9, 1805.
Mary Haynes, Apr. 9, 1805.
Summer L. Haynes, Sept. 28, 1833.
James M. Hilton, Jan. 31, 1809.
Lydia S. Hilton, March 9, 1811.
Mary E. Hilton, April 18, 1833.
Joshua Hathaway, Jan. 21, 1782.
Sarah Hathaway, March 29, 1789.
John H. Hathaway, Jan. 24, 1813.
Hannah R. Hathaway, Nov. 1, 1818.
Sarah P. Hathaway, Oct. 30, 1822.
Geo. F. Hathaway, Nov. 27, 1824.
Mary H. Hathaway, Nov. 6, 1826.
James A. Hathaway, Aug. 22, 1828.
Joshua W. Hathaway, Oct. 27, 1830.
Luther E. Hathaway, June 11, 1833.
Charles L. Hathaway, July 11, 1837.
James Haskell, Jr., Nov. 13, 1827.
Wm. Haskell, Oct. 12, 1829.
Alfred Haskell, Aug. 9, 1830.
Anna Haskell, July 19, 1834.

I.

Moses Ingalls, Dec. 17, 1784.
Abigail Ingalls, Jan. 19, 1785.
Aaron Ingalls, March 15, 1814.
Moses Ingalls, Jr., Nov. 27, 1817.
Abigail Ingalls, April 20, 1819.
Nancy Ingalls, Oct. 12, 1821.
Enoch Ingalls, July 12, 1829.
Nason Ingalls, July 20, 1811.
Susan Ingalls, July 5, 1813.
Samuel Ingalls, Feb. 23, 1835.

J.

Widow Mary Jordan, Jan. 8, 1769.
Elizabeth Jordan, March 20, 1800.
Joseph Jordan, Jan. 26, 1802.
Tristram F. Jordan, Sept. 30, 1805.
Abigail Jordan, April 16, 1812.
Helen A. Jordan, Aug. 25, 1832.
Albert F. Jordan, Dec. 14, 1836.

K.

William Kenney, Aug. 22, 1803.
Sarah Kenney, Jan. 24, 1814.

Adeniram Kenney, Sept. 30, 1834.
 Esther G. Knowland, Feb. 5, 1821.

L.

Christopher Lawton.
 Elis Lawton.
 James Lawton, Oct. 17, 1815.
 John Lawton, Jan. 3, 1818.
 Mary E. Lawton, April 17, 1820.
 Martha C. Lawton, July 8, 1822.
 Thomas G. Lawton, March 5, 1826.

M.

Sam McGuire, Nov. 10, 1783.
 Lois G. McGuire, May 16, 1802.
 Geo. S. McGuire, Sept. 12, 1819.
 Job. H. McGuire, Feb. 10, 1827.
 Andrew J. McGuire, Feb. 11, 1829.
 Charles McGuire, Aug. 19, 1831.
 Lois J. McGuire, Oct. 19, 1833.
 John C. McIntire, June 4, 1791.
 Nancy McIntire, Feb. 14, 1801.
 Geo. W. McIntire, July 24, 1824.
 Eliza C. McIntire, March 30, 1828.
 Rebecca C. McIntire, Aug. 13, 1830.
 Greenleaf J. McIntire, Sept. 16, 1834.
 Laura A. McIntire, Oct. 30, 1834.
 Jere S. Milliken.
 Mrs. Milliken.
 Henry McKenney.
 Darius Mains, Jan. 14, 1798.
 Harriet Mains, Oct. 19, 1812.
 Rebecca Mains, Oct. 3, 1832.
 Angeline Mains, Oct. 23, 1833.
 Amos P. Messer.
 Mrs. — Messer.
 Lemuel Messer, Oct. 17, 1800.
 Phebe Messer, Dec. 29, 1808.
 Levi D. Messer, Dec. 26, 1806.
 Lois H. Messer, Nov. 7, 1829.
 Ransom C. Messer, March 2, 1832.
 Marston (?) D. Messer, June 12, 1834.
 Isaiah McKenney, Aug. 19, 1814.
 Isaac McKenney, Feb. 14, 1816.
 David McKenney.
 Mary McKenney.
 Hannah McKenney.

N.

Samuel Nash.
 Eleanor Nash.
 Angeline Nash.

O.

John Oakes, Dec. 16, 1784.
 Harriet Oakes, Jan. 26, 1801.
 Nancy M. Oakes, Feb., 1812.
 John A. Oakes, March 22, 1816.
 Harriet Oakes, Oct. 22, 1823.
 Rosanna Oakes, March 17, 1829.
 Bethiah Oakes, Sept. 4, 1831.
 Sam'l J. Oakes, Sept. 16, 1833.
 George O'Mara, Jan. 9, 1789.

Mehitable O'Mara, June 20, 1789.
 Mary O'Mara, Feb. 29, 1828.

P.

John S. Patten, Aug. 17, 1803.
 Elisabeth Patten, Dec. 14, 1814.
 John Pettingill.
 Isaiah Pishon, Dec. 13, 1804.
 Abigail Pishon, Jan. 19, 1808.
 Sophronia Pishon, April 12, 1828.
 Angelia Pishon, May 11, 1830.
 Charlotte B. Pishon, Sept. 9, 1832.

R.

Uriah Roundy, Oct. 3, 1810.
 Thomas Riley, March 17, 1800.
 Susanna Riley.
 Sophia Riley.
 David P. Riley.

S.

Joshua Severance, March 26, 1822.
 James Sanders, July 11, 1796.
 Eliza Sanders, July 28, 1798.
 Mary S. Sanders, Sept. 12, 1823.
 Ann J. Sanders, March 16, 1829.
 Edward Simmons, June, 1806.
 Phillip Spencer.
 Lillis Spencer.
 Joseph Shorey, Oct. 27, 1808.
 Mary A. Shorey, July 24, 1814.
 Ben T. Shorey, April 20, 1835.
 John Shorey, Jan. 27, 1796.
 Mary Shorey, Feb. 10, 1800.
 Jane Shorey, March 26, 1822.
 Marian Shorey, April 22, 1824.
 Henry Shorey, April 9, 1826.
 Joshua Shorey, Dec. 13, 1829.
 Lorenzo Shorey, Aug. 5, 1834.
 Joseph Spiller, July 9, 1788.
 Abigail Spiller, Feb. 15, 1790.
 Moses Spiller, Nov. 9, 1815.
 Widow Jane Sibly, March 20, 1760.
 Peter Sibly, Nov. 13, 1787.
 Elis Sibly, Aug. 29, 1792.
 Peter Sibly, Jr., Oct. 8, 1813.
 Chas. Sibly, May 28, 1815.
 Francis Sibly, Feb. 4, 1817.
 Elis Sibly, April 7, 1819.
 Abigail Sibly, April 1, 1823.
 James Sibly, April 15, 1825.
 John Sibley, July 12, 1829.
 Wm. A. Sibly, Sept. 6, 1834.
 Henry Sibly, March 19, 1795.
 Almira Sibly, March 22, 1796.
 Edward P. Sibly, Jan. 2, 1818.
 — Sibly, Sept. 15, 1819.
 Sarah J. Sibly, Oct. 3, 1821.
 Wm. Sibly, Sept. 24, 1824.
 Jeremiah Sibly, Sept. 10, 1829.
 Hannah H. Sibly, Aug. 16, 1831.
 Margaret B. Sibly, Jan. 6, 1835.

Eliza Spiller, May 10, 1817.
 Wm. H. Spiller, Jan. 3, 1819.
 Dianthe Spiller, April 20, 1822.
 Joseph G. Spiller, March 1, 1824.
 Abigail Spiller, Aug. 13, 1826.
 Bradley G. Spiller, Sept., 1828.
 — Spiller, March 14, 1830.
 John Scott.
 Wm. Sibly, June 18, 1802.
 Mrs. Azubah Sibly, Apr. 22, 1812.
 David Sibly, May 2, 1797.
 Mrs. Polly Sibly, Dec. 29, 1800.
 Harriet Sibly, Dec. 27, 1818.
 William Sibly, 1821.
 Hanson Sibly, May 5, 1824.
 David Sibly, Jr., March 8, 1827.
 Polly Sibly, May 5, 1830.
 Greenleaf Sibly, Nov. 10, 1834.

T.

Samuel Tuttle, Oct. 25, 1796.
 Uriah Turner.
 Mrs. Elis Turner.
 William Turner.
 James B. Trust, (?) Jan., 1829.
 Charles W. Trust, (?) May, 1827.
 Asa Tuttle.
 Coombs Tourtellot, Feb. 1, 1810.
 Achsa Tourtellot, Dec. 15, 1812.
 Lucretia Tourtellot, Feb. 21, 1835.
 Reuben Tourtellot.

Mrs. Miriam Tourtellot.
 Geo. S. Tourtellot.
 Lovina Tourtellot.

W.

Thos. Wentworth, June 20, 1798.
 Mrs. Mary J. Wentworth, Jan. 26, 1808.
 Mary A. Wentworth, Nov. 8, 1825.
 Elis H. Wentworth, Oct. 24, 1826.
 John P. H. Wentworth, Oct. 4, 1827.
 Sam. Wentworth, Sept. 28, 1828.
 Thos. C. Wentworth, Jan. 18, 1831.
 Henry A. Wentworth, Jan. 31, 1834.
 Helen Wentworth, Jan. 31, 1834.
 Robert R. Whidden.
 Thos. Waterman, Apr. 18, 1790.
 Mrs. Nancy Waterman, Feb. 24, 1790.
 Priscilla Waterman, July 12, 1830.
 Seth Webb, Dec. 8, 1786.
 Mrs. Mary Webb, March 9, 1793.
 John Webb.
 Samuel Webb, Aug. 15, 1815.
 Seth Webb, Jr., June 23, 1823.
 Nath. Webb, Sept. 8, 1825.
 William Webb, Sept. 18, 1827.
 Maria Webb, March 17, 1831.

Y.

Mrs. — Young.
 Nathaniel Young, Jan. 5, 1822.
 Dolly Young, Aug. 24, 1834.

COL. GABRIEL JOHONNOT

Was the son of Zachary and Elizabeth (Quincy) Johonnot, of Boston, born in 1748. He settled in Boston, and was a distinguished merchant and a zealous Revolutionary patriot. In 1773 he was one of a committee to wait upon the consignees of several cargoes of tea, shipped to Boston by the East India Company, and request them not to land it, or pay duties thereon. Previous to 1774, Governor Gage had presented the Cadets with a standard. Aug. 15, Johonnot was chairman of the committee to return it to him, and proceeded to Salem and there delivered it. He was Lieut.-Col. of the 14th Mass. regiment in the Continental army, Col. Glover. He was sent by the General Court, in 1778, with a flag of truce to Lord Howe. Some delay arising, the Council passed an order "that Col. Johonnot is ordered to report what progress he has made relating to exchange of prisoners with Lord Howe." Feb. 20, 1774, he returned from Newport, whither he

had been to see Lord Howe. In 1778 he had his domicile for a time on Milton Hill, where Governor Hutchinson,* who also lived there, was declared a tory. Johonnot was appointed on the committee of sequestration of his estate.

After the Revolutionary war he removed to Penobscot, now Castine, about 1784. He was prominent in all matters there, attended to the interests of settlers, and procured acts of incorporation for several towns, making occasional visits to the General Court therefor. He was a representative 1789. He was a prominent Mason, as all Revolutionary officers were. He was a charter member of Hancock Lodge, Castine, at its formation in 1794. I cannot learn of any business that he had except as a sort of attorney, agent, and Justice of the Peace.

He removed to Hampden about 1796. He was secretary of Rising Virtue Lodge of Masons, of Hampden, same as now of Bangor, 1802. He had some difficulties with the Lodge, which were afterward amicably adjusted. He died in Hampden, Oct. 20, 1820, aged 72. His will, Oct. 5, 1820, proved March 6, 1821, was witnessed by John Abbot, John Godfrey, and Sarah Crosby. Josiah Kidder was appointed administrator. His will was a mere matter of form.

He married first, Martha, daughter of Rev. Samuel and Judith (Bulfinch) Cooper, of Boston, Dec. 18, 1761. He married second, Sarah Bradstreet, 1774. She died Oct. 9, 1820. Children were:

- i. SAMUEL COOPER, baptised 13th March, 1768, graduated Harvard College 1783. He went abroad with John Adams, who had occasion to suggest remittances to the elder Johonnot. Mr. Adams' letters were lying around loose in Hampden forty years ago. Samuel settled in Portland as a lawyer. He prepared satirical articles on everybody and everything to such an extent as to be invited to leave Portland, which he did. He died in Demerara, 1806.
- ii. ZECHERAY, b. 12th of February, 1769.

FRANCIS LE BARON GOODWIN.

(From a manuscript of the late William D. Williamson.)

COMMUNICATED BY JOSEPH WILLIAMSON, ESQ.

Doctor Goodwin, a native of Plymouth, Mass., was the son of

* The late Ellis Ames, of Canton, Mass.

a merchant there, and brother of Gen. Nathaniel Goodwin. Their mother was the granddaughter of Dr. Francis Le Barron,* surgeon of a French privateer wrecked in 1696 in Buzzard's Bay, who finally settled at Plymouth. The subject of this sketch entered the Revolutionary army, and was surgeon's mate in the Ninth† Massachusetts regiment, of which Henry Jackson was Colonel, David Cobb, Lieut-Col., Lemuel Trescott Major, and Dr. James Thatcher surgeon. In the Penobscot expedition of 1779, he, for the occasion, embarked on board the frigate Warren, as surgeon, and when she was run ashore above the present village of Frankfort, and burned by her crew to prevent capture by the British, he fled with them to the woods. This introduced him to that place; and in a few years after the close of the war, he settled on the west bank of the Penobscot river, about a mile below where the Warren was destroyed.

If Dr. Goodwin was a skillful physician, he became too indolent and inactive for distinction in his profession. He much preferred public life. In 1792 he was appointed a Justice of the Peace; in 1792, Frankfort sent him as its first Representative to the General Court, a position which he filled for several subsequent years. In 1798, he received the commission of "Special Justice," and three years afterward was appointed a Judge on the bench of the Common Pleas in Hancock County; a seat he held until 1811, when the Circuit Court superseded that tribunal. Of his judicial associates were David Cobb, who belonged to the same regiment with him in the army; Paul D. Sargent, William Vinal and Oliver Parker. Judge Goodwin was a man of integrity, and of considerable intellect and intelligence. After the Commonwealth, in 1796, purchased of the Indians nine townships on each side of the Penobscot river, he was appointed to prevent trespass on them. This originated an agency which was enlarged by constituting him superintendent of Indian affairs. A resolve of the Legislature passed June 18, 1803, made it his duty to assist the tribe in using and improving their lands and property, in making contracts, in

* This name has derived new interest from the recent novel entitled "A Nameless Nobleman." J. W.

† The catalogue of the Massachusetts Society of the Cincinnati, to which Dr. Goodwin belonged, says that he was in Bradford's ninth regiment. J. W.

collecting their deeds and in preventing depredations on their wood lands, and requiring him to render upon oath an annual account of his doings. All contracts made with the tribe were to be void, unless first approved by the agent, and any one who trespassed upon its lands, forfeited treble damages, with double costs. This was the origin of a superintending agency, which in the course of twenty years became an object of considerable competition among rival candidates. In 1807, he was superseded by Dr. Horatio G. Balch, of Bangor.

Judge Goodwin died in 1816, leaving several sons.* In personal appearance, he was very corpulent, his face was fair, with a retreating forehead, his neck short, his shoulders broad. He grew plethoric while at court. Being a free liver, and never active, he was occasionally drowsy on the bench. He was conversational, sometimes humorous. He wrote a fair hand, used good language when he spoke, and bore the character of a truly honest man. His wife died many years before his own death.

LIST OF PERSONS

TAKEN CAPTIVE IN MAINE DURING THE FRENCH AND INDIAN WAR,
FROM 1754 TO 1758, BY THE INDIANS.

[From the Massachusetts Archives.†]

At Montinicus,‡ June, 1757, Mary Hall, applicant for Sarah Green, Peter Hall, Tabitha Hall, Phebe Hall, her children; Benjamin Megarge.

At same, July 6, 1758, Humphrey Bray, Elisha Winslow and three sons, Elisha, John and Nathaniel.

At Minhegan, July 6, 1758, while fishing, Daniel Witham, Apl't. for Samuel Day and Rufus Stacey.

At Penobscot Bay, in Captain Sanders' boat, August 20, 1758,

* One of his sons, bearing the same name, died in Winterport, Feb. 13, 1861, aged 71 years. J. W.

† New England Gen. and His. Register, 1860, page 27.

‡ Williamson's History of Maine, vol. 2, page 326, and History of Bristol, page 306.

Samuel Hawes, brother of Sarah Green, and John Thompson, son of Adam.

At Medumcook, September, 1756, Daniel Small, son of John.

At Medumcook* September 11, 1758, Mary Jameson, Aplt. for husband Alexander and brother Samuel, and for Samuel Dolliver and William Watson, Zat Cushing; Joshua and Benjamin Bradford.†

At Georgetown, June 9, 1758, Jona. Pribble,‡ Aplt. for Rebecca, Samuel, Mehitabel, Ebenezer, Mary, William, children of Ebenezer and Mary Pribble, Sarah Fling, servant to E. Preble, John Clark and Sarah Wells, Aplt.

At Fort Halifax, Nov., 1754, Silas Whitmarsh,§ son of John, and Richard Gilford, son of John.

At North Yarmouth, April 30, 1756, Jere Powell, Aplt. for Abraham Cross and for Mary Tenny|| April 10th.

At Boston, back of North Yarmouth, April, 1756, Abraham Cross, Jere Green, Aplt.

At Gorhamtown, June, 1754, Bartholomew Thorn, son of Joseph.

At New Gloucester, May, 1755, Jona. Farwell, Susanna, Aplt. Joseph Tyler, Eben, Aplt.

At Swan's Island September, 1757, (?)¶ Joseph, Francis and Abigail Noble, Lazarus Noble, Aplt.

At Sheepscot Point, May, 1758, John Wilks and William Cockran, James Cargill, Aplt.

At Sheepscot, on St. George's river, May 10, 1758, while hunting, Mary Nickels, Aplt. for John Nickels, Morris Jones and William Coffin.

At Newcastle, June 3, 1758, John McNear, also second time John McNear,** William Hopkins and James Kenney.

* Williamson's History of Maine, vol. 2, page 333.

† Williamson's History of Maine, vol. 2, page 322, and Ancient Dominions of Maine, page 307.

‡ History of Bristol, page 318.

§ Silas Whitmarsh, son of John, born at Weymouth, Mass., Dec. 11, 1734.

|| Williamson's History of Maine, vol. 2, page 320.

¶ Ancient Dominions of Maine, page 299-300, and Noble Genealogy, page 743.

** Ancient Dominions of Maine, page 279.

At Arrowsick river, May 11, 1758, Phebe Pomroy, Aplt. for William her son and Thaddeus her grandson.

At No. 4, August, 1754, Ebenezer Farnsworth, William Lawrence, aplt.

At No. 4, August, 1758, Susannah Johnson, Aplt. for Isaac Parker and Sarah Stebbins.

At Bay of Fundy, 1757, Johnson Young of York.

SAINT GEORGE'S ISLANDS.*

"A plan of Islands lying at or near the mouth of Saint Georges River belonging to the Waldo Heirs, with some account of the inhabitants thereon, Sept. 21, 1788."

"No. 1. Crockett's Island, cleared by Capt. John Adams of Medumcook; he says he has agreed with Mr. Fluker for said Isle for two dollars per acre.

No. 2, Carver's Island. John Moor, or Morse, perhaps there twelve or thirteen years.

No. 3. Burton's Island†; inhabited by Eleazer Gay, a respectable man who married Mr. Paul Jameson's daughter, of Medumcook; and Mr. William Elwell‡ who married Urane Wadsworth of Medumcook.

No. 4 to No. 14. Colville Island, and all the small islands to the southward of it, and the one to the westward of it. John Murray, and one Wells from Roxbury who came this year on Colville Island. On the next island south of it lives Adam Teel.§ On the next south, Barter's Island. Peletiah Barter.|| The next south, John Barter. Old Stephen Vickery¶ lives on one. The islands further east are claimed by said John Murray, who came in 1774.

15. Herring Gut Island, inhabited by Samuel Marshall. A good island.

No. 17. Mark Island, and a small island south of it, inhabited and probably cleared by — Marshall.

No. 18. A cluster of small islands east of Mark Islands. Not good.

No. 19. Marshall's Island, Richard Martin.

No. 20. Four small Islands north of Tennant's Harbor.

No. 21. An Island of considerable size at the mouth of Long Cove. One Hall lately possessed himself of it.

* From Knox Papers, vol. 51, page 113, New England Historic-Genealogical Society, Boston.

† Named by Col. Benj. Burton, of Warren.

‡ Afterward of Islesboro.

§ See History of Warren.

|| Probably from Bristol, afterward Isle Holt.

¶ Vickery's Island.

- No. 22. Three or four small islands off Little Marsh Cove.
 No. 23. White Head Islands; being one large and two small. Not claimed by any body.
 No. 24. Seal Harbour Islands, claimed by Andrew Elwell, and old Daniel Gardner and his son.
 No. 25. Two small islands
 No. 26. Lassell's Ledge or Island, one large and five middling. Cleared by young Snow and George Ulmer.
 No. 27. Ash Point Island; claimed by Wm. Heard.

ISLANDS, 1784.

From Carver's Island to the westward. Otter Island. Zecheriah Davis. Medumcook Island. Widow Davis, Samuel Davis and Samuel Davis, Jr."

PUBLISHERMENTS IN BANGOR.

- 1821 Sept. 29, Moses Davis and Harriet Morris.
 Dec. 8, Phineas Bond and Lydia Morgan.
 1822 Mar. 30, William Thomas and Sally N. Spencer.
 May 4, Peleg Burley and Mary Ann Blake, taken down by order of Burley.
 May 18, Benj. Adams and Melinda Sanborn, of North Hampton, New Hampshire.
 July 4, Robert Spencer and Aftee Drinkwater, of Northport.
 July 20, Joseph Snow and Sarah R. Burr, of Brewer.
 Aug. 10, Wm. Gullifer, of Orono, and Elis T. Hutchins.
 Aug. 14, Gen. Mark Trafton and Ann Bright, of Groton, Mass.
 Feb. 13, Wm. Clayton and Mary Boyd; banns forbidden.
 Sept. 7, Joshua W. Carr and Hannah R. Pearson, of Newburyport.
 Sept. 7, Moses Ingalls, of Danville, Vt., and Mrs. Mary Knight.
 Sept. 28, Wilmot Wood, Esq., and Emeline Page, of Hallowell.
 Dec. 28, Daniel Lovell and Deborah Mansell.
 1823 May 17, Timothy Jordan and Mercy Jordan.
 Sept. 5, Edmund Welch and Deborah Davis.
 Dec. 6, Thomas J. Lancil and Amelia Inman.
 Dec. 27, Charles Plummer and Sarah M. Kimball, of Pembroke, N. H.
 1824, Feb. 21, Rev. Geo. W. Fargo and Sarah C. Miers. (?)
 March 13, Peletiah Spencer and Margaret Brown.
 May 1, Elijah Marsh and Mary H. Wiley.
 May 29, Abraham Longly, of Dover, and Elis Harthorn.
 June 26, James T. Harriman and Olive Porter, of Prospect.
 July 24, Edward Thompson and Mary Atkinson.
 Aug. 14, Enoch Lovell and Mrs Elis Mayhew.
 Aug. 28, Daniel Twist and Rebecca Harthorn.
 Aug. 28, Samuel Dix and Sally C. Budge.

- 1824, Aug. 28, James Clough and Mary M. Carman, of Castine.
 Sept. 17, Thomas Rowe, Jr., and Patience Legro.
 Sept. 17, Asa Sawyer and Mrs. Ann Whittier.
 Nov. 1, Nathan'l Haynes and Miriam Pearson, of Corinth.
 Oct. 9, Peleg Harthorn and Mary Snow.
 Dec. 18, Samuel B. Morrill and Caroline L. Storer, of Wells.
 Dec. 18, Stephen Goodwin and Matilda Davis.
- 1825, Jan. 15, Isaac Bailey and Sabia Warren, of Waterboro.
 Jan. 22, Fifield Lyford and Louisa Fogg, of Deerfield, N. H.
 Feb. 5, Nehemiah V. Mitchell and Sally Larry.
 March 5, Jesse Wadleigh, of Orono, and Susan M. Grant.
 March 18, William Littlefield, of Frankfort, and Lavinia Boyd;
 banns forbidden by his guardian.
 April 6, Simon Prescott and Mrs. Margaret Clark.
 April 9, Geo. W. Pickering and Lucy French Clark, of Boston.
 June — Stephen S. Crosby and Ann Elliot, of Haverhill.
 July 1, Benj. Arnold and Mrs. Sally Woodman.
 Aug. 13, Joseph Robinson, of Orono, and Abigail Harthorn.
 Aug. 13, Anthony Woodward and Susan Parsons, of Sangerville.
 Aug. 20, Cyrus J. Hadley and Maria E. McDonald.
 Sept. 3, Gorham Parks, Esq., and Mary Ann Thompson, of
 Waldoboro.
 Sept. 24, David Davis, to Mary Jordan.
 Nov. 12, David G. Hutchinson of Levant, to Susan Babbidge.
 Nov. 19, Oliver Stone, of Hampden, to Julia Ann Mitchell.
 Nov. 19, Thos. Goss, Jr., to Ann Tyler.
 Nov. 26, John Anderson and Hepsibah Emery.
 Dec. 10, Geo. Starrett, Esq., to Eliza A. Hammond.
 Dec. 17, Harry M. Parsons, of Brewer, to Eliza Nye.
 Dec. 31, Peter G. Baily to Louisa Prince, of Buckfield.
- 1826, Jan. 7, Doct. Sam'l C. Bradbury to Miranda Page, of Freyburg.
 Jan. 28, Rev. Manning Ellis of Brooksville, and Harriet Crosby.
 Feb. 25, John Howard to Mrs. Remembrance Boynton.
 April 8, Edmund Colburn, of Orono, and Penelope G. Parsons.
 May 20, Aaron McKenny to Betsy Lancey.
 June 4, Capt. Richard W. Griffin, of Orono, to Martha Webster.
 June 9, Daniel Watson and Elizabeth Blakelain.
 June 10, Geo. W. Randall to Hannah Hasey.
 July 8, Francis Harthorn to Lucy Mason.
 Aug. 26, Wilder W. Davis to Nancy Nash.
 Aug. 26, Apollos Jones, Jr., to Nancy H. Clark.
 Sept. 9, John Toothacre to Anna R. Haynes.
 Sept. 30, Thornton McGaw to Annie F. Carr.
 Oct. 7, Samuel Larrabee to Harriet G. Ham.
 Oct. 14, Thomas Severance to Lydia Lovell.
 Nov. — Richard Creech to Mary Boyd.
 Nov. 18, Hanson Myrick to Mehitable Mack.
 Nov. 25, Benj. Davis to Mrs. Sarah Pool.
 Dec. 5, Capt. Amariah S. Moor to Patience Beal, of Sidney.

- 1827, Jan. 13, Wm. Lancaster to Betsy Lancaster.
 Jan. 20, Andrew Maxfield to Sarah Merriman, of Brunswick.
 Jan. 20, Daniel Kimball to Lydia Sylvester, of Norridgewock.
 Feb. 3, Elijah Drummond to Susan D. Parker, of Phippsburg.
 Feb. 3, Otis C. Cobb to Isabella J. Moors.
 Feb. 10, Hermon Fisher to Caroline Thompson, of Waldoboro.
 Feb. 10, Reuben Bartlett, Esq., Garland, to Mercy Mayo.
 March 3, Harvey Hewes to Deborah Bridges.
 March 3, David Cook to Mary Wardwell.
 March 10, Capt. Geo. W. Maxim to Lois G. Bailey, of Buckfield.
 March 10, John Jeffery to Lavinnia Gullifer.
 March 24, Capt. Benj. Smith, of Orono, to Lucinda Adams.
 March 24, Ezra S. Brewster to Caroline Hayward.
 April 7, Preserved B. Mills to Jane Lunt.
 May 5, John Sprowl to Hannah B. Snow.
 May 5, George Forbes to Mary Burr.
 July 26, Edward Kent, to Sarah M. Johnston, of Hillsboro, N. H.
 July 26, Amos M. Roberts, of Orono, to Charlotte B. Rich.
 June 9, William Hasey, Jr., to Elizabeth W. Winslow, of Albion.

MARRIAGES ON BANGOR RECORDS.

- 1811, Nov. 28, Hollis Bond and Peggy Adams, both of Orrington
 (Brewer,) by Rev. Mr. Loomis.
 1813, Feb. 25, Aaron Woodbury, of Bangor, and Mrs. Dorcas Perry,
 of Orrington, by Simeon Fowler, Esq.
 1814, Jan. 30, Enoch Eaton and Fanny Clark, by William D. William-
 son, Esq.
 1819, June 17, John Sargent and Ann Alexander.
 Nov. 15, Stephen Carl and Betsey Robinson.
 Dec. 23, James McCarrick and Lydia Low.
 1820, March 2, Nathan Fiske and Phebe Holt.
 Oct. 1, Daniel Dole and Mary Ann Williams.
 Oct. 21, Andrew W. Hasey and Nancy Johnson.
 1821, Feb. 15, Robert Pendleton, of Islesboro, and Eliza Harlow.
 Feb. 15, Messenger Fisher and Ruth Lumbert.
 March 10, John Davis and Susan Hasey.
 May 20, Levi Cram and Mary L. Plummer.
 June 12, Timothy Crosby, Jr. and Lucy M. Heywood.

BY ISAAC HODSDON, ESQ., JUSTICE OF PEACE.

- 1821, Dec. 16, Moses Hodsdon, Jr., and Jerusha Young, of Levant.
 May 28, Elijah B. Fiske, of Levant, and Mary Wheeler, of
 Corinth.

BY WILLIAM BEAN, J. P.

- 1823, Nov. 3, in Corinth, Jona. Worthier and Almira Oakman.
 Nov. 3, in Corinth, David Worthier and Louisiana Crane.

BY REV. HARVEY LOOMIS.

- 1821, Jan. 6, — Briggs to Elisha Wilder, of Pushaw.
 March 14, in Hampden, Rev. David M. Mitchell to Miss Melinda Crosby.
 1822, Jan. 1, Elias Blake to Sophia Winchester, both of Brewer.
 June 2, John F. Chambers to Betsey Brewer, of Brewer.
 1823, Jan. 5, Seth Eldridge to Sally N. Fisher, of Brewer.
 March 26, Roswell Silsby to Eunice Mann, of Brewer.
 1824, Jan. 1, Archelaus Jackson and Eleanor Potter, of Brewer.

BY REV. JOHN SMITH, OF BANGOR.

- 1823, Dec. 31, Robert Treat, of Frankfort, to Joan Crosby, of Hampden.
 1824, July 13, Edward Clements, of Frankfort to Jane Crosby of Hampden.
 1825, April 15, Millet Doane, of Brewer, and Lydia Prouty, of Hampden.
 April 25, Jonas Holt, of Andover, Mass., to Pamela P. Frye, of No. 8.
 Nov. 24, Addison Adams to Adelia Thayer, both of Hampden.

BY GORHAM PARKS, J. P.

- 1829, Sept. 29, Hezekiah Newcomb and Joanna Sebury, both of Newburg.

BY REV. SWAN L. POMROY.

- 1831, Sept. 23, Capt. Josiah D. Hinds, of Belfast, to Mahaloeth Houston, of Hermon.
 Nov. 23, Charles Holyoke and Sally Whiting, both of Brewer.
 Nov. 24, Calvin Holbrook and Martha Cheney, of Brewer.
 Nov. 24, Thos. N. Mansfield and Rebecca A. Hasey.
 1832, Jan. 19, Rev. Joseph R. Munsell, of Passadumkeag, and Louisa Ryder, of Brewer.
 June 12, Increase French, of Exeter, and Sally Bickford, of Dover, N. H.

THE FIRST STEAMBOAT ON PENOBSCOT BAY AND RIVER.

[From the Hancock Gazette and Penobscot Patriot, Belfast, May 26, 1824.]

COMMUNICATED BY JOSEPH WILLIAMSON.

On Saturday last, May the 22, there arrived here the steam-boat *Maine*, over 100 tons burthen, under the command of the enterprising Captain Seward Porter.* This is the first boat propelled by steam which entered the waters of the Penobscot; it excited much interest among us, and marks a very interesting era in the history of our navigation.

*Capt. Seward Porter, Jr., born in Freeport, July 21, 1784; merchant in Portland. He owned the first steamboat in Maine. He was Representative to General Court from Portland, 1813-14-15; died in Augusta, March 29, 1835.

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No. IV.

LAND GRANTS IN ORRINGTON, WHICH INCLUDES BREWER AND HOLDEN.

Under the resolve of Oct. 28, 1783, the committee on eastern lands had sold the whole township to Moses Knapp and others. In the meantime the settlers had forwarded the following petition:

“To the Honorable Committee:

Messrs. Sam'l Phillips, Nath'l Wells, Nathan Dane, the committee appointed by the General Court of the Commonwealth to examine the claims of unappropriated Lands in the County of Lincoln. We just received the Resolve of the 28th of Oct. last, with the appointment of your Committee, and the time and place where you are to attend that business. We not being timely Notified of the appointment, so as to exhibit our claims in a Proper manner on so short a notice. This is therefore to beg your honours' indulgence a few weeks, till we can get a New Plan of our intended Township, to annex to Petition which Mr. Joseph Hibbard has a copy of, our former Plan being lost when the British Troops was in Possession of this Place, which Mr. Hibbard, the bearer of this, we hope will be able to give you the particulars, more to your satisfaction, he being well acquainted in what hands the Papers was lodged in the copy of the Petition; will also inform you with the claim we have to the Lands we are now the possessors of.

We are, gentlemen, your most humble Servts,

(Signed)

JOHN BREWER,
JAMES GINN,
JAMES BUDGE, } Com.

New Worcester, on Penobscot River, 26th May, 1784.”

Protests were also made and a compromise* was effected, of which the following deeds give the history:

DEED TO MOSES KNAPP AND OTHERS.

“Know all men by these presents, that we whose names are undersigned

* Ante, page 18.

and seals affixed, appointed a Committee by a resolve the General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, passed the twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, on the subject of unappropriated lands, in the County of Lincoln, and by that and other Resolves of the said General Court empowered to sell and dispose of the unappropriated lands of this Commonwealth in the said County, for and in consideration of the sum of three thousand one hundred and fourteen pounds, fourteen shillings, in the consolidated securities of this Commonwealth, to us paid by Moses Knapp, of Mansfield, in the County of Bristol, Esquire, Thomas Bristow, of Wrentham, in the County of Suffolk, Gentleman, Joseph Plympton and Sabin Man, Esq., of Medfield, in said County of Suffolk, Benjamin Hawes, Esq., David Holbrook, Esq., Jonathan Felt, Esq., Oliver Rouse, Esq., Lewis Whiting, Gentleman, Nathaniel Ware, Gentleman, Levi Maxey, Gentleman, John Francour, Merchant, John Guild, Yeoman, David Fisher, Yeoman, Joseph Robershaw, Yeoman, Nathaniel Heaton, Yeoman, Samuel King, Yeoman, Cornelius Kalloek, Gentleman, David Mann, Junior, Yeoman, Amherst Mann, Yeoman, and Adoniram Judson, Clerk, all of said Wrentham, in the County of Suffolk, James Tisdale, Esq., James Clap, Yeoman, James Duppe, Innholder, all of Walpole, in said County of Suffolk, John Metcalf, Esq., John Rockwood, Yeoman, and David Gilman of Franklin, in said County of Suffolk, Swift Payson of Foxborough, in said County of Suffolk, Elisha May, Esq., of Attleboro, in the County of Bristol, and Joseph Holbrook, blacksmith, of Bellingham, in said County of Suffolk, the receipt whereof we do hereby acknowledge, have given, granted, bargained and sold, and by these presents do in behalf of the said Commonwealth, give, grant, bargain, sell and convey unto him the said Knap and his associates first above mentioned, amounting in number to thirty persons, their heirs and assigns, a certain tract of land located and surveyed by Barnabas Dodge, A. D. 1784, lying on the East side of Penobscot River, containing thirty-seven thousand three hundred and seven acres, as by said Dodge's plan, and return thereof may appear. Excepting and Reserving however, ten thousand eight hundred and sixty-four acres adjoining to the river, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at Penobscot River, on the North-west corner of No. 1, or Bucktown Town, thence running North seventy degrees East, three miles two hundred and sixty rods, thence running North forty-eight degrees West, two miles two hundred and ten rods, thence North sixty-four degrees east one mile one hundred and fifty-four rods, thence North forty-one degrees East, two miles two hundred and ten rods, thence North seventy-five degrees East one hundred and eighty-three rods; thence North eleven degrees West, fifty-six rods; thence North eighty degrees East, two miles eighty-eight rods; thence North fifteen degrees West one mile and about forty-five rods to a bend of said river; thence Southerly by the said river to the place first mentioned, and also excepting and reserving three acres on the Northwesterly corner of the aforesaid lands proposed to be sold to Jonathan Eddy, Esq., as by his agreement with said Committee, dated the sixteenth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, may appear, and also two hundred acres near the center of said tract for the use of the minister,

and two hundred and eighty acres for the use of Grammar School. To have and to hold the beforegranted premises with suitable and convenient landings and roads to the same, and the privileges of taking fish in common with said settlers to the grantees aforesaid, their heirs and assigns, to their proper use and behoof forever, and the said Committee, in behalf of the said Commonwealth, covenant and agree that the said Commonwealth shall warrant and defend the said granted premises under the reservations aforesaid to him, the said Knapp, and his associates aforementioned, as grantees, their heirs and assigns, against the lawful claims of all persons whatever.

In witness whereof, the said Committee have set their hands and seals, this twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord seventeen hundred and eighty-five.

SAM'L PHILLIPS, [Seal.]
NATH'L WELLS, [Seal.]

DEED TO BREWER AND FOWLER.

"Know all men by these presents, that we whose names are undersigned, and seals affixed, appointed a committee by a resolve of the General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, passed the 28th of October, 1783, on the subject of unappropriated lands in the County of Lincoln, and by that and other resolves of the said General Court empowered to sell and dispose of the unappropriated lands of this Commonwealth in the said County, for and consideration of the sum of three thousand pounds in the consolidated securities of this Commonwealth, to us paid by John Brewer and Simeon Fowler, both of a place called New Worcester, in the County of Lincoln, gentlemen, in behalf of themselves and others, settled at that place, the receipt whereof, by their obligations for that sum to the treasurer of the Commonwealth, we do hereby acknowledge, do hereby give, grant, sell and convey to the said Brewer and Fowler, and other settlers at the place aforesaid, a certain tract of land containing ten thousand eight hundred and sixty-four acres adjoining to Penobscot river and on the east side thereof, bounded as follows, viz.: Beginning at said river on the north-west corner of number one, or Bucktown, thence running north seventy degrees east three miles two hundred and sixty rods; then north forty-eight degrees west two miles, two hundred and ten rods; then north, sixty-four degrees east, one mile, one hundred and fifty-four rods; then north, forty-one degrees east, two miles two hundred and ten rods; then north seventy-five degrees east, one hundred and eighty-three rods; then north eleven degrees west, fifty-six rods; then north eighty degrees east, two miles eighty-eight rods; then north fifteen degrees west, one mile and about forty-five rods to a bend of the said river, within about one hundred rods of the north-west corner of Dodge's plan; thence southerly by the said river to the place begun at; excepting and reserving however, the lot called number twenty one in said Dodge's plan, containing two hundred and sixty-four acres, which was formerly sold to Robert Smith of Needham, and also suitable and convenient landings and roads to the same, from the lands purchased by Moses Knap and associates,

and the privilege of taking fish, which are to be held in common between the said Brewer and Fowler, and other settlers and the said Knap and his associates—To have and to hold the above-granted premises in the manner and proportion hereafter mentioned, viz.: to John Brewer, Simeon Fowler, George Gardner, Thomas Campbell, Josiah Brewer and James Ginn, Gentlemen, Charles Blagden, Samuel Knap, Emerson Orentt, Joseph Mansell, Solomon Harthorn, Kennett McKenney, John Thomas, John Rider, Simeon Johnson, John Holyoke, Henry Kenney, John Hutchings, John Crocker, John Tibbets, David Wiswell, Joseph Baker, Benjamin Snow, Solomon Sweat, Samuel Freeman, Jesse Rogers, Peter Sangster, George Brooks, Jesse Atwood, Oliver Doane, Warren Nickerson, Eliphalet Nickerson, Paul Nickerson, Henry Cole, Ephraim Downs, Moses Wentworth, James McCurdy, John Mansell, John Emery, Robert McCurdy, husbandmen, the widow of John Mansell, Junior, deceased, Hannah Ary widow, and the heirs of Simeon Smith, their heirs and assigns, one hundred acres each, to be so laid out as to include their improvements respectively, on condition that each of the grantees aforesaid, pay to John Brewer and Simeon Fowler five pounds lawful money within one year from this time, with interest till paid; and to each other settler on the said tract who has made a separate improvement thereon, one hundred acres, to be so laid out as will best include his improvements, on condition that each settler last mentioned pay to the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler fourteen pounds, thirteen shillings and six pence, lawful money, within one year from this time, with interest till paid; and the residue of said tract to all settlers indiscriminately who have made improvements as aforesaid, on condition that each of such settlers pay to the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler the sum of fourteen pounds thirteen shillings and six pence, lawful money, within one year from this time, with interest till paid, for each hundred acres which shall be assigned and set off to him out of the residuary part, and in the same proportion for a greater or lesser quantity; provided nevertheless, if any settler or other grantee aforesaid shall neglect to pay his proportion of the sum or sums aforesaid, to be by him paid, in order to entitle him to one hundred acres as aforesaid, in that case the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler shall be entitled to hold the same in fee, which such negligent person might have held by complying with the conditions aforesaid on his part. It is further provided, that if any settler or grantee aforesaid shall neglect to pay his proportion of the sums to be paid for the residuary lands aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler shall be entitled to hold in fee the same lands which such negligent person might have held by complying with the conditions aforesaid on his part. Provided nevertheless, if any dispute or controversy shall arise between the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler on the one part, and any settler on the lands aforesaid, or other person who has purchased of an original settler there, on his part, in that case there is hereby reserved full power and authority to the committee aforesaid, or their successors in office, to adjust such dispute and controversy on the principles of equity, and to assign and convey to such settler, or to him or them who hold under such settler, his or their heirs and assigns, such

quantity of the land aforesaid as to the same committee shall appear reasonable, and at such a rate as they may think just, so as that the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler shall have a right to receive from all persons interested or which may be interested in the tract of land aforesaid, a sum of money of equal amount with the several sums for the payment whereof to the said John Brewer and Simeon Fowler provision is hereinbefore made, in case application shall be made to the said committee at any time within three years next following the date hereof; and the said committee, in behalf of the said Commonwealth, covenant and agree that the said Commonwealth shall warrant and defend the premises on the conditions and with the reservations aforesaid, to the grantees aforesaid, their heirs and assigns, to be held in the proportion and manner, and upon the conditions aforesaid, against the lawful claims and demands of all persons.

In witness whereof, the said committee set their hands and seals, this twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of us.

LEWIS WHITING.

JACOB KUHN.

SAM'L PHILLIPS, Jr., [Seal.] } Committee.
NATH'L WELLS, [Seal.] }

Acknowledged before Justice Greenleaf."

CAPTAIN EBENEZER BUCK, OF BUCKSPORT.

COMMUNICATED BY JOSEPH WILLIAMSON, ESQ.

[From the Hancock Gazette and Penobscot Patriot, April 28, 1824.]

Died, in Bucksport, Capt. Ebenezer Buck, aged 72 years. He was one of the first settlers of this township before the Revolutionary war. He was a patriot. The situation of the inhabitants of the Penobscot country, at the time the British forces under Gen. McLean took possession of the same, was critical. Capt Buck then, as a commander of a company of militia, had rendered some services to his country, was sought after and taken; he was threatened with punishment as a rebel, but every art usually resorted to by the enemy to induce him to enter into their interest was resisted with firmness. They burned his house and its contents. He was always unambitious of office for himself; but was a firm supporter of the best interests of his country. He was a Christian by *practice* rather than by profession; exemplary in his conversation; humble and unassuming, his dwelling was the abode of hospitality; the suffering poor were never turned away empty. As a father and head of a family he was kind and affectionate, economical and industrious. He left a numerous family, who will ever revere his memory.

REV. SAMUEL VEAZIE AND FAMILY, OF DUXBURY AND HULL, MASS., AND HARPSWELL.

SAMUEL⁴ VEAZIE was the son of Samuel³ and Deborah (Wales) Veazie,* of Braintree, Mass., born there Jan. 8, 1711. He graduated at Harvard College, 1736, and was ordained minister of the church in Duxbury, Oct. 31, 1739. His ministry there was neither harmonious nor successful. He embraced the doctrines of Whitfield, and preached them with vigor and fervor. After much trouble and wear and tear of body and mind of all parties, and being beaten in a lawsuit which he brought against the town, he was dismissed by the church, as advised by a council of churches, April 18, 1750, who "heartily joined with the church in recommending Mr. Veazie to the work of the gospel ministry."

While the controversy was going on at Duxbury, he seems to have been preaching at Hull, was installed minister of the church there April 11, 1753,† dismissed from the church at Hull, 1767, and that year sold the parsonage lot which he had bought there. He went to Harpswell, 1767.

Sept. 30, 1768, Rev. Samuel Veazie, Clerk, bought of Alexander Emery, of Harpswell, "Land on Sebascodegan Island, (Harpswell,) being lot No. eleven in the first division joining easterly on the common road, and butting on land of John Matthews, and westerly on Quohoag, and thence northerly joining on lands of John and Isaac Snow, one hundred acres more or less." Upon this lot, which adjoined the old meeting house lot, he cleared and built a house, in which he lived and died.

Jan. 13, 1769, he bought of John Matthews, at same place, eighteen acres at the head of middle Cove. Jan. 30, 1773, he bought Salt Marsh, at same place, of Joseph Coombs, adjoining Anthony Coombs, Thomas Ross, J. Holbrook, James Orbeton and Theophilus Eaton. Dec. 14, 1773, he bought Salt Marsh,

* William Veazie, of Braintree. Married Elinor, daughter of Rev. William Thompson, 1644.

Solomon Veazie, son of the above, married Elizabeth, daughter of Morton Saunders, Nov. 23, 1680.

Samuel Veazie, son of the above, married Deborah, daughter of Nathaniel Wales, Feb. 5, 1708. All of Braintree.

† I am indebted to C. J. F. Binney, Esq., of Roxbury District, Boston, Mass., for some facts relating to the sojourn of Mr. Veazie at Hull.

* same place, of Isaac Hull, near Coombs' saw mill. June 26, 1776, he bought Salt Marsh of Samuel Brown and wife Rebecca. Jan. 11, 1787, he sold land in Harpswell to Joshua Purrington, Jr.; wife Sarah signed the deed. April 17, 1786, he sold to Rebecca Holbrook, (his daughter) part of lot No. 29 in Harpswell, £50; his wife did not sign. He died Jan. —, 1798, aged 88. (Catalogue of Harvard College says 1797.)

May 11, 1798, "John Veazie, of Falmouth, hatter, and Deborah Jordan, wife of Robert Jordan, of Brunswick, for \$1000 sell to Isaac Rich, of Harpswell, land on Sebasdecogan Island, 115 acres, it being the homestead of the late Samuel Veazie, of Harpswell, deceased, which he in last will and testament bequeathed to his beloved son and daughter.

Signed,

JOHN VEAZIE.

DEBORAH JORDAN.

ROBERT JORDAN."

He married first Deborah Sampson, in Duxbury, Mass., Aug. 6, 1742. She was probably the daughter of George Sampson, born March 1, 1825; she died in Hull, Aug. 22, 1755. Her broken gravestone was found a few years since in the Hull cemetery, and placed in Robert Gould's lot. Only this inscription could be read: "of ye Rev. —nd — Veazie, Aug. 22, 1755, — year of — age."

He married second, in Hull, Sarah Jones, about 1756. She was living in Harpswell, 1787. Children, probably not in order:

- i. JOHN, b. Duxbury, July. 1745; died Aug., 1745.
- ii. JOHN, b. Aug. 7; baptized in Hull, Aug. 10, 1746.
- iii. DEBORAH, b. —; baptized Hull, July 8, 1753; m. Robert Jordan. of Brunswick, July 26, 1773, by Rev. Samuel Eaton.* Children born in Brunswick:
 1. SAMUEL, b. —, 1774; m. Jane Marston. — 1801.
 2. REBECCA, b. —, 1777; m. Joshua Cushman, of Woolwich. She died in a year or two without children.
 3. ROBERT, b. Oct. 15, 1781; he lived in Brunswick; m. Mary Snow, of Harpswell. She died Oct. 14, 1846. He died March 20, 1870.
 4. SARAH, b. —, 1784; m. — Purrington.
 5. DEBORAH, b. — 1787; m. Jona. Snow, and was living in 1875.
- iv. SYBIL, baptized Hull, Oct. 23, 1757.
- v. ABIGAIL, —; died in Hull, 1758.
- vi. STEPHEN, baptized Hull, July 31 1763.
- vii. SAMUEL, JR., — Harpswell and Islesboro.

* Harpswell records.

viii. REBECCA, baptized in Hull, Aug. 24, 1755; m. Jonathan Holbrook, in and of Harpswell, by Rev. Samuel Eaton, May 23, 1772. Children:

1. ISRAEL, b. Jan. 16, 1773.
2. DEBORAH, b. Feb. 25, 1775.
3. DEBORAH, b. March 14, 1778.
4. ABIEZER, b. July 16, 1779.
5. ABIEZER, b. July 16, 1780.
6. JONATHAN, b. Jan. 26, 1783.
7. REBECCA, b. April 10, 1785.
8. DEBORAH, b. Feb. 19, 1788.
9. HANNAH, b. July 10, 1790.
10. POLLY, b. Jan. 10, 1792.
11. PRISCILLA, b. Sept. 13, 1795.

JOHN VEAZIE, son of Rev. Samuel Veazie, was born Aug. 7, 1746, baptised in Hull, August 10. He was an inhabitant of Falmouth, (Portland) July 6, 1769, a town officer, March 26, 1771. He bought a lot of land there April 17, 1773, the deed of which was witnessed by his father. He was a hatter by trade. His homestead was on Middle street, where he died August 6th, 1806. He married Rachel Jones, probably of Hull, Oct. 16, 1768; she born Nov. 5, 1747; died —.

May 12, 1812, Samuel Shaw sold Samuel Veazie, of Topsham, all his right, title and interest to estate of John Veazie, deceased, left my wife, which was his daughter Rachel, lying between land of Capt. Elijah Eaton and widow Morse, and others on Middle street, Portland.

April 9, 1813, Samuel Veazie deeded to Sarah Veazie, of Portland, same property, described as now occupied by Samuel Shaw, being the estate said Shaw had as husband of Rachel Veazie. Children, all born in Portland, were:

- i. STEPHEN, b. Nov. 12, 1769; died Nov. 6, 1772.
- ii. RACHEL, b. April 1, 1771; m. first Thomas Hilton, Nov. 3, 1791; m. second Samuel Shaw, —. She died in Portland of small pox, Nov. 10, 1797. Children by Hilton: Helen L., married in Bangor Joseph Smith, now of Washington. Children by Shaw: Thomas H. Shaw, of firm of Shaw & Merrill, merchants, Bangor, died Dec. 22, 1862, aged 53. Widow Temperance H., died Feb 11, 1866, aged 55.
- iii. SARAH, b. Feb. 6, 1773; (married John Ward, of —, Oct. 15, 1806.) She died in Portland, Oct. 17, 1867.
- iv., v. Twins, b. July 25, 1775; died July 27.
- vi. JOHN, b. April 25, 1777; died in Demerara, Sept. 28, 1800.
- vii. STEPHEN, b. Nov. 6, 1779; lost at sea in the Dart Privateer, September, 1812; lived in Portland. He married Sarah Beeman, Oct. 20, 1805, in Portland. She married second Geo. D. Plaisted, of Portsmouth, N. H., merchant. He removed to Eastport and was drowned between there and Campo Bello. The widow came to Bangor and died at the house of her daughter. — Sarah Plaisted, late wife and widow of Stephen Veazie, deceased. John Veazie and wife Caroline

C., and George W. Merrill and wife Adrianna, of Bangor, sell to Samuel Veazie, of Bangor, for \$500, one-third part of lot and land on Middle street, Portland, formerly owned and occupied by John Veazie, deceased, and mentioned in his last will and testament." Children, born in Portland:

1. ADRIANNA, —; married George W. Merrill, of Bangor, merchant, in Eastport, July 9, 1834.
 2. JOHN, —; lived in Portland, Topsham, Eastport and Brewer; went west and died. He married Miss Caroline C. Low, of Eastport. She and her daughter now reside in Bangor.
- viii. SAMUEL, b. March 28, 1782, died March 27, 1783.
- ix. POLLY, b. April 14, 1785, died Oct. 11, 1786.
- x. ISAAC JONES, b. March 15, 1789, died at Saint Bartholomew, Jan 6, 1809.
- xi. GENERAL SAMUEL VEAZIE, b. April 22, 1787; settled in Topsham, when about 21 years of age, and established himself in the business of lumbering and shipbuilding. He built many vessels, and carried on a direct trade with the West Indies, in which he was very successful. He was a soldier in the war of 1812; captain of Topsham militia, and rapidly promoted until he was elected General. In 1826, he bought the Jackson Davis mills and privileges at Old Town, and afterwards all the water power on the west side of Old Town Falls. He moved to Bangor in 1832. He was sole owner of the Penobscot Boom, which he carried on for several years, rafting annually the large majority of the product of lumber cut on Penobscot waters. He was for a time the sole owner of the Bangor and Oldtown Railroad, not now in operation, having been sold to the European and North American Railway Company. He was the principal owner of the Veazie Bank, and had other large business interests.
- He was an Executive Councillor in 1837, Alderman of Bangor, and held other official positions. In 1834 he moved to the town of Veazie, which was formerly a part of Bangor, but was incorporated into a town — 1853, and named for him. He died March 12, 1868. He married first, in Topsham, Miss Susanna, daughter of Gideon and Mary (Perkins) Waiker, of Topsham, July 3, 1809. She was born March 29, 1792. She was admitted to the first church in Bangor, by letter from the church in Topsham, Jan. 23, 1834. She died June 27, 1852. He married second, Mrs. Mary C. Blanchard, of Stockton, May 17, 1859. She died in Boston at the residence of her son-in-law, John R. Mullen, Jan. 7, 1886. Children by first wife, all born in Topsham; two died in infancy:
1. JONES P. — born June 2, 1811; lived in Bangor, merchant; died Feb. 15-16, 1875. He married first, Miss Mary Jane Winslow, of Topsham, published Dec. 13, 1834. She died —. He married second, Miss Susan Townsend. She died —. He had by each wife two sons and one daughter.
 2. JOHN WALKER, b. Oct. 30, 1812; merchant in Bangor, now resides in Veazie; m. first, Miss Ruth Maria, daughter of — Bartlett, published Dec. 13, 1834. She died (Feb. 18, 1879, aged 66.) He married a second time. His son Alfred Veazie, Banker of Bangor, died July 28, 1879, aged 41 years, 11 mos. He was married and left children.
 3. FRANCES A. H., — b. July 18, 1818; m. first, Nathaniel Lord, of Bangor, Oct. 12, 1835; merchant. He died July 12, 1852. She married second, Rev. William M. William, Feb. 26, 1857, an Episcopal clergyman. She died April 21, 1866. Children, Charles V., born Aug. 17, 1836; married; Susan Frances, born April 21, 1839; Francis N., born June 20, 1841; married.

SAMUEL VEAZIE, Jr., son of Rev. Samuel Veazie, born in Hull, about 1750; went to Harpswell, and afterwards settled on Long

Island, Islesboro, about 1780, on the north-east side, near Parker or Coombs' Cove. He was a town officer in Islesboro; mariner. He died there, 1828. He married Miss Phebe Holbrook, of Harpswell, about 1775. She died 1832. Children, probably not in order:

- i. RACHEL. —; married Lemuel Drinkwater, of Northport; both lived and died there.
- ii. LUCY. —; married Timothy Harding.
- iii. MARTHA. —; married Fields Coombs, of Islesboro, about 1801. His second wife had six children—Lucy, Louisiana, Samson, Thatcher, Hosea and Jairus.
- iv. STEPHEN. —; died —; married Martha Harding; lives in Corinth.?
- v. ABIEZER. —, of Islesboro and Camden, where he died about 1840, aged 51 years, 9 months, 21 days. His descendants are in Camden and Rockland. He married Grace, daughter of Jabez Ames, of Islesboro. She died in Camden. Abraham Ogier, of Camden, was appointed administrator on his estate, May 4, 1841.
- vi. JOHN. —; lived at Islesboro. He died Sept. 15, 1841. John Veazie, Jr., administrator on his estate May 2, 1842. He married Naomi, daughter of Fields Coombs, of Islesboro, June 18, 1814. Children, all born in Islesboro:
 1. PHEBE, b. Nov. 20, 1814, married Capt. John Seely, of Islesboro. She died June 9, 1849.
 2. RACHEL, b. April 21, 1815; married Isaac Roaks, of Appleton, 1839.
 3. JOHN, b. Feb. 3, 1818, of Islesboro; m. first Maria R. Sprague, 1841; she died Jan. 20, 1855. He married second, Mrs. Deborah C. Veazie, Dec. 28, 1859; had five daughters by first wife.
 4. JANE H., b. May 27, 1824; m. Michael Felker, of Searsport, 1846.
 5. CLARINDA C., b. April 14, 1826; m. Nathan F. Fuller, of Searsport, Oct. 18, 1846.
 6. JAMES HARRISON, b. May 18, 1829, of Islesboro; m. Miss Adeline Dix, Nov. 20, 1854.
 7. LORANNA, b. April 19, 1832; m. Noah Roberts, July 2, 1848.
- vii. SAMUEL, JR., —; lived at Islesboro; died there Dec. 4-6, 1841. He married Bridget, daughter of Fields Coombs, of Islesboro; she born May 10, 1788; died April 28, 1858. Children:
 1. JOHNSON, b. Aug. 6, 1804; lived in Brewer; married Ann, daughter of Isaac Hatch, of Islesboro; lived in Bangor; died in Bucksport on the stage going thither. Ann C., widow, died Oct. 7, 1864, aged 54. Capt. Wales Veazie, his son, died Nov. 26, 1865, aged 30 years, 10 months.
 2. JORDAN, b. Oct. 15, 1806, lived in Islesboro; died Jan. 14, 1839. He married Philena Parker, Feb. 11, 1836. She married second, Andrew P. Gilkey, of Islesboro, 1841; she died April 22, 1879, aged 73.
 3. SAMUEL, b. April 17, 1808, lived in Brewer; died there; m. Deborah M. Hatch, of Islesboro.
 4. WALES, b. Jan. 10, 1810, of Islesboro; died in Hingham, Mass., unmarried —.
 5. AZUBAH, — m. Andrew P. Gilkey, of Islesboro, March 20, 1831; she died Nov. 14, 1839, aged 28.
 6. CHARLES, b. July 3, 1815; unmarried; died a young man.
 7. SALLY, b. May 3, 1817; married George Warren, of Islesboro, Dec. 20, 1835.
 8. CAROLINE, b. April 15, 1819; married William Avry Parker, of Islesboro, Dec. 30, 1841. She died Nov. 30, 1875.
 9. OTIS COOMBS, b. July 14, 1821, of Islesboro. He died July 24, 1848. He married Deborah Coombs, Jan. 21, 1844. She married second, John Veazie, of Islesboro.

10. WILLIAM, b. April 12, 1824, of Islesboro; married Deborah, daughter of Jona. Parker.
11. ALBION P., b. May 14, 1826, now commission merchant in Bangor; married, and wives deceased; has son in partnership with him in business.
12. ANGELA, b. Feb. 24, 1828; m. Otis F. Coombs, of Islesboro, Feb. 4, 1844; shipmaster. He died at sea Dec. 19, 1877, on passage from Palermo to St. Thomas, on board brig Caroline Eddy.

CAPTAIN DANIEL SULLIVAN, OF SULLIVAN.

"Hon. John S. Emery, of Boston, has just erected to the memory of his great grandfather, Captain Daniel Sullivan, a large and elaborately inscribed "gray slate" stone, of the famous variety of slate now so much in use for fine cemetery work all over the country. It has been placed in the cemetery near Highhead, on Waukeag Point, Sullivan, a short distance from where Capt. Sullivan resided, at what is now called Sorrento. * * *

The inscription on the stone just erected at Waukeag Point reads as follows:

CAPT. DANIEL SULLIVAN.*

Born in Berwick, Me., about 1738.

Moved to New Bristol,

Now Sullivan, Me.,

About 1763.

Was married to Abigail,

daughter of

John and Hannah Bean,

June 14, 1765, at Fort Pownal,

By James Crawford, Esq.

He was commissioned Capt. of 2nd Co., 6th Lincoln Reg., July 11, 1776. In 1779 he was present with his Company at the siege of Bagaduce, now Castine, Me. After the defeat of the American forces there, he returned to Sullivan, keeping up the organization of his Company for the defence of that section until Feb. 24, 1781, when the British ship *Allegiance*, sent from Bagaduce, landed near his place, burned his house and took him prisoner, conveying him to Bagaduce, where he was offered parole by taking the oath of allegiance to the British Government, which he refused to do, and was taken to Halifax, thence to the Jersey Prison Ships at New York, where, after fourteen months' imprisonment, he was exchanged, through the intercession of his brother, Gen. John Sullivan, of New Hampshire, and started in a cartel for home, but died† immediately after and was buried on Long Island.

Abigail, wife of Captain Sullivan, was born 1747, and died April, 1828, aged 81 years.—*Ellsworth American*.

* Brother of Governor James Sullivan.

† April, 1782.

JONATHAN DARLING JR.'S JOURNAL.

AN ABSTRACT CONTRIBUTED BY THE LATE R. G. W. DODGE,
OF BLUEHILL.

I, Jonathan Darling,* son of Jonathan and Sarah Darling, was born at Danvers, July 14, 1741. My father died at Louisburg, March 21, 1746,† after which my mother moved to her father's, Will Wardwell, of Andover.

1757, July 2. My mother died, leaving two children.

1759, May 2. The regiment (in which I had enlisted) for Louisburg, drawn up for exercise.

May 8. Four companies went on board.

May 9. Six companies embarked.

May 14. I went on shore at Green Island.

May 15. The signal made for sailing; 10 o'clock, under way with a fair wind.

May 21. Becalmed in the Bay of Fundy. 17, sail in sight; made land.

May 24. Went into Louisburg harbor.

May 25. Brought in prize, a ship 100 tons, laden with clothing and warlike stores.

May 28. The ice came down the river and filled up the harbor; one third of our company on shore.

Aug. 2. A flag of truce came in with prisoners, which the Indians had taken.

Aug. 11. Arrived a packet, and brought news that Ticonderoga had been taken.

Aug. 17. All the orderly sergeants confined.

Oct. 2. A sloop came in, and brought news that Quebec was taken; upon this, we were informed that we must stay all winter.

Oct. 5. Three men killed by the Indians.

Oct. 10. A sloop taken and brought into Louisburg harbor.

Oct. 19. Rejoicing for the taking of Quebec.

Oct. 21. 150 men went on board the European for Boston.

Nov. 1. The regiment drawn up. The Colonel told them they must stay all winter.

Nov. 2. The men refused to do duty, and about 200 put into the black hole.

Nov. 3. 150 men went on board the Olive for Boston. The whole city being in arms, the Governor pardon (ed) those who mutinied and promised if they would be content till December 1st, they should be dismissed.

Nov. 10. A sloop came in. She had been taken by a French frigate, who put some French men on board, and bid her follow

* Married Hannah, daughter of Nicholas Holt (of Andover, Mass., and Bluehill), Sept. 15, 1768. Settled in Bluehill, 1764-5, and had nine children.

† "Jona. Darlin died at Louisburg (Nova Scotia), with sickness, Mar. 21, 1746." [Andover, Mass., town records.]

the frigate. In the fog they lost the frigate, and having no provisions, the French on board told the English that if they would carry them into any French harbor they should have their sloop; in the night they brought them into Louisburg. In the morning the French to their surprise, saw English colors flying on every side.

Nov. 12. The Olive sailed for Boston.

Nov. 18. Some French and Indians brought in from Pigtoo.

1760, Feb. 2. The harbor frozen up.

Feb. 12. The snow said to be 10 or 12 feet deep in the woods.

March. All hands employed in sleighing wood for the king.

April. About 100 men employed to clear the street of snow and ice.

May 24. Came in, two 74s and two 64s, with 100 miners, and orders to demolish Louisburg.

June 2. Began to dig down the glass.

June 4. Began to undermine the walls.

July 16. Enlisted, because I saw that though I did not, I must stay all summer.

Nov. 8. Finished blowing up the walls of Louisburg, marched around the town with our tools, the Governor gave us four days pay, and a pint of rum a man for our good behavior.

Dec. 2. Dismissed, and embarked for Boston.

Dec. 15. Set sail.

Dec. 28. Came to anchor in the mouth of Casco Bay.

Dec. 29. Being in danger, slipped cable and run into harbor.

Dec. 30. Come on shore to come home by land.

1761, Jan. 6. Came to Andover to my uncle Jonathan Wardwell; lived with him until July 14, 1762 (new stile), on which day I was 21 years of age.

1762, Aug. Went to New Salem to see the land my father left me; not liking it, resolved to look further.

Aug. 18. Set out for Pigwocket.*

Aug. 21. Encamped in the woods.

Aug. 22. Reached Salmon Falls and encamped.

Aug. 24. Reached one mile beyond Little Ossipee,† and lodged without camp.

Aug. 26. Went down the meadows, and went over the mouth of Great Ossipee,‡ and encamped one mile above the Great Falls.

Aug. 27. Reached the interval below Pigwocket.

Aug. 29 and 30. Worked at clearing roads.

Aug. 31. Went to the top of Mount Tom, and viewed the township.

Nov. 1 to 6. Worked at clearing roads, then set out for home.

Nov. 9. Reached home at Andover.

* Now Fryeburg, which was granted to Joseph Frye, Esq., March 3, 1762.

† Little Ossipee, now Limington.

‡ Great Ossipee, branch of Saco river.

ED.

EDITOR.

EDITOR.

- 1763, Jan. 7. Removed to Simon Fry's;* this winter very remarkable; from the last of December to the last of February, it was not known to thaw. By this time the snow was four feet deep on a level.
 Feb. 6. Not one horse at the meeting house in Andover.
 March 12 to 20. The snow remaining three feet deep, and frozen after. Wood was sledged over fences, and so forth, on the coast.
 May. We hear from No. 4, that on the 22nd of this month the snow fell a foot deep.
 Sept. 17. Removed to my honored father Holt's, to winter.
- 1764, May 3. Set out from Andover to go to Sagadahock.
 May 7. Put to sea.
 May 13. Reached No. 5 (Bluehill) about sunset.
 May 16. Cleared a place to plant peas and beans.
 Aug. 4. My father Holt came.
 Oct. 2. Set sail for Newbury.
 Oct. 11. At noon, reached Newbury, in the evening, reached home.
- 1765, Jan. 27. The night between 26 and 27 said to have been the coldest known these 40 years. One Page, of Pelham, froze to death on the highway.
 April 12. Set sail for East Andover (Bluehill).
 April 15. Reached East Andover.
 May 21. Began to clear for a farm.
 May 27. My wife arrived with all my effects.
 July 29. My house raised.
 Sept. 19. Moved into my house.
- 1767, Jan. 1. Moses Godfrey, apprentice to Mr. Roundy, crossing the falls was carried out by the current and drowned.
- 1768, Jan. 23. Capt. Russ sailed for West Indies, being the first who ever sailed from this place to that part of the world.
1770. Bluehill Bay frozen over from January 22 to April 17.
- 1772, Sept. 30. Rev. Mr. Little, pastor of the second church in Wells, arrived here.
 Oct. 4. Rev. Mr. Little preached to us. Six persons were baptised.
 Oct. 6. Mr. Little preached a lecture, three persons taken into covenant, and three children baptised.
1773. Captain Horton arrived with the sloop Sally.

* Simon Frye, of Fryeburg. First representative to General Court from Fryeburg, 1781. He was many years a senator, and Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He died in 1822. His will, Jan. 22, 1819, proved January, 1823, bequeaths estate to his son Abiel; Hannah Whiting, widow of Joshua; Susannah Stearns, wife of Benjamin Stearns, of Lovell; Phebe Fifield, wife of John Fifield, of Fryeburg; Esther Holt, wife of William Holt, of Fryeburg; Sarah Andrews, wife of Abraham Andrews, of Fryeburg; daughter Lydia Frye, and son John Hancock Frye, who was the executor.

MARRIAGES IN BANGOR.

- 1821, Oct. 2, Jona. Bridges and Fannie Mayhew.
 Oct. 30, Daniel Pike and Dorcas Plummer.
- 1822, Jan. 9, John Jackman, of Garland, and Sarah Legro.
 Jan. 29, Allen Clark and Cynthia Holt.
 Feb. 14, Silas Farrington, of Brewer, and Comfort C. Roberts.
 June 21, Rev. Abraham Jackson, of Machias, and Hannah A. Hill.
 July 3, Stephen Goodhue and Hannah Middleton.
 Nov. 3, George G. Fits and Hannah H. Nichols.
- 1823, May 1, Jabez R. Finson and Martha M. Tyler.
 Jan. 5, Sam Lain, of Hallowell, and Fannie Nye.
 July 17, Enoch Lovell, Jr., and Resilla Mansell.
 April 17, William Randall and Betsy L. Bridgham.
 May 11, Abzy Flagg, and Sarah Lancaster.
 July 10, Frederick Hobbs, Esq., Eastport, and Mary Jane Coombs.
 July 31, David Hill and Eliza Hayden.
 Aug. 10, Preston Jones and Mary Jane Haskell.
 Nov. 10, Wm. Neal and Isabella Dugans.
 Dec. 4, Josiah Horton and Jane Cary.
 Oct. 19, Daniel Kimball and Hephzibah Sawyer.
 Oct. 23, Jacob Haskell and Mary Ann Clark.
 Nov. 20, Abia C. Lambert and Sophia W. Philbrook.
 Nov. 13, Daniel Lambert and Mrs. Hannah Babbage.
 Dec. 4, Daniel Lambert 3d, and Joanna Bridges.
 Dec. 18, Nath. Harlow, Jr., and Sarah Wyatt.
- 1824, March 14, James Bennett and Asenath Boyd.
 Feb. 1, Benjamin Clark 2d, and Jane Gregg, of Brewer.
 March 25, John Welch and Lucy J. Philbrook.
 June 27, John A. Mayhew and Sarah Smith.
 Dec. 16, Wm. Babbage and Lydia Lambert.
- 1825, March 3, Jona. Hutchings and Antelope Mitchell.
 Jan. 4, Joseph Abbot and Sally Cartland, widow.
 May 1, John Snow and Mary Lancaster.
 Feb. —, Andrew Scott, of Portland, and Susan C. Little.
 March 19, John J. Mayhew and Eliza Mayhew.
 March 13, Noah Hersey, and Mrs. Mary Baily.
 April 14, Thomas J. Tyler and Betsey D. Finson.
 Aug. 9, Rev. Lot Ryder, of Monson, and Sarah R. Edes.
 Aug. 14, Elijah D. Ware and Lydia Wingate.
 Sept. 26, Jona. Brooks, of Wiscasset, and Charlotte Webster.
 Nov. 1, David Nye and Sarah H. Gipson.
 Dec. 1, John B. Wetherbee, to Parthenia B. Thompson.
- 1826, March 2, Geo. Nickerson, of Brewer to Jane Holt.
 Jan. 21, Leonard Wentworth, of Hope, to Mary Arnold.
 Jan. 21, Artist Wentworth, of Hope, to Almira Arnold.
- 1827, May 10, Preserved B. Mills to Jane Lunt.

INSCRIPTIONS FROM THE OLD BUCK BURYING GROUND, BUCKSPORT.

Col. Jonathan Buck, b. 1718, died March 18, 1795; wife Lydia — died Dec. 15, 1789, aged 71.

Jonathan Buck, Jr., died March 27, 1824, aged 76; wife Hannah — died July 9, 1834, aged 83.

Capt. John Buck, died Nov. 25, 1835, aged 64; wife Elizabeth B. — died May 12, 1850, aged 79.

Ebenezer Buck, died — April 20, 1824, aged 73; wife Mary — died May 1, 1849, aged 87.

Jonathan Buck, died 1794, aged 8.

George Buck, died 1821, aged 30.

Capt. Daniel Buck, died Nov. 18, 1826, aged 71; wife Mary L. — died Dec. 24, 1841, aged 79.

Elder Benjamin Buck, died Dec. 10, 1844, aged 76; wife Abigail died Aug. 25, 1825, aged 51.

Maria B., wife of John N. Swazey and daughter of Daniel Buck, died Nov. 5, 1817, aged 26.

Stephen Badger, died Oct. 21, 1815, aged 37; wife Hannah, daughter of Jona. and Hannah Buck, b. June 21, 1780; died May 18, 1857.

Moses G. Buck, died Jan. 30, 1862.

Lydia Buck, d. March 14, 1862, aged 84 yrs. 5 mo.

William Buck, d. Feb. 20, 1867, aged 78 years, 1 mo. 10 days.

Rufus Buck, b. Jan. 23, 1797, died May 12, 1878; wife Sarah Somerby, born Newburyport, July 16, 1800; died Feb. 1, 1870.

Daniel Buck, d. Jan. 16, 1869, aged 69; wife Mary E. — died July 18, 1834, aged 29.

Daniel Brown, b. June 25, 1829.

John Hopkins, d. Dec. 29, 1848, aged 65 years 6 mo.

Elisha Hopkins, d. Dec. 29, 1845, aged 47; wife Olive T. — died Dec. 15, 1866, aged 67.

Ephraim Hopkins, d. June 20, 1838, aged 45.

Capt. Barzillai Hopkins, d. Sept. 20, 1837, aged 73; wife Jedidah — died March, 1850, aged 79 years, 10 mo. 15 days.

Thos. S. Sparhawk, d. June 4, 1807, aged 37.

Mrs Lydia Buckley, —, d. Aug 16, 1853, aged 77.

Daniel Tobey, d. May 23, 1864, aged 81; wife Elizabeth Somerby, d. May 7, 1859, aged 72.

Jeremiah Frye, b. Andover, graduated Harvard College —, 1761; served four years Lieutenant in Continental army, and was one of the first settlers of Bucksport; drowned in Penobscot river July 12, 1793, aged 51. Erected by his grandson, Phineas Barnes.

Lydia, wife of Shubael Brown, died May 8, 1847, aged 69.

THE DE GREGOIRE GRANT OF MOUNT DESERT
ISLAND,

AND WHAT IS NOW ELLSWORTH, HANCOCK, TRENTON AND LAMOINE.

The General Court, July 6, 1787,* granted to M. De Gregoire and wife, "all such parts of the island of Mount Desert, and tracts of land (on the main) described in former grant, which now remain the property of the Commonwealth." In 1788, De Gregoire petitioned the Court to divide the island of Mt. Desert, which was afterward done. The same year the General Court appointed Nathan Jones, Esq., of Gouldsborough, and General Samuel Thompson, of Brunswick, to superintend the survey of that part of the De Gregoire Grant which was on the main land, which was done in 1789. August 12, 1792, De Gregoire and wife sold out to Henry Jackson, "a tract of land on the main," reserving lots deeded to settlers. July 9, 1796, Henry Jackson conveyed these lands to William Bingham, of Philadelphia. This tract "on the main," comprised parts of the present towns of Ellsworth, Trenton, Hancock and Lamoine.

SURVEY OF THE DE GREGOIRE GRANT ON THE MAIN LAND.

"Topsham, August 13, 1789.

Gentlemen:—Agreeable to your instructions to repair to Frenchman's Bay to superintend running the patent of Madam DeGregoire, we began at the mouth of Jordan's river, so called, then east about four miles, then north about eight miles, then running to Union river, a west course by the best of my remembrance, about seven miles, including all the lands between Skillings river, Union river on both sides, Jordan's river so as to make up the French leagues mentioned in the patent, agreeably to his Excellency Mr. Bowdoin's calculation, and by these, you may be assured that I personally attended Mr. Peters' survey, as he was the surveyor under oath. Respecting the islands lying in part. I do not remember the names of all of them, but Hog Island, whereon one Bartlett lives, I well know and remember that it lays in the part of the patent with Hopkins and Cranberry Islands, and a number of other islands.

I am, gentlemen,

Your very humble servant,

SAMUEL THOMPSON."

JOHN PETERS' REPORT.

"The outlines of the French grant are as follows:

First we begun at a stake and stones near an old mill-dam on the

* Ante, Vol. I, No. 11, pages 182 to 186.

eastern side of Skillings river, called Sweddand (?) mill; from said stake and stone, we run first north 552 rods to Taunton Bay, then we crossed over said bay, 432 rods, the same course; then from said bay we run 460 rods to a pine tree marked for north-east corner of said grant, then we run due west 7 miles and 56 rods to Union River; thence we run same course on west side of Union River, 2 miles and 172 rods to a stake and stone; from thence we ran south, 60 east to Union River; thence we crossed said river, run the same course 176 rods to a stake and stone. This stands in Meletiah Jordan's field. From thence we run south, 18 1-2 west, to Union river, from thence following the shore to first mentioned bounds. These lines are taken by me, agreeable to the instructions I have received from Nathan Jones, Esq., and General Samuel Thompson, who personally attended to the same, in behalf of the Commonwealth.

JOHN PETERS.

Oak Point, January 28, 1789."

LOTS DEEDED BY DE GREGOIRE TO SETTLERS ON MAIN LAND.

Isaac Lord, December 19, 1788, Union river.

Robert Milliken, December 13, 1788, Union river.

William Jellison, December 13, 1788, Union river.

John Murch, and two sons, Union river.

Levi Foster, December 12, 1788, Union river.

Allan Hopkins, December 12, 1758, Union river.

Eben Floyd, December 13, 1788, Union river.

William Crabtree, March 29, 1792, Sullivan.

Benjamin Ward, March 29, 1792, Sullivan.

William Davidson, March 28, 1792, Trenton.

Peter Haines, March 28, 1792, Trenton.

Job Anderson, December 13, 1788, Oak Point.

David Sinclair, Jr., December 13, 1788, Oak Point.

Roger Googins, December 1, 1788, Goose Cove, Frenchman's Bay.

Edward Berry, December 11, 1788, Goose Cove.

John Ford, October 13, 1791, Poison Point, Frenchman's Bay.

Robert Gilpatrick, December 11, 1788, Frenchman's Bay.

Shimuiel Hodgkins, December 13, 1788, Skillings river.

Samuel Ball, December 12, 1788, Skillings river.

Thomas Googins, December 30, 1788, Skillings river.

Nathan Jones, Esq., January 28, 1789, in No. 1, £200.

John Springer, December 13, 1788, Skillings river.

Moses Hodgkins, December 13, 1788, Skillings river.

Ephraim Haynes, December 10, 1788, on the main land near Mount Desert Narrows.

Moses Butler, May 5, 1792, Taunton Bay, not a settler. We sell out of generosity.

INTENTIONS OF MARRIAGE ON THOMASTON RECORDS.

Alex Jameson, of Campden, and Sarah Blackington, October 10, 1777.

Samuel Williams, of Harpswell, and Ruth Lassell, of Thomaston, May 22, 1777.

Ebenezer Buck, of Penobscot, and Elizabeth Mitchell, late of Belfast, October 17, 1779.

William Philbrook, of Thomaston, and Diodama Lassell, of Warren, May 6, 1780.

Ebenezer Buck, of Penobscot, and Molly Brown, of Thomaston, December 19, 1780.

John Nickels, of Newcastle, and Sarah McLellan, January 27, 1781.

Abraham Jones, of Campden, and Mary Jameson, of Medumcook, both plantations, October 6, 1781.

Leonard Metcalf, of Camden, and Susannah Wall, May 20, 1782.

Elijah Bradford and Sarah Jones, both of Camden, June 29, 1782.

John Harkness and Elizabeth Ott, both of Camden, July 27, 1783.

(Elder) Thomas Ames and Mrs. Betsey Jordan, November 2, 1812.

Joseph Richards and Elizabeth Young, both of Camden, August 14, 1783.

George Brooks and Polly Wadsworth, both of New Canaan, January 7, 1785.

Robert Dunning, of Thomaston, and Betsey Bucklin, of Warren, February 14, 1794.

Ebenezer Hale and Mary Ames, both of Montinicus, September 17, 1801.

Benjamin Snow, of Thomaston, and Lucy Davis, of Warren, November 14, 1792.

Nath. Palmer and Sarah McGlathery, both of Camden, May 15, 1788.

Samuel Jacobs and Peggy McGlathery, both of Camden, March 17, 1789.

Atherton Oakes, of Pownalboro, and Betty Jordan, June 14, 1786.

Joshua Fuller, of Castine, and Mary Adams, of Thomaston, November 26, 1808.

Ben Snow, of Thomaston, and Mrs. Eliza Wiggins, of Warren, April 8, 1811.

DEPOSITION IN THE TIME OF THE REVOLUTIONARY
WAR. DEER ISLE.

"I, Nathaniel Thomas, of Deer Isle, in the County of Lincoln, house carpenter, of lawful age, do testify and declare that I was at the house of Richard Crockett, of said Deer Isle, joiner, on the sixth day of March, and about sunrise of said sixth day of March, there entered the house of said Richard Crockett, three armed men, viz.: Ber'ah Low, — Kemp and Daniel Marston, who were a part of a boat crew, commanded by Nathaniel Thompson, of Falmouth, in the county of Cumberland. Mr. Crockett attempting to go out of his door, said Kemp, Low and Marston struck him several violent blows, with the butts of their guns, and one of them, viz., Marston, presented the muzzle of his gun (the gun being cocked) at the said Crockett, the others continuing to beat and wounded the said Crockett, tearing his clothes and abusing his person, rumaging his house and taking from thence guns, bullets and bags, which they carried away with them, when Mr. Crockett cried murder and for help. They said, "Damn him, kill him," speaking to the said Crockett, "we mean to kill you," and in consequence of abuse and ill usage the said Crockett was confined to his house for about a fortnight. The above said Richard Crockett is above seventy-three years old.

NATHANIEL THOMAS.

Falmouth, April 13, 1781.

Sworn to before Enoch Freeman, J. P."

I find that in the early part of the war of the Revolution, that there was a Nathaniel Thompson in command of a privateer. He was engaged in some questionable operations. The other names of persons referred to, I have no knowledge of. There were persons of the surnames of each, in the vicinity, and their descendants are amongst us. Many of those early privateers were fitted out for gain, and they were not very particular, if they only took it, whether from friend or foe. The Crocketts of Deer Isle of this generation are amongst the best of the citizens.

S. P. MAYBERRY.

Cape Elizabeth, Maine.

"The *Bangor Historical Magazine* (Me.) goes steadily on its quiet but useful way, conserving facts which are slipping toward forgetfulness, and filling an unfilled place with unassuming fidelity. Joseph W. Porter, member of the Maine Historical Society, and of the N. E. Hist. Gen. Society, is its editor. [\$2.00 a year.]"—*The Congregationalist, Boston.*

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No. V.

MAJOR ROBERT TREAT, OF BANGOR,

Was the son of Joseph and Mary (Farmer*) Treat, of Boston, born there July 14, 1752. In 1769, he came to Fort Pownal, now Fort Point, where his half brother, Joshua Treat, was armorer to the fort. In 1773, he moved to what is now Bangor, and settled at the foot of Newbury street, and afterwards at what is now the Red Bridge, at the mouth of the Pennejawock stream, moving into a house built by Jedediah Preble. Some years after, he built a handsome framed dwelling house at Treat's Falls, occupying nearly the same site as the building of the Bangor Water Works. This house was afterwards enlarged and converted into that once well-known tavern, the "Rose Place," and was afterwards burned and not rebuilt. He commenced business as a trader, and had a large trade with the Indians and others. He could talk the Indian language, and his services were always called into requisition when treaties were to be made. He was engaged in navigation, and owned the first vessel built in Bangor. Deacon William Boyd was the builder. She was launched — 1793, amid great rejoicing, and much eating and drinking. In 1785, he was chosen Major of the First Regiment in the Second Brigade of the Eighth Division of Massachusetts Militia; John Brewer, of Orrington, being Colonel, and Benjamin Shute, of Prospect, Lieutenant-Colonel.

He was engaged in business in Boston as a merchant in 1796, his name appearing in the Directory of that year. He also had a

* In the Brewer cemetery is a gravestone with the following inscription: "Widow Mary Treat, mother of Maj. Robert Treat and Mrs. Elizabeth Holyoke, died Aug., 1797, aged 75." As she was born May 1, 1705, there must be some error in this inscription.

EDITOR.

lumber wharf at Lynn for several years. He held many positions of honor and trust, and was a useful, respected citizen. He died May 27, 1824, aged 72 years.

He married first, Miss Mary Partridge, Nov. 28, 1774. She was born in Haverhill, Mass., 1757-8, and died June 10, 1801, aged 44. He married second, Miss Mary Gale, Feb. 28, 1804. She died February 20, 1842, aged 70. Children, all born in Bangor:—

- i. GENERAL JOSEPH TREAT, born Dec. 8, 1775; said by some to have been the first male white child born in Bangor. He was a Captain in the war of 1812; afterwards elected Major and Brigadier General of the regiment on Penobscot River. He was a representative to the General Court of Mass., 1817-1818. A member of the Constitutional Convention 1820; Representative to the Maine Legislature two years after. He was a man of ability, and a conspicuous citizen. He may be called the founder of Mount Hope Cemetery, which is on what was his and his father's estate. He never married. He lived in a two-story house opposite the Water Works, which was torn down or moved away. He died Feb. 27, 1853, aged 78. Gravestone at Mount Hope.
- ii. JOHN TREAT, b. Feb. 1, 1777; died Nov. 8, 1777.
- iii. ROBERT TREAT, b. Aug. 1 1779; lost on his passage to Boston, in a vessel, Oct. 9, 1798.
- iv. JOHN (PARTRIDGE)* TREAT, b. July 21, 1783; moved his family to Treat's Grant, now Enfield, March, 1823, where he was a merchant; built mills, and was a promoter of all good causes and a worthy and much esteemed citizen. He died Sept. 18, 1857. He married in Bangor Miss Rosanna Duggans, Feb. 21, 1813; she died June 17, 1842. Children, the first four born in Bangor, the others in Enfield:
 1. Mary Elizabeth Treat, b. Dec. 24, 1814; died Sept. 24, 1841.
 2. John Treat, b. July 10, 1817, resides Enfield; married and has children.
 3. Edward Holyoke Treat, b. Nov. 15, 1820, now resides in Los Angeles, Cal.; married.
 4. Joseph, b. Dec. 8, 1823; resides New York City.
 5. Sarah, b. Dec. 18, 1825; died July 17, 1847.
 6. Rosanna P., b. July 18, 1828; m. —; died June 30, 1866.
 7. Margaret A., b. Oct. 15, 1831; married; died Sept. 10, 1869.
 8. Caroline P., b. June 1, 1834; married.
- v. POLLY TREAT, b. Oct. 1, 1785; died Sept. 8, 1792.
- vi. JOSHUA TREAT, b. Aug. 6, 1787; lived in Bangor; died Sept. 1, 1821, aged 34. Robert Treat, of Bangor, appointed administrator of his estate Aug. 6, 1822; married Elizabeth Parmeter. Child Clarissa, b. Sept. 23, 1818.
- vii. BETSEY TREAT, b. June 24, 1791; died Nov. 25, 1791.
- viii. SAMUEL TREAT, b. June 28, 1795; died July 2, 1795.
- ix. ROBERT H. TREAT, b. May 18, 1798.
- x. NATHANIEL GALE TREAT, b. March 13, 1807; merchant at Houlton many years; removed to Bangor and died Nov. 24, 1880; m. Miss Lucy J. McGrath, an adopted daughter of Gen. Treat; she died Oct. 27, 1864, aged 42. Children residing in Bangor. One daughter married T. R. Savage.
- xi. MARY H. TREAT, b. April 23, 1809.
- xii. ELIZABETH H. TREAT, b. Jan. 19, 1813; m. Nathan Jewell, of Bangor; she died April 2, 1860.

* His middle name he never used,

THOMAS GOLDTHWAIT.

BY JOSEPH WILLIAMSON.

The Goldthwait family in this country originated from Thomas Goldthwait, who settled in Salem, Mass., in 1634. His descendants do not appear to have been numerous or widely spread. One of their number, Ezekiel Goldthwait, was Clerk of the Courts for Suffolk County before the Revolution, and a magistrate of good repute. Another, Captain Philip Goldthwait, of Boston, married the youngest daughter of Captain Samuel Jordan, of Saco, about 1758, and settled at Winter Harbor, where he resided for fifteen years. Several of the name now live in Boston.

Of the subject of this sketch, who was born in Chelsea, Mass., little is known until 1755, when he acted as paymaster in an expedition against the French at Crown Point, under the charge of General Waldo. Nine years later, he received the appointment of commander at Fort Pownal, at the mouth of the Penobscot river, succeeding General Jedediah Preble, who had been stationed there since 1759. The Waldo heirs granted to him and to Francis Bernard, son of Governor Bernard, a large tract of land near the fort, upon condition of settling thirty families thereon, of building an Episcopal church, and employing a minister. They made some progress in the undertaking, and erected a small brick chapel, the ruins of which were visible within a few years. It is not probable that any clergyman ever regularly officiated there, although services were occasionally held by Rev. Samuel West, chaplain of the garrison, and by Dr. William Crawford, its surgeon. The titles to several of the principal farms in Stockton are derived through this Waldo conveyance; while the excavations for cellars which still remain attest the attempts at permanent settlement.

In 1769, Goldthwait was commissioned as a Justice of the Peace, and in that capacity solemnized the first marriage which took place on Penobscot river. At Fort Pownall, he had a truck-house where an extensive trade was maintained with the Indians. But his manners were repulsive, and his conduct was injudicious. The

Indians complained that he was unfair and extortionate. Accordingly, in 1770, he was superseded, and the command given to John Preble, a son of the General. He continued to reside near the fort, and as he was a zealous adherent to Governor Hutchinson, the latter, upon assuming the gubernatorial chair in 1771, reinstated him. At that time he held the position of Colonel of the Second Regiment of Militia in Lincoln County. Two years later, a vacancy on the bench of the Court of Common Pleas having been caused by the death of Judge Denny, of Georgetown, Goldthwait was commissioned to fill the seat. His influence had now become considerable, but arrogance and unkindness to all with whom he came in contact, rendered him unpopular. Tradition has preserved several anecdotes of his conduct. Early in the revolution, military stores were sent him to distribute among the settlers. The people of Belfast, suffering for want of ammunition to procure game for food, applied to him for aid. Their request was contemptuously refused. A second appeal was made by a body of all the able-bodied men of the settlement, who informed him that they were determined to enforce their just request by force, if necessary. As they were all armed, Goldthwait was compelled to submit, and gave each one a liberal supply of powder and shot. On one occasion, being attracted by a superior cow belonging to one of his poor neighbors, he said, "That heifer is mine," and caused her to be driven away, without ever rendering any equivalent.

When too late, the government found that Goldthwait's command at Fort Pownall had been greatly to the public detriment. As political troubles increased, communication with the Indians declined, and both at Fort Point and at Kenduskeag, where his son was engaged in trade, he attempted to monopolize the entire business of selling goods at an exorbitant and illegal profit. Early in 1775, he permitted Mowatt, who afterwards destroyed Falmouth, to carry away the guns of the fort, thereby rendering it defenseless. The same year his petition to the General Court to be paid for his services was referred, but never reached final action. Congress, soon after, in an address to the Indians of Maine, remarked, "Captain Goldthwait has given up Fort Pownall into the hands

of the enemy, and we are angry with him." His removal followed, and the fort was placed under the charge of Col. Jonathan Buck, of what is now Bucksport. Goldthwait retired to the British for protection.* During the war he embarked for Nova Scotia, was shipwrecked on the passage, and perished. Mr. Sabine, in his *American Loyalists*, described Goldthwait as "an extortioner; arbitrary and cruel." And another writer, who had an acquaintance with many of his contemporaries, says, "Few residents on Penobscot, worthy of being mentioned, ever left behind them a more reprehensible political character than that of Judge Goldthwait. He hated a Whig, and being a fit tool of prerogative power, affected to believe no measures too severe against him who would not bow obsequiously to the crown and its minions. He had his reward, for his name to this day is mentioned with execration."

MACHIAS INSCRIPTIONS.

NEW CEMETERY.

In memory of London Attus, and Eunice his wife. Erected in 1855.

- 1871, Jan. 6, Horatio G. Allan, aged 69 years 1 month.
- 1850, July 28, Mr. Levi Bowker, born in Scituate, Mass., July 25, 1763, died July 28, 1850; a soldier of the Revolution.
- 1854, Feb. 23, Betsey (Watts) his widow, aged 88 yrs. 9 mos.
- 1833, June 14, Mrs. Catharine C., wife of William Burnham, 55.
- 1877, Jan. 3, Capt. George Burnham, aged 86 yrs. 6 mos.
- 1869, Sept. 7, wife Mary L. —, aged 70 yrs. 8 mos.
- 1761, Feb. 17, Eliza Dow, aged 68.
- 1837, Phineas Haskell, aged 68.
- 1813, Sept., Ralph Bowles, born in Boston, March, 1789.
- 1851, Aug. 15, W. R. H. Bowles, aged 52.
- 1869, June 29, Widow Philena, aged 68.
- 1866, Nov. 29, William Brown, aged 69 yrs. 7 mo.
- 1829, March 14, Mrs. Ellen Crocker, aged 63.
- 1863, May 16, Deacon William A. Crocker, aged 71.
- 1817, Sept., Hannah Crocker, widow of Rev. Josiah Crocker, born Taunton, Oct. 1, 1729; died Machias.
- 1880, Sept. 11, A. — Chandler, aged 70 yrs. 4 mo.
- 1861, April 15, wife Olive S., aged 42 yrs. 6 mos.
- 1867, Oct. 4, Julia Patten, wife of Alex. T. Campbell, aged 62.
- 1846, Nov. 23, James H. Edgecomb, aged 49.

* Members of his family afterwards went to England, where, in 1784, his daughter married Dr. Silvester Gardiner, a loyalist, and a large landed proprietor on Kennebec river. The age of Dr. Gardiner was then 76, and hers 28.

- 1870, May 12, Elizabeth, his wife, aged 63.
 1860, Dec. 18, Deborah Farnsworth, of Jonas, aged 77.
 1881, May 2, Lemuel Gay, aged 80 yrs. 6 mo. 25 dys.
 1883, Jan. 13, wife Mary, aged 79 yrs. 3mo. 27 dys.
 1882, April 17, Thomas Gardiner, aged 89.
 1863, Oct. 11, wife Sarah B., aged 74 yrs. 2 mos.
 1858, May 15, Rebecca C., wife of Henry Gallison, aged 42.
 1882, June 8, Mary, wife of John Keith, aged 62 yrs. 2 mos. 3 dys.
 1864, Jan. 29, Deacon John S. Kelley, aged 75.
 1860, June 29, wife Sarah, aged 78.
 1835, Jan. 8, Jonathan Longfellow, b. Sept. 6, 1770.
 1843, Oct. 3, wife Sally, aged 70.
 1830, May 1, Isaac Longfellow, born Sept. 27, 1772.
 1861, May 5, wife Polly, aged 85 yrs. 2 mos. 19 dys.
 1861, Jan. 11, Jonathan Longfellow, aged 85.
 1862, Oct. 24, wife Margaret, aged 82.
 1856, Aug. 11, Capt. Jacob Longfellow, aged 90.
 1851, Jan. 15, wife Tarphenes, aged 80 yrs. 9 mos. 24 dys.
 1884, June 28, Sally Longfellow, aged 86 yrs. 4 mos.
 1843, April 25, Amasa B. Longfellow, aged 37.
 1859, Feb. 6, Major David Longfellow, aged 58 yrs. 7 mos.
 1847, Oct. 23, James C. Lyon, aged 35.
 1874, Sept. 20, William Morey, born Ashford, Conn., Feb. 25, 1784,
 died Sept. 20, 1874.
 1860, July 1, wife Hannah, aged 75.
 1859, March 6, 1859, Benjamin Nichols, aged 79, formerly of Bow-
 doin, Me.
 1867, Sept. 17, Edward Nichols, aged 50.
 1866, Jan. 29, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Nathan Huckins, aged 54.
 1847, Dec. 12, Benjamin Ham, aged 46.
 1854, Sept. 9, Isaac P. Ham, aged 47.
 1841, May 14, Ichabod Perry, aged 66.
 1854, March 12, wife Paulina, aged 74.
 1878, March 7, Abial Preble, aged 69 yrs. 2 mos. 10 dys.
 1878, April 14, wife Sarah, aged 69 yrs. 9 mo. 25 dys.
 1871, Oct. 5, Madam Alice Potter, (?) aged 88.
 1856, Dec. 11, Rufus King Porter, aged 62.
 1848, July 3, Eunice, wife of Chas. Palmer, aged 31.
 1847, Aaron E. Pennell, aged 34.
 1874, April 30, Wm. F. Penniman, aged 77 yrs. 9 mos.
 1868, Sept. 15, wife Olive, aged 70 yrs. 8 mos.
 1861, Jan. 14, Isaac C. Pennell, aged 77.
 1847, April 30, wife Mary, aged 54.
 1864, April 9, David Reynolds, aged 73 yrs. 8 mos.
 1869, April 12, wife Almira S., aged 77 yrs. 5 mos.
 1871, Sept. 13, Nancy Sanborn, born Nov. 18, 1801.
 1836, Sept. 7, Joseph Stuart, aged 68.
 1857, March 2, wife Joan, aged 75.
 1853, July 22, Geo. Smith, born Sept. 14, 1781.
 1811, Oct. 17, wife Sally, born June 20, 1781.

- 1877, March 28, George G. Smith, born March 1, 1808.
1844, Dec. 25, John Smith, aged 53.
1838, Mary, wife of William B. Smith and daughter of Stephen Thatcher, born May 10, 1812.
1864, June 14, William Smith, aged 66 yrs. 6 mos.
1804, Nov. 4, in memory of Gen. George Stillman, born March 7, 1751, died 1804, aged 53.
1799, Feb. 5, Rebecca, his consort, born March 13, 1752.
1810, Feb. 25, in memory of Sarah Hillard, wife of John B. Hillard, and daughter of General George and Mrs. Rebecca Stillman, born July 2, 1785.
1853, July 10, Deacon Harrison Thatcher, born in Wareham, Mass., Dec. 24, 1783.
1833, April 12, wife Deborah, aged 44 yrs. 10 mos. 7 dys.
1835, Feb. 28, Marshall Thaxter, aged 75.
1843, April 9, wife Susannah, aged 72.
1844, Jan. 25, Doct. Newell Wetherbee, aged 56.
1844, March 25, Abram Williamson, aged —. Sarah, his wife, —.

TREATY WITH THE PASSAMAQUODDY INDIANS, 1794.

COPIED BY PETER E. VOSE, OF DENNISVILLE.

“To all people to whom this present agreement shall be made known : We, Alexander Campbell, John Allan, and George Stillman, Esquires, a committee appointed and authorized by the General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to treat with, and to assign certain lands to the Passamaquoddy Indians, and others connected with them, agreeable to a Resolve of said General Court on the 26th of June, the year of our Lord 1794, of the one part, and the subscribing chiefs and others, for themselves and in behalf of the said Passamaquoddy tribe, and others connected with them, on the other part, Witnesseth, that the said committee in behalf of the Commonwealth aforesaid, and in consideration of the said Indians relinquishing all their rights, title, interest, claim, or demand on any land, or lands, lying and being within the same Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and also engaging to be peaceable and quiet inhabitants of the said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, without molesting any other of the settlers of the Commonwealth aforesaid, in any ways, means, whatever,—in consideration of all which the committee aforesaid do hereby sign and set off to the aforesaid Indians the following tracts or parcels of land, lying and being within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, viz. : All those islands lying and being in Schoodic river, between the falls at the head of the tide and the falls below the forks of the said river, where the north branch and west branch parts, being fifteen in number, containing one hundred acres more or less. Also Township number two in the first range, surveyed by Mr. Samuel Titcomb in the year of 1794, containing about 23,000 acres, more or less, being bounded as follows :—

Easterly by township No. one, first range, northerly by township No.

two, second range, westerly by township No. three, first range, southerly by the west branch of Schoodick river and lake. Also Lire's Island, lying in front of said township, containing ten acres more or less, together with one hundred acres of land lying on Nemecass point, adjoining the west side of said township; also Pine Island, lying to the westward of said Nemecass point, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less; also assign and set off to John Baptiste La Cote, a French gentleman, now settled amongst the said Indians, one hundred acres of land, as a settler in township No. one in first range, lying at the falls of the carrying places of the north branch of the Schoodick river, to be intitled to have said land laid out to him in the same manner as settlers in new townships are intitled; also assign to said Indians, the privilege of fishing on both branches of the river Schoodick without hindrance or molestation, and the privilege of passing the said river over the different carrying places thereon. All which islands, townships, tracts, parcels of lands and privileges being marked thus, + in the plan taken by Mr. Samuel Titcomb, with the reservation of all pine trees, fit for masts, on said tract of land, to government, they making said Indians a reasonable compensation therefor; also assign and set off to the said Indians, ten acres of land, more or less, at Pleasant Point, purchased by said committee in behalf of the said Commonwealth, of John Frost, being bounded as follows, viz: beginning at a stake to eastward of the dwelling house and running north 25 degrees west 54 rods, from thence running north 56 degrees east 38 rods to the bay, from thence running by the shore to the first mentioned bounds, viz. ten acres; also a privilege of setting down at the carrying place at West Passamaquoddy, between the bay of West Quoddy and the bay of Fundy, to contain fifty acres. The said islands, tracts of land and privileges to be confirmed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to the said Indians, and their heirs forever. In testimony of all which, we, the said Alexander Campbell, John Allan and George Stillman, the committee aforesaid, and in behalf of the Commonwealth aforesaid, and the chiefs, and other Indians aforesaid, in behalf of themselves and those connected with them, as aforesaid, have hereunto set our hand and seal at Passamaquoddy, the 29th day of September, in the year 1794."

Signed, on the part of the government,

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL,
JOHN ALLAN,
GEORGE STILLMAN.

On the part of the Indians,

FRANCIS JOSEPH NEPTUNE,
JOHN NEPTUNE,
PIER NEPTUNE,
JOSEPH NEPTUNE,
PIER DENNY,
JOSIAH DENNY,
JOSEPH TOMAS.

Witnesses,

SAMUEL TITCOMB,
JOHN FROST, JR.

TREATY MADE BY THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS WITH THE PENOBSCOT TRIBE OF INDIANS, JUNE 29, 1818.

This writing indented and made this twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, between Edward H. Robbins, Daniel Davis and Mark Langdon Hill, Esqs., commissioners appointed by his excellency John Brooks, governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, by and with the advice of council, in conformity to a resolve of the legislature of said commonwealth, passed the thirteenth day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to treat with the Penobscot tribe of Indians upon the subject expressed in said resolve, on the one part; and the said Penobscot tribe of Indians, by the undersigned chiefs, captains and men of said tribe, representing the whole thereof, on the other part, Witnesseth, That the said Penobscot tribe of Indians, in consideration of the payments by them now received of said commissioners, amounting to four hundred dollars, and of the payments hereby secured and engaged to be made to them by said commonwealth, do hereby grant, sell, convey, release and quitclaim, to the commonwealth of Massachusetts, all their, the said tribes, right, title, interest and estate, in and to all the lands they claim, occupy and possess by any means whatever on both sides of the Penobscot river, and the branches thereof, above the tract of thirty miles in length on both sides of said river, which said tribe conveyed and released to said commonwealth by their deed of the eighth of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, excepting and reserving from this sale and conveyance, for the perpetual use of said tribe of Indians, four townships of land of six miles square each, in the following places, viz:

The first beginning on the east bank of the Penobscot river, opposite the five islands, so called, and running up said river according to its course, and crossing the mouth of the Mattawamkeag river, an extent of six miles from the place of beginning, and extending back from said river six miles, and to be laid out in conformity to a general plan or arrangement which shall be made in the survey of the adjoining townships on the river—ne other of said townships lies on the opposite or western shore of said river, and is to begin as nearly opposite to the place of beginning of the first described township as can be, having regard to the general plan of the townships that may be laid out on the western side of said Penobscot river, and running up said river according to its course, six miles, and extending back from said river six miles. Two other of said townships are to begin at the foot of an island, in west branch of Penobscot river in Nolacemeac lake, and extending on

both sides of said lake, bounding on the ninth range of townships, surveyed by Samuel Weston, Esq., which two townships shall contain six miles square each, to be laid out so as to correspond in courses with the townships which now are, or hereafter may be surveyed on the public lands of the state. And the said tribe do also release and discharge said commonwealth from all demands and claims of any kind and description, in consequence of said tribe's indenture and agreement made with said commonwealth, on the eighth day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety six, by their commissioners, William Sheppard, Nathan Dane, and Daniel Davis, Esquires; and we the undersigned commissioners on our part in behalf of said commonwealth, in consideration of the above covenants, and release of the said Penobscot tribe, do covenant with said Penobscot tribe of Indians, that they shall have, enjoy and improve all the four excepted townships described as aforesaid, and all the islands in the Penobscot river above Oldtown and including said Oldtown island. And the commissioners will purchase for their use as aforesaid, two acres of land in the town of Brewer, adjoining Penobscot river, convenient for their occupation, and provide them with a discreet man of good moral character and industrious habits, to instruct them in the arts of husbandry, and assist them in fencing and tilling their grounds, and raising such articles of production as their lands are suited for, and as will be most beneficial for them, and will erect a store on the island of Oldtown, or contiguous thereto, in which to deposit their yearly supplies, and will now make some necessary repairs on their church, and pay and deliver to said Indians for their absolute use, within ninety days from this date, at said island of Oldtown, the following articles viz: one six pound cannon, one swivel, fifty knives, six brass kettles, two hundred yards of calico, two drums, four files, one box pipes, three hundred yards of ribbon, and that annually, and every year, so long as they shall remain a nation, and reside within the commonwealth of Massachusetts, said commonwealth will deliver for the use of said Penobscot tribe of Indians at Oldtown aforesaid, in the month of October, the following articles viz: five hundred bushels of corn, fifteen barrels of wheat flour, seven barrels of clear pork, one hogshhead of molasses, and one hundred yards of double breadth broad cloth, to be of red color one year, and blue the next year, and so on alternately, fifty good blankets, one hundred pounds of gunpowder, four hundred pounds of shot, six boxes of chocolate, one hundred and fifty pounds of tobacco, and fifty dollars in silver. The delivery of the articles last aforesaid to commence in October next, and to be divided and distributed at four different times in each year among said tribe, in such manner as that their wants shall be most essentially supplied, and their business most effectually supported. And it is further agreed by and on the part of said tribe, that the said commonwealth shall have a right at all times hereafter to make and keep open all necessary roads, through any lands hereby reserved for the future use of said tribe. And that the citizens of said commonwealth shall have a right to pass and repass any of the rivers, streams, and ponds, which run through any of the lands hereby reserved, for the

purpose of transporting their timber and other articles through the same.

In witness whereof, the parties aforesaid have hereunto set our hands and seal.

Edw'd H. Robbins.	(Seal.)
Dan'l Davis.	(Seal.)
Mark Langdon Hill.	(Seal.)
John Etien, Governor.*	(Seal.)
John Neptune, Lt. Governor.	(Seal.)
Francis Lolon.	(Seal.)
Nicholas Neptune,	(Seal.)
Sock Joseph, Captain.	(Seal.)
John Nicholas, Captain.	(Seal.)
Etien Mitchell, Captain.	(Seal.)
Piel Marie.	(Seal.)
Piel Peruit, Colo.	(Seal.)
Piel Tomah,	(Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered {
in presence of us: }

Lothrop Lewis,
 Jno. Blake,
 Joseph Lee,
 Eben'r Webster,
 Joseph Whipple.

TREATY MADE WITH THE PENOBSCOT TRIBE OF INDIANS, AUGUST 17, 1820.

Whereas, The state of Maine by her commissioner, Lothrop Lewis, Esq., has engaged to assume and perform all the duties and obligations of the commonwealth of Massachusetts toward us and our said tribe, whether the same arise from any writing of indenture, treaty or otherwise at present existing; and *whereas* said state of Maine has obtained our consent and that of our said tribe to said assumption and arrangement—now know all people to whom these presents shall come, that we whose hands and seals are hereunto affixed, for and in behalf of ourselves and the Penobscot tribe of Indians, so called, to which we belong and which we represent, in consideration of the premises, do hereby release to said commonwealth of Massachusetts all claims and stipulations of what name or nature soever, which we or all or any of us or our said tribe have on or against said commonwealth, arising under any writing of indenture, treaty, or otherwise, existing between said commonwealth of Massachusetts, and said Penobscot tribe of Indians.

In witness whereof, we the undersigned chiefs, captains and men of said tribe, representing the whole thereof, have hereunto set our hands

* The Indians all made their mark except Nicholas Neptune.

purpose of transporting their timber and other articles through the same.
In witness whereof, the parties aforesaid have hereunto set our hands and seal.

Edw'd H. Robbins.
Dan'l Davis.
Mark Langdon Hill.
John E. Allen, Governor.
John Chapman, Lt. Governor.
Francis Johnson.
Nicholas Robinson.
Seth Joseph, Captain.
John Nicholas, Captain.
Ethan Mitchell, Captain.
Piel Martin.
Piel Martin, Colo.
Piel Martin.

Signed, sealed and delivered
in presence of us,
Joshua Lewis,
Jas. Blake,
Joseph Lee,
Edw'd W. Webster,
Joseph W. Joseph.

TREATY MADE WITH THE PENOBSCOT TRIBE OF INDIANS, AUGUST 17, 1838.

Whereas, The State of Maine by its representatives, Joshua Lewis Esq., has agreed to purchase and purchase of the lands and obligations of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and of the said tribe of Indians, whether the same arise from any written or unwritten treaty or other wise at present existing; and whereas, the State of Maine has obtained our consent and that of our said tribe to said agreement, and agreement—now know all people to whom these presents shall come, that we whose hands and seals are hereunto affixed, for and in behalf of ourselves and the Penobscot tribe of Indians, do hereby certify, as hereby, and which we represent, in consideration of the premises, do hereby release to said Commonwealth of Massachusetts all claims and titles of what nature or nature soever, which we or all or any of us or our said tribe have on or against said Commonwealth, arising under any writing of Indians, treaty, or otherwise, existing between said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and said Penobscot tribe of Indians. In witness whereof, we the undersigned chiefs, captains and aids of said tribe, representing the whole thereof, have hereunto set our hands

and seals this seventeenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

Governor John Etien.
 Lieut. Governor John Neptune.
 Francis Lolon, Captain.
 Captain Etien Mitchell.
 Piel Mitchell, Capt.
 Sock Sosep, Capt.
 Piel Marie, Capt.
 Suasin Neptune, Capt.
 Awasoos Mitchell, Capt.
 John Ossou, Capt.
 Joseph Marie Neptune, Esq.
 Joseph Lion.
 Glocian Awasoos.
 Capt. Nicholas Tomah.
 Sabattis Tomah.

*Signed, sealed and delivered }
 in presence of us :*

William D. Williamson,
 Joseph Treat,
 Ebenezer Webster,
 William Emerson,
 Stephen L. Lewis,
 John Blake,
 Eben Webster.

TREATY MADE WITH THE PENOBSCOT TRIBE OF INDIANS, AUGUST 17, 1820.

This writing, indented and made this seventeenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty, by and between Lothrop Lewis of Gorham in the county of Cumberland and state of Maine, esquire, commissioner, appointed by William King, Esquire, governor of said state, by and with the advice and consent of the council, in conformity to a resolve of the legislature of said state passed the twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty, to treat with the Penobscot tribe of Indians in said state, upon the subject expressed in said resolve, on the one part; and the said Penobscot tribe of Indians, by the undersigned, chiefs, captains and men of said tribe, representing the whole thereof on the other part: *Witnesseth*; That, the said Penobscot tribe of Indians, in consideration of the covenants and agreements, hereinafter mentioned, on the part of said commissioner, in behalf of said state, to be performed, kept and fulfilled, do hereby grant, sell, convey, release and quitclaim, to said state, all their, the said tribe's right, title, interest and estate, in and to all the lands and possessions, granted, sold and conveyed by us,

to the commonwealth of Massachusetts, by our writing of indenture, made with said commonwealth by their commissioners, the honorable Edward H. Robbins, Daniel Davis and Mark L. Hill, Esquires, June the twenty ninth, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, saving and excepting, the reservations, in said indenture made and expressed. Meaning and intending hereby, to substitute and place, the said state of Maine, in the stead and place, of the said commonwealth of Massachusetts, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as it regards said indenture last mentioned, with the said tribe of Indians, so that all and singular, the lands, rights, immunities or privileges, whatsoever, which said commonwealth of Massachusetts did, might, or could hold, possess, exercise and enjoy, under or by virtue of said indenture, or treaty, or by any other indenture, treaty or agreement whatsoever, shall be held, possessed, exercised and enjoyed in as full and ample a manner by said state of Maine.

And the undersigned commissioner, on his part, in behalf of said state of Maine, in consideration of the premises, and of the foregoing covenants and engagements of said tribe, does hereby covenant with said tribe, that they shall have and enjoy, all the reservations made to them, by virtue of said treaty of the twenty ninth of June eighteen hundred and eighteen. And the undersigned commissioner, in behalf of said state of Maine, does hereby further covenant and agree with said tribe, that, as soon as the commonwealth of Massachusetts, shall have made and fulfilled the stipulations on her part to be done and performed, under and by virtue of the fifth article of an act, "relating to the separation of the district of Maine from Massachusetts proper, and forming the same into an independent state," passed June the nineteenth, eighteen hundred and nineteen, then the said state of Maine, shall and will, annually, and every year, in this month of October, so long as they shall remain a nation, and reside within the said state of Maine, deliver for the use of the said Penobscot tribe of Indians, at Oldtown, the following articles; to wit: five hundred bushels of corn, fifteen barrels of wheat flour, seven barrels of clear pork, one hogshead of molasses, and one hundred yards of double breadth broadcloth, to be of red color, one year, and blue the next year, and so on alternately, fifty good blankets, one hundred pounds of gunpowder, four hundred pounds of shot, six boxes of chocolate, one hundred and fifty pounds of tobacco, and fifty dollars in silver.

It being meant and intended, to assume and perform, all the duties and obligations of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, toward the said Indians, whether the same arise from treaties or otherwise, and to substitute and place, the said state of Maine in this respect, to all intents and purposes whatever, in the stead and place of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, so that said tribe may have continued to them, all the payments, and enjoy all the immunities and privileges, in as full and ample a manner, under this indenture or treaty, as they could have received or enjoyed, under the said treaty, of the twenty ninth of June, eighteen hundred and eighteen, if this present treaty had not been made.

Saving and excepting the two acres of land, which were by the treaty of June twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, to be purchased

to the commonwealth of Massachusetts, by our writing of indentures made with said commonwealth by their commissioners, the honorable Edward H. Robbins, Daniel Davis and Mark L. Hill, Esquires, June the twenty ninth, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, saving and excepting the reservations in said indentures made and expressed. Meaning and intending hereby, to substitute and place, the said state of Maine in the stead and place of the said commonwealth of Massachusetts, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as if regards said indentures last mentioned, with the said tribe of Indians, so that all and singular the lands, rights, immunities or privileges, whatsoever, which said commonwealth of Massachusetts did might or could hold, possess, exercise and enjoy, under or by virtue of said indentures, or treaty, or by any other indenture, treaty or agreement whatsoever, shall be held, possessed, exercised and enjoyed in as full and ample a manner by said state of Maine.

And the undersigned commissioners, on her part in behalf of said state of Maine, in consideration of the premises, and of the foregoing covenants and engagements by said tribe, have hereby consented and agreed, that they shall have and enjoy all the reservations made by them, by virtue of said treaty of the twenty ninth of June eighteen hundred and eighteen. And the undersigned commissioners, on behalf of said state of Maine, have hereby further consented and agreed with said tribe, that as soon as the commonwealth of Massachusetts shall have made and fulfilled the stipulations on her part in the said indentures, under and by virtue of the fifth article of "an act" relating to the acquisition of the district of Maine from Massachusetts, proper, and having the same into an independent state, passed from the nineteenth of August, and thenceforth, from the said state of Maine, shall and will, annually, and every year in the month of October, so long as they shall remain a nation, and reside within the said state of Maine, deliver the use of the said Pechot tribe of Indians, as follows: the following articles: to wit: five hundred bushels of corn, fifteen barrels of wheat, seven barrels of clear pork, one hundred and fifty pounds of flour, seven barrels of double strength long shelled corn, and one hundred yards of double strength long shelled cord, one and a half yard, and the next year, and so on alternately, fifty good blankets, one hundred pounds of gunpowder, one hundred pounds of rice, and fifty boxes of clover hay, one hundred and fifty pounds of tobacco, and fifty dollars in silver.

It being meant and intended to reserve and deliver all the duties and obligations of the commonwealth of Massachusetts toward the said Indians, whether the same arise from treaties, laws, and to substitute and place, the said state of Maine in the stead of all intents and purposes whatsoever, in the stead and place of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, so that said tribe may have continued to them, all the payments and enjoy all the immunities and privileges, in as full and ample a manner, under this indenture or treaty, as they could have received or enjoyed, under the said treaty of the twenty ninth of June eighteen hundred and eighteen, if this present treaty had not been made. Saving and excepting the two acres of land, which were by the treaty of June twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, to be purchased

for the use of said tribe, in the town of Brewer, the performance of which, has been relinquished by the said tribe to the commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Reserving however to the government of this state, the power and right to ratify and confirm, at pleasure, the doings of said commissioner in the premises.

In witness whereof, the parties aforesaid, have hereunto set our hands and seals, the day and year first within written.

Lothrop Lewis.

John Etien, Governor.

John Neptune, Lt. Governor.

Captain Francis Lolon.

Captain Etien Mitchel.

Captain Piel Mitchell.

Sock Sosep, Captain.

Piel Marie, Captain.

Suasin Neptune, Capt.

Awasoos Mitchel, Capt.

John Ossou, Capt.

Joseph Maria Neptune, Esq.

Joseph Lion.

Glocian Awasoos.

Capt. Nicholas Tomah.

Sabattis Tomah.

*Signed, sealed and delivered }
in presence of us:*

Wm. D. Williamson,

William Emerson,

Joseph Treat,

Stephen L. Lewis,

Jno. Blake,

Eben Webster.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED TO PURCHASE THE LANDS BELONGING TO THE PENOBSCOT TRIBE OF INDIANS, 1833.

To the governor and council of the state of Maine.

June session, A. D. 1833.

We the undersigned commissioners appointed on the part of the state of Maine, to treat with the Penobscot tribe of Indians for the purchase of such lands belonging to said tribe as they are disposed to sell to said state, have attended to the duties of said appointment and report, that they have succeeded in purchasing the four townships belonging to said Indians, being north of the mouth of the Piscataquis river, as will appear by the deed of the same signed by the governor and chiefs of said tribe, and executed according to their usages, and herewith

submitted for your consideration. In discharge of the duties devolving on us in this negotiation, we were aware of the difficulties always attendant on subjects of this character, and especially at this time, disunited as they have long been by factions and party animosity; but we are happy to say that they received the proposition made by us, cordially, convened their council and chiefs, consisting of members of both parties, and after frequent public deliberations for several weeks, and frequent interviews with us by delegates appointed by their convention, and receiving from us full explanation of the subject, we were notified by them to attend their convention, where, after having read the deed of conveyance, by their request, their signatures were then prefixed in presence of the witnesses borne on said instrument. All which is submitted.

A. M. ROBERTS,
THOMAS BARTLETT, } Commissioners.

BOND GIVEN BY THE COMMISSIONERS TO THE
PENOBSCOT TRIBE OF INDIANS, JUNE, 1833.

Whereas we, Amos M. Roberts, of Bangor, and Thomas Bartlett, of Orono, in the county of Penobscot, Esquires, commissioners appointed by the governor of Maine, to purchase for said state such of the lands of the Penobscot tribe of Indians as they might be disposed to sell, having met the governor and principal men of said tribe in the council chamber of said tribe, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1833, for the purpose of purchasing the lands aforesaid, and having discussed the subject of the meeting in open council, and there obtained the consent of said tribe to sell their four townships of land to said state, and *whercas*, the governor and lieutenant governor, by his attorney, by him appointed for that purpose, the councillors and captains of said tribe, then and there executed to said state, under their hands and seals, a deed of said four townships, covenanting for themselves and in behalf of said tribe to warrant and defend the same to the state against the claims of said tribe. Now therefore, we the commissioners aforesaid, in consideration of the premises have and do hereby covenant with said tribe of Indians, in behalf of the state of Maine, to pay to said tribe the sum of fifty thousand dollars, in the manner following, to wit: said sum of fifty thousand dollars shall be deposited in the state's treasury, and the interest, reckoning from the date hereof, shall annually be paid under the direction of the governor and council of said state, through the Indian agent, for the benefit of said tribe: *provided* it should in their opinion, be required for the comfortable support of said tribe, and if at any time, at the annual settlement any part of said interest should remain in the treasury, unexpended, it shall be added to the principal of fifty thousand dollars and become a part thereof, and said sum of fifty thousand dollars, together with such increase as it may

from year to year receive, and shall forever remain in the treasury an accumulating fund, for the benefit of said tribe.

In witness whereof, we the said commissioners, have hereunto set our hands and seals this 10th day of June, A. D. 1833.

*Signed, sealed and delivered }
in presence of }*

(L. S.)

(L. S.)

We hereby certify that the above obligation is a true copy of the one we gave to the Indians.

A. M. ROBERTS,
THOMAS BARTLETT, } Commissioners.

Bangor, January, 1834.

REMINISCENCES OF PENOBSCOT RIVER.

BY THE LATE COL. AARON HAYNES,* OF PASSADUMKEAG.

On the second day of February, 1813, my father, David W. Haynes, left Bangor and moved to what is now the town of Edinburg, arriving there the next day. He then was the uppermost settler on the river, and so remained for four years. He had a family of five sons and two daughters. There was a man, Jonathan Roberts, lived on the adjoining lot next below; on account of hard times and scarcity of provisions he moved to Eddington, 1814, and lived there three or four years, and then moved back on to the old place and lived there several years. At the time he moved there, there was in that township (Edinburg) but a few settlers. Solomon Comstock lived on what is now called Comstock Point, just below him Wm. Ayers, then James Spencer, and on the lower lot Sam Ayers. That composed all who lived on the township.

There lived in what is now Passadumkeag, at that time, on the lower side of Passadumkeag stream, Joshua Ayers; below him, about two miles, his brother Enoch Ayers, and his son-in-law Simeon Pratt Evans; just below him James Cummings and his son Benjamin, and a large family of girls, and one other son of the name of Goodrich; below him lived Elisha Turtellot, near the

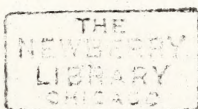
* Born in Bangor, March 9, 1805; died in Passadumkeag, August, 1886.

lower line of the township. Three years after he moved away and Phillip Spencer moved on to same place and lived there several years. Thomas Kneeland moved into town about 1816-17, on to the lot lately occupied by Eldridge G. Haynes, above the point. He had five or six sons and daughters, who married and settled on lots adjoining. He lived there until 1825-26, and one of those years he was up to Aroostook hunting and was murdered, it was supposed by Indians at the time, but it was afterwards thought by parties who were with him.

About 1822, Joshua Hathaway from Brewer, moved to Passadumkeag Point, where he lived quite a number of years, and afterward moved up the Passadumkeag about two miles, to the north of Cold stream, where he died.

At the time we moved up river, there was some settlements up the Piscataquis river, in what is now Howland and Maxfield, at what was called Board Eddy, so called on account of that being a stopping place for rafts that they used to run from Sebec and other towns above there. For a number of years Howland was rather thinly settled until Major (Wm.) Hammatt came there and built a mill on the Sebois Stream, and afterwards Miller, (W. R.) and others built a mill at the north of the Piscataquis; after that it increased pretty fast for a number of years, but of late it has been going back. The next settler in Edinburg was Jessie Hathorn, Robert Nichols, Roland Dudley, Daniel Dudley, John Piper, afterwards R. B. Tarbox, Isaac P. Haynes, Alvin Haynes, Eldridge G. Haynes, and myself. All lived there until after 1833. Since then we have all moved away.

In 1813, and for a number of years, lived in Argyle, at the lower part of the town, William Bailey, Philip Spencer, Jr., William Freese, Isaac Freese, Geo. Freese, John Freese, John Marsh, Stephen Bussell, Samuel Grant and his sons William, Edward, and one other; William Costigan, Peter Robishaw, Wm. Foster, Philip Richardson and sons, Joshua Eldridge, John Spencer, Nath. Danforth, and a man of name of Isley. Almost all of the above are dead, and those living there now are their descendants. At that time, there lived in what is now called Greenbush, William Low, Stephen Rowell and his son, Benj. Stanley,



who lived on Stanley Point, Ebenezer Littlefield, from Kendall's Mills, the father of Samuel, Solomon and Giles. Ebenezer and Moses lived at the foot of Olamon Island.

MARRIAGES SOLEMNIZED IN BELFAST, 1799 TO 1809,

BY JAMES NESMITH,* JUX PACIS.

[Communicated by Dr. Edward M. Field.]

- 1799, Jan. 10, Capt. John Limeburner and Miss Jennie Miller, both of Belfast.
 Jan. 10, Samuel Prescott, Jr., and Miss Mary Burkmar, both of Northport.
 Jan. 22, Joshua Marshall and Miss Rachel Chaples, both of Islesborough.
 March 7, Samuel Phillips, of Quantabacook, and Mary Crooks, of Northport.
 Nov. 20, Reuben Knowlton, of Northport, and Mrs. Sally French, of Belfast.
 Nov. 28, Benjamin Stevenson and Miss Nabby Sayward, both of Northport.
 Nov. 28, Joseph Curtis and Miss Jenny Knowlton, both of Belfast.
 Dec. 24, 1799, Robert White and Miss Susanna Patterson, both of Belfast.
- 1800, Feb. 20, William Kidder and Miss Aesa Decrow, both of Duck-trap Plantation.
 March 9, William Patterson and Miss Jennie Clary, both of Belfast.
 Sept. 1, William Cunningham, of Quantabacook, and Miss Susanna Carter, of Northport.
 Oct. 30, Isaac Senter and Miss Hannah Patterson, both of Belfast.
 Dec. 31, Nathaniel Hartford and Miss Abigail Fowler, both of Belfast.
- 1801, July 12, Stephen Hadley and Miss Lydia Clark, both of Belfast.
 July 19, Capt. Starrett Patterson and Miss Elizabeth Reed, both of Belfast.
 July 19, George Burkmar and Miss Patty Brown, both of Northport.
- 1802, March 25, Walter McFarland and Miss Phœbe Newton, both of Northport.
 May 25, William Bryant, of Sunnebec,† and Miss Hannah Johnson, of Quantabacook.

* A most worthy citizen of Belfast, who died March 4, 1811, aged 47.

† Now Appleton.

- May 27, Robert Beattie and Miss Polly Browns, (?) both of Northport.
June 27, Abiezer Trask and Miss Polly Johnson, the former of Sidney, and the latter of Greene Plantation.*
1803, March 9, Ezra Woodman and Miss Betsey Dolloff, both of Greene.
June 27, Joseph Mason, of Belfast, and Miss Nancy Gilman, of Davistown.
Aug. 30, John Campbell and Miss Rhoda Evans, both of Quantabacook.
Dec. 29, Silas Bennett and Miss Polly Maddocks, both of Belfast.
1804, Jan. 1, William Doble and Miss Frances Powers, both of Belfast.
Feb. 6, Benjamin Johnson and Miss Priscilla Robinson, both of Greene Plantation.
June 10, Joel Prescott and Miss Mary Grant, both of Northport.
Aug. 29, John Fish, of Davistown,† and Miss Susannah Cunningham, of Ballstown.‡
Sept. 15, Moses Kinney and Jennie Knowlton, both of Northport.
Oct. 18, Joseph Cross and Miss Lucy Jackson, both of Quantabacook.
1807, March 5, Isaac Jackson, of Greene, and Betsey Bessey, of Paris.
July 2, Moses Hewes, of Greene, and Lydia Veazie, of Greene.
July 21, Jacob White and Miss Sally Weeks, both of Belfast.
Sept. 20, William Rice and Sally White, both of Greene Plantation.
1808, Feb. 21, Daniel Boyington and Betsey Patterson, both of Greene Plantation.
1808, July 30, Lemuel Gubtail and Nancy French, both of Belfast.
1809, April 19, Abraham French and Miss Susanna Thomas, both of Belfast.

PETITION OF INHABITANTS OF DEER ISLE AND SEDGWICK, FOR AID IN 1775.§

FROM MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES.

[Communicated by J. F. Pratt, M. D., Chelsea.]

To the gentlemen of Provincial Congress of Massachusetts Government at Concord, sendeth Greeting:

Humbly Representing unto your Honors our distressed condition on account of the General distress that ariseth from bad Statesmen and King at Home, By sending an army and vessels of force, destroying

* Now Searsmont, or Belmont.

† Montville.

‡ Whitefield, or Jefferson.

§ This petition was granted, and Col. Jonathan Buck, of Bucksport, was appointed almoner of the bounty. [Williamson's History of Maine, vol. II, page 426; ante, vol. I, page 71.]

EDITOR.

boating and stopping all trade and commerce, rendering us incapable of procuring the least sustenance of bread or other sustenance for us or our Families as we formerly used to enjoy, and as we avow ourselves *Sons of Liberty* for the Commonwealth of ourselves and others—We humbly Petition your Honours to take our distressed condition into your most wise consideration, and thereupon may be pleased to send us such necessary supplies as assured is wanted, for our Lumber, which we used to procure such things, is become of no use to procure such things.

Firstly, bread, corn, molasses, coffee, salt pork, sheepswool, flax, shoes and other clothing, and lastly, powder and ball or lead by these, stand again, your and our enemy. One or two of our brethren will affirm the same or tell it your Honours by word of mouth. We do not ask these necessities for nothing, but are willing to pay for them in lumber when these distressing times are over. So praying that God may grant you wisdom and guide your honors unto all truth and preserve us from hands of all your and our enemies. Farewell.

Egemagan Reach, number four.

June 11, 1775. Our names followeth.

Robert Byard,
John Carter, Jr.,
John Carter, Sen.,
Daniel Bridges,
John Billing,
Elisha Hopkin,
Jona. Greenlaw,
Eben Greenlaw,
Richard Welts, (?)
John Eston,

Daniel Bridges,
Smith Woodard,
John Corsen,
Jacob Orcut,
Joseph Makin,
Moses Eaton,
Josiah Harden,
Elijah Richardson,
Alexander Greenlaw.

MAJOR ROBERT TREAT.

[Continued from page 86, with additions.]

- viii. SAMUEL TREAT, b. June 28, 1795; died July 9.
- ix. ROBERT H. TREAT, b. May 18, 1798; died Enfield, Jan 11, 1843.
- x. NATH. GALE TREAT, b. March 13, 1807; merchant in Houlton many years; removed to Bangor, died here Nov. 25, 1889; married at Houlton Miss Lucy J. McGrath, May 22, 1842. She died in Bangor, Oct. 27, 1864, aged 42. Children:
 - 1. Mary R., resides in Bangor.
 - 2. Joseph F., resides in N. Y. City; married.
 - 3. Josie L., resides Exeter, N. H.
 - 4. Lizzie A., resides Adams, Mass.; married.
 - 5. Samuel G., resides Boston.
 - 6. Grace A., married Thomas R. Savage of Bangor, merchant.
 - 7. Nathaniel, deceased young.
 - 8. Lucy, deceased young.
- xi. MARY H. TREAT, b. April 23, 1809; died February, 1844.

NOTE.—The correct date on the gravestone of widow Mary Treat, in Brewer cemetery, is "died Aug., 1797, aged 95." As she was born in Boston, May 1, 1705, baptized second church, May 6, 1705, the age must be wrong on the gravestone.

boating and stopping all trade and commerce, rendering us incapable of procuring the least sustenance of bread or other sustenance for us or our families as we formerly used to enjoy, and as we now ourselves seek of Liberty for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and others—We humbly petition your Honours to take our distressed condition into your most wise consideration, and therefore may be pleased to send us such necessary supplies as are needed, for our families, which we need to procure such things as become of us now to procure such things.

Firstly, bread, corn, molasses, coffee, salt pork, sheepswind, lard, shoes and other clothing, and lastly, powder and ball or lead for our stand again, your aid and bounty. One or two of our husbands will affirm the same or tell it your Honours by word of mouth. We do not ask these necessities for nothing, but are willing to pay for them in lumber when these necessities shall be over, so having that they may grant you wisdom and grace your Honours into all truth and justice as from hands of all your and our enemies. Faithfully,

George Washington, number four.

June 11, 1775. Our names following.

Robert Hyatt,	James Bridger,
John Carter, Jr.,	James Venable,
John Carter, Sr.,	John L. Carter,
Daniel Bridger,	James Carter,
John Hilling,	James Carter,
Eliza Hilling,	James Carter,
John Greenhaw,	James Carter,
Edna Greenhaw,	James Carter,
Richard Wiles, (2)	James Carter,
John Eaton,	James Carter,

MAJOR ROBERT TREAT.

[Continued from page 100, column 1.]

Mr. Robert Treat, a son of the late Robert Treat, died on the 11th of June, 1775, at the age of 40 years, and was buried in the churchyard of the First Church in New York City. He was a member of the church, and was a man of great piety and integrity. He was also a member of the Society of Friends, and was a man of great influence in the community. He was a man of great piety and integrity, and was a man of great influence in the community. He was a man of great piety and integrity, and was a man of great influence in the community.

NOTE.—The names here on the list are the names of the persons who were members of the church at the time of the death of Major Robert Treat. As the names of the persons who were members of the church at the time of the death of Major Robert Treat are not given, the names of the persons who were members of the church at the time of the death of Major Robert Treat are not given.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

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BANGOR, ME., DECEMBER, 1886.

No. VI.

SIMON⁴ CROSBY AND FAMILY.

Simon Crosby was in Woolwich about 1748. Where he was born I have not learned, although I think, probably in Braintree, Mass. He lived on the east side at Monsweag for over twenty-three years.* He moved to what is now Bangor, in 1773, and settled on what was then the south line of the township, lots number one and two, Park Holland's survey. I give a copy of a letter which I have seen;

"HAMPDEN, APRIL 12, 1838.

Dea. Sewall Crosby:—My father moved to the Penobscot and settled in Bangor in 1773, from Woolich in Lincoln county, with a family of ten children, one born after settling here. Three of them still alive—brother John, aged 81, and myself 79, and one sister residing in Barrington, N. H. aged 75, named Polly Smith.

Your Uncle etc.,

E. CROSBY."

Simon Crosby was a sturdy, honest, industrious man; a church member. The old church record of Georgetown says, "Simon Crosby and Sarah wife of Simon Crosby, admitted to ye church, June 8, 1766." He had but little education, although probably as much as the average of his time and circumstances. He died March 7, 1796, aged 70, and lies buried on the old homestead, which he settled upon when he first came to Bangor and where his gravestone may now be seen.

He married 1750, Sarah, daughter of Nicholas and Mehetable (Storer) Sewall of York. On the Georgetown records is the following intention of marriage: "Simon Crosby and Sarah Sewall

* I am under obligations to Rev. H. O. Thayer, of Woolwich, for information relating to Mr. Crosby at that place.

Feb. 13, 1749-50." She was born in York, July 1, 1731, and probably came to Georgetown to see her brother John who lived there. She was sister to the learned Professor of Hebrew at Harvard College, Stephen Sewall, who graduated there 1761 and died at Cambridge 1804. She was also aunt to Rev. Jotham Sewall, the well known minister and home missionary. She died June 1, 1810, and was buried beside her husband. Governor Williamson who had seen her says, "she was a remarkably sedate, sensible, Godly woman."

"September 12, 1800. Sarah Crosby, widow, of Bangor, Nicholas Crosby, merchant, of Salem. John Crosby Esquire, Ebenezer Crosby, yeoman, Rachel Crosby of Hampden, single woman, Mary Smith and John Smith of Old York, mariner, Ann Crosby and Rebecca Crosby of Bangor, single women, and Sally and John Brown of Belfast, yeoman, sell for \$500 to Timothy Crosby, one half of the place where the said Timothy now lives in Bangor." Hancock Record, vol. 13, page 87.

"April 14, 1803, John Crosby and Ebenezer Crosby of Hampden, sell to Timothy Crosby for \$200 their right, title and interest in the lot settled by Simon Crosby of Bangor, deceased, who was father to said Timothy, John and Ebenezer Crosby. Signed,

John Crosby.
Sally Crosby.
Ebenezer Crosby.
Bathshuba Crosby."

Children, the dates of birth of the first ten are upon the Woolwich records :

- i. NICHOLAS. b. in Georgetown. Dec. 24, 1750, of Salem, Mass.
- ii. STEPHEN. b. Oct. 8, 1752; unmarried, died in the West Indies.
- iii. RACHEL, b. Dec 14, 1754. She was one of the original members of the Brewer Church. As of Salem, Mass., she married her cousin, General Henry Sewall, of Augusta, June 3, 1811. She died at Augusta, June 15, 1830; no children. He died Sept. 11, 1845, aged 93 years.
- iv. JOHN, b. in Woolwich, April 19, 1757, of Hampden.
- v. EBENEZER. b. April 12, 1759, of Hampden.
- vi. MEHETABLE. b. May 16, 1760. I have no account of her, she probably died young.
- vii. MARY. b. Nov. 24, 1762; m. John Smith, of York, afterwards of Barrington, N. H.
- viii. TIMOTHY. b. March 28, 1766, of Bangor.
- ix. ANNA or NANCY. b. May 21, 1768; m. George Haliburton, merchant of Castine and Frankfort, his second wife, Feb. 15, 1816-17. She had no children; died —. He married first, Mary, daughter of Dr. William Crawford, of Fort Pownall. Children—Mary Ann, George married — Crosby, of Hampden, Margaret and William.
- x. REBECCA. baptized Oct. 27, 1771; died in Bangor unmarried 1824; Timothy Crosby appointed administrator of her estate 1824; as such sells Sept. 30, one-ninth of Lot No. 2, in Bangor.

- xi. SALLY, b. Nov. 12, 1774; m. first, Jona. Nesmith, of Belfast, Me., Oct. 17, 1797; he died July 26, 1798, aged 26. She married second in Bangor, by Col. Jonathan Eddy, John Brown, Jr., of Belfast, 1799, his second wife. She died May 19, 1819. He died Oct. 19, 1824, aged 61. Children:—

1. Sewall Brown, b. May 14, 1801; died Sept. 1802.
2. John Brown, b. Dec. 26, 1802, lived in Hampden; m. Deborah Freeman, of Frankfort; 8 children.
3. Sarah Brown, b. Dec. 26, 1802, twin; m. Joseph Hobbs, of Hope; 8 children.
4. Ruth Brown, b. Dec. 9, 1804; m. John Houston, of Swanville; lived and died Winterport; 3 children.
5. Nicholas Crosby Brown, b. March 28, 1806; lived in Belfast; m. Jane Stevenson; 3 children.
6. Nancy Crosby Brown, b. Oct. 19, 1807; m. William Thompson, of Frankfort; died there; 6 children.
7. William Gilmore Brown, b. Nov. 5, 1810, of Bangor, m. Elizabeth Richards, of Bangor; she died; 3 children.
8. Harriet Brown, b. Nov. 12, 1812; m. Lemuel Clark, of Frankfort; 9 children.
9. Henry Sewall Brown, b. May 13, 1816, of Bangor; m. first Miss Sarah Jarvis Milliken, of Surry. She died — 1852. He married second, Miss Hannah Eliza, daughter of Henry Call, Sept. 28, 1853, born Oct. 18, 1823. Children, Henry A., b. April 2, 1848; Lizzie C., b. June 5, 1850; Frederick Sewall, b. Aug. 18, 1854; William Crosby, b. Aug. 19, 1856, died May 1, 1857; Edwin Call and Edgar Lowden, b. Nov. 27, 1859; Sarah Milliken, b. Nov. 5, 1862; died Oct. 5, 1863.

- xii. REUBEN, died unmarried.

NICHOLAS⁵ CROSBY son of Simon¹ Crosby, born December 24, 1750, came to Penobscot with his father. Gov. Williamson* says he was an intelligent trustworthy man, and was appointed Naval Officer for Penobscot in 1779—an office he held until his death in 1801. At that time, 1779, all the port, maritime and revenue duties devolved on him as there were no collectors until the adoption of the Federal Constitution. He was first succeeded in his office by George Billings, and next by John Lee. He seems to have lived in Bangor, Hampden, Castine and Salem, Mass. He was connected in business, with his brother-in-law, Benjamin Smith, in selling lumber and other business, both in Salem and Bangor, until 1799, when the firm was dissolved. He seems after this to have been a mariner. "Nicholas Crosby mariner, of Salem, Mass. sells to William Boyd, of Bangor, ship carpenter, one lot of land in Bangor, said to contain 100 acres formerly owned by Thomas Goldthwait, Sept. 19, 1792." Nicholas Crosby I suppose, died in Salem 1801. His wife Elizabeth administered

* See ante, vol. I, page 81.

on his estate. He married Elizabeth Smith, of Salem——. She died——. Children were:—

- i. ELIZABETH CROSBY, b. Oct. 16, 1782; m. Deacon David Sewall, of Bath, Oct. 21, 1806. She was of Salem, Mass. He died Nov. 22, 1869, aged 87 years 9 months and 8 days. She died Dec. 27, 1855. Their children were:—
 1. Emeline H. Sewall, b. Oct. 7, 1807; m. Rev. David Quimby Cushman, of Wiscasset, Feb. 13, 1838. He is the well known clergyman and historian. Mrs. Cushman died in Bath, March 27, 1886. Mr. Cushman now resides in Warren. Their daughter, Emeline A., b. June 21, 1841, married William H. Hodgman, of Warren, June 13, 1865; they have four sons.
 2. Benjamin Crosby Sewall, b. July 26, 1811; m. Susan Proctor Carpenter, of Foxboro, Mass., Oct. 17, 1844; resides in Detroit, Michigan, with their two children.
- ii. DEACON STEPHEN SEWALL CROSBY, b. —; merchant of Bangor. "A very pious and excellent man." An original member and Deacon of the first church in Bangor, Nov. 27, 1811, from Orrington (Brewer) Church. He moved to Haverhill, Mass., — dismissed to church there May 18, 1840. He married first, Miss Martha Allen, Jan. 9, 1815; she admitted first church, June 9, 1813, and died July 14, 1819. He married second Miss Ann Elliot, of Haverhill, Mass., — 1825. She came from church in Haverhill, to first church in Bangor, and dismissed to same place May 18, 1840. Children:—
 1. Frederick, b. March 3, 1816.
 2. Stephen S., b. July 29, 1817; died July 31.
 3. Stephen S. again, b. Sept. 1, 1818; died June 27, 1819.
- iii. BENJAMIN SEWALL CROSBY, b. —; died unmarried.
- iv. MARGARET CROSBY, b. —; admitted first church in Bangor, April 26, 1816; m. Major Jonathan Haskins, of Hampden, May 23, 1816, or June 15, 1816; daughter, Mary H., Dec. 12, 1836-37. He died Jan. 28, 1840, aged 52, Bangor. "Jan. 28, 1809, David Sewall, of Bath, and Eliza, his wife, Margaret Crosby of Bath, Stephen Sewall Crosby, of Hampden, heirs to estate of Nicholas Crosby late of Salem, Mass., deceased, sell for \$100 to Timothy Crosby, of Bangor, an interest in Lot No. 2, in Bangor, being lot formerly owned by Simon Crosby, deceased."

GENERAL JOHN CROSBY, son of Simon Crosby, born April 19, 1757. He came to Penobscot with his father in 1773, and soon after settled in what is now Hampden, near the Sowadabscook stream.

"He entered largely into lumbering, ship building and trade, and in 1806 was the most distinguished merchant on the Penobscot waters. When the Penobscot Bank, with a capital of \$150,000, was put in operation under its charter of March 14, 1806, he was chosen its president. It was located at Bucksport, and was the first bank on the river, or east of Wiscasset. The directors loaned money so largely on real estate, and into weak hands, that in a few years the corporation became unable to redeem its bills, and therefore made an assignment to William Gray, of Boston, who engaged to redeem them, and to pay its debts, in consideration of a bond executed by the president and cashier, with sureties that the amount in circulation did not exceed what the books exhibited.

Jahaziah Shaw was cashier—a careless man; and in some way through

his improvidence, Mr. Gray redeemed over \$40,000 beyond what was said to have been issued; and consequently Mr. Crosby had to pay \$20,000 or more—the penal sum of his bond. This loss and some others would have taken from him all his property, had not Mr. Gray, in compassion for his afflictions, and in conviction of his perfect honesty, generously resigned to him his homestead, without price or payment.

General Crosby's military career was rapid and elevated. On the resignation of Col. John Brewer, and Lt.-Col. Benjamin Shute, in 1797, when John Blake took command of the regiment, he was chosen major. He was an officer of good stature, commanding countenance, and fine appearance. On the resignation of Richard Hunnewell, the brigadier, in 1800, he succeeded him; being elected over all the colonels. He held the position until 1807.

For several years Gen. Crosby was the federal candidate for senator, but was never elected, as the democrats had a majority in his district. He possessed handsome abilities. His character was not merely unblemished: he was a man of piety. He loved pure religion, and what is uncommon, he and his son were deacons of the same church at the same time."

He was in service in the Revolutionary war. In July, 1779, he removed his family and drove his cattle to Camden where he remained for some time. After the British left the river he returned. He was also an officer in the war of 1812 and rendered himself particularly obnoxious to the British. In 1814, General Crosby for Hampden, and Amos Patten for Bangor, were dispatched to Halifax to intercede for the inhabitants of these towns. They returned in December, having been absent six weeks, with the Sir John Sherbrooke's ultimatum. The settlement of matters proceeded slowly. The treaty of Ghent was concluded on the 24th of December, and reached America Feb. 11, 1815, and everything fell through in consequence. Peace came.

He was admitted to the first church in Bangor, April 26, 1816, and dismissed to the new church in Hampden, April 5, 1817. He died May 25, 1843, aged 86. His will dated Dec. 21, 1840, proved Sept. 1843, "gives to wife Pamela, household furniture and \$100 to be paid by Executors in one, two and three years; the remainder to children, John Jr., Daniel, Heirs of Maria Dudley, Sarah Dudley, Melinda Mitchell, Joan Treat, and Elmira Emery, share and share alike."

Elias Dudley, Executor.

He married first Sarah, daughter of Benjamin Wheeler, the

first settler in Hampden (1767) she born in Durham, N. H., Jan. 30, 1762, died May 28, 1828. He married second Mrs. Pamela Kelley, of Frankfort. Children all born in Hampden.

- i. JOHN, Jr., b. Sept. 14, 1786; lived in Hampden. He held many official positions; died Oct. 3, 1863, aged 77; m. Ann K., only daughter of Hon. Simeon Stetson, of Hampden, Dec. 24, 1823. She born Feb. 25, 1800, died Sept. 10, 1879. Children all born in Hampden:
 1. Charles S., b. October, 1824; graduated Bowdoin College 1846. He read law and commenced practice in Bangor; was in the war of the rebellion, and afterward removed to Manchester, Iowa. He died Jan. 23, 1881. He married Miss Eveline Owen, of Brunswick, in 1850. No children.
 2. John, Jr., of Hampden and Minneapolis; m. Olive L., daughter of Franklin Muzzy, of Bangor, May 22, 1866. She died June 24, 1876, aged 35. He married second Miss Emma Gilson.
 3. Elizabeth K., —; unmarried; resides Topeka, Kansas.
 4. Henry C., —; died in the Army June 12, 1863.
 5. Daniel, b. Feb. 1835; graduated Bowdoin College 1855; resides Topeka, Kansas.
 6. Anna K., b. March 2, 1840; m. Hon. Lucilius A. Emery, of Ellsworth, Nov. 9, 1864. He graduated Bowdoin College, 1861; now Judge of the Supreme Judicial Court.
 7. Sarah D., —; unmarried; resides at Topeka.
 8. Simeon S., —; unmarried; died May 14, 1863, aged 26.
 9. Maria B., —; m. Abram Hammatt.
- ii. JOANNA, b. April 21, 1788; died Jan. 12, 1800.
- iii. DEACON BENJAMIN, b. April 21, 1790, of Hampden; Deacon of church there; distinguished for his piety; died June 3, 1873. He married his cousin Sally Sewall Crosby, of Bangor, Jan. 1, 1818. She died —; no children.
- iv. BETSEY, b. Nov. 13, 1791; died Nov. 14.
- v. SALLY, b. Sept. 19, 1792; m. Hon. Elias Dudley, of Hampden, 1815. He was Executive Councilor, and held other offices; died Jan. 29, 1867, aged 78. She died —. Children—Sarah, m. Barnabas Freeman, of North Yarmouth; Mary Godfrey; John Crosby; Ann Maria; Elias James; Irving and Ann Eliza.
- vi. MARIA, b. April 9, 1794; m. Edward Dudley, Esquire, of Hampden.
- vii. ELIZA, b. July 11, 1796; died Nov. 28.
- viii. MELINDA, b. Oct. 5, 1797; m. Rev. David M. Mitchell, of Waldoboro, March 14, 1821. He graduated Dartmouth College 1811; ordained minister at Waldoboro, June 19, 1841; afterward lived at South Natick, Mass. They had a daughter who married Rev. E. E. Strong, who graduated at Dartmouth College 1852, of Waltham and Andover, Mass. in 1855.
- ix. DANIEL, b. Oct. 8, 1799.
- x. JOANNA, b. Oct. 29, 1801; m. Colonel Robert Treat, of Frankfort, Dec. 21, 1823.
- xi. ELMIRA, b. Oct. 10, 1804; m. Daniel Emery, of Hampden. He died in Hampden; she died out west.

EBENEZER CROSBY, son of Simon Crosby born April 12, 1759, lived in Hampden and died there, possibly lived a few years at Miramichi. He died — 1838 aged 79. He married Bathsheba Nevers, daughter of Doctor Phineas Nevers, of Bangor. Doctor Nevers died soon after the marriage, and his sons and possibly

their mother moved to Miramichi, where I think Ebenezer Crosby and Timothy Crosby lived for a short time, they marrying sisters. She was an original member of Brewer church, dismissed from that church to First Church, Bangor, March 11, 1812, and afterward to the church in Hampden, March 2, 1817. She died —. He married second, Mrs. Ruth S. Holbrook, widow of Samuel Holbrook—, she died February 19, 1850, aged 74. Children from Hampden records:—

- i. MEHITABLE. b. Oct. 15, 1786; died May 18, 1797.
- ii. HANNAH. b. June 11, 1788. died unmarried.
- iii. WILLIAM. b. Miramichi, June 1, 1790; lived in Hampden. died there about 1832. She married second, Elijah Skinner, of Corinth; she died in Bangor a few years since.
- iv. POLLY, b. Miramichi, March 7, 1792; m. Chase Parker, July 21, 1816. They removed to Dover, Me., where they both died.
- v. JANE. b. Dec. 22, 1793; m. Edward Clements, of Frankfort, July 13, 1824; both died there; left a large family
- vi. EBENEZER, JR., b. Dec. 31, 1795; settled in Hodgdon or Houlton: m. and had a large family.
- vii. RACHEL. b. July 22, 1797; m. Davis Wasgatt, of Hampden; lived and died there.
- viii. SAMUEL. b. Jan. 24, 1800; lived in Hampden; moved West about 1870; m. Mary Ann Haliburton; both died.
- ix. SOPHIA. b. July 19, 1803; m. Abraham Colborn, of Frankfort.

MAJOR TIMOTHY CROSBY, son of Simon Crosby, born March 28, 1766, lived in Bangor, on the homestead of his father, Captain of militia and Major. "A most worthy man." He died September 3, 1825, aged 59.* He married Hannah, daughter of Colonel and Doctor Phineas Nevers, of Bangor, about 1789. She was admitted to the First Church in Bangor March 11, 1812, by letter from the First Church in Orrington (Brewer.) She died November 1, 1844, aged 76. Children, all born in Bangor:—

- i. JAMES CROSBY. b. at Miramichi, while his parents were there, Nov. 20, 1790. He was an esteemed citizen and distinguished merchant of Bangor. He died in Portland, Oct. 15, 1850, aged 60. He married first, Miss Charlotte Hills, Nov. 11, 1816; b. April 4, 1797; died May 27, 1828. He married second, Miss Eliza Leland, daughter of Deacon Eliashib Adams, of Bangor, March 21, 1831. She was born Oct. 24, 1806, and now resides at the old family mansion in Bangor. Children, all born in Bangor:
 1. James. b. June 16, 1818; died July 21, 1837.
 2. Josiah Hills. b. May 8, 1820; died March 20, 1823.
 3. Charlotte Catherine. b. June 9, 1822; m. William S. Peabody, of Bangor, May 28, 1844; she died Nov. 18, 1844; he died at Bucksport, July 10, 1877.

* His funeral was the first one attended by Rev. Swan L. Pomroy, pastor of the first church in Bangor, after his settlement here; and the funeral of his son, James Crosby, Esq., was the first attended by Rev. George B. Little, pastor of the same church, after his settlement here.

4. Josiah, b. Nov. 11, 1824; died April 5, 1825.
5. Sarah Hills, b. March 24, 1828; m. Rev. George M. Adams, Jan. 22, 1852. She died in Conway, Mass., Sept. 24, 1859.
6. George A., b. May 31, 1832; died July 7, 1856.
7. John L., b. May 17, 1834; graduated at Bowdoin College 1853; merchant in Bangor, now City Treasurer; married Miss Rosa M. Lunt, Sept. 27, 1855. Children—George Adams, b. Aug. 10, 1856, married and resides in Bangor; Caroline Leland, b. May, 1858, married, resides in Bangor; James, b. May, 1862; Charles Drummound, b. Dec. 1863, married, resides in Bangor.
8. James, b. Sept. 2, 1838; died Dec. 26.
9. James H., b. May 22, 1840; graduated at Yale College 1862; Clergyman, resides in Bangor; married Miss Helen E. Blake, of New Haven, Conn. She died May 5, 1868, aged 29 years, 4 months and 10 days.
10. Anna L., b. July 7, 1846; died April 29, 1867.
- ii. TIMOTHY CROSBY, JR., b. June 9, 1793; shipwright; lived on the old homestead in Bangor; died Jan. 21, 1872. He married first, Miss Lucy Hayward, of Concord, Mass., June 22, 1821. She died Aug. 19, 1866, aged 66 yrs. 8 mos. 28 dys. He married second, Miss Mary T. Merrill, of Portland, April 23, 1868. She died Nov. 17, 1884, aged 76. Children all born in Bangor:
 1. George, b. March 27, 1823, resides in Bangor; m. Mrs. Susan J. Wellington, of Brewer, Feb. 1, 1844. She died June 24, 1879 aged 62; has children.
 2. John Henry, b. April 8, 1824, resides in Bangor; m. Miss Almada C. Blanchard, of Searsport, June 22, 1847. Has children.
 3. Lucy Ann, b. Nov. 22, 1826; m. James S. Bedlow, of Bangor. She died in Bangor, June 19, 1858. He died in Portland.
 4. Emeline Sewall, b. April 24, 1829; died Oct. 1832.
 5. Fanny M., b. June 1, 1831; m. General James H. Butler, of Hampden, June 22, 1852.
 6. Benjamin S., b. Nov. 22, 1834, resides in Florida; m. first, Miss Anna E., daughter of Elias, and Sarah Dudley, of Hampden, 1858. She died Feb. 14, 1864, aged 28 years 5 months and 9 days; m. second, Martha W. Alden, Jan 10, 1865.
 7. James E., b. —; died in Bangor, —; m. Mary E., daughter of Bowen Holman, of Bangor, April 3, 1862; had children.
- iii. SALLY SEWALL, b. May 21, 1795; m. her cousin Deacon Benjamin Crosby, of Hampden, Jan. 1, 1818.
- iv. HARRIET, b. Aug. 20, 1799; m. Rev. Manning Ellis, of Brooksville, 1826. She died there May 16, 1827. He died in Bangor, Feb. 26, 1854, aged 56.
- v. OLIVE, b. June 21, 1802; died Oct. 8, 1880.
- vi. REV. JOHN, b. Sept. 11, 1803. Graduated Bowdoin College, 1823; settled minister Castine June 11, 1828. His health failed and he resigned Feb. 26, 1832, and went to Barbados, where he died May 26, 1833. He married Miss Catharine Hills, July 22, 182—. She died Jan 28, 1837. One son, John, Jr., who was of Castine, Sept. 22, 1843, petitioned to have James Crosby appointed his guardian.
- vii. JOTHAM SEWALL, b. May 29, 1808, lived on a part of the old Homestead in Bangor, where he died Sept. 22, 1885. He married first, Miss Martha D., daughter of Stephen Holland, 1833. She died Aug. 12, 1836, aged 26. He married second, Mrs. Martha T. Rowell, 1838, now living. Children, all born in Bangor:
 1. Martha D., b. July, 1836; m. John W. Abbott, of Bangor, 1865.
 2. Emma H., b. June, 1842; m. Frank Dwinel, merchant of Bangor, 1870.
 3. Rufus Henry, b. Sept. 1844; died 1845.
 4. Fred S., b. March, 1847, merchant of Bangor; m. Miss Mabel L. Thissell, of Bangor, 1883.
 5. Albert H., b. Feb. 1851; m. Miss Alice Briggs, 1873.
 6. Frank B., b. Feb. 1854; m. Miss Sarah Reed, 1876.

THE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, BLUEHILL.

From notes prepared by Rev. Jona. Fisher in 1810 with additions by the late
R. G. W. Dodge Esquire.

Before the settlement of the ministry in Bluehill, the town was supplied with preaching during several years, a part of each year by different candidates, hired sometimes by subscriptions, sometimes by tax. Among these candidates were the following:— Rev. Mr. Lancaster two summers, Mr. Little, Oliver Noble, Mr. Currier one summer, Seth Noble, Mr. Sawyer two or three months, Mr. Read, Simeon Miller, three months for two or three seasons, Mr. Lyon, Mr. McClintock, Mr. John Cleaveland, just after the war, Mr. Huse, 1793, Jonathan Fisher, 1794 and 1795. The town was further assisted by the occasional labors of missionaries, of these Rev. Daniel Little of Wells took the most active part and in October 7, 1772 embodied a Congregational church in the place, which was bound together by a covenant subscribed by the following names: Ezekiel Osgood, Nicholas Holt, Jonathan Day, John Roundy, Thomas Coggins, Peter Parker Jr., Joseph Wood and Nathan Parker. The wives of all these, except Thomas Coggins and Nathan Parker were received to the privilege and under the watch of the church. Two years after this, August 20, 1774, the Rev. Mr. Little met with this church for prayer and Christian conference, at which time the two senior members, E. Osgood and N. Holt were appointed to officiate as Deacons. The care of the table furniture was committed to J. Wood. A letter of thanks was voted to Elder Enoch Titcomb for his donation of communion vessels.

During the interval between this time and the time of the settlement of the minister, the congregation proceeded upon the plan of the half-way covenant, and by different ordained ministers, about 183 adults and children were baptized, of which a record has been preserved. A number of these belonging to No. 4, now Sedgwick. At the time of settlement of the ministry the practice of half way covenanting was laid aside. June 12, 1794, upon the application of Rev. Abial Abbot, who had been preaching at Penobscot. Mr. Jonathan Fisher, born at New Braintree, Mass.,

Oct. 7, 1768 and graduated at Harvard College, July 18, 1792, embarked for Bluehill in the schooner Ranger of Penobscot, Capt. Dyer, and on the 15th landed at Bigwaduce, on the 17th reached Bluehill. October 9, 1794, Mr. Fisher, after having supplied the people of Bluehill with preaching sixteen sabbaths, set sail for Boston. July 8, 1795 Mr. Fisher arrived in Bluehill the second time. Aug. 27, Rev. Jonathan Powers was ordained to the pastoral charge of a Congregational Church at Penobscot. The same day at evening, two young men and one young woman, returning from the ordination were drowned in the Southern Bay, Sedgwick. October 5, 1795 Mr. Fisher received a call to settle at Bluehill and was ordained 13th July, 1796, as appears by documents herein given.

"To the Selectmen of Bluehill, the petition of the subscribers, Inhabitants of said town respectfully shew:

That whereas the said town has hitherto been universally disposed to have the Gospel preached among them certain time in each year, increasing with regard to time, as they found themselves growing in wealth and popularity. And whereas from the uncertainty of procuring persons to officiate in that capacity, to their liking for three or four months in a year, your petitioners seriously believe they will as cheerfully as heretofore, agree to provide one during life.

And whereas it must evidently appear to every one, that the longer this business is postponed, and the greater number of different Preachers the town may employ, the greater will be the division among them, until each man may wish to have his particular Minister, and by that means have no one.

Your Petitioners therefor request, with a view to preserve that peace and harmony, which hath hitherto subsisted among us, that you call a meeting of said town within a month from the date hereof, to take the said matter into their serious consideration.

Nicholas Holt.
Joseph Wood.
John Roundy.
Jonathan Day.
Ezekiel Osgood.
Daniel Osgood.
Joshua Horton.
Nathan Parker.
Reuben Dodge.
Jedediah Holt.

Nehemiah Hinckley.
Israel Wood.
James Carter.
Thomas Coggin.
Robert Wood.
John Peters.
John Osgood.
Israel Robinson.
Edward Carlton."

Bluehill, Aug. 25, 1795.

"The Committee appointed to lay Proposals before the town at their meeting, which stands adjourned to Friday, the 16th October inst., to

be offered to Mr. J. Fisher, to settle with the town. Report it as their opinion that Mr. Fisher may be allowed £120 settlement to be paid from the produce of the Town rye which they calculate to answer that purpose; or give £60 in cash, and build him a barn of 40 by 30 feet.

And that he be allowed £60 in cash, and fall and clear five acres of land on the Minister lot annually, for ten years for his salary, and after the expiration of ten years, that he be allowed £80 salary yearly, during his services to this town as their minister.

It is also the opinion of your Committee that Mr. Fisher be allowed five weeks in each year to absent himself from the service of the church to visit his friends.

Bluehill Oct. 16, 1795.

John Roundy,	} Committee."
Joseph Wood, Jr.,	
Phineas Osgood,	
Eben Floyd.	

"DEDHAM, 7th October, 1795.

SIR:—In the Schooner Active, N. Atkins, master, I left Penobscot last sabbath day, 1 o'clock P. M. and on Tuesday 4 o'clock P. M. arrived at Lewis's wharf, Boston, having a very good passage. I find my friends and relatives in the neighborhood of Boston pretty well. I propose shortly to make an excursion into the country. Please to present the following:

Answer to the Church and Congregation at Bluehill.

MY FRIENDS:—Having received an invitation to settle among you in the ministry, and having seriously weighed the matter in my mind on both sides, I am sensible that the sacrifice I must make in accepting this invitation is great. To remove to such a distance from my kindred, who greatly desire my stay among them; to disappoint a society which has been waiting my return with a hope after long division to be united in me as their teacher, to hazard the difficulties that necessarily attend an infant settlement, and finally, to lose the society and the pious instructions of a circle of venerable Fathers in the ministry; all these things, considered in themselves are painful. Again, when I see destitute parishes in the vicinity of the place of my nativity, in the neighborhood of my relatives, and their parishes rich and flourishing, and while I am receiving application on one hand and on the other to preach the gospel among them, you may easily conceive that it is hard to resist the persuasion. But when I consider your situation, the importance of a preached gospel among you; the difficulty you may probably experience in finding such as are willing to take up their abode in such an infant part of the country; the evils which may be the consequence of my checking your first attempt to settle a minister, the general desire you have expressed of receiving me as your instructor in spiritual things, and that by this a door seems opened in the Providence of God for my being useful to the souls of my fellow creatures; when I consider these things I am persuaded it is my duty to accept your invitation, and being thus persuaded, I do cheerfully accept. But how great is the charge I

must take upon me; I must answer, not for my own soul only, but for the souls of many others. Who is sufficient for these things? I bless God that I may fly for help to the Lord Jesus who has declared, My grace is sufficient for thee, for my strength is made perfect in weakness.

I ask your prayers; pray for me, that the presence of God may attend me and that I may be faithful to the death. Praying for your spiritual peace. I subscribe myself your friend,

JONATHAN FISHER."

"BLUEHILL, 22d October, 1795.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF THE TOWN OF BLUEHILL.

GENTLEMEN:—Having received your proposals for settling in the ministry among you, and having taken a view of the lot of land reserved the first ministry, the settlement and salary appear to be generous, and equal to my expectations, considering the infancy of the country. In the land I am somewhat disappointed, it being much of it broken and containing but little timber. Considering this last circumstance I hope the town will not be offended, nor think it unreasonable, if I request that the proposals stand as follows, viz. :—

That the town will allow him two hundred dollars in cash and build him a barn forty by thirty feet, of thirteen and a half stud, and finish it completely as a settlement, and that they will also allow him two hundred dollars salary and cut and haul him fifteen cords of hard wood, eight feet in length, and fall and clear five acres of land on the minister's lot yearly, for ten years. That after the expiration of the ten years, they will allow him two hundred and fifty dollars as salary, and cut and haul for him thirty cords of hard wood eight feet in length, yearly during his services to this town as their minister; that a full payment for the salary for each and every year be made before the commencement of the year following; that he may absent himself from the service of the church five weeks in each and every year; and that in case of the loss of time by sickness he shall not be obliged to make it good, except the time exceed four weeks yearly.

If these proposals be agreeable to the town, they will be cheerfully accepted on my part, provided I can find my way clear to settle in this place upon any conditions.

I request your prayers to God for me, that he would direct and assist me. I can give you encouragement of my accepting your invitation, but request the liberty of deferring a positive answer till after my arrival at the westward. Wishing grace, mercy and peace to attend you, I am, gentlemen, your servant in Christ.

JONATHAN FISHER."

BLUEHILL, July 12, 1796.

According to appointment, convened this day, at the house of Col. Parker's, a council for the express purpose of ordaining Mr. Jonathan Fisher to the pastorate over this church. The council is composed of pastors and delegates from the following churches: The church at

must take upon me; I must answer, not for my own soul only, but for the souls of many others. Who is sufficient for these things? I please God that I may fit for help to the Lord Jesus who has declared, My grace is sufficient for thee, for my strength is made perfect in weakness.

I ask your prayers; pray for me, that the presence of God may attend me and that I may be faithful to the death. Praying for your spiritual peace, I subscribe myself your friend,

JONATHAN FISHER.

BRENTON, July 11, 1795.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF THE TOWN OF BRENTON.
GENTLEMEN:—Having received your proposals for settling in the ministry among you, and having taken a view of the lot of that town, and the first minister, the settlement and salary appear to be generous and equal to my expectations, considering the nature of the country. The land I am somewhat disappointed it being much less than I expected, and containing but little timber. Considering this last circumstance I regret the town will not be so profitable, nor think it unreasonable if I regret that the proposals stand as follows, viz:—

That the town will allow him two hundred dollars a year, and that he shall have by thirty cords of hard wood, and a half cord of soft wood, and that they will allow him two hundred dollars salary and that they will allow him five acres of land for the pasture of his cows. That within the expiration of the two years they will allow him two hundred and fifty dollars as salary and that they shall have by thirty cords of hard wood, and eight cords of soft wood, and that a full payment of his salary for each and every year be made before the commencement of the year following; that he may absent himself from the service of the church five weeks in each and every year; and that in case of the loss of time by sickness he shall not be obliged to make it good, except the time exceed four weeks yearly.

If these proposals be agreeable to the town, they will be desirable, accepted on my part, provided I can find any more than will be in place upon any condition.

I request your prayers to God for me, that he would direct and assist me. I can give you an assurance of my readiness to accept of them, but request the liberty of departing a journey, so that I may be able to arrive at the week-end. What of your money and justice to you, I and gentlemen your servant in Christ.

JONATHAN FISHER.

BRENTON, July 11, 1795.

According to appointment convened this day at the house in East Parish a council for the express purpose of ordaining Mr. Jonathan Fisher to the pastorate over this church. The council is composed of pastors and delegates from the following churches: The church at

Deer Isle, Rev. Peter Powers, delegates Thomas Stinson Esq., Deacon Caleb Haskell; the church at Wiscasset, Rev. Aldin Bradford, delegates Major John Hews; the church at Sedgwick, Rev. Daniel Morrill, delegates Messrs. Ebenezer Eaton, Solomon Eaton, Amoz Dodge; the church at Penobscot, Rev. Jonathan Powers, delegates Messrs. John and Thomas Wasson. The council when convened voted first, that the Rev. Peter Powers be moderator of said council. Second, the Rev. Daniel Morrill be scribe to said council. Third, after prayer being offered to Almighty God for his gracious presence, the council proceeded to inquire into those matters which were necessary, in order to a regular procedure. Fourth, necessary matters being duly considered, the council on the 13th of July, 1796, voted to proceed to ordain Mr. Jonathan Fisher to the pastorate care of the church at Bluehill. Not far from two o'clock P. M. Mr. Fisher was ordained accordingly.

Attest,

DANIEL MORRILL,

Scribe to said council."

GENERAL GEORGE ULMER.

FROM THE HANCOCK GAZETTE AND PENOBSCOT PATRIOT, JAN. 11, 1826.

Contributed by Joseph Williamson, Esquire.

In Lincolnville, General George Ulmer, aged seventy years. General Ulmer was born in the town of Waldoborough, on the 25th of February, A. D. 1756, of German parents. His father was a native of Ulm, and his mother of some place in Suabia, and emigrated to this country before the taking of Louisburg, at the capture of which his father and two uncles were present. During the early life of Gen. Ulmer there were no schools in or near Waldoborough, and the English language was not spoken. In his twentieth year, while on a fishing voyage, the vessel in which he sailed was captured by the frigate *Lively*, and with the crew, carried to Boston, then in possession of the British. He made his escape from the frigate into the town, and over the Charles river to the American lines, at the imminent hazard of his life, and then enlisted in the American army, in which he continued until the close of the war, being with Montgomery at Quebec, at Ticonderoga, at the capture of Burgoyne, at the defeat upon Rhode Island, and at battles of Brandywine and Monmouth. At the time of his enlistment he was not able to read or write; but obtained considerable proficiency in learning during the war. He was married in Rhode Island while a private. After the close of the revolutionary struggle he removed to Ducktrap in this county, and at one time, by lumbering and merchandise, attained a handsome property, and acquired much distinction and popularity. He was repeatedly chosen Representative and Senator to the General Court of Massachusetts, and was appointed by the Legislature Major General of the 10th Division; and by Governor Sullivan

Deer Isle, Rev. Peter Powers, delegates Thomas Shattuck Esq., Deacon Caleb Haskell; the church at Wiscasset, Rev. Aldin Bondholl, delegates Major John Lewis; the church at Sebago, Rev. Daniel Morrill, delegates Messrs. Ebenzer Eaton, Solomon Eaton, Aaron Dodge; the church at Penobscot, Rev. Jonathan Powers, delegates Messrs. John the Rev. Peter Powers be moderator of said council. Second, the Rev. Daniel Morrill be scribe to said council. Third, after prayer being offered to Almighty God for his gracious presence, the council proceed to regular proceedings. Fourth, necessity arising, being duly considered, the council on the 15th of July, 1861, voted to proceed to obtain an Jonathan Fisher to the pastorate of the church at Boothby. Not far from two o'clock P. M. Mr. Fisher was admitted accordingly.

Attest

Darius Moulton

secretary to said council.

GENERAL GEORGE E. DAVIS.

FROM THE HANCOCK GAZETTE AND RECORD, FEBRUARY 15, 1861.

Translated by Joseph W. Johnson, Esq.

In Lincolnville, General George E. Davis, lately deceased, was born in the town of Wiscasset, on the 15th of January, A. D. 1796, of German parents. His father was a native of Ohio, and his mother of some place in Sweden; and emigrated to this country before the taking of London, at the same time which his father and two mothers were present. During the early years of General Davis there were no schools in or near Wiscasset, and the English language was not spoken. In his twentieth year, when he was living upon the vessel in which he sailed was captured by the British, and with the crew, carried to Boston, then on board of the British ship. He made his escape from the rigging into the water, and near the Charles river to the American lines, at the moment of his escape, and then enlisted in the American army, in which he continued until the close of the war, being with Montgomery at Quebec, at Fort Mifflin, at the capture of Burgoyne, at the battle of Red Bank, and at the battles of Monmouth and Monmouth. At the close of his military career he was not able to read or write; but obtained considerable proficiency in learning during the war. He was married in Rhode Island while a private. After the close of the revolutionary struggle he removed to Duckport in this country, and at one time he lectured and expounded the General Court of Massachusetts, and was sponsored by the Legislature Major General of the 10th Division; and by Governor Johnson

Sheriff of Hancock. Upon the declaration of the late war he resigned his office of Sheriff for one more congenial with his early habits, and accepted the command of Colonel of the U. S. Volunteers, and was stationed at Eastport. Since the peace he was a Senator in the first Legislature of Maine, but the infirmities of age had for several years confined him to private life, and for the most part to his own room. He was a distinguished Mason, and for many years presided over the lodges of this district.

In reviewing the life of Gen. Ulmer the first thing that strikes me is the extraordinary vigor of intellect which, under all the discouragements of early poverty and ignorance, could enable him to arrive at a point of so much distinction; for no man possessed the confidence of those around him in a higher degree; and was more frequently rewarded by the testimonies of public regard. As a legislator, during the meridian of life, it has been said, he surprised all by the powers of a natural and happy eloquence, and exhibited all the appearance of one who, to strong powers of mind, had united the advantages of a polished education. He was a decided Republican, of a most benevolent and philanthropic disposition and generous hospitality to all around him in days of prosperity; and at all times exhibited to the rich and the poor, the manner of a gentleman.

TOWN OF PENOBSCOT.

INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 23, 1787.

An act for incorporating a certain plantation in the county of Lincoln, called Majorbigwaduce or Number Three, into a town by the name of Penobscot.

PREAMBLE.—Whereas the inhabitants of the said plantation labor under many difficulties and inconveniences for want of being incorporated into a town, therefore,

SECTION I. Be it enacted, etc., * * * That all the lands lying within the following limits, with the inhabitants thereon, viz.: Beginning at Buck Harbour, so called, on the dividing line between Number Three and Number Four, and from thence running north-easterly, on the westerly line of Number Four, Number Five, and Number Six, to the southerly corner of Number Two; thence westerly on the southerly line of Number Two to Penobscot River; thence southerly down the same river and Penobscot Bay, to the south-westernmost part of Cape Rozier; thence easterly, including Spectacle Island to Buck Harbour aforesaid, the place of beginning, be, and hereby are incorporated into a town, by the name of Penobscot. Joseph Hiblert, Esq., was authorized to issue his warrant for calling the first meeting.

BENJAMIN BOWERS, OF LOWELL,

Was born in Cambridge, Mass., August 1, 1752. A Revolutionary soldier. He was in Dartmoor prison 9 months. He lived in Cambridge, where he kept tavern, removed to Peacham, Vermont, in 1800, and from thence to Lowell, Maine, about 1825. He died July 8, 1834. He married Miss Sabrina Wright, 1795-6; she born April 24, 1767, died Lowell, March 16, 1835. Their children were:—

- i. ELIZA, b. Cambridge, Dec. 20, 1796; died June 9, 1798.
- ii. JOHN, b. Cambridge, March 7, 1798; died Jan. 9, 1799.
- iii. JOHN, b. Cambridge, Dec. 23, 1799. He removed to Lowell or Enfield, 1825-6, and thence to Burlington, where he died May 5, 1867. He married Phebe Clay, of Enfield, April 7, 1825. Children, all born in Lowell except the last:—Benjamin F., b. Sept. 16, 1825, resides Burlington; married and has family; John, died young; Eliza, married; Orin, married; lives in Aroostook Co.; Rebecca, died; Edwin, married, lives in Burlington; Wealthy, married, lives in Dexter; John W., died in Burlington; Kate, married Frank Turner, lives in Burlington.
- iv. ELIZA, b. Peacham, Oct. 6, 1801; died July 28, 1802.
- v. ALANSON, b. Peacham, June 28, 1803; died Nov. 15, 1814.
- vi. SAMUEL WRIGHT, b. Peacham, Feb. 14, 1805; died April 11, 1806.
- vii. SABRINA, b. Peacham, Jan. 4, 1807; m. Alanson Houghton, Dec. 2, 1824. He lived in Burlington, Lee, and Forest City.
- viii. SAMUEL, b. Peacham, Aug. 3, 1808; died July 16, 1809.
- ix. BENJAMIN, b. Peacham, Oct. 13, 1809; lived in Lowell and Lee, where he died Dec. 23, 1841. He married Hannah Darling, of Enfield. She married second, Andrew Bradbury, of Burlington or Patten.
- x. HANNAH W., b. Peacham, Jan. 10, 1810; m. Nathaniel Coffin, of Lowell, where she died December, 1849.

TOWN OF FRANKFORT.

INCORPORATED JUNE 25, 1789.

An act to incorporate the plantation from Belfast to Wheeler's Mills, west side of Penobscot river, in the County of Lincoln, into a town by the name of Frankfort.

Act 1. Be it enacted, etc., * * * That the tracts of land bounded as followeth, viz.: north easterly on the bay of Belfast, and Penobscot river, up said river to Wheeler's Mills, thence by a line beginning at the south east corner of Belfast, and running due north on the eastern bounds of Belfast until a line running due west from said Wheeler's Mills shall intersect the same, together with the inhabitants thereon, be and hereby are incorporated into a town by the name of Frankfort.

Sec. 2. Benjamin Shute, Esq., was authorized to issue his warrant for the first meeting.

PETITION OF THE INHABITANTS OF SEBASCODOGIN,
IN THE DISTRICT OF HARPSWELL,

TO THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS, MAY 25, 1768.

In the incorporation of said district, about eleven years ago, this island, alias Shapleigh Island, was included in Harpswell. We the inhabitants, ask to be erected into a distinct, separate precinct, that we may enjoy the privileges of the gospel in common with other Christians in a more decent and convenient manner.

Abiezer Holbrook,
Jona. Holbrook,
Israel Snow, or Isaac,
John Snow,
Elisha Snow,
Samuel Williams(?)
Wm. Thompson,
Joseph Thompson,
James Ridley,
James Ridley Jr.,
Simon Hopkins,
James Rankins,
Constant Rankins,
Nath. Purenton,
John Ress,
Joseph Ross,
John Matthews,
— Small,

Joseph Coombs,
Joseph Linscot(?)
Simon Page,
John Rankins,
Isaac Hall,
Isaac Hall Jr.,
John Hall,
Thos. Ross,
Joseph Hall,
Nath. Hall,
David Welch,
Anthony Coombs,
Anthony Coombs Jr.,
James Stackpole,
Wm. Stackpole,
Samuel Morse,
Ezekiel Clemens,
William Hasey.

HEWES FAMILY. OF ISLESBORO.

Paoli Hewes, son of Elihu Hewes, was constable in Islesboro 1791; married Pamela, daughter of Sylvester Cottrel of Islesboro, December 10, 1787, by Col. Gabriel Johnnot of Castine. Mr. Hewes removed to Belfast and died there June 19, 1848, aged 80. William Hewes, brother of Paoli, lived in Islesboro, married Lucy, daughter of Fields Coombs, published October 27, 1821. He was drowned in Belfast harbor, October 1, 1828. The widow married second, Captain William Wyman, "of Belfast" and Nova Scotia, his second marriage, November 20, 1829. Capt. Wyman and wife both died in Islesboro. They had several children.

PETITION OF THE INHABITANTS OF SEBASTEOPOLIS
IN THE DISTRICT OF HARPSWELL.

TO THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS, MAY 25, 1788.

In the incorporation of said district, about eleven years ago, this island, alias Staphelygh Island, was included in Harpswell. We the inhabitants, ask to be created into a distinct separate precinct, that we may enjoy the privileges of the gospel in common with other Christians in a more decent and convenient manner.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Adrian Holbrook, | Joseph Coombs, |
| John Holbrook, | Joseph Coombs, |
| Isaac Snow, or Isaac, | Simon Page, |
| John Snow, | John R. Snow, |
| Elmer Snow, | Lease Hill, |
| Samuel Williams, | Lease Hill, |
| Wm. Thompson, | John Hall, |
| Joseph Thompson, | Thomas Rose, |
| James R. R. R., | Joseph Hill, |
| James R. R. R., | John Hill, |
| Simon R. R. R., | David W. R. R., |
| James R. R. R., | Anthony L. R. R., |
| Constant R. R. R., | Anthony L. R. R., |
| John R. R. R., | James R. R. R., |
| John R. R. R., | Wm. R. R. R., |
| John R. R. R., | Samuel R. R. R., |
| John R. R. R., | Robert R. R. R., |
| John R. R. R., | William R. R. R., |

HEWES FAMILY OF SEBASTEOPOLIS

Paul Hewes, son of John Hewes, was married in 1781; married Pamela, daughter of Mr. Hewes, of 1781; December 10, 1787, by Col. General John Hewes, of 1781; Hewes removed to Belfast and died there June 10, 1797; William Hewes, brother of Paul, died in 1781; Lucy, daughter of Paul's Cousin, published October 25, 1781; He was drowned in Belfast harbor, October 1, 1785. The wife married second, Captain William H. Hewes, of Belfast, and born 1785, his second marriage, November 30, 1787. Capt. H. Hewes and wife both died in 1788. They had several children.

THE AROOSTOOK WAR, AND THE VOLUNTEER TROOPS THEREIN.

It is not my purpose to write a history of this war. The late Governor Israel Washburn, in an address before the Maine Historical Society, May 15, 1879, which may be found in Vol. VIII of the Collections of the Society, gives a thorough and exhaustive account of the whole subject of the North-Eastern Boundary Troubles. Mr. Washburn says: "Never was there such a history of errors, mistakes, blunders, concessions, explanations, apologies, losses and mortifications on one side, of inconsistencies, aggressions, encroachments, affronts and contempts on the other, as that which has respect to the Boundary question." This question had always been a bone of contention between the governments of England and the United States. We had been outwitted and outgeneraled in the matter, as we have since, with the same question and the fisheries. The interests of Maine have always been sacrificed whenever these questions have come up. In 1839, matters culminated. The English government claimed jurisdiction over a part of what is now the State of Maine; trespassers were authorized to come upon our territory and cut timber, and when they were ordered off, they defied the authority of Maine and refused to go. The public mind had become thoroughly aroused. After the assembling of the Legislature, Gov. Edward Kent sent in a message and documents, which brushed away forever the flimsy and worthless pretext which had of late formed a prominent feature of the British case.

Governor John Fairfield, who had been elected Governor, to succeed Governor Kent, sent a message to the Legislature, January 23, in which he said, "How long are we thus to be trampled upon, our rights and claims derided, our honor contemned and the State disgraced?" January 24th the Legislature passed a resolve "directing the land agent to employ forthwith a sufficient force to arrest, detain and imprison all persons found trespassing on the territory of this State, as bounded by the treaty of 1783." At this time Rufus McIntire was the land agent, and under this resolve volunteers were called for; and here I come to the main object of this article, that is to do honest, even-handed justice to these volunteer troops. They have not even a roster or a record in the archives of this State.

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TROOPS THEREIN.

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Governor John Fairfield, who had been elected Governor to succeed Governor Kent, sent a message to the Legislature, January 23, in which he said, "How long are we thus to be trampled upon, our rights and claims defied, our honor compromised and the State disgraced?" January 24th the Legislature passed a resolution directing the land agent to employ parties to a sufficient force to arrest, detain and imprison all persons found trespassing on the territory of this State as bounded by the treaty of 1763. At this time Rufus McIntire was the land agent, and under this resolve volunteers were called for; and here I come to the main object of this article, that is to do honest, even-handed justice to these volunteer troops. They have not even a record or a record in the archives of this State.

Governor Washburn well said, "The Aroostook war, notwithstanding the ridicule attached to some of its episodes, and its tame conclusions, forms a chapter in the history of the State which does real honor to its border chivalry." In less than two weeks, not the insignificant number of "three hundred men," but ten or twelve companies of more than one thousand men, even more in number than the drafted men, were on their way to Aroostook. These volunteers were patriots. The war was real to them; just as much so as it was to men who went into the civil war. Teams were taken out of the woods, the tools and bedding of the camps packed on to horse sleds, and in some instances whole crews enlisted, farmers laid down their work, mechanics theirs. In the dead of winter these men started, camping wherever night overtook them—in houses, barns, and sometimes beside the road in the snow; and so they arrived at the Aroostook river, where they located, and built Fort Fairfield, and also log houses or camps for their own occupancy. They were the forerunners and advanced guard. Major Hastings Strickland had some sort of command over these troops, just what, or how, there is no record. February 5, he and Captain Stover Rines, and his company from Oldtown, arrived at the New Brunswick line. They were accompanied by Rufus McIntire, the land agent, and several other gentlemen. The gentlemen put up at the house of one Fitcherbert, when the trespassers gathered one night, and took them prisoners, and carried them to Fredericton Jail. In a few days after, the volunteer troops had all arrived at what is now Fort Fairfield. As soon as Gov. Fairfield heard of the capture of the land agent, he appointed Col. Charles Jarvis provisional land agent. Col. Jarvis immediately proceeded to the Aroostook river, arriving there February 23. There he found ten or twelve companies of over one thousand men, without any head. The next morning he issued the following order, which I copy from the original:

[COPY.]

"HEADQUARTERS, AROOSTOOK, Feb. 24, 1839.

JOSEPH PORTER, ESQUIRE. SIR:—You are hereby notified of your appointment as Colonel of the volunteers under my direction on the Aroostook, and act accordingly, retaining at the same time your command as Captain, and your Lieutenant acting in your place when you are officiating as Colonel.

CHARLES JARVIS,

Acting Land Agent."

I find among the papers of the late Colonel appointed by Col. Jarvis, the following order:

"The volunteers assembled at Fort Fairfield and its vicinity, to aid

Governor Washburn well said, "The Atcootook war, notwithstanding the ribbons attached to some of its episodes, and its tame conclusions, forms a chapter in the history of the state which does real honor to its border civility." In less than two weeks, not the insignificant number of "three hundred men", but two or twelve companies of more than one thousand men, even more in number than the drafted men, were on their way to Atcootook. These volunteers were patriots. The war was real to them; not as much so as it was to many who went into the civil war. The men were taken out of the woods, the tools and building of the camps packed on to horse sleds, and in some instances whole teams enlisted, farmers laid down their work, mechanics theirs. In the dead of winter these men started, carrying whatever might be taken from their houses, farms and communities beside the trail, in the snow; and so they started at the Atcootook river, where they located, and built Fort Fairbairn, and a few miles to the west their own camp. They were the government and advanced guard. Major Hastings, with his own sort of command, was these troops just what he needed, there is no record. February 15, he and Captain Snow Hines, and the company from Fort Fairbairn arrived at the New Brunswick river. They were accompanied by Indian Scouts, the band again, and several other regulars. The gentlemen got up at the house of one Fairbairn, where the volunteers gathered one night and took their horses, and carried them to Fairbairn's. In a few days after the volunteers had all arrived at the camp at Fort Fairbairn. As soon as Gov. Fairbairn heard of the capture of the land again, he appointed Col. Charles Lewis, president and agent, of the volunteers, proceeded to the Atcootook river, arriving there February 22. There he found the twelve companies of men, one thousand men, without arms. The next morning he issued the following order, which I copy from the original:

[Order.]

"Hearken ye, ye Atcootook, Feb. 22, 1890.
Joseph Forten, Esquire, and you, who have control of your appointment as Colonel of the volunteers under my direction, and as Atcootook and act accordingly, remain at the same time your men, and as Captain, and your lieutenant, and your place where you are officiating as Colonel.

CHARLES JARVIS.

Acting Land Agent.

I find among the papers of the late Colonel appointed by Col. Jarvis, the following order:

"The volunteers assembled at Fort Fairbairn and its vicinity, to sit

the land agent in the execution of the laws of the State, will parade under command of Joseph Porter, Esquire, acting as Colonel, on the river opposite Fort Fairfield. Those gentlemen acting as Captains will one and all take notice, and govern themselves accordingly. The review to take place at nine o'clock Sunday morning.

CHARLES JARVIS.

Fort Fairfield, March 2, 1839."

On the back of this order, is the following endorsement in the hand-writing of Col. Porter:

"The volunteers, 1,000 strong, were reviewed as within, by Hon. Charles Jarvis, land agent, Hon. Rufus McIntire, land agent, and Hon. J. T. P. Dumont, Senator from Kennebec. By order of Hon. John Fairfield, Governor of Maine."

In the mean time the drafted men were on their way to Aroostook, and as they were soon to reach the seat of war, on the 19th day of March, the volunteers were discharged; and the fruits of their labors were enjoyed by those who came after them. After the decease of Col. Porter, I found this roster of the officers of the volunteer troops. Diligent search has been made at the State House, and it is safe to say there is no record of these men there. It may or may not be correct. It is just as I found it. I ask the notice of persons who can remember back forty years, to the officers of these volunteer troops. Never before nor since was a regiment officered like it in this State, viz. :—

Col. Charles Jarvis.....	Acting Land Agent.
William P. Parrott.....	Aid-de-Camp to Col. Jarvis.
Joseph Porter.....	Colonel Commanding.
Joshua Chamberlain, Jr.....	Lieut.-Col. Commanding.
John Dunning, of Charleston.....	Major Commanding.
Henry W. Cunningham, of Swanville.....	Adjutant.
Daniel Chase, of Atkinson.....	Quartermaster.
Luther Turner, Jr., Lincoln.....	Artillery Captain.
Benjamin Drew, Dexter.....	" Lieut.
D. L. Bussell.....	" "
Wm. Cross, Milo.....	" "
Ward Witham, Bangor.....	Infantry Captain.
Rollins.....	" Lieut.
Geo. W. Towle, Lincoln.....	Rifles Captain.
Thos. H. Chase.....	" Lieut.
Alpheus Coburn.....	" "
Jedediah Judkins.....	" "
Stover Rines, Orono.....	Infantry Captain.
Thomas Hunt.....	" Lieut.
Samuel Burr, Brewer.....	" "
Lorenzo D. Butters, Exeter.....	" Captain.
Horace Butters.....	" Lieut.
Ansel J. Wood, Stetson.....	" "
Calvin S. Doughty, Sangerville.....	" Captain.
Charles Robinson, Dover.....	" Lieut.
Luther Chamberlain, Foxcroft.....	" "
Thomas Bartlett, Jr., Bangor.....	" Captain.

the land agent in the execution of the laws of the State, will parade under command of Joseph Porter, Esquire, acting as Colonel on the river opposite Fort Fairbairn. These gentlemen acting as Captain will give notice, and govern themselves accordingly. The review to take place at nine o'clock Sunday morning.

CHARLES JARVIS.

Fort Fairbairn, March 2, 1859.

On the back of this order, is the following endorsement in the hand-writing of Col. Porter:

"The volunteers, 1000 strong, were reviewed as within, by Hon. Charles Jarvis, land agent, Hon. Rufus S. Johnson, land agent, and Hon. J. T. P. Belmont, Senator from Minnesota. By order of Hon. John Fairbairn, Governor of Maine."

In the mean time the drafted men were on their way to Africa took, and as they were soon to reach the west of war, on the first day of March the volunteers were engaged; and the battle of their labors were engaged by those who were after them. After the decease of Col. Porter, I found the master of the volunteers of the volunteer troops. Diligent search has been made at the State House, and it is said to say there is no record of these men there. It may or may not be correct. If it is, I found it. I ask the notice of persons who can remember back forty years, in the officers of these volunteer troops. Next before me there was a regiment offered like it in this State.

Col. Charles Jarvis, Acting Land Agent.
William F. Jarvis, Acting Land Agent.
Joseph Porter, Esquire, acting as Colonel.
John Fairbairn, Esquire, acting as Captain.
John Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Henry W. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Daniel C. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Luther T. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Benjamin D. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
D. L. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Wm. C. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Ward W. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Hollis Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Geo. W. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Thos. H. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Alphonse Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Jedediah Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Soyez Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Thomas Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Samuel Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Lawrence Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Hiram Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Asa J. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Calvin S. Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Charles Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Luther Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.
Thomas Belmont, Esquire, acting as Captain.

Simon Burnet, Hermon,.....	Infantry Lieut.
Harrison M. Crowell, Corinna,.....	" "
Henry Williamson, Parkman,	" Captain.
Jacob Works, "	" Lieut.
Adams Macomb, "	" "
John Ford, Hallowell,.....	Artillery Captain.
Abner True, "	" Lieut.
Wallis McKennie, Augusta,	" "
Charles T. Dunning, Charleston,.....	Infantry Captain.
Jere. Page,	" Lieut.
Daniel Brown, Atkinson,.....	" "
Thomas Emery, Hampden,.....	" Captain.
S. B. McAllister, "	" Lieut.
W. S. Booker, "	" "
Daniel Billings, Monroe,.....	Infantry Acting Captain.
Caleb F. Billings, Northport,.....	" 2d Lieut.
Alvin Nye,	" "
Daniel Chase, Atkinson,.....	Infantry Captain.
Job Parsons, Dover,	" Lieut.
William Brown, Atkinson,	" "
Nymphas Turner, Milo,	" Captain.
Asa Dow, Dover,	" Lieut.
Thomas Furber, Milo,.....	" "
Franklin Hussey, China,.....	" Captain.

APPENDIX.

A committee of the Legislature, report in March, 1840, that they "find that the total amount of the expenditures on account of the Civil posse, together with the continuation of the Aroostook road, a service which the Land Agent after the passage of the Resolve of March 8th, 1839, authorizing the same—deemed judicious to connect with the operation of the posse—is, according to the books in the Land Office, one hundred and nineteen thousand two hundred and fifty-three dollars and seventy-six cents, as follows :

For services of	men	509	days	at	50	cts.
"	"	1,753 $\frac{1}{2}$	"	"	60	
"	"	61	"	"	74	
"	"	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	"	"	75	
"	"	35,073 $\frac{1}{4}$	"	"	1 00	
"	"	10	"	"	1 20	
"	"	12	"	"	1 30	
"	"	580	"	"	1 25	
"	"	11	"	"	1 33	
"	"	28	"	"	1 37	
"	"	58	"	"	1 40	
"	"	1,128	"	"	1 50	
"	"	316	"	"	1 60	
"	"	332	"	"	1 75	
"	"	1,735	"	"	2 00	
"	"	411 $\frac{1}{2}$	"	"	2 50	
"	"	148	"	"	3 00	
"	"	91	"	"	5 00	

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COLONEL PAUL DUDLEY SARGENT, OF SULLIVAN, MAINE, AND FAMILY.

CONTRIBUTED BY IGNATIUS SARGENT, ESQ., OF MACHIAS, ME.*

Col. Sargent was born at Salem, Mass., 1745; he was the son of Col. Epes Sargent, of Gloucester, Mass., and his second wife, Catherine Winthrop, widow of Samuel Brown, of Salem, and daughter of John and Ann (Dudley) Winthrop,† of Boston, where she was born. Paul Dudley Sargent resided in Gloucester, Amherst, N. H., Salem, Boston, and Sullivan, Me., where he removed about 1787. His business was that of a merchant. The Revolutionary war almost ruined him financially. He had a large interest in vessels, which were lost by capture or shipwreck. He was said to have been one of those who planned the Boston Tea Party. He was an intimate friend of Lafayette. His advanced age prevented his acceptance of the invitation to meet Lafayette at Boston, when he visited this country, in 1824.

His nephew, Daniel Sargent, of Boston, under date of August 26, 1824, writes: “* * * Your old fellow soldier, Gen. Lafayette, is now here, and I have just had the pleasure and honor to pay my respects to him.” He was a Revolutionary pensioner, and his pension added much to the comforts of his old age. He was the first Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas; the first Judge of Probate, and a Justice of the Peace, all for the

* With some additions by the editor of the Historical Magazine.

† John Winthrop, F. R. S., of Waitstill Winthrop, of Governor John Winthrop, of Massachusetts Bay, married Ann, daughter of Governor Joseph Dudley, of Massachusetts, Dec. 16, 1707.

County of Hancock; all of the commissions were signed and issued by Governor Hancock on the same day. He was the first Representative to the General Court from Sullivan; appointed Post Master the 20th year of the Independence of the United States. He was also one of the original Overseers of Bowdoin College, 1794.

A biographical sketch of Col. Sargent, from the *Boston Palladium*, 1828, is here given :

"Col. Paul Dudley Sargent, of Sullivan, Me., was a son of the late Col. Epes Sargent, of Gloucester, Mass., by his second wife, who was the widow of the Hon. Sam'l Browne, of Salem; she was grand daughter of Gov. Joseph Dudley, and a descendant of Gov. John Winthrop.

The subject of this memoir was born in Salem, Mass., in the year 1745, and was brought up in Gloucester, where he married a daughter of the Hon. Thos. Saunders, a patriotic and distinguished member of the Council of Massachusetts during the disputes with the "Mother Country." Paul Dudley Sargent was an early asserter of the rights of the colonies, and one of the first who took up arms in their defence.

Being in Boston in the year 1772, he had the honor of an invitation to be present at a meeting of that celebrated club of Patriots, Hancock, Samuel Adams, and others who took the lead in the Revolution, and he gladly availed himself of the opportunity. The question which was debated upon that occasion, was the organization of the militia, or the best mode of disposing of them, and it was determined that companies of volunteers or minute men should be raised and disciplined. In a very short time after his return to Gloucester, a company was raised there which he joined, and in the formation of which he took an active and zealous part; but having become obnoxious to the Government he deemed it expedient, with the advice of some of his friends, to remove to Amherst in New Hampshire, where he soon raised and trained a very large company. In January, 1776, he was chosen, though not by a duly authorized body, commander of the southern part of the country, while Stark was chosen commander of the northern part. In a few hours after learning that the British had penetrated into the country as far as Lexington, and were proceeding to the northward, he marched with about three hundred men, and in the evening of the same day arrived at Concord with one thousand strong, where by the committee of safety then sitting there, he was directed to remain till further orders. Two days afterwards he was ordered to Cambridge. He expected to obtain a Colonel's Commission from the General Court of New Hampshire, of which he was then a member, but was disappointed. They ordered the troops to be put under the command of a general from New Hampshire. Gen. Ward then took him to Watertown, where the Convention of Massachusetts was in session, and represented the case to them. Several of the leading members, as well as Gen. Ward, took a lively interest in it, and altho' the full number of commissions had been made out for the command of regiments, the convention determined to

add another for Mr. Sargent. He soon raised a regiment, and had an advanced post assigned him at Inman's farm.

At the time of the battle of Bunker Hill he was very desirous of joining our troops there with his regiment, but Gen. Ward, apprehending that the post at Inman's farm would be attacked, did not think it advisable to permit it. The General's apprehensions proved to have been well founded, for a large schooner full of men attempted to get up, but the wind being ahead and the tide turning, prevented her. Col. Sargent then had leave to join the troops at Bunker Hill, but it was too late. He got near enough, however, to receive a scratch by a four-pound shot from a gunboat lying at Penny's ferry. After the British evacuated Boston, Gen. Washington ordered him into the town and gave him the command of the Castle under Gen. Ward. This gave him the command of all the boats that could be procured, by which means he protected and was greatly instrumental in saving the valuable powder ship which was sent in by the brave but unfortunate Capt. Mugford. A few days after, he took with him two hundred men and two six-pound cannon to Long Island, and in the night threw up a small work. At daylight, some British who still remained near the coast, perceiving the work, and supposing it to be much stronger than it was, got under way immediately and departed. Soon after he was ordered to New York, and marched from Boston with an uncommonly full regiment. On his arrival he was posted at Hurl Gate, where he had a battery of twelve eighteen-pounders. The British threw up a work opposite to him on Long Island, and they cannonaded each other steadily and constantly for seven or eight days, when the British landed at Turtle Bay, about a mile below the American Fort. He was then ordered by Gen. Washington to move to the plain back of him, there form in order to cover the retreat of part of the army, and wait further orders. This order was duly and happily executed; the British were formed in front of him, about a mile distant, but did not choose to attack him. He remained on the ground until night, when he was ordered on to Harlem Heights. At this time he was commander of a very strong Brigade, as Col. Commandant. In the skirmish at that place a number of his men were killed and wounded, several of them on each side, and very near him. The next day he was ordered to retire over King's Bridge to West Chester, and from thence he was ordered to White Plains, where he performed very severe duty, and by hard fighting and sickness lost a large number of his men. He finally became sick himself, and was obliged to leave camp for a number of weeks. On returning to the army at Peekskill, he found an order to join Gen. Washington in Pennsylvania, under the command of Gen. Lee. They crossed the river at King's Ferry, Dec. 2, 1776, and marched without making much progress until the 13th, when a party of British Light Horse surprised and carried off the General, who lodged at a house about three miles from his troops. Immediately upon being informed of the facts, Col. Sargent took about seventy picked men and went in pursuit of them, following their tracks for seven or eight miles but without success. The troops then marched on with speed under Gen. Sullivan, and joined Gen. Washington on the 23d of December. Two days afterward they were ordered on the famous expedition to

and another for Mr. Sargent. He soon raised a regiment, and had no advanced post assigned him at Luman's farm.

At the time of the battle of Hunker Hill he was very business of joining our troops there with his regiment, but Gen. Ward, apprehending that the post at Luman's farm would be attacked, did not think it advisable to permit it. The General's apprehensions proved to have been well founded, for a large squadron fell on men stationed to get up, but the wind being ahead and the tide turning, prevented her. Sargent then had leave to join the troops at Hunker Hill, but it was too late. He got near enough, however, to receive a mortal wound by a shot from a gunboat lying at Luman's farm. After the British evacuated Boston, Gen. Washington ordered this into the town and gave him the command of the Castle under Sir Wm. The general's intention was all the posts that could be procured, for which reason he procured and was greatly embarrassed in saving the castle, the powder ship which was sent in by the heavy but notwithstanding the difficulty. A few days later he took with him two hundred men and two hundred cannon to Long Island, and in the night threw up a small work. At daylight, some British who still remained near the beach, observing the work and supposing it to be much stronger than it was, got under way immediately and departed. Soon after the war returned to New York, and marched from Boston with an intention to fall upon the British, as was stated at that time, when he had a battle of the eighteenth. The British were not working against the British, but Long Island, and they commenced and were steadily and successfully for seven or eight days, when the British landed at Turtle Key, about a mile below the American fort. He was then ordered by Gen. Washington to move to the plain back of him there in order to cover the retreat of part of the army and again another battle. This was a very difficult and rapidly executed; the British were landed in front of him about a mile distant, but did not choose to attack him. He remained on the ground until night, when he was ordered to go to the British. At this time he was commander of a very strong brigade, as Col. Cornwallis, in the estimate at that place, a number of his men were killed and wounded, several of them on each side and very near him. The next day he was ordered to retire with his brigade to the British, and from thence he was ordered to White Plains, where he performed very severe duty, and by hard fighting and sickness lost a large number of his men. He finally became sick himself, and was obliged to stay camp for a number of weeks. On returning to the army at Fort Mifflin, he fought an order to join Gen. Washington in Pennsylvania, under the command of Gen. Lee. They crossed the river at Red Bank, on Sept. 26, 1777, and marched without making much progress until the 27th, when a party of British light troops surprised and carried off the advanced, who, being at a house about three miles from his troops. Immediately upon being informed of the fact, Col. Sargent took about seventy picked men and went in pursuit of them, following their tracks for some or eight miles but without success. The troops then marched on with speed under Gen. Sullivan, and joined Gen. Washington on the 28th of September. Two days afterwards they were ordered on the famous expedition to

Trenton. Col. Sargent's Brigade was in the division which succeeded in getting over the river, and did itself much honor on that memorable and auspicious day. He was in the second affair at Trenton, and also in the engagements with the British regiments coming out of Princeton.

After the brilliant victories at Trenton and Princeton, (as they were then called on account of their beneficial and important effects) Gen. Washington led his army into a place of security in order to give them the rest which they so much needed, and at this time Col. Sargent returned home. He then engaged in privateering with the same spirit and activity which he had shown in the army, and previously, from the commencement of the disputes with Great Britain. A respectable gentleman in this commonwealth (Massachusetts,) now living, who was attached to his regiment, and afterwards to his brigade, and from whom a part of the information contained in this memoir has been obtained, speaks in the highest terms of his patriotism, bravery, and services. He was lavish of his money as well as of his time and health in promoting the general cause.

When peace took place he resumed his business as a merchant, but like many, if not the most of the American merchants of that day, he was unfortunate. He retired to a small farm at Sullivan, in the District (now State) of Maine, where he lived many years enjoying the respect and esteem of his friends, neighbors, and fellow citizens. He represented his town in the General Court, and was honored by appointments to a number of civil offices under the government of the commonwealth and of the United States. He took a lively interest in passing events, to the day of his death, and rejoiced in the welfare of his country. He left a widow and a large number of descendants."

Colonel Sargent died in Sullivan, September 28, 1828. He married in Gloucester, Mass., — 1772, Lucy, the daughter of Hon. Thomas and Lucy (Smith*) Sanders. She was born Nov. 24, 1752, and died in Sullivan. Children were:

- i. LUCY, b. Gloucester, Sept. 27, 1773.
- ii. KATHERINE WINTHROP, b. Amherst, New Hampshire, April 15, 1775.
- iii. MARY, b. Boston, August, 1777.
- iv. PAUL DUDLEY, b. Salem, March, 1779.
- v. SARAH ALLEN, b. Salem.
- vi. CHARLOTTE SAUNDERS, b. Boston, July, 1783.
- vii. JOHN, b. Boston, Jan. 28, 1784, or 1785.
- viii. JULIA, b. Boston, Aug. 30, 1786.
- ix. ANN WINTHROP, —
- x. FITZ HENRY, —
- xi. ANN WINTHROP, —
- xii. HARRIET ELIZA, —

- i. LUCY SARGENT,† of Paul Dudley Sargent, b. Gloucester, Mass., Sept. 27, 1773; m. Rev. John Turner, of Alfred, Me., Sept. 30, 1792; he b.

* Lucy Smith was the daughter of Rev. Thomas Smith, minister of Portland, 1727 to 1795; born March 8, 1727. She was married to Mr. Saunders; published Nov. 2, 1751. He graduated Harvard College, 1748, and was a distinguished man of his time. He was a large landholder in Maine. He died Jan. 10, 1774, aged 45.

† Only eight of her grandchildren now living.

Braintree, Mass., Nov. 4, 1768. He graduated Brown University, 1788; ordained minister at Alfred, 1790, or Sept. 8, 1791; dismissed 1804; at Biddeford, 1805 to 1818, then Kingston, N. H., three years, then Boston or Dorchester, where he died Sept. 29, 1839, aged 71. His widow died in Boston, Feb. 13, 1853. Children were:

1. Lucy Sargent Turner, b. June 28, 1795; m. David Hale, of New York, editor of the *Journal of Commerce*, Aug. 25, 1825. He died Jan. 20, 1849; three daughters are now living, Mrs. Conover, Mrs. Camp, and Mrs. Richardson.
2. Maria Sophia Turner, b. Aug. 30, 1797; m. Rev. Joseph Searle, Oct. 14, 1829, of Stoneham, Mass.; graduated at Dartmouth College 1815. He died Harrison, Dec. 3, 1841.
3. Charlotte Saunders Turner, b. Sept. 2, 1801; unmarried; resided with her sister in New York.
4. Rebecca Turner, b. May 24, 1803; died June 4.
5. Martha Walker Turner, b. Sept. 22, 1805; died Oct. 26, 1807.
6. Martha Walker Turner, b. Feb. 13, 1809; married first, Edward Dunning, merchant of Mobile, Nov. 6, 1834; he died Oct. 4, 1836; she married second, Arthur Wilkinson, merchant, of Boston, Dec. 3, 1840, of firm of Wilkinson, Stetson & Co.
7. John Newton Turner, b. Jan. 6, 1811; merchant in Boston; m. Harriet Dana, July 20, 1836; she daughter of Nathaniel Dana, of Portland, b. Dec. 5, 1813.
8. Samuel Hubbard Turner, b. Feb. 9, 1814; merchant, New York City; m. Joanna A. Sexton, Nov. 5, 1847.
9. Catherine Winthrop Turner, b. Jan. 22, 1819; died Jan. 25, 1839.

ii. KATHERINE WINTHROP SARGENT was born at Amherst, N. H., April 15, 1775. She married Theodore Jones,* in Sullivan, Me., Nov. 24, 1793. This being his second marriage, he having married first Miss Sally Brinley, of Boston, Oct. 27, 1785. Mr. Jones was born in Weston, Mass., March 1, 1760; after his second marriage he resided in Ellsworth. He was a lumberman and manufacturer. He died Feb. 7, 1842; his wife died May 8, 1848. Children, all born in Ellsworth:—

1. Theodore Jones, b. Dec. 25, 1794; he died in Boston, Jan. —, 1842. He married Miss Sarah Ann, daughter of Jonathan Marston, of Machias, 1818. She died in Boston, Jan., 1864.
2. Katherine Winthrop Jones, b. April 26, 1797; m. Major Asa A. Pond at Ellsworth, 1816. He was born in Franklin, Mass., Feb. 19, 1792; lived at Calais; was first Master of first Masonic Lodge there, 1822; removed to Ellsworth. He was Sheriff of Hancock County several years. He died Oct. 14, 1853; she died in New Haven, August, 1859 (1860). They had four children.
3. Paul D. S. Jones, b. Jan. 30, 1799; died July, 1813.
4. Henry Sargent Jones, b. Jan. 14, 1801; resided in Ellsworth. General of the regiment; died Oct., 1856; he married Miss Sarah Cobb Hodges, daughter of James Hodges, of Taunton, Mass., and grand-daughter of General David Cobb, of Gouldsborough, Me. She died at Ellsworth, Oct., 1868.
5. Sarah Brinley Jones, b. June 8, 1803; died in Calais, 1843. She married John P. Deshon, Calais, 1822. He died there 1850.
6. Mary Elizabeth Jones, b. Oct. 3, 1805; m. John Peters Langdon, of Ellsworth, 1825. He died 1880; she now resides in Ellsworth.
7. Ellen Cobb Jones, b. July 3, 1807; m. Gilbert Foster. He died in Calais, 1876; widow resides in Calais.

* His father, Col. Nathan Jones, was one of the first settlers in Gouldsborough. •

- Residence, Mass., Nov. 4, 1788. He graduated Brown University, 1788; resided in Mass. at Alford, N.H., or Sept. 8, 1791; elsewhere; at Middlebury, 1795 to 1801, then Kingston, N.H., three years; then Boston or Providence, where he died Sept. 20, 1810, aged 31. His widow died in Boston, Feb. 13, 1838. Children were:
1. Lucy Sargent Turner, b. June 25, 1788; m. David Hale of New York; editor of the *Journal of Commerce*, Aug. 28, 1828. He died Jan. 30, 1849; three daughters are now living, Mrs. Conover, Mrs. Camp, and Mrs. Livingston.
 2. Maria Sophia Turner, b. Aug. 30, 1797; m. Rev. Joseph Smith, Oct. 14, 1829, at Rochester, Mass.; graduated at Dartmouth College 1815; died in Boston, Dec. 6, 1841.
 3. Charlotte Sargent Turner, b. Sept. 2, 1801; unmarried; resided with her sister in New York.
 4. Rebecca Turner, b. May 24, 1801; died June 4, 1807.
 5. Maria Walter Turner, b. Nov. 22, 1805; died Oct. 20, 1867.
 6. Martin Walter Turner, b. Jan. 15, 1807; married Mary, dau. of David, m. of Boston, Nov. 6, 1831; he died April 1, 1854; she married second, Arthur W. Johnson, son of Rev. of Boston, Dec. 2, 1831; m. of Winterset, N.Y., 1836.
 7. John Sargent Turner, b. Jan. 2, 1811; married in Boston; m. Harriet Lane, dau. of Rev. of New York, 1843. He died at Portland, Me., 1863.
 8. Samuel Hubbard Turner, b. Jan. 1814; married New York City; m. Susan A. Brown, Dec. 2, 1847.
 9. Catherine Whittier Turner, b. Jan. 13, 1818; died Jan. 20, 1839.
- B. KATHARINE WHITTIER SARGENT was born at Lancaster, N.H., April 15, 1817. She married Thomas Sargent, b. in Keene, N.H., Nov. 20, 1788. This being his second marriage, he having married first Mrs. Sally Bishop, of Boston, Jan. 15, 1816. Mr. Sargent lived in Weston, Mass., March 1, 1870, after his second marriage he resided in Ellsworth. He was a Unitarian and naturalist; his wife, Feb. 7, 1881; she died May 2, 1881. Children, all born in 1818:—
1. Theodore Sargent, b. Nov. 25, 1818; he died in Boston, Jan. 2, 1881. He married Mrs. Sarah Ann daughter of Jonathan Munroe of Ellsworth, 1847; she died in Boston, Jan. 18, 1868.
 2. Katherine Whittier Sargent, b. April 22, 1817; m. Walter Sargent, b. Feb. 18, 1817; died in Ellsworth, 1882; resided in Ellsworth. He was Sheriff of Lincoln County several years. He m. Feb. 14, 1857; she died in New Haven, Conn., Jan. 17, 1887. They had four children.
 3. Paul A. Sargent, b. Jan. 20, 1819; died July, 1841.
 4. Henry Sargent Jones, b. Jan. 14, 1821; resided in Ellsworth. General of the regiment that in 1868 he married Miss Sarah Cobb (daughter of James Hodgson of Tisbury, Mass., and granddaughter of General David Cobb of Goshenbury, Me.; she died in Ellsworth, 1871).
 5. Sarah Bishop Jones, b. June 5, 1821; died in Maine, 1870. Married John L. Bodman, Maine, 1871. He died there 1879.
 6. Mary Elizabeth Jones, b. Oct. 2, 1821; m. John Lewis (dau. of Ellsworth, 1851. He died 1883; she now resides in Ellsworth.
 7. Ellen Cobb Jones, b. July 2, 1821; m. Oliver Turner. He died in Maine, 1870; widow resides in Maine.

* His father, Rev. Nathan Jones, was one of the first settlers in Goshenbury.

8. Ann Dudley Jones, b. Nov. 3, 1810; m. Rev. Anson Sheldon, 1832; Bangor Theological Seminary 1837; Congregational Clergyman; City Missionary, Boston; Oldtown, 1831-2. Robbinston, 1833-4; Falmouth, 1835-6; New Haven, other places. He died Morristown, N. J., 1874; wife died New Haven, 1870.
9. Lucy Saunders Jones, b. Oct. 22, 1812; died unmarried in Ellsworth, 1871.
10. Charlotte Parsons Jones, b. July 11, 1814; m. first, Luther Jewett, of Portland, 1852. He was Collector of the Port 1848-1852; died there 1856; widow m. second, Rev. Roger S. Howard, D. D. at Portland, 1860. He graduated at Dartmouth College 1829. For a long time teacher in Girls' High School in Bangor. Rector at Rutland, Vt., St. Stephen's Church in Portland 1860, and at Webster, Mass.; President of Norwich University, 1869-1871; Rector of St. Mary's Church at Northfield, Vt. He died at Greenfield, Mass., in 1880, aged 72. Mrs. Howard resides at Greenfield, Mass.
11. John Winthrop Jones, b. Feb. 14, 1817; merchant at Ellsworth, and Brooklyn, N. Y.; now resides at Greenfield, Mass. He married Miss Ann M., daughter of Andrew Peters, Esquire, of Ellsworth, Me., Sept. 22, 1848.
12. Thomas Dudley Jones, b. Nov. 15, 1818; merchant in Ellsworth and Brooklyn, N. Y. He married Miss Eliza Ann, daughter of Deacon Samuel and Nancy (Jordan) Dutton,* of Ellsworth, Dec. 19, 1841; she was born July 25, 1818.
- iv. PAUL D. SARGENT, JR., b. Salem, Mass., March, 1779. He was lost by Shipwreck, near Truro, Cape Cod, about 1800, together with all on board the vessel.
- v. SARAH ALLEN SARGENT, b. Salem, Mass., about 1780; m. Robert Gordon, of Sullivan, 1832, his second marriage; both deceased; no children.
- vi. CHARLOTTE SAUNDERS SARGENT, born in Boston, 1783; married Joseph Parsons, of Alfred, Me., Oct. 29, 1805; both deceased; children:
 1. Julia Sargent Parsons, b. April 4, 1807; m. Hon. John West, of Franklin; deceased; parents of Hon. Joseph H. West of Franklin.
 2. Joseph Usher Parsons, b. Oct. 22, 1809.
 3. Charlotte Saunders Parsons, b. Aug. 22, 1811; m. Benjamin Jordan, Jr., of Franklin, Sept. 15, 1839. He died July 5, 1850.
 4. Frances Usher Parsons, b. Jan. 16, 1814.
 5. William Dudley Parsons, b. Dec. 27, 1815.
 6. Mary Sophia Parsons, b. Feb. 7, 1818; drowned 1819.
 7. John Sargent Parsons, b. Dec. 25, 1819.
- vii. JOHN SARGENT, b. Boston, Jan., 1785; lived in Sullivan; moved to St. Stephens, N. B., 1831, to Calais 1833, where he died Jan. 1, 1842. He married Miss Harriet, daughter of Dr. Joseph Taft,† of Weston, Mass. She was born Feb. 15, 1791; died in Calais, Aug. 3, 1848. Children:
 1. Daniel, b. Feb. 22, 1813; went to Texas, 1838, thence to Nassau, New Providence, thence to Iragua, Bahamas, where he was United States Consul; died at Nassau, Nov., 1884. He married Miss Frances A. Lockhart.

* Deacon Samuel Dutton, of Ellsworth, died Dec. 26, 1874. His wife died September 12, 1833.

† Dr. Joseph Taft was born at Braintree (Randolph); graduated Harvard College 1783; settled in Weston, where he died, Jan., 1824.

2. Ignatius, b. Jan. 17, 1815; resides at Machias; merchant; County Treasurer many years. Has held many other official positions to general satisfaction.* He married Miss Emeline E. Potter.
 3. Lucy, b. Nov. 17, 1816; m. Timothy Darling; resides in Nassau, N. P., but are now temporarily residing in Paris, France.
 4. John Dudley, b. Feb. 10, 1819; died in infancy.
 5. John Dudley, b. Nov. 14, 1820; resides in Boston; m. Miss Mary D. Harwood.
 6. Harriet Taft, b. Jan. 13, 1822; m. John B. Horton; she died at Calais, Feb. 23, 1848.
 7. Francis Taft, b. Oct. 3, 1824. He died at Nassau, N. P., Sept. 21, 1860; he married Miss Sarah E. Lee.
 8. Epes, b. Sept. 15, 1826; m. and resides at Washington, D. C.
 9. Henrietta Louisa, b. Oct. 20, 1831; m. S. Otis Johnson; she died at Nassau, N. P., Sept. 29, 1869.
 10. Charles, b. Sept. 15, 1835; resides in Bergen, N. J.; Post Office, New York City; married first, Miss Harriet E. Sage; second, Miss Adra (?) B. Bigelow.
- viii. JULIA SARGENT, b. Boston, Aug. 30, 1786; m. Dr. Abner Johnson 1812. He was born in Waterford, Me., Feb. 22, 1786. He commenced practice as a Physician in Waterford, afterward at Sullivan for many years, then Cherryfield, and at Brewer, Me., ten years. He and his wife were admitted to Brewer Church, Sept. 10, 1836. He was well known as the inventor and manufacturer of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. He died in Boston, July 4, 1847. Mrs. Johnson died 1877. I copy from an obituary notice: "Died in Weathersfield, Conn., June 30, 1877, Julia Sargent, widow of the late Dr. A. Johnson, aged 92 years. Something more than a passing obituary may be allowed even in these busy days, to one who was the last link between her own and the present generation, whose reminiscences of childhood sketched back into the 18th century, who could through father and son lay a hand on each of our great national conflicts, who could give delight to children and grandchildren by tales drawn from personal recollections of refugees from the French Revolution, and who remembered Prince Tallyrand as a guest at her father's table." * * Children:
1. Harriet Sargent Johnson, b. Aug. 30, 1813; m. Rev. Aaron C. Adams. He was born in Bangor, April, 1815; graduated at Bowdoin College 1836; Bangor Theological Seminary 1839; ordained minister at Gardiner 1839; Gorham 1842; Auburn 1858; Weathersfield, Conn., 1867-8. Four children.
 2. Mary Sargent Johnson, b. 1816. "Member of Brewer Church, died at Sullivan, Oct. 10, 1836." History of Waterford says 1838.
 3. Charlotte Elizabeth Johnson, b. Aug. 2, 1818; m. William P. McKay, of South Reading, Mass., Aug. 16, 1854, by Rev. Aaron C. Adams.
 4. Isaac Samuel Johnson, b. March 18, 1821; merchant in Bangor for many years; m. first, Miss Lauretta Parker, July 21, 1846; she died Sept. 22, 1858; m. second, Mrs. Elizabeth B. Tasker, Nov. 3, 1859. Children.
 5. Thomas Saunders Johnson, b. 1825; m. Roselina C. Wright. He died in California in 1849.
 6. Charles Fitz Abner Johnson, b. 1827; merchant of Presque Isle; m. Miss Sarah C. Jewett in Bangor. Children.
 7. Dudley Henry Johnson, b. March 23, 1830; Lieutenant in 17th Maine Vols.; killed at the battle of Fredericksburgh, May 3, 1863; m. Miss Sarah H. Ketchum.

TOWN OF MACHIAS.

INCORPORATED JUNE 23, 1784.

An act for confirming a grant of a certain tract of land called Machias, in the county of Lincoln, and for incorporating the said tract of land, and the inhabitants thereof, into a town by the name of Machias.

Whereas, a certain tract of land called Machias, in the county of Lincoln, was in April, 1770, granted by the General Court of the late Province of Massachusetts Bay to Ichabod Jones and 79 others, his associates, their heirs and assigns, upon certain conditions in the said grant expressed, a plan of which tract, setting forth the extent and boundaries thereof, was in July, 1771, presented to, received and accepted by said Court, and whereas the conditions in the said grant have been complied with to the satisfaction of this Court, and it is represented by the inhabitants of said tract that they are subject to many inconveniences in a state of unincorporation, Therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, etc., * * * That the beforementioned grant of the aforesaid tract of land extending and bounded as follows, viz.: Beginning at a dry rock at a place called the Eastern Bay, near the house of Mr. Samuel Holmes, and extending north ten degrees, west ten miles; thence west ten degrees, south eight miles; then south ten degrees, east ten miles; then east ten degrees, north eight miles, to the first mentioned bounds, is hereby ratified and confirmed unto the aforesaid Ichabod Jones, and his said associates, his and their heirs and assigns forever.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, etc., * * * That the said tract of land extending and bounded as aforesaid, together with the inhabitants thereof, be and hereby are incorporated into a town by the name of Machias. * * *

SEC. 3. Provides that all settlers shall have a reasonable quantity of land.

SEC. 4. Provides that the several lots set apart for Harvard College, to the first ordained minister, to the use of the ministry, and to the use of the school, be truly reserved for those purposes.

SEC. 5. Authorizes Stephen Jones, Esq., to issue his warrant calling the first meeting.

LEVI CARTER'S RECEIPT.

ORRINGTON, May 25, 1795.

Received of John Blake ten pounds, it being in part for the sum which I was to receive for surveying the town of Orrington.

By me,

LEVI CARTER.

TOWN OF MACHIAS.

INCORPORATED JUNE 23, 1781.

An act for confirming a grant of a certain tract of land called Machias, in the county of Lincoln, and for incorporating the said tract of land, and the inhabitants thereof, into a town by the name of Machias.

Whereas, a certain tract of land called Machias, in the county of Lincoln, was in April, 1770, granted by the General Court of the late Province of Massachusetts Bay to Ichabod Jones and 75 others, his associates, their heirs and assigns, upon certain conditions in the said grant expressed, a plan of which tract, setting forth the extent and boundaries thereof, was in July, 1771, presented to the said court and accepted by said Court, and whereas the conditions in the said grant have been complied with to the satisfaction of this Court, and it is represented by the inhabitants of said tract that they are, and it is many inconveniences in a state of anarchy, the Court,

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc. * * * That the aforementioned grant of the aforesaid tract of land extending and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a log rock at a place called the Machias log rock, the house of the named Ichabod Jones, and extending north ten degrees, west ten miles; thence west ten degrees, south eight miles; thence south ten degrees, east ten miles; thence east ten degrees, north eight miles; the first mentioned bounds as being settled and confirmed unto the aforesaid Ichabod Jones, and his said associates, his and their heirs and assigns forever.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, etc. * * * That the said tract of land extending and bounded as aforesaid, together with the inhabitants thereof, be and hereby are incorporated into a town by the name of Machias. * * *

Sec. 3. Provides that all settlers shall have a reasonable quantity of land.

Sec. 4. Provides that the selectmen together with the Harvard College, in the first obtained entrance to the new town, and to the use of the school, be truly returned to the Legislature.

Sec. 5. Authorizes Stephen Jones, Esq., to issue his warrant under the first meeting.

LEVI CARTER'S RECEIPT.

Quincy, May 23, 1781.

Received of John Blake ten pounds, it being in part for the sum which I was to receive for surveying the town of Oronoke, By me, Levi Carter.

HON. JOHN GODFREY, OF BANGOR.

JOHN GODFREY JR., was the son of John and Jerusha (Hodges) Godfrey, of Taunton, Mass., born May 27, 1781. He graduated at Brown University in 1802, studied law with James Sproat, of Taunton, admitted to the Bar at Castine, August, 1805. The same year settled at Hampden and commenced the practice of law. During the war of 1812, he went to Taunton for a time, but returned to Hampden, 1815. He moved to Bangor in 1820. He was County Attorney from Feb. 9, 1829, for seven years. He was a man of influence as a lawyer, citizen and christian. He died May 28, 1862. He married first, Miss Sophia, daughter of Samuel Dutton, Esq., May, 1807. She was the mother of all his children, and died June 14, 1836. He married second, at Searsport, Miss Mehitable, daughter of David Thurston, of Sedgwick, April 24, 1838. She was born Feb. 5, 1800, and died. Children were :—

- i. SOPHIA GODFREY, b. Feb. 18, 1808; died May 28, 1811.
- ii. JOHN E. GODFREY, b. Sept. 6, 1809; resided in Bangor; Attorney at Law; Judge of Probate many years; died March 20, 1884, aged 74. He married first, Miss Elizabeth A. Stackpole, of Portland, May 16, 1837; she died May 27, 1868. He married second, Miss Laura J., daughter of Michael Schwartz, of Bangor, Sept. 19, 1876. Children:
 1. Col. John F. Godfrey, b. June 23, 1839; lawyer; married; moved to California and died there.
 2. George F. Godfrey, b. Oct. 23, 1840; resides in Bangor; merchant; married Miss Abbie R., daughter of Henry E. Prentiss, Esquire, of Bangor. Children: Henry Prentiss Godfrey, b. Nov. 8, 1869; Angela Godfrey, b. Oct. 9, 1871; George Herbert, b. Jan. 21, 1876; Edward Rawson, b. Dec. 27, 1877;
 3. Ethel, b. Sept. 26, 1878; by second wife.—
- iii. CHARLOTTE GODFREY, b. March 25, 1811; m. Rev. Alpha Morton. He graduated Bangor Theological Seminary 1842; minister at several places. She died at Auburn, Sept. 4, 1871. He removed to Oakham, Mass.
- iv. ANN SOPHIA GODFREY, b. Dec. 24, 1812; m. Rev. John Dodge, of Waldoborough, April 14, 1843. He was minister of Sharon, Mass., and Braintree, Mass., where he died June 19, 1872, aged 60. Their daughter Ellen married Rev. Minot J. Savage, of Boston.
- v. EMELINE GODFREY, b. Nov. 11, 1814; m. Rev. William W. Whipple, He graduated Bangor Theological Seminary 1845; removed to Iowa; resided in Jaynsville in 1880.
- vi. MARY GODFREY, b. March 12, 1817; m. Samuel F. Stone, of Harvard, Mass.
- vii. CAROLINE GODFREY, b. Aug. 15, 1819; died Aug. 19.
- viii. JULIA GODFREY, b. Aug. 20, 1820; m. first, Robert Dutton, of Bangor; second, A. C. Waltman, of LaGrange, Missouri.
- ix. JAMES GODFREY, b. Oct. 8, 1822; graduated at Bowdoin College, 1844. Studied law; settled in Waldoboro, then Houlton, where he died Aug. 30, 1850. He married Miss Mary C., daughter of George Wheelwright, of Bangor, 1848. She m. second, Chas. P. Felch, of Chicago.
- x. GEORGE, b. Oct. 22, 1824; died Dec. 31, 1834.
- xi. ARTHUR, b. Feb. 18, 1828; died at Virginia City, Nevada.

HON. JOHN GODFREY, OF BANGOR.

John Godfrey Jr., was the son of John and Jerusha (Hodges) Godfrey, of Taunton, Mass., born May 27, 1781. He graduated at Brown University in 1802, studied law with James Sprunt of Taunton, admitted to the bar at Castine August, 1805. The same year settled at Bangor and commenced the practice of law. During the war of 1812, he went to Taunton for a time, but returned to Bangor, 1815. He moved to Bangor in 1820. He was County Attorney from Feb. 6, 1829, for seven years. He was a man of influence as a lawyer, citizen and Christian. He died May 28, 1862. He married first, Miss Sophia, daughter of Samuel Patton, Esq., May, 1807. She was the mother of all his children, and died June 14, 1856. He married second, at Bangor, Miss Melinda, daughter of David Thompson, of Seelyville, a girl 24, 1838. She was born Feb. 7, 1820, and died. Children

were:—

- I. Sophia Godfrey, b. Feb. 18, 1808; died May 27, 1861.
- II. John E. Godfrey, b. Sept. 6, 1809; died in Bangor; Attorney at law; clerk of Probate court; died March 20, 1857, aged 47. He married first, Miss Elizabeth, a daughter of Jonathan May Jr. 1827; she died May 2, 1860. His second woman, Miss Laura, a daughter of Michael Robinson of Bangor, Sept. 15, 1850. Children: I. Col. John F. Godfrey, b. June 21, 1829; lawyer; married; moved to California and died there.
2. George E. Godfrey, b. June 22, 1831; married in Bangor; now about married Miss Anna, a daughter of Horace F. May, Esq., of Bangor; a daughter of Henry H. H. Godfrey, b. Nov. 8, 1831; George died Oct. 2, 1857; George married in Jan. 21, 1859; Edward married in Jan. 21, 1857.
3. Edward, b. Sept. 20, 1835; he married Miss Anna, a daughter of Thomas Godfrey, b. March 25, 1815, in New York. He graduated Bangor Theological Seminary 1857; minister at several places. She died at Auburn Sept. 1, 1877. He married at Oakland, Mass.
- IV. Asa Godfrey Godfrey, b. Dec. 22, 1817; in New York; died at Bangor, April 14, 1845. He was married at Bangor, Mass., and married Miss Anna, a daughter of Jonathan May Jr., a daughter of Jonathan May Jr., b. Nov. 8, 1831; Asa married in New York, N. Y. 1845.
- V. Ezekiel Godfrey, b. Nov. 11, 1818; in New York; N. Y. 1845. He graduated Bangor Theological Seminary 1845; removed to Iowa; died in Iowa in 1880.
- VI. Mary Godfrey, b. March 12, 1817; in Bangor; b. June 27, 1845; died Aug. 19, 1880.
- VII. Caroline Godfrey, b. Aug. 15, 1819; died Aug. 19, 1880.
- VIII. Julia Godfrey, b. Aug. 20, 1820; in Bangor; married in Bangor; second, A. C. Williams, of Bangor; died Aug. 1880.
- IX. James Godfrey, b. Oct. 2, 1822; graduated at Bangor College, 1844. Studied law in Bangor; then in Bangor; where he died Aug. 30, 1850. He married Miss Mary, a daughter of Henry F. May, Esq., of Bangor, 1845. She is second, Miss F. F. May, of Bangor, b. Oct. 22, 1841; died Dec. 11, 1871.
- X. George, b. Feb. 16, 1825; died at Virginia City, Nevada.
- XI. Arthur, b. Feb. 16, 1825; died at Virginia City, Nevada.

ANCIENT NORUMBEGA.

In the sixteenth century this name was generally applied to New England, and afterward to Maine, and lastly to the country on the Penobscot Bay and River, and to the eastward. For 250 years it has generally been assumed and believed that the "Great River of Norumbegue" was the Penobscot River.

Andre Thevet*, a celebrated French traveller and cosmographer, in 1556, visited our coast and described it with great particularity. He says: * * "A river presented itself which is one of the finest rivers in the whole world, which we call 'Norumbegue,' and the aborigines 'Agoney,' and which is marked on some charts as the Grand River. Several other beautiful rivers enter into it, and upon its banks the French formerly erected a little fort, about ten or twelve leagues from its mouth, which was surrounded by fresh water, and this place was named the Fort of Norumbegue."

In 1604, Samuel Chaplain, the great voyager and explorer, visited the Penobscot Bay and coast. He says in his journal, that he left St. Croix, Sept. 2, 1604, and proceeded westerly along the coast, reaching Mount Desert, and from there to "Isle Haute." He describes a river near there. "I think that this river is the same called by several pilots and historians Norumbegue, and which has been described by the most of them as broad and spacious, with very many islands, with its entrance in 43° to $43\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ of latitude, or according to others in 44° more or less." He seems to have no doubt about the name or location. If Chaplain did not have facilities for a satisfactory judgment, what early navigator did? The descriptions on charts nearly all locate Norumbegue on Penobscot Bay, and the latitude is correct.

Professor Eben Norton Horsford, of Cambridge, has printed a pamphlet† in which he claims that the ancient Norumbega, as described by Thevet in 1556, is located at the junction of Stony Brook and Charles River, in the town of Weston, Mass. Prof. Norton gives much research and illustration in proof of his claim. The location is miles above the head of tide water as I understand it; and previous to the first settlement of Watertown, about 1630,

* Maine Historical Society Collections, new series, Vol. I, pp. 415, 416.

† Cambridge, John Wilson & Son, University Press, 1886.

THE ANCIENT NORUMBEGA

In the sixteenth century this name was generally applied to New England, and afterward to Maine, and lastly to the country on the Penobscot Bay and River, and to the eastward. For 250 years it has generally been assumed and believed that the great river of Norumbega* was the Penobscot River.

Andre Thevet†, a celebrated French traveller and cosmographer, in 1556, visited our coast and described it with great particularity. He says: "A river goes west itself which is one of the finest rivers in the whole world, which we call 'Norumbega', and the aborigines 'Agoway', and which is marked on some charts as the Grand River. Several other beautiful rivers enter into it, and upon its banks the French formerly erected a little fort, about ten or twelve leagues from its mouth, which was surrounded by fresh water, and this place was named the Port of Norumbega."

In 1604, Samuel Chaplain, the great voyager and explorer, visited the Penobscot Bay and coast. He says in his journal, that on Sept. 2, 1604, and passed several days along the coast, reaching Mount Desert, and from there to "St. John's." He describes a river near there, and thinks that this river is the same called by several pilots and historians Norumbega, and which has been described by the ancients as broad and deep, and with very many islands, with its entrance in 43° to 44° of latitude, according to others in 45° of latitude. He seems to have no doubt about the name of Norumbega. He Chaplain did not write with a satisfactory judgment, and only navigated this little descriptions on charts nearly all the Norumbega on Penobscot Bay, and the latitude is correct.

Professor Eben Norton Horsford of Cambridge, has published a pamphlet in which he claims that the ancient Norumbega, as described by Thevet in 1556, is located at the junction of strong Brook and Charles River, in the town of Haverhill, Mass. For Norton gives much research and illustration in proof of his claim. The location is miles above the head of tide water as I understand it; and previous to the first settlement of Haverhill, about 1550,

* Maine Historical Society Collection, new series, Vol. 1, pp. 415, 416.
† Cambridge, John Wilson & Son, University Press, 1886.

it was only navigable for the canoes of the Indians, who went up the river in search of fish and beaver, which were plenty there. It can hardly be claimed that the Charles River is "one of the finest rivers in the whole world," nor that several "other beautiful rivers enter into it," as described by Thevet, who is quoted largely by Prof. Horsford. What could the French voyagers and fishermen have wanted of a fort in the place named? It may be that the Penobscot River will be obliged to give up its claim to the name of the "Great River of Norumbegue," but if so, it requires the most wonderful stretch of imagination to bestow it upon the Charles River in Massachusetts.

BRASTOW FAMILY.

WRENTHAM MASS., ORRINGTON AND BREWER.

CAPT. THOMAS³ BRASTOW, JR., was son of Thomas² and Hannah (Mann) Brastow, of Wrentham, Mass., born Nov. 13, 1740. He was a private in the French war, and at seventeen was at the battle of Quebec, on the heights of Abraham. He was a Lieutenant in Captain Heath's Company, Col. Gerrish's Regiment, in the Revolutionary war, and was a bearer of dispatches. From a leaf of his diary, now before me, I find the following: "Dec. 16, 1766, I began to Ride Post from Boston to Tyconderoga, under the direction of Mr. —, the chairman of the Court's Committee, appointed for that purpose." Served as a guard at Cambridge, from July 4 to Sept. 27, 1778, and was subsequently appointed a Captain. He was a Sheriff of Suffolk County after the war. He came to Penobscot River about 1783, with others, and explored the township afterward incorporated into Orrington, and was one of the original purchasers of the town. He died in Wrentham, Mass., June 14, 1799, aged fifty-nine. He married Susanna, daughter of Captain Ebenezer and Mary (Whiting) Fisher, of Wrentham, Dec. 9, 1762; she was born May 14, 1745, and died Feb. 9, 1807, aged 62. They had twelve children, among whom were the following:

- i. THOMAS, JR., b. Aug. 1, 1763; settled in Orrington.
- ii. BILLINGS, b. March 20, 1765; settled in Orrington (Holden.)

it was only navigable for the canoes of the Indians, who went up the river in search of fish and beaver, which were plenty there. It can hardly be claimed that the Charles River is "one of the finest rivers in the whole world," nor that several other beautiful rivers enter into it," as described by Thwait, who is quoted largely by Prof. Horsford. What could the French voyagers and fishermen have wanted of a foot in the place named? It may be that the Penobscot River will be obliged to give up its claim to the name of the "Great River of Norumbega," but it will require the most wonderful stretch of imagination to bestow it upon the Charles River in Massachusetts.

BRASTOW FAMILY.

WENTHAM MASS., ORIGINATOR AND BRANCH.

Capt. Thomas Brastow, Jr., was son of Thomas and Hannah (Mason) Brastow, of Wrentham, Mass., born Nov. 15, 1740. He was a private in the French war, and a lieutenant was at the battle of Quebec on the heights of Abraham. He was lieutenant in Captain Heath's Company, Col. Gortch's Regiment, in the Revolutionary war, and was a bearer of dispatches. From a letter of his to me, now before me, I find the following: "Dec. 16, 1795, I began to ride post from Boston to Tyngsboro, under the direction of Mr. —, the chairman of the Post's Committee, appointed for that purpose." Served as a guard at Cambridge from July 1 to Sept. 27, 1778, and was subsequently appointed a Captain. He was a Sheriff of Suffolk County after the war. He came to Penobscot River about 1788, with others, and explored the township afterward incorporated into Orono, and was one of the original purchasers of the town. He died in Wrentham, Mass., June 17, 1799, aged fifty-nine. He married Susanna, daughter of Captain Ebenezer and Mary (Whiting) Fisher, of Wrentham, Jan. 20, 1782; she was born May 14, 1745, and died Feb. 9, 1807, aged 62. They had twelve children, among whom were the following:

1. THOMAS, Jr., b. Aug. 1, 1781; died in Orono.
2. BURNES, b. March 26, 1783; died in Orono (Boston).

- iii. POLLY, b. Sept. 5, 1773; m. Lebbeus Porter, of Wrentham, Mass., Dec. 4, 1794; parents of late Col. Joseph Porter,* of Lowell, Me.
- iv. DIODATE, subsequently changed to Deodat, b. May 18, 1776; settled in Orrington (Brewer.)

MAJOR THOMAS BRASTOW, Jr., born in Wrentham, Mass., Aug. 1, 1763; came to Orrington, Me. and settled there; held several civil and military offices. Died April 28, 1810, aged 47; married Priscilla, daughter of Captain Samuel Brown, of Orrington, Sept. 15, 1796; she born Dec. 8, 1776; she and her daughter Priscilla admitted to Brewer Church, June 10, 1832; she died June 28, 1868, aged 92 years, 7 months. Children were:

- i. POLLY, b. April 6, 1797; m. Henry Rogers of Orrington, his second wife; she died Aug. 24, 1853; six children.
- ii. THOMAS, b. Oct. 28, 1798; lived in Orrington; m. Cordelia H. ——— She died Dec. 15, 1836, aged 52. He died Apr. 14, 1874, aged 75 yrs., 5 mos., 17 days.
- iii. SAMUEL, b. Dec. 28, 1800. His tax was abated in Orrington, 1829. He died May 29, 1847, aged 46; gravestone, Brewer.
- iv. PRISCILLA, b. Jan. 22, 1803; m. Rev. Samuel S. Drake, of Blanchard, March 11, 1835.
- v. BRAZIER, b. April 10, 1805; lived in Brewer, now of Orrington; m. Maria Sampson, Oct. 30, 1833.

BILLINGS BRASTOW, son of Thomas Brastow, born Wrentham, Mass., March 20, 1765; settled in that part of Orrington now Holden. He was a town officer in Orrington before the incorporation of Brewer. He was a farmer, and a man of great energy and determination, with a will of his own. "Brewer, Feb. 27, 1822. This may certify that I have left the Religious Society in Brewer, of which the Rev. Thomas Williams was Pastor, or any other Pasture that shall accumulate to that society." He died May 21, 1825, aged 60. He married Lydia Dupee; she died May 22, 1831, aged 60; headstone, Holden. Children:

- i. PATTY, b. Dec. 20, 1792; m. Newall Shepard,† of Foxboro, Mass., 1813; son of Jacob and Lydia Shepard. He bought Sept. 27, 1813, Lot number 3, range 3, in what is now Holden, of Col. Oliver Felt, of Wrentham, Mass., who was one of the original proprietors, and settled there. He died Dec. 24, 1856, aged 72. His widow died June 6, 1871, aged 78. Children were Lydia M., married George G. Thompson, Nov. 20, 1836; Charles M., Sarah B. and Martha.
- ii. BETSEY, b. Aug. 15, 1794; m. Benjamin Farrington, of Brewer, (Holden) Dec. 12, 1816. He was selectman, representative 1844; died Oct. 11, 1844. His widow died April 14, 1872, aged 79; eight children.
- iii. NANCY, b. Jan. 9, 1799; died Aug. 13, 1818.
- iv. HANNAH, b. May 6, 1796; married; died Nov. 19, 1865; buried at Holden.

* See No. 4, page 59 of Vol. I.

- v. SARAH DUPEE, b. Aug. 22, 1803; m. Joshua Chamberlain, Jr., of Brewer, 1827. He died 1880. Children: Joshua Lawrence, b. Sept. 8, 1828; Ex-Governor of Maine; Horace B., b. Nov. 14, 1834; Sarah B., b. Nov. 2, 1836; John Calhoun, b. Aug. 1, 1838, died; Thomas Darce, b. April 29, 1841.
- vi. SUSAN FISHER, b. March 3, 1808; m. first Caleb W. Cottle, 1834; second, Nathan Swett, of Brewer, April 6, 1837, afterward removed to Massachusetts.
- vii. HORACE BILLINGS, b. April 22, 1810; m. Mary Rand, Oct. 5, 1835; resided in Brewer and Bangor, where he died; daughter Sarah F., married Thos. S. Moor, Bangor, Feb. 5, 1857.
- viii. GEORGE, b. May 13, 1806; d. June 11.
- ix. GEORGE B., b. May 15, 1812; m. Almeda S. Brewer, 1834.

DEODAT BRASTOW, born Wrentham, Mass., May 18, 1776; settled in Brewer, first at Holden part, afterwards removed to the Ferry. He died Aug. 9, 1846, aged 70; married Mary Whiting, of Franklin, Mass., April 4, 1799; she born Sept. 19, 1779; died July 29, 1840. Children:

- i. SIDNEY WHITING, b. June 8, 1801; m. Mary Holyoke, of John, July 30, 1829. He died in New York, April 28, 1835. His widow married Jacob L. Barker, of Brewer, 1833, Aug. 19. "Martha Emerson, daughter widow Mary Brastow, baptized Brewer church, 1830."
- ii. BILLINGS, b. Nov. 26, 1802; lived in Providence, R. I.; m. Charlotte, daughter of Jabez Pond, of Wrentham, Mass., Jan. 1, 1827. Children: Charlotte and Almira E.
- iii. MARY WHITING, b. Aug. 12, 1804; m. William F. Boynton, of Brewer, Dec. 29, 1831.
- iv. DEODAT, b. Holden, Aug. 10, 1806; m. Elizabeth, daughter of Colonel Solomon Blake; published Nov. 10, 1830. She born June 17, 1808; lived in Brewer and died there May 8, 1874. His wife died March 21, 1873. Children: Solomon D.; Mary Eliza, born 1836; married Capt. F. B. Goodwin, now of Bangor.
- v. ASA WHITING, b. April 17, 1808.
- vi. LUCINDA, b. Nov. 19, 1823. (?)

THE FIRST MARRIAGE ON PENOBSCOT RIVER.

In Vol. II, No. V, page 87 of this magazine, it is stated that "Thomas Goldthwait was commissioned a Justice of the Peace in 1769, and in that capacity solemnized the first marriage which took place on Penobscot River." Captain John S. Emery, of Boston, has in his possession a religious book entitled "The Whole Duty of Man," which belonged to his great grandfather, Capt. Daniel Sullivan,* of Sullivan, Me., on a leaf of which is written in the handwriting of Captain S., "Daniel Sullivan and Abigail Bean were married June 3, 1765, by Esquire Crofford, at Fort Pownal." In other records of the time it is said that they were married by "James Crawford, Esquire."† The well authenticated tradition in the family is, that Captain Sullivan carried his intended bride in a canoe to Fort Pownal, and was there married, as there was no minister or magistrate nearer, at that time.

* Vol. II, No. 4, page 75.

† Vol. I, No. 9, page 144.

- v. SARAH DUTCH, b. Aug. 22, 1808; m. Joshua Chamberlain, Jr., of
Brewer, 1827. Children: Joshua Lawrence, b. Sept.
8, 1828; Elizabeth, m. John H. K. May, 1844; Sarah
H. b. Nov. 2, 1833; John Chamberlain, b. Aug. 1, 1836; Thomas
Dutch, b. April 20, 1841.
- vi. BESSIE FLETCHER, b. March 3, 1808; m. Nathaniel W. French, 1824;
second, Nathan Sweet of Brewer, April 6, 1837, afterwards removed
to Massachusetts.
- vii. HORACE BULLOCK, b. April 22, 1810; m. Mary Reed Oct. 5, 1832;
resided in Brewer and Bangor where he died; daughter Sarah F.
married John S. Allen, Bangor, Feb. 6, 1837.
- viii. GEORGE, b. Mar. 12, 1808; b. Nov. 11,
ix. GEORGE B., b. May 12, 1813; m. Amanda S. Brown, 1831.
- Theodore Brewster, born Wrentham, Mass., May 18, 1778;
settled in Brewer, first at Holden port, afterwards removed to the
Ferry. He died Aug. 9, 1846, aged 70; married Mary Whiting,
of Franklin, Mass., April 4, 1799; she born Sept. 19, 1779;
died July 29, 1840. Children:
- i. SUMNER, b. March 2, 1801; m. Mary Hildreth of Bangor, July 30,
1828. He died in Bangor, Nov. 2, 1860. The widow married
James E. Fisher of Bangor, May 19, 1861. Children:
daughter Maria, m. George Hildreth of Bangor, 1827;
ii. WILLIAM, b. Nov. 10, 1803; m. Elizabeth H. 17, m. 1828;
daughter of John F. and m. William F. 1827. Children:
Charles and Abigail E.
- iii. MARY, b. March 12, 1805; m. William F. Brown, of Brewer,
Dec. 20, 1821.
- iv. DEBORAH, b. Holden, Aug. 10, 1807; m. Elizabeth daughter of Captain
Benjamin Baker, Portland, Aug. 10, 1828. She died June 11, 1892;
three sons and one daughter. Her husband died 1828. Children:
1827. Children: Benjamin, b. 1827; Charles, born 1828; married Capt.
F. R. Goodrich, now of Bangor.
- v. ASA, b. April 17, 1808.
- vi. LEONARD, b. Nov. 10, 1809.

THE FIRST MARRIAGE ON PENOBSCOT RIVER.

In Vol. II, No. V, page 87 of this magazine it is stated that Thomas
Goldswell was commissioned a Justice of the Peace in 1793, and in
that capacity administered the first marriage which took place on Penob-
scot River. Captain John S. Emery, of Bangor, in his possession
a religious book entitled "The White Heart of Man," which belonged
to his great grandfather, Capt. Daniel Sullivan, of Sullivan, Me., on a
leaf of which is written in the handwriting of Captain S. "Daniel
Sullivan and Abigail Dean were married June 4, 1793 by Esquire
Crofford at Fort Loyal." In other records of the time it is said that
they were married by "James Crofford Esquire." The well authen-
ticated tradition in the family is that Captain Sullivan carried his intended
bride in a canoe to Fort Loyal, and was there married, as there was no
minister or magistrate nearer, at that time.

DEATHS IN BANGOR.

- 1810, April 11, John, son of George Phillips.
 1826, June 24, Phillip, son of George Phillips.
 1828, April 21, Mrs. Rachel, consort of George Phillips.
 1815, July 6, Nancy Plummer.
 1823, May 15, Abiel Packard.
 " Sept. 25, David, son of Deacon Samuel Pool, of Minot.
 " Oct. 11, Nathan Parsons, Rev. soldier, 81.
 1825, Oct. 29, Geo. L. Parsons, Esq., of Sebec.
 " June 28, Samuel Pierce, of Milo, 28.
 1828, Oct. 25, Mrs. Pike, consort of Nath. Pike.
 " Dec. 20, Capt. Hiram Pray, formerly of Ossipee, N. H., 36.
 1829, Sept. 19, Rachel Rogers, daughter of Moses Perkins, of Brookfield, N. H.
 1832, Nov. 28, Morris Perkins, formerly of Dover, N. H., 40.
 1833, July 7, Wm. F. Perkins, formerly of Salem, Mass., 16.
 1831, Oct. 15, Emily, daughter of Robert Parker, 19.
 " Nov., Leonard Packard, formerly of Ripley, 18.
 1832, May 13, Daniel Pike, 48.
 " March 10, Mrs. Dorcas, wife of Daniel Pike, 31.
 " Nov. 15, Deacon Wm. Pennel, of Williamsburg, 51.
 1833, April, Mrs. Elis, wife of Pliny D. Parsons.
 " May, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Laban Phillips.
 1825, Nov. 14, Wentworth H. Roberts, 37.
 1826, Dec. 28, Mrs. Sarah Randall, 60.
 1827, Sept. 20, Isaac Randall, 33.
 1831, Aug. 23, Geo. W. Randall, 30.
 1827, Oct. 27, Jona., son of Moses Rowe.
 " Nov. 30, Mrs. Jane, wife of Moses Rowe.
 1832, Nov., Ephraim C. Rogers, of Portland, 23.
 1833, May 9, Mrs. Susan, wife of Capt. Sylvanus Rich.
 1816, Oct. 6, John Spencer.
 1826, Oct. 26, Nath. Spencer*, 106.
 1832, Feb. 1, Mrs. Bridget Spencer, 80.
 1821, May 4, Mrs. Mary, wife of Wm. Seward, 40.
 1826, July 13, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Wm. Saunders.
 " Aug. 31, Sabra S. Sherburn, 22.
 1827, May 30, David H., son of Sam. Smith, 23.
 1830, Feb. 27, Joseph Smith, of Jefferds and Smith.
 1831, April 7, Rev. John Smith, D. D., of Theo. Seminary, 65.
 " July 14, Wm. M. Smith, of Buxton.
 1827, June 29, Wm. Smith, seaman, drowned.
 1829, Nov. 22, Jesse Smith, Rev. soldier, 70.
 1828, Oct. 11, Mr. Jeduthan Sanger, 50.
 1828, Jan. 3, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Geo. Starrett, Esq.
 1833, Dec. 13, Mrs. Martha Burgess, second wife of George Starrett, Esq.

* Married at Cushnoe, now Augusta, by James Howard, Esq., Dec. 8, 1772, Nathaniel Spencer to Miss Bridget Simpson.—[Mc. Genealogist, Vol. I, page 76.]

DEATHS IN BANGOR.

- 1810, April 11, John, son of George Phillips.
 1828, June 24, Philip, son of George Phillips.
 1828, April 21, Mrs. Rachel, consort of George Phillips.
 1816, July 6, Nancy Plummer.
 1823, May 15, Abiel Postford.
 1823, Sept. 25, David, son of Deacon Samuel Pool, of Minot.
 " Oct. 11, Nathan Parsons, Rev. soldier, 81.
 1825, Oct. 25, Geo. F. Parsons, Esq., of Sebecton.
 " June 28, Samuel Phipps, of Minot, 28.
 1828, Oct. 25, Mrs. Phipps, consort of Nath. Phipps.
 " Dec. 20, Capt. William Phipps, formerly of Bangor, N. H., 20.
 1829, Sept. 10, Rachel Rogers, daughter of Moses Rogers, of Brookfield, N. H.
 1822, Nov. 28, Maria's Partridge, formerly of Dover, N. H., 40.
 1822, July 7, Wm. F. Partridge, formerly of Sebecton, Mass., 16.
 1821, Oct. 15, Emily, daughter of Robert Partridge, 15.
 " Nov., Isaac Partridge, formerly of Highby, 15.
 1823, May 12, Daniel Pike, 12.
 " March 10, Mrs. Dorrance, wife of Daniel Pike, 81.
 " Nov. 15, Deacon Wm. Plummer, of W. H. Plummer, 31.
 1828, April, Mrs. Eliza, wife of John Phillips.
 " May, Mrs. Eliza, wife of John Phillips.
 1825, Nov. 14, Westford H. Roberts, 27.
 1826, Dec. 25, Mrs. Sarah Roberts, 40.
 1827, Sept. 20, James Randall, 25.
 1827, Aug. 23, Geo. W. Randall, 23.
 1827, Oct. 27, John, son of Moses Roberts.
 " Nov. 20, Mrs. Jane, wife of John Roberts.
 1822, Nov., Ephraim C. Rogers, of Sebecton, 22.
 1822, May 5, Mrs. Susan, wife of Capt. Sylvanus Robt.
 1816, Oct. 6, John Spencer.
 1826, Oct. 28, Nath. Spencer, 102.
 1823, Feb. 1, Mrs. Bridget Spencer, 67.
 1821, May 4, Mrs. Mary, wife of Wm. Spencer, 40.
 1826, July 18, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Wm. Spencer.
 " Aug. 21, Nehemiah N. Spencer, 22.
 1827, May 20, David H., son of Sam. Smith, 22.
 1830, Feb. 27, Joseph Smith, of Sebecton and Smith.
 1827, April 7, Rev. John Smith, D. D., of First Seminary, 67.
 " July 14, Wm. M. Smith, of Bangor.
 1827, June 25, Wm. Smith, seaman, 10 years.
 1829, Nov. 22, Jesse Smith, Rev. soldier, 70.
 1828, Oct. 11, Mr. Jonathan Sanger, 50.
 1828, Jan. 8, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Geo. Sanger, 52.
 1823, Dec. 18, Mrs. Martha Sanger, second wife of George Sanger.

* Married in Sebecton, now Bangor, by James H. Smith, Feb. 2, 1822. Remains
 deposited in Mrs. Bridget Spencer's—(See Genealogy, Vol. I, page 10.)

- 1828, Sept. 25, Miss Sally, daughter of T. B. Stinchfield, of Clinton, 28.
- 1831, April 20, Mrs. Persis Southwick, 52.
- 1832, Jan. 15, Ann Stanley, 25.
- “ Nov., Charles P. Stevens, of Portland, 23.
- “ Sept., Mrs. Mary, wife of Ancil Sevey.
- 1833, March 22, Mrs. Sophia, wife of Daniel Stone.
- “ July 28, Israel H. Snow, 29.
- “ Dec. 12, Mrs. Margaret, wife of John S. Sayward.
- 1777, Nov. 8, John, son of Robert Treat.
- 1791, Nov. 25, Betsey, daughter of Robert Treat.
- 1792, Sept. 8, Polly, daughter of Robert Treat.
- 1795, July 9, Samuel, son of Robert Treat.
- 1798, Oct. 19, Robert Jr., son of Robert Treat, on his passage to Boston.
- 1821, Aug., Joshua, son of Robert Treat.
- 1824, May 27, Robert Treat, Esquire, 72.
- 1799, March 1, Eliza, daughter of Theo. Trafton. —
- 1801, Feb. 26, Tobias, son of Theo. Trafton. —
- 1823, Aug. 26, Harvey Loomis, son of Theo. Trafton. —
- 1818, Aug. 22, Mrs. Elis, wife of Mark Trafton, 31. —
- 1832, Dec. 7, Mrs. Ann, wife of Mark Trafton, 34. —
- 1823, Feb. 13, Samuel Thoms, about 80.
- 1825, Nov. 15, Alfred Torry, from Dixfield, 23.
- 1826, Sept. 30, Mrs. Mary H., wife of Wm. Tozier.
- 1830, June 16, Ephraim, son of Joseph Tyler, 30.
- 1831, Sept., Mrs. Olive Tufts, 22.
- “ Nov. 18, Amos Tappan, formerly of New York.
- 1832, Feb., Mrs. Hannah, widow of Amos Tappan.
- “ May 25, Mrs. Sarah, wife of Richard Treat, 30.
- “ Oct., Mrs. Sarah, wife of Wm. Thompson.
- 1833, Nov. 2, Cordelia H. Tupper, 21.
- “ Mrs. Tyler, wife of Joseph Tyler.
- 1832, Dec. 22, Mrs. Ann, wife of Abner Taylor.
- 1833, May 14, Eliza L., wife of Samuel L. Valentine, 41.
- “ Dec. 3, Alfred Goss, son of Samuel Veazie.
- 1822, June 22, 23, Mrs. Jemima M., wife of Wm. D. Williamson.
- 1824, March 9, Mrs. Susan E., wife of William D. Williamson.
- 1832, Sept. 6, William F., son of Wm. D. Williamson, 18.
- “ Jan. 27, Mrs. Mary, wife of Geo. Williamson.
- 1824, Oct. 4, Abraham, son of E. Wheelwright, of Newburyport.
- 1825, Sept. 23, Phineas E., son of Hon. Phineas White, of Putney, Vt.
- 1826, May 4, Mrs. Susan, wife of Anthony Woodward.
- 1829, July 11, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Anthony Woodward.
- 1827, Oct. 27, Simon, son of Wm. Webster, of Durham.
- 1829, Sept. 2, George, son of Jona. Webster.
- 1830, Aug. 21, Nath. Porter, son of Jona. Webster, 25.
- 1827, Aug. 29, Mrs. Azubah, wife of Ford Whitman.

- 1838, Sept. 25, Miss Sally, daughter of T. H. Stinchfield, of Clinton, 28.
- 1831, April 20, Mrs. Parke Bonawick, 32.
- 1832, Jan. 15, Ann Stanley, 25.
- " Nov., Charles F. Stevens, of Portland, 25.
- " Sept., Mrs. Mary, wife of Jacob Severy.
- 1833, March 25, Mrs. Joseph, wife of James Stone.
- " July 25, James H. Snow, 25.
- " Dec. 15, Mrs. Margaret, wife of John S. Hayward.
- 1777, Nov. 8, John, son of Robert Treat.
- 1791, Nov. 25, Robert, daughter of Robert Treat.
- 1792, Sept. 8, Polly, daughter of Robert Treat.
- 1793, July 8, Samuel, son of Robert Treat.
- 1798, Oct. 10, Robert Jr., son of Robert Treat, on his passage to Boston.
- 1831, Aug., Joseph, son of Robert Treat.
- 1834, May 25, Robert Treat, Esquire, 71.
- 1799, March 1, Miss, daughter of John Treat.
- 1801, Feb. 25, Thomas, son of Thomas Treat.
- 1835, Aug. 25, Harvey Loomis, aged 17, of Tiffin.
- 1818, Aug. 25, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of John Treat, 31.
- 1832, Dec. 7, Mrs. Ann, wife of Mark Treat, 34.
- 1823, Feb. 15, Samuel Treat, aged 25.
- 1825, Nov. 15, Alfred Treat, from Ireland, 25.
- 1836, Sept. 20, Mrs. Mary H., wife of Wm. Treat.
- 1830, June 15, Ephraim, son of Joseph Treat, 30.
- 1837, Sept., Mrs. Olive Treat, 25.
- " Nov. 15, James Tappan, formerly of New York.
- 1832, Feb., Mrs. Hannah, widow of James Tappan.
- " May 25, Mrs. Susan, wife of Richard Treat, 20.
- " Oct., Mrs. Sarah, wife of Wm. Thompson.
- 1833, Nov. 3, Cordelia H. Thompson, 21.
- " Mrs. Tiers, wife of Joseph Tiers.
- 1832, Dec. 23, Mrs. Ann, wife of Albert Tiers.
- 1833, May 14, Elizabeth, wife of Samuel L. Valentine, 41.
- " Dec. 3, Alfred Treat, son of Samuel Treat.
- 1832, June 25, 28, Mrs. Jennie H., wife of Wm. J. Williamson.
- 1834, March 9, Mrs. Susan E., wife of William D. Williamson.
- 1832, Sept. 6, William E., son of Wm. D. Williamson, 18.
- " Jan. 27, Mrs. Mary, wife of Wm. Williamson.
- 1834, Oct. 4, Abraham, son of E. H. Westlight of Newburyport.
- 1835, Sept. 23, Phineas E., son of John Phineas White, of Bangor, 47.
- 1836, May 4, Mrs. Susan, wife of Anthony Westlight.
- 1839, July 11, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Anthony Westlight.
- 1837, Oct. 21, Simon, son of Wm. Webster, of Durham.
- 1839, Sept. 25, George, son of John Webster.
- 1830, Aug. 21, Nath. Porter, son of John Webster, 25.
- 1837, Aug. 29, Mrs. Asaph, wife of Ford Williams.

1828, Nov. 5, Octavia, daughter of Ford Whitman.

" Oct. 17, Mrs. Lydia Whitman, formerly of Tamworth, N. H.

" July 24, Bartlett, son of Zebulon Willis, of Bridgewater, Mass.

1829, Aug. 3, Gilbert Wallace, 30.

1830, Dec. 3, Wm. Williams, U. S. Soldier, 23.

1831, Oct. 17, Mrs. Reuben Wheeler, 48.

1832, Aug. 22, Nath. Webb, formerly of Albion, 24.

" Sept., Widow Huldah Williams, 76.

1833, Nov., Mrs. Sarah B., wife of Caleb B. Wingate. 21.

LETTER FROM EDWARD WINSLOW, OF NEW BRUNSWICK, 1797.

CONTRIBUTED BY W. H. KILBY, ESQUIRE, OF BOSTON.

In reading the story of the Loyalists, who were the losing party in our struggle for national independence, and many of whom, with delicately reared families, were obliged to abandon comfortable and luxurious homes in Massachusetts and New York, and start afresh in the wilds about the shores of the Bay of Fundy, even the staunchest friend of the American cause, will find frequent occasion for sympathy and regret. In this connection the following letter may be read with some interest. Both the writer and receiver were prominent among the early settlers of New Brunswick, at the close of the Revolution. The former, Edward Winslow, belonged to one of the most distinguished families of Massachusetts, being descended from the Pilgrim Governor of the same name, and nephew of Gen. John Winslow, who had command of the colonial forces, at the time of the expulsion of the Acadians from Nova Scotia, in 1755. He was a native of Marshfield, where Daniel Webster afterwards had his home on the family estate, and graduated from Harvard College. He was appointed Secretary of the first Boundary Commission—that which settled the identity of the St. Croix.

Ward Chipman, to whom the letter is addressed, was another Massachusetts loyalist, and like Winslow, a graduate of Harvard. His sister married Hon. William Gray, the famous Salem merchant, commonly known as "Billy Gray," and Mr. Justice Gray, of the United States Supreme Court, is her grandson. The Duke

1828, Nov. 2, Octavia, daughter of Ford Whitman.
 " Oct. 17, Mrs. Lydia Whitman, formerly of Tisbury, N. H.
 " July 24, Bartlett, son of Nicholas Willis, of Bridgewater, Mass.
 1823, Aug. 3, Gilbert Winslow, 20.
 1830, Dec. 8, Wm. Williams, U. S. Soldier, 23.
 1831, Oct. 17, Mrs. Barbara Winslow, 43.
 1832, Aug. 22, Nath. Webb, formerly of Abino, 24.
 " Sept., Widow Hannah Williams, 75.
 1823, Nov., Mrs. Sarah B., wife of Caleb B. Winslow, 21.

LETTER FROM EDWARD WINSLOW, OF NEW BRUNSWICK.
 WICK, 1794.

CONTRIBUTED BY W. H. KILPATRICK, ESQUIRE, OF BOSTON.

In reading the story of the Puritans, who were the leading party in our struggle for national independence, and many of whom, with delicate mental faculties, were obliged to endure uncomfortable and hazardous toils in Massachusetts and New York, and start afresh in the midst of the shores of the Bay of Fundy, even the staunchest friend of the American cause, will find the greatest occasion for sympathy and regret. In this connection the following letter may be read with some interest. Both the sender and receiver were prominent among the early settlers of New Brunswick, at the close of the Revolution. The former, Edward Winslow, belonged to one of the most distinguished families of Massachusetts, being descended from the Pilgrim Fathers, and the same name, and nephew of John, John Winslow, who had been named of the colonial forces, at the time of the expedition to the Acadia from Nova Scotia, in 1755. He was a native of Boston, where Daniel Webster afterwards had his home on the family estate, and graduated from Harvard College. He was appointed Secretary of the first Boundary Commission—that which settled the identity of the St. John's.

Ward Chipman, to whom the letter is addressed, was another Massachusetts loyalist, and like Winslow, a graduate of Harvard. His sister married Hon. William Gray, the famous Salem lawyer, commonly known as "Billy Gray," and Mr. Justice Gray, of the United States Supreme Court, is her grandson. The letter

of Kent, Queen Victoria's father, was visitor at his house on Prince Williams St., St. John, N. B., in the early part of the century, and his grandson, the Prince of Wales, was entertained at the same house in 1860. Judge Chipman was selected as agent to present the case of the British government before the Commission of 1796, and again, before the Commission of 1816, which settled the Boundary line among the islands of Passamaquoddy Bay. This letter refers to the work of the first Commission, but as in many similar cases, the most interesting part is found in the postscript. It seems a pity that the Sabbath morning meditations of the writer should have been disturbed in this way.

“KINGSCLEAR, 5th Nov., 1797.

MY DEAR CHIPMAN :—By Disbrow I received Mr. Sullivan's argument, and I am in possession of all the papers necessary for me to complete one copy of my Journal and appendix (except your argument), which you will have the goodness to forward as soon as may be convenient.

Your requisitions for copies shall be comply'd with as fast as possible. You will recollect (of course) that I am in a situation where it is impracticable to obtain assistance, and that the duty already pointed out will require five steady pens, at least. Under the directions of the Board, I am to prepare four journals and four appendixes. In each of the appendixes both arguments are to be introduced, together with the testimonies, etc. Arduous as the task may appear, I feel in no degree disconcerted, because in all former difficulties (especially great ones) some invisible hand has given me a lift and extricated me. If I continue in health I will accomplish the business. Hitherto (since my return) a series of sickness, perplexity and distress have prevented every effort to begin my operations. Mrs. Winslow is now so far recovered as to take the care of my family, in some degree, off my shoulders, and to-morrow I mean to open my books. By Thursday's post I probably will return the minutes of the Board, and a copy of Sullivan's memorial. The others shall follow. I am,

Most affectionately yours,

ED. WINSLOW.

SUNDAY MORNING.

By a note this moment received from town, I have reason to suppose that I am maneuvered out of a Quarter Cask of wine, on which I *solely* depended for my winter's comfort. I must therefore entrust you to purchase for me one cask of Codner's wine, and have it cased and sent to me, to the care of Mr. Peter Frazer, by the very first conveyance. I have not a gallon of any kind in my house, and Bell's Maderia, (which I must purchase) is 14 shillings per gallon. I would not have troubled you on such an occasion, but upon a serious emergency. * * *

In great hast, yours,

E. W.

of Kent, Queen Victoria's father, was visitor at his house on Prince William St., St. John, N. B. in the early part of the century, and his grandson, the Prince of Wales, was entertained at the same house in 1860. Judge Chipman was selected as agent to present the case of the British Government before the Commission of 1796, and again, before the Commission of 1816, which settled the Boundary line among the islands of Pemmigon Bay. This letter refers to the work of the first Commission, but as in many similar cases, the most interesting part is found in the postscript. It seems a pity that the valuable morning editions of the writer should have been disturbed in this way.

NEWBURY, 25th Nov., 1797

My dear General:—By Robert I received Mr. Sullivan's argument and I am in possession of all the papers necessary for me to compose one copy of my Journal and appendices (from MSS. &c.) which you will have the goodness to forward to me as may be convenient. Your requisition for copies shall be sent to me as fast as possible. You will recollect (of course) that I am in a situation where it is impossible to obtain assistance, and that the only already pointed out way to prepare four Journals and four appendices. In each of the appendices both arguments are to be introduced together with the testimony etc. Arizona as the task may appear, I feel in no degree deterred, because in all former difficulties (especially great ones) some invisible hand has given me a lift and extricated me. If I continue as usual I will accomplish the business. History (which my talents are well adapted to) perplexity and distress have prevented every effort to begin my operations. Mrs. Winslow is now so far recovered as to take the care of my family, in some degree, on an establishment, and to remove I mean to open my books. My Journal, which I probably will revise the minutes of the Board, and a copy of Sullivan's memorial. The others shall follow. I am,

Most affectionately yours,

Ed. Winslow.

REUBEN HOBBS.

By a note this moment received from town, I have reason to suppose that I am maneuvered out of a Quarter (that of wine, on which I look) depended for my winter's comfort. I must therefore entreat you to purchase for me one case of Colman's wine, and have it sent and sent to me, to the care of Mr. Peter Fraser, by the very first conveyance. I have not a gallon of any kind in my house, and Nell's Madeira (which I most purchase) is 14 shillings per gallon. I would not dare trouble you on such an occasion, but upon a serious emergency.

E. W.

In great haste, yours,

ROGER BUCK.*

CONTRIBUTED BY DR. WM. B. LAPHAM, OF AUGUSTA.

ROGER BUCK, aged 18, came to New England with his father William Buck, plough-wright, in the Increase, in 1635, and settled at Cambridge. On the death of his wife Susanna, in 1685, he moved to Woburn, and died there Nov. 10, 1693. William Buck was fifty when he came over, and died in Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 24, 1658. Children of Roger and Susanna Buck :

- i. SAMUEL, b. Feb. 6, 1643; m. Rachel Leven; died Sept. 21, 1690.
- ii. JOHN, b. Sept. 3, 1644; died young.
- iii. EPHRAIM, b. July 26, 1646; m. Sarah Brooks; d. Jan., 1721.
- iv. MARY, b. Jan. 23, 1648; died Aug. 31, 1669.
- v. LYDIA, b. — ; m. Henry Smith.
- vi. RUTH, b. Nov. 6, 1653; m. T. Bathrick; died Sept. 21, 1682.
- vii. ELIZABETH, b. July 5, 1657; m. Joshua Wood.

SAMUEL BUCK,² son of the preceding, married March 16, 1669-70, Rachel Leven; removed to West Cambridge, now Arlington, and owned estates there. He was a soldier in Philip's war. He died Sept. 21, 1690, and his wife survived him four years. Children :

- i. NATHANIEL, b. July 16, 1672; died three days after.
- ii. HANNAH, b. Jan. 3, 1674-5; died April 13, 1675.
- iii. RACHEL, b. July 7, 1676; m. Dec. 18, 1694, Jabez Brooks; died Feb. 23, 1698.
- iv. HANNAH, b. Aug. 18, 1680.
- v. SARAH, b. July 8, 1684.
- vi. SAMUEL, b. Dec. 3, 1686.

EPHRAIM BUCK,² brother of the preceding, b. July 26, 1646; moved to Woburn, where he was taxed in the Meeting House Rate in 1672. He married, Jan. 1, 1670-1, Sarah, daughter of John Brooks. Children :

- i. SARAH, b. Jan. 11, 1673; m. Thomas Grover.
- ii. EPHRAIM, b. July 13, 1676; m. Hester or Esther Wagget.
- iii. JOHN, b. Jan. 11, 1678-9; died within a month.
- iv. JOHN, b. Feb. 7, 1679-80; m. Priscilla —
- v. SAMUEL, b. Nov. 13, 1682; m. Hannah —
- vi. EUNICE, b. July 7, 1685.
- vii. EBENEZER, b. May 20, 1689; m. Lydia Eames.
- viii. MARY, b. Oct. 28, 1691; m. first, Nathaniel Pike or Spike; second, Samuel Bigsbee.

* The descendants of this man are in every County in Maine.

ROGER BUCK.

CONTIBUTED BY DR. W. B. LATHAM, OF AUGUSTA.

Roger Buck, aged 18, came to New England with his father William Buck, plough-wright, in the *Invincible*, in 1835, and settled at Cambridge. On the death of his wife Hannah, in 1857, he moved to Woburn, and died there Nov. 10, 1883. William Buck was fifty when he came over, and died in Cambridge, Mass., 1857.

24. 1838. Children of Roger and Hannah Buck:

- i. SAMUEL, b. Feb. 2, 1839; m. Mary Ann, died Sept. 21, 1883.
- ii. JOHN, b. Sept. 2, 1841; died young.
- iii. FANNY, b. July 10, 1843; m. John, died young; 6 ch. 1871.
- iv. MARY, b. Jan. 23, 1845; died Sept. 11, 1870.
- v. LYDIA, b. —; m. Henry, no ch.
- vi. RUTH, b. Nov. 8, 1847; m. T. Latham; died Sept. 20, 1882.
- vii. ELIZABETH, b. July 6, 1849; m. George W. Buck.

Samuel Buck, son of the preceding, married Hannah, 1858. 20. Rachel Leven; removed to West Cambridge, now Arlington, and owned estates there. He was a soldier in Fanning's war. He died Sept. 21, 1880, and his wife survived him four years. Children:

- i. NATHANIEL, b. July 10, 1859; m. Fanny, no ch. after.
- ii. FANNY, b. Jan. 2, 1861; m. —; no ch. 1872.
- iii. RACHEL, b. July 7, 1863; m. —; 1 ch. John, no ch. 1875.
- iv. HANNAH, b. Aug. 12, 1865.
- v. SARAH, b. July 2, 1867.
- vi. SAMUEL, b. Dec. 2, 1869.

FANNY BUCK, daughter of the preceding, b. July 20, 1847; moved to Woburn, where he was raised in the *Invincible* there from 1847. He married, Jan. 1, 1870, Sarah, daughter of John Brooks. Children:

- i. SARAH, b. Jan. 11, 1873; m. Thomas, no ch.
- ii. FANNY, b. July 13, 1875; m. —; no ch. 1878.
- iii. JOHN, b. Jan. 11, 1878; m. —; no ch. 1880.
- iv. JANE, b. Feb. 7, 1880; m. —; no ch. —
- v. SAMUEL, b. Nov. 12, 1882; m. —; no ch. —
- vi. RUTH, b. July 7, 1884.
- vii. FANNY, b. July 20, 1886; m. —; no ch. —
- viii. MARY, b. Oct. 22, 1887; m. —; no ch. —

*The descendants of this man are in every County in Maine.

EPHRAIM BUCK,³ Jr., son of the preceding, by wife Hester or Esther Wagget, had :

- i. SARAH, b. Sept. 8, 1697.
- ii. HESTER, b. April 15, 1700.
- iii. EPHRAIM, b. Oct. 11, 1702.
- iv. SUSANNAH, b. July 8, 1705.

JOHN BUCK,³ brother of the preceding, married Priscilla —.

Children :

- i. MARY, b. Oct. 2, 1712.
- ii. PRISCILLA, b. Nov. 18, 1714.
- iii. JOHN,* b. Nov. 28, 1716.
- iv. KESIAH, b. March 1, 1719.
- v. SARAH, b. Aug. 20, 1721.
- vi. ESTHER, b. Jan. 10, 1723.
- vii. WILLIAM, b. July 31, 1726.

SAMUEL BUCK,³ brother of the preceding, married Hannah—.

Children :

- i. HANNAH, b. Feb. 11, 1709.
- ii. SAMUEL, b. May 7, 1711.
- iii. SARAH, b. April 16, 1716.
- iv. ZEBIDIAH, b. Aug. 29, 1719.

EBENEZER BUCK,³ brother of the preceding, married Lydia Eames. Children :

- i. LYDIA, b. May 28, 1713.
- ii. EBENEZER, b. Feb. 22, 1717-18.
- iii. JONATHAN,† b. Feb. 20, 1719-20.

SAMUEL BUCK, married Abigail, daughter of Jonathan Wyman. She died Dec. 24, 1720, aged 30. Children :

- i. SAMUEL, b. June 7, 1713.
- ii. JAMES, b. Feb. 26, 1714-15 (?); died Dec. 3, 1723, aged nine years.
- iii. HANNAH, b. Dec. 9, 1719.

SAMUEL and Sarah. Children :

- i. SARAH, b. June 17, 1722.
- ii. RACHEL, b. Jan. 2, 1724-5.
- iii. JUDITH, b. Jan. 3, 1726.
- iv. ELIZABETH, b. Jan. 3, 1726.

CROSBY NOTE.

See No. VI, Vol. II, page 112. Mrs. Harriet Crosby Ellis, wife of Rev. Manning Ellis, died Jan. 10, 1786, aged 76 years, 4 months, 20 days. (Gravestone at Hampden.)

* John Buck, born Nov. 28, 1716. This man was probably the father of Abijah, Nathaniel, and John Buck, who were the founders of Buckfield, Me., information concerning whom is desired.

† Col. Jonathan Buck, of Bucksport, born Feb. 20, 1719-20. See ante, Vol. II, p. 21.
EDITOR.

ERNEST BUCK, Jr., son of the preceding, by wife Hester of
Ester Wagget, had:

- i. SARAH, b. Sept. 8, 1887.
- ii. HESTER, b. April 15, 1890.
- iii. ERNEST, b. Oct. 11, 1893.
- iv. SUSANNA, b. July 8, 1895.

JOHN BUCK, brother of the preceding, married Fritchie

Children:

- i. MARY, b. Oct. 2, 1872.
- ii. THOMAS, b. Nov. 18, 1874.
- iii. JOHN, b. Nov. 23, 1876.
- iv. SARAH, b. March 1, 1878.
- v. SARAH, b. Aug. 20, 1881.
- vi. ERNEST, b. Jan. 16, 1883.
- vii. WILLIAM, b. July 31, 1885.

SAMUEL BUCK, brother of the preceding, married Hannah

Children:

- i. SARAH, b. Feb. 18, 1870.
- ii. SARAH, b. May 7, 1871.
- iii. SARAH, b. April 18, 1873.
- iv. SARAH, b. Aug. 28, 1875.

ERNEST BUCK, brother of the preceding, married Lydia

James. Children:

- i. LYDIA, b. May 25, 1873.
- ii. ERNEST, b. Feb. 22, 1875.
- iii. JOSEPH, b. Feb. 20, 1878.

SAMUEL BUCK, married Abigail, daughter of Jonathan

man. She died Dec. 24, 1750, aged 30. Children:

- i. SARAH, b. June 7, 1752.
- ii. JAMES, b. Feb. 26, 1754 (died Feb. 8, 1755, aged nine years).
- iii. SARAH, b. Dec. 21, 1756.

SAMUEL and Sarah. Children:

- i. SARAH, b. June 17, 1757.
- ii. SARAH, b. Jan. 2, 1760.
- iii. JAMES, b. Jan. 3, 1762.
- iv. SARAH, b. Jan. 5, 1764.

CROSBY NOTE

See No. VI, Vol. II, page 112. Mrs. Hester (Crosby) Ellis, wife of Rev. John
Ellis, died Jan. 18, 1788, aged 78 years, 4 months, 30 days. (Obituary
at Hampton.)

* John Buck born Nov. 26, 1716. This man was probably the father of Abigail, the
daughter of John Buck, who was the founder of Buckland, Mass. (Obituary at
Hampton.)

† Col. Jonathan Buck of Dedham, born Feb. 20, 1718-20. See also, Vol. II, p. 11.
Boston.

REV. BENJAMIN HUNTOON

Graduated at Dartmouth College, 1817. He preached the sermon at the dedication of the Independent Congregational Church in Bangor, Sept. 3, 1829. Installed minister over the Church and Society, June 23, 1830. On account of failing health he was dismissed, 1833. He died in Canton, Mass., April 19, 1864.

His son, Daniel T. V. Huntoon, died in Canton, Mass., Dec. 15, 1886, aged 44 years. Mr. Huntoon was much interested in historical and genealogical inquiries in Massachusetts and Maine, and had been, among other matters, preparing a history of the town of Canton, Mass. (Punkapoag).

LETTER FROM GEN. W. H. SUMNER.

"PORTLAND, Sept. 12, 1818.

TO GEN. JOHN BLAKE.

SIR:—Previous to the departure of his excellency the Commander-in-Chief* from Boston, he directed the Q. M. General to purchase a few articles for presents to the Indians, in case they should come to see him in Bangor, and since his arrival here the Q. M. General has informed him that they were procured and shipped on board the schooner Packet, Captain Fowler, and addressed to your care. The Governor requests me to inform you of the fact, and to express to you his desire that the articles should be retained till his arrival on the Penobscot, and also his particular wish that the intent above noticed, and in fine, the fact of the arrival of the articles, should not be mentioned or in any manner be permitted to become public.

I have the honor to be, sir, most respectfully,
Your obedient servant.

W. H. SUMNER, ADJ'T GEN."

FREES FAMILY, OF ORONO.

Isaac Frees, of Penobscot River, and Abraham Frees, for £200 sell Ignatius and Solomon Haskell, of Newbury, a tract of land in Deer Island; this land near Long Cove, and John Frees, and Cole and Babbidge. Sept. 2, 1778. (Vol. I, p. 367, Hancock Records.)

* Governor John Brooks and staff arrived in Bangor Sept. 19, 1818. Monday, Sept. 21, he reviewed the Third, Fourth and Fifth Regiments of Maine Militia (Mass.) The brigade was under command of Col. Isaac Hodsdon.

REV. BENJAMIN HUNTON

Graduated at Dartmouth College, 1817. He preached the sermon at the dedication of the Independent Congregational Church in Bangor, Sept. 3, 1823. Installed minister over the Church and Society, June 23, 1830. On account of failing health he was dismissed, 1833. He died in Canton, Mass., April 19, 1864.

His son, Daniel T. V. Huntton, died in Canton, Mass., Jan. 15, 1886, aged 44 years. Mr. Huntton was much interested in historical and genealogical inquiries in Massachusetts and Maine, and had been, among other matters, preparing a history of the town of Canton, Mass. (Bangor).

LETTER FROM GEN. W. H. SUMNER

Bangor, Sept. 15, 1854

To Gen. John H. Huntton

Sir:—I have to the department of his excellency the Commander-in-Chief, from Bangor, he directed the G. M. General to purchase a few articles for presents to the Indians in connection with the coming of the Indian to the Indian. He directed the G. M. General to come to see him in Bangor, and when he arrived there the G. M. General has informed him that they were presented and accepted. The schooner "Locket," Captain Brown, was addressed to your name. The Governor requests me to inform you of the fact, and to express to you his desire that the articles should be retained till his arrival at the Penobscot, and also his personal wish that the present should be made in due time, the fact of the arrival of the schooner should not be mentioned or in any manner be permitted to become public.

I have the honor to be, sir, most respectfully,

Your obedient servant

W. H. SUMNER, Major Gen.

FREE'S FAMILY, OF OROGO

Isaac Frees, of Penobscot River, and Abraham Frees, for £200 sell Ignatius and Solomon Haskell, of Newbury, a tract of land in Deer Island; this land near Long Cove, and John Frees, and Cole and Babbidge. Sept. 1, 1776. (Vol. 1, p. 367, Hancock Records.)

* Governor John H. Huntton and also arrived in Bangor Sept. 10, 1854. He had been 21 he received the third fourth and fifth divisions of Maine militia (Bangor). The brigade was under command of Col. Isaac Huntton.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

VOL. II. BANGOR, ME., FEBRUARY, 1887. NO. VIII.

THE STATE HOUSE, AUGUSTA.

In 1821, a committee of the Legislature, then sitting at Portland, was appointed to fix a seat of Government and erect suitable buildings. This committee selected Hallowell as the most suitable place. The Legislature did not agree with the Committee. In 1822, a new Committee was appointed which reported in 1823, "that Augusta was the place for the Capital, and Weston's Hill for the State House, and that the Legislature should meet there in 1827." The Legislature amended the Report and Resolve, adding that "a site free of expense should be deeded the State for the public buildings," and this passed. The lot was purchased and deeded to the State. In 1824 the Governor communicated the fact to the Legislature; after much wrangling it was referred to the "next Legislature." In 1825, the whole subject came before the Legislature again. Thomaston was ambitious; had the State Prison and wanted more; Wiscasset wanted it; Portland and Waterville wanted it. The deed of the lot at Augusta was objected to; a new one was made; but finally the whole subject was again referred to the "next Legislature." This vote was a favorite way then of killing a measure, as it is now. In 1826 no progress was made; everything hung fire. In 1827 the matter came up again. All the former towns came up again, asking for the Capital. Col. Joshua Carpenter, of Howland, proposed Bangor; William Vance said, "No. In both wars the enemy had scoured the Penobscot." Finally, after much bickering, the Resolve was passed, and approved by the Governor, Feb. 24, 1827, making Augusta the Capital.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

Vol. H. : BANGOR, ME. FEBRUARY, 1887. No. VIII.

THE STATE HOUSE, AUGUSTA.

In 1821, a committee of the Legislature, then sitting at Portland, was appointed to fix a seat of Government and erect suitable buildings. This committee selected Portland as the most suitable place. The Legislature did not agree with the Committee. In 1822, a new Committee was appointed which reported in 1823, "that Augusta was the place for the Capital, and Weston's Hill for the State House, and that the Legislature should meet there in 1827." The Legislature amended the Report and Resolved, adding that "a site free of expense should be deeded the State for the public buildings," and this passed. The lot was purchased and deeded to the State. In 1824 the Governor communicated the fact to the Legislature; after much wrangling it was referred to the "next Legislature." In 1825, the whole subject came before the Legislature again. Thompson was ambitious and the State Prison and wanted more; Waterville wanted it; Portland and Waterville wanted it. The deed of the lot at Augusta was objected to; a new one was made; but finally the whole subject was again referred to the "next Legislature." This vote was a favorite way then of killing a measure as it is now. In 1826 no progress was made; everything hung there. In 1827 the matter came up again. All the former towns came up again, asking for the Capital. Col. Joshua Carpenter, of Hallowell, proposed that; William Vance said, "No." In both ways the enemy had scored the Fensholt. Finally, after much bickering, the bill was passed, and approved by the Governor, Feb. 24, 1827, making Augusta the Capital.

June 6, 1827, Governor Lincoln and his Council met at Augusta, and selected the same lot for the public buildings that had been selected by the Committee of 1822. It was deeded to the State, June 6th, by Joshua Gage, Joseph Chandler, Robert C. Vose, Henry W. Fuller, Pitt Dillingham, and Reuel Williams. The lot was 42 rods wide, about 132 rods long, reaching from the old Hallowell road to the river, and contained 34 acres. In January, 1828, Governor Lincoln, in his address, "called the attention of the Legislature to the necessity of providing public buildings." That Committee reported as follows :

"IN SENATE, Jan. 15, 1828.

That pursuant to the provisions of the Act of the last Legislature, fixing the place of the permanent Seat of Government, and prescribing where the Legislature shall hold its sessions, the Governor and Council held a session at Augusta, in June last, and after having viewed several sites in that town, came to the conclusion and determination to select the lot called Capitol Hill or Weston's Lot, as the most suitable lot on which the Public Buildings might be erected, and gave notice of their determination to the citizens of Augusta, who thereupon caused said lot to be conveyed to the State by a good and sufficient deed executed and delivered, which deed was unanimously accepted by the Governor and Council, caused to be registered, and is now in the office of the Secretary of State; and measures have been adopted by the Executive and nearly carried into effect, to cause this lot to be fenced and ornamented with forest trees, as far as could be done by the appropriation made for that object.

It may be proper for the Committee to add for the information of the Legislature, that the lot now selected and accepted by the Governor and Council is the same which was selected by a Committee of the Legislature in 1822, and referred to in their Report accepted by the Legislature in 1823, as the most central and suitable place at which the permanent Seat of Government should be established, and that the town of Augusta has laid out, and partly made a street across the lot, whereby access to the lot is rendered more easy and convenient.

The law of the State having provided that the Legislature shall assemble and hold its sessions at Augusta, on and after the first day of January, 1832, it seems to be the duty of this Legislature to consider the means they have at command whereby to provide for and defray the expense of erecting suitable Public Buildings, for the accommodation, at that time, of the Executive and Legislative Departments of the Government, and of the several Public Offices required by law to be kept at the Seat of Government.

The means suggested are *Taxes, Loans*, and the *Wild Lands* belonging to the State; but inasmuch as the Committee approve the views taken and advanced by the Governor, in his communication on this subject, they forbear to add anything of their own, further than to say,

June 6, 1827, Governor Lincoln and his Council met at Augusta, and selected the same lot for the public buildings that had been selected by the Committee of 1822. It was decided to the State, June 6th, by Joshua Gage, Joseph Chandler, Robert Vose, Henry W. Fuller, Tim Billingham, and Isaac Williams. The lot was 42 rods wide, about 182 rods long, reaching from the old Hallwell road to the river, and contained 34 acres. In January, 1828, Governor Lincoln, in his address, "called the attention of the Legislature to the necessity of providing public buildings." That Committee reported as follows:

"In SENATE, Jan. 17, 1828."

That pursuant to the provisions of the Act of the last Legislature, fixing the place of the permanent seat of Government, and providing when the Legislature shall hold its sessions, the Governor and Council hold a session at Augusta, in June next, and after having ascertained the site in that town, came to the resolution and determination to select the lot called Capitol Hill or Webster's lot, as the most suitable in view of the public buildings, which the Legislature might be called upon to determine to the citizens of Augusta, who therefore caused said lot to be conveyed to the state by a grant and sufficient deed, certified and delivered, which deed was subsequently accepted by the Governor and Council, caused to be registered, and is now in the office of the Secretary of State, and measures have been adopted by the Executive and Council, caused into effect, to cause that lot to be cleared and ornamented with forest trees, as far as could be done by the appropriation made for that object.

It may be proper for the Committee to call for the information of the Legislature, that the lot now selected and set apart for the Governor and Council is the same which was selected by the Committee of the Legislature in 1822, and selected to in fact, is now occupied by the permanent seat of Government, and suitable place at which the permanent seat of Government should be established, and that the town of Augusta has laid out, and partly inclosed, about seven the lot, which is now to the lot is intended more open and convenient.

The law of the State having provided that the Legislature shall assemble and hold its sessions at Augusta, and after the first day of January, 1827, it seems to be the duty of this Legislature to consider the means they have of command authority to provide for and defray the expense of erecting suitable public buildings, for the accommodation, at that time, of the Executive and Legislative Departments of the Government, and of the several Public Offices required by law to be kept at the seat of Government.

The means suggested are Taxes, A was, and the WWW Land, belonging to the State; but inasmuch as the Committee approve the views taken and advanced by the Government, in his communication on this subject, they forebear to add anything of their own, farther than to say,

that if the Public Buildings are to be obtained by an appropriation of Public Lands, and completed for the use of the Legislature in 1832, good policy and the interest of the State require that measures be now taken to effect that object; and the Committee report the accompanying Resolve, which is respectfully submitted."

This Committee Reported a "Resolve for providing Public Buildings for the State." This Resolve authorized the Governor to appoint a Commissioner of Public Buildings, whose duty it was to obtain plans and estimates of cost for their erection, and also appropriated eleven townships and half townships of land for the purpose, which the Land Agent was authorized to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, and turn the proceeds into the Treasury.

Gen. William King was appointed Commissioner of Public Buildings 1828, and recommended a plan prepared by Mr. Bulfinch, of Boston, which was similar to the Massachusetts State House, estimated to cost \$80,000. This plan was adopted, and work commenced and continued through 1829. In 1830 a new State Administration came into power, General King was removed, and William Clark of Hallowell appointed Commissioner. More trouble ensued; Portland wanted the Capital. The enemies of Augusta did every thing to unsettle the matter. Finally the Legislature agreed to Augusta, and imposed new conditions upon its citizens requiring them to give a bond of \$50,000 to pay all that the State House cost, over the appropriations. A satisfactory bond was given by nearly all the citizens of Augusta signing it.

Reuel Williams was then appointed Commissioner, and completed the State House. It was not well built. Ex-Governor Edward Kent was a member of the House in 1832, and he informed the writer that "the roof leaked so, that in a rain storm he had to sit in Representative Hall with his hat on." The chimneys were built for the use of wood, and from that cause, when the use of coal in furnaces came about, it became nothing more than a fire-trap. It has caught fire several times, and the only wonder is that it has not long since burned down. The state of the building now, 1887, is one of peril. *There is not a fire-proof vault or place in the State House to-day*, where the precious archives of the

that if the Public Buildings are to be obtained by an appropriation of Public Lands, and completed for the use of the Legislature in 1882, good policy and the interest of the State require that measures be now taken to effect that object; and the Committee report the accompanying Resolution, which is respectfully submitted."

This Committee reported a Resolution for providing Public Buildings for the State. This Resolution authorized the Governor to appoint a Commissioner of Public Buildings, whose duty it was to obtain plans and estimates of cost for their erection, and also appropriated eleven townships and half townships of land for the purpose, which the Land Agent was authorized to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, and turn the proceeds into the Treasury.

Gen. William King was appointed Commissioner of Public Buildings 1878, and recommended a plan prepared by Mr. Johnson of Boston, which was similar to the Massachusetts State House, estimated to cost \$80,000. This plan was adopted, and work commenced and continued through 1879. In 1880 a new State Administration came into power, Thomas King was removed and William Clark of Hallowell succeeded him. More than his energy; Portland wanted the Capitol. The energy of Augusta did every thing to neutralize the matter. Finally the Legislature agreed to Augusta, and imposed new conditions upon the citizens requiring them to give a bond of \$50,000 to pay all that the State House cost, over the appropriation. A satisfactory bond was given by nearly all the citizens of Augusta signing it.

Reverend Williams was then appointed Commissioner, and completed the State House. It was not well built. Ex-Governor E. Ward Kent was a member of the House in 1882, and he informed the writer that "the roof leaked so that the rain water he had to sit in Representative Hall with his hat on." The chimneys were built for the use of wood, and from that cause when the use of coal in furnaces came about, it became nothing more than a fire-trap. It has caught fire several times, and the only wonder is that it has not long since burned down. The state of the building now, 1887, is one of peril. There is not a fireplace left in place in the State House to-day, where the previous archives of the

State, or the securities in the Treasury, are not liable to be burned up if a fire should take place.

I give herein Reports and Resolves which tell the rest of the story :

“REPORT IN SENATE, FEB. 22, 1833.

“The Joint Standing Committee on Public Buildings, to whom were referred so much of the Governor’s Message as relates to the Public Buildings, a Communication from the Governor accompanying a report of the Council, who audited the accounts of Reuel Williams, Commissioner of Public Buildings, and the Report of the said Commissioner having had the same under consideration, ask leave to Report.

In June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, the Governor and Council first held a session in the town of Augusta, and selected this elevated spot, on which to erect this noble and costly edifice. The lot was then conveyed to the State by a good and sufficient Deed, executed and delivered, and by them unanimously accepted. During that year the lot was fenced, and in part was ornamented with forest trees. The Legislature in the year 1828, authorized the Governor, with the advice of Council, to appoint a Commissioner of Public Buildings. The Commissioner was empowered and required to obtain plans and estimates of the probable expense of preparing the grounds, &c., of erecting and finishing the public buildings of durable materials upon the State lot in Augusta. Upon the plan and estimate being adopted by the Governor and Council, and upon their certifying the same to the Commissioner, the said Commissioner was empowered to “proceed and prepare the grounds, provide materials, and cause the building to be erected and finished conformably to the plan approved by the Governor and Council, subject, however, to such changes, modifications and alterations as in the progress of the work might be suggested and approved by the Governor and Council.” Ten townships and half townships of land by the Legislature of 1828, were by that Legislature appropriated for the purpose of erecting and completing the public buildings, and the Land Agent was directed to sell them at vendue to the highest bidder, and to pay the proceeds of the sales into the Treasury of the State. The sales of these lands brought into the Treasury the sum of Sixty Thousand Two Hundred and Sixty-Six Dollars and Eighty Cents. William King was in 1828 appointed the first Commissioner of Public Buildings; and during that year he expended thereupon the sum of \$1,999.35; and during the succeeding year expended thereon the sum of \$28,672.80. In the year 1830 William Clark received the appointment of Commissioner of Public Buildings, and expended upon the same during that year, the sum of \$56,237.41, inclusive of his commissions. In the year 1831 Reuel Williams was appointed to that office, who has since continued and officiated therein, and during that year laid out upon the public buildings and grounds the sum of \$27,896 73, and in the purchase of articles of furniture, for the respective offices, the sum of \$5,286.97. During the past year, the last mentioned Commissioner has expended, and mostly upon the fences, grounds, and alteration of

the dome, the sum of \$18,898.28. The whole amount of expenditures for the erection and finishing the public buildings, leveling the grounds, and building the fences, and in the purchase of the furniture for rooms and offices, is \$138,991.34. Two or three hundred dollars will now complete the whole undertaking—level the grounds, and finish the beautifully curved elliptical fence about the yards. It is stated that the sales of surplus materials on hand will meet this expenditure. Of the expenditures of 1832, the sum of \$775.01, exclusive of sales of old copper, was paid out, for altering the dome and painting it three times; \$25 for removing stones, and making conductors on roof; \$293.75 for making Engrossing Clerk's room and making Library room; \$42.50 for making a counter in the Secretary's office; \$89 for finishing four safes and locks; \$111.50 for painting the ceiling of the Senate Chamber; \$12.75 for making repairs on pump; \$39.92 for making and repairing numbers to the seats in the Representatives Hall, and painting spit boxes; \$544.50 for extra on front gate and gateway, and making drains from the house and culverts under the walls; \$90.01 for small additions and alterations; \$101.50 for furniture. During the year 1832 there has been received by the Commissioner for sales of articles, and for labor and rents of State grounds, the sum of \$645.83. In the year 1831 the Legislature appropriated the sum of \$25,000 to be laid out upon the public buildings, on condition that a sufficient bond in the penal sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars be given by the inhabitants of Augusta to the Treasurer of the State, to secure the payment of all sums of money which should be required over and above the said sum of \$25,000, perfectly and entirely to complete and finish the public grounds and buildings. Such bond was offered and accepted, a copy of which has been before us. On the settlement of the Commissioner's claims by the Governor and Council on the first day of January last, there was in the hands of the Commissioner the sum of \$3,860.26, being the balance of the sum raised in 1831. Agreeably to the report of the Council bearing date February 14, 1833, the sum of \$11,466.75 was on the first day of January last past due the Commissioner for expenditures made in "finishing the house, preparing the grounds, erecting the stone walls, making the iron fences, &c., as provided for in the bond given to the State by individuals of Augusta;" and \$2,925.44 for making alterations, additions, and repairs as directed by the Governor and Council, including the services of the Commissioner for that year. The whole amount received by William King for his services as Commissioner of Public Buildings from Oct. 10, 1828, to March, 1830, is \$1,700. The amount received by William Clark for his services as Commissioner, from March 30, 1830, to January 1, 1831, \$930. The amount paid Reuel Williams, including his services for the year 1832, is \$1600; amounting in the whole to \$4230. The first copping of the dome was ascertained by the Commissioner to be so imperfect and leaky, as to endanger the building, and require immediate repairs. No blame is attributed by him to the contractors, the labor apparently being performed in a good and workmanlike manner. It was deemed expedient to strip the dome, increase the pitch and copper it anew; and although the undertaking was expensive, yet it has rewarded the State with a tight, safe and beautiful dome. The

the house, the sum of \$18,893.38. The whole amount of expenditures for the erection and finishing the public building, leveling the grounds, and holding the fences, and in the purchase of the furniture for rooms and offices, is \$188,991.81. Two or three hundred dollars will now complete the whole undertaking—level the grounds and finish the beautiful covered elliptical fence about the tanks. It is stated that the sales of surplus materials on hand will meet this expenditure. Of the expenditures of 1882, the sum of \$772.01, exclusive of sales of old copper was paid out for altering the house and painting it three times; \$23 for removing stones, and making alterations on roof; \$23.75 for making flagging Clark's room and making library room; \$12.50 for making a counter in the Secretary's office; \$55 for finishing four sashes and locks; \$111.00 for painting the ceiling of the Senate Chamber; \$12.75 for making repairs on pump; \$22.00 for making and repainting numbers to the seats in the Representatives' Hall, and painting the boxes; \$24.50 for extra on front gate and gateway, and making drains from the house and carrying them to wells; \$200 for much additions and alterations; \$100 for furniture. During the year 1882 there has been received by the Commission for sales of articles, and for labor and rent of sales grounds the sum of \$415.75. In the year 1881 the Legislature appropriated the sum of \$22,000 and out upon the public building, on condition that a settlement be made in the sum of \$175,000 Dollars, given to the Commission of Agents to the Treasurer of the State, to secure the payment of all sums of money which should be required over and above the sum of \$2,000, partly and entirely to complete and finish the public grounds and building. Such bond was offered and received in a copy of which has been before me. On the settlement of the Commission's claim to the Governor and Council on the first day of January, last there was in the hands of the Commission the sum of \$2,000, being the balance of the sum raised in 1881. A receipt to the effect, the Council bearing date February 14, 1882, the sum of \$2,000.75 was, on the first day of January last paid due the Commission for the following sums in the building the house, preparing the grounds, leveling the stone walls, making the iron steps, &c., as provided for in the act passed in the State in individuals of Agents; and \$2,000 for painting alterations, additions and repairs as directed by the Governor and Council, including the work of the Commission for that year. The whole amount received for William King for his services as Commissioner of Public Buildings from Oct. 10, 1881, to March, 1882, is \$1,700. The amount received by William Clark for his services as Commissioner, from March 20, 1880, to January 1, 1881, \$880. The amount paid to and for William King for his services for the year 1882 is \$1,600; amount due to the whole is \$1,780. The first copying of the house was undertaken by the Commission to be so improved and kept, as to render the building, and repairs, immediate repairs. No claim is attached by him to the contract, the labor separately being performed in a good and workmanlike manner. It was deemed expedient to give the house, therefore, the paint and copper it needs; and although the amount was expended, yet it has rewarded the State with a light, airy and beautiful home. The

alteration of the front gate and gateway from the original plan, was advised and directed, that they should better conform with the architecture of the building. Being furnished with a building of as splendid workmanship and excellent materials, as any State in the Union can boast of, it is now incumbent upon us to preserve it, and beautify its yards and adjacent grounds. In duty to the citizens of this State who have contributed so largely to its erection, and in courtesy to strangers and visitors from other States, it is judged advisable that some suitable person or persons be employed to superintend the public buildings and grounds, and afford every facility to visitors, in viewing and examining our splendid Capitol. The grounds around the building, and more especially on the North and South of it, should be ornamented with trees—whole sown into grass—some parts perhaps turfed—and frequent vigilance is required to prevent them from washing and gulying. Constant employment may be furnished a Superintendent in alterations, improvements and repairs. To reimburse the moneys expended by the Commissioner, and to make provision for the employment of a Superintendent, your Committee recommend the passage of the accompanying Resolves."

March 4, 1833, the following Resolve was passed :

Resolved. That the bond to the Treasurer of the State dated March twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, signed by Daniel Cony and others, in the penal sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars, conditioned to "pay any and all sums of money, which shall be necessary beyond the sum of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars appropriated by the Legislature" to complete and finish the public buildings and grounds at Augusta, according to the agreement and stipulation in the same bond, is forfeited to the use of the State; and that the Treasurer of the State be, and he hereby is requested forthwith to call on said obligors for payment."

INSCRIPTIONS FROM MONUMENTS AND GRAVESTONES IN EASTPORT CEMETERY.

- Eliza B., wife of Daniel Apt, died Sept. 14, 1858-60.
 Capt. Sylvanus Applebee, died Jan. 12, 1834, aged 46.
 "Consort" Susan, died Oct. 16, 1824, aged 3.
 Daniel Aymar, died Oct. 21, 1850, aged 65.
 Israel Andrews, died Dec. 8, 1821.
 His wife Elizabeth Scott, died Sept. 13, 1834.
 Barney Allen, died Nov. 1, 1837, aged 51.
 Wife Mary, died May 30, 1840, aged 49.
 John Burgin Esq., died Feb. 20, 1846, aged 80.
 Mrs. Hannah Burgin, died March 11, 1847, aged 75.
 Alexander Boyd, 1795—1879.
 Grace Newell, died Nov. 15, 1862, aged 66; Robert, Joseph, Charlotte E., James E., wife and children of Alex. Boyd.
 Philip Y. Bell died June 16, 1828, aged 39.

Capt. William Billings, a native of Kittery, died Nov. 30, 1856, aged 63 years, 9 months.

Mrs. Sarah Billings, died July 2, 1852, aged 57.

Henry Byram, Feb. 15, A. L. 5848, aged 67 years, 6 months.

Erected by Eastport Mechanical Association in memory of Henry S. Butman, who perished on Campo Bello, on the night of 4th January, 1818, aged 27.

Seward Bucknam, born in Falmouth, July 7, 1783, died Feb. 14, 1868, aged 84. His wife Anna died Nov. 22, aged 38. His wife Irene, died Oct. 19, 1865, aged 69.

Nathan Bucknam died Jan. 20, 1879, aged 81 years, 10 days.

Wife Charlotte, died Jan. 10, 1877, aged 77 years, 7 months.

Amos Bucknam died April 8, 1836, aged 30.

Joseph Bucknam died Oct. 10, 1858, aged 20.

Sumner Bucknam died March 4, 1866, aged 35.

Adda S., wife of Sumner, and former wife of Joseph S. Bucknam, died June 28, 1871, aged 34 years, 3 months.

Asa Bucknam Dec. 30, 1822—Sept. 9, 1878.

Mrs. Susan L., died Sept. 18, 1853, aged 29 years, 8 months.

Sally B., wife of John Beckford, died Jan. 16, 1845, aged 52.

Anthony Brooks died May 8, 1856, aged 75 years.

Wife Hannah, died Nov. 30, 1858, aged 76 years.

Charles Brooks died June 18, 1867, aged 72 years.

Jona. Buck, born Bucksport, died Oct. 16, 1839, aged 43.

Samuel Blatchford died Oct. 15, 1829, aged 65 years.

Wife Lydia, died Feb. 9, 1850, aged 85.

Waterman Bent died Feb. 11, 1855, aged 46 years, 7 months.

Wife Thankful, died May 10, 1834, aged 31 years, 4 months.

Joshua Bradford born Sept. 4, 1764, died April 26, 1800.

Wife Mary Hunaford, died June 20, 1827, aged 57.

Capt. A. R. Bradford, born Nov. 7, 1795, died Aug. 15, 1854.

Wife Betsey, born Feb. 14, 1797, died Feb. 11, 1868. (?)

Thomas Burnham died Jan. 2, 1817, aged 42.

Mrs. Ann Burnham, died Dec. 2, 1868, aged 91.

Thomas Burnham died Feb. 5, 1848, aged 38.

Capt. John L. Bowman died July 28, 1859, aged 60 years, 6 months, 28 days.

Charles S. Carpenter died Dec. 31, 1870, aged 79 years, 4 months.

Wife Lucy A., died Jan. 30, 1869, aged 72 years 10 months.

Charles W. T. Carpenter died Oct. 28, 1860, aged 40.

Wife Miriam, died Sept. 3, 1857, aged 36 years, 4 months.

Alexander Capen died Nov. 21, 1873, aged 94 years and 4 months.

Wife Jane Lenwood, died Sept. 22, 1848, aged 74 years 6 months.

Joseph Cartwright died Oct. 4, 1846, aged 69.

Josiah Coffin died Oct. 10, 1862, aged 74.

Wife Mary L., died Dec. 28, 1870, aged 79.

Mary A., wife of Daniel Cameron, died June 9, 1852, aged 58.

Mrs. Sarah, wife of Nath. Clarke, died Mar. 27, 1821, aged 25.

Capt. Ben. Clark, lost at sea, Oct. 3, 1851, aged 57.

Wife Martha, died May 9, 1871, aged 70.

- Capt. William Billings, a native of Kentucky, died Nov. 30, 1856, aged 67 years, 9 months.
 Mrs. Sarah Billings, died July 2, 1851, aged 57.
 Henry Bryant, Feb. 15, A. D. 1848, aged 67 years, 6 months.
 Erected by Eastport Mechanical Association in memory of Henry S. Hattman, who perished on Campgo Belle, on the night of 4th January, 1818, aged 27.
 Seward Bucknam, born in Fairmount, July 7, 1783, died Feb. 14, 1862, aged 84. His wife Anna died Nov. 11, aged 58. His wife's name died Oct. 19, 1862, aged 60.
 Nathan Bucknam died Jan. 20, 1857, aged 51 years, 10 days.
 Wife Charlotte, died Jan. 10, 1857, aged 77 years, 7 months.
 Amos Bucknam died April 5, 1840, aged 50.
 Joseph Bucknam died Oct. 10, 1858, aged 50.
 Samuel Bucknam died March 4, 1866, aged 77.
 Abba S., wife of Samuel, and former wife of Joseph S. Bucknam, died June 28, 1871, aged 34 years, 2 months.
 Asa Bucknam Dec. 30, 1832—Sept. 9, 1872.
 Mrs. Susan L., died Sept. 18, 1867, aged 50 years, 8 months.
 Sally B., wife of John Bucknam, died Jan. 10, 1845, aged 52.
 Anthony Bucknam died May 2, 1850, aged 72 years.
 Wife Hannah, died Nov. 30, 1852, aged 70 years.
 Charles Brooks died June 18, 1867, aged 77 years.
 John Buck born Eastport, died Oct. 10, 1867, aged 42.
 Samuel Blackwell died Oct. 15, 1860, aged 57 years.
 Wife Lydia, died Feb. 9, 1850, aged 45.
 Waterman Best died Feb. 11, 1852, aged 46 years, 7 months.
 Wife Thelma, died May 10, 1871, aged 41 years, 4 months.
 Joshua Benford born Sept. 4, 1791, died April 10, 1860.
 Wife Mary Hunsford, died June 30, 1857, aged 57.
 Capt. A. R. Bradburn, born Nov. 7, 1795, died Aug. 12, 1854.
 Wife Betsey, born Feb. 14, 1797, died Feb. 11, 1868, (71).
 Thomas Burdman died Jan. 21, 1817, aged 40.
 Mrs. Ann Burdman, died Dec. 2, 1866, aged 60.
 Thomas Burdman died Feb. 2, 1842, aged 52.
 Capt. John L. Bowman died July 25, 1870, aged 60 years, 6 months, 28 days.
 Charles S. Carpenter died Dec. 20, 1870, aged 70 years, 4 months.
 Wife Lucy A., died Jan. 30, 1868, aged 71 years, 10 months.
 Charles W. T. Carpenter died Oct. 26, 1860, aged 40.
 Wife Minnie, died Sept. 4, 1857, aged 40 years, 4 months.
 Alexander Copen died Nov. 11, 1872, aged 64 years and 4 months.
 Wife Jane Lenwood, died Sept. 22, 1862, aged 74 years 6 months.
 Joseph Cartwright died Oct. 4, 1816, aged 60.
 Josiah Coffin died Oct. 10, 1861, aged 71.
 Wife Mary L., died Dec. 15, 1850, aged 70.
 Mary A., wife of Daniel Cushman, died June 9, 1852, aged 45.
 Mrs. Sarah, wife of Nathaniel Clark, died Mar. 27, 1861, aged 52.
 Capt. Ben Clark, lost at sea, Oct. 7, 1851, aged 57.
 Wife Martha, died May 9, 1871, aged 70.

- Capt. John Clark died Nov. 22, 1863, aged 78.
 Wife Abigail, died Dec. 19, 1873, aged 89.
 Charles Clark died Jan. 4, 1838.
 Capt. William Clark died July 26, 1853, aged 46.
 John B. Clark died Oct. 21, 1854, aged 41.
 William L. Coulter died May 28, 1845, aged 71 years, 3 months.
 Wife Amy M., died April 9, 1862, aged 88.
 Ichabod R. Chadbourne died Dec. 8, 1855, aged 68.
 Geo. Case, of West Islesboro, died Oct 12, 1832, aged 54.
 Wife Rosannah, died March 15, 1825, aged 42.
 Mrs. Margaret, wife of late James Dawson, a native of County of Tyrone, Ireland, died April 1, 1847, aged 82.
 John B. Denotte died July 2, 1828, aged 42.
 Wife Elizabeth, died Jan. 8, 1872, aged 73 years, 9 months.
 Charles Dyer died Sept. 5, 1844, aged 51.
 Jeremiah Edwards died May 7, 1849, aged 51.
 Wife Maria, died July 28, 1842, aged 34.
 Stephen S. Folsom died Aug. 14, 1816, aged 32.
 Joseph Folsom died March 19, 1838, aged 23.
 Deborah, wife of Jos. Folsom, died Dec. 7, 1853.
 Thomas Fisher died Sept. 7, 1847, aged 49.
 Ezekiel Foster, born Machias, Oct. 27, 1796, died in Pembroke, Oct. 15, 1843.
 Ira Foster died Sept. 8, 1870, aged 74.
 Wife Eliza, died Sept. 5, 1870, aged 69.
 Erected by Mrs. Devereux, in memory of John Figard, of Douglas, in the Isle of Man, Aug. 23, 1841.
 Luke Morang died Dec. 1, 1846, aged 40.
 Wife Mary Folsom, died May 8, 1871, aged 65.
 John Gilman died June 19, 1883, aged 82.
 Wife Martha, died Dec. 14, 1867, aged 69.
 Jonas Gleason, born Princeton, Mass., died Sept. 19, 1849, aged 56.
 Jesse Gleason died July 26, 1839, aged 47.
 Sophia Gleason died June 19, 1872, aged 80.
 Sarah J. Leighton, died Sept. 11, 1871, aged 75.
 Daniel Granger, born Andover, Mass., March 2, 1762, died June 17, 1848.
 Wife Mary Jordan, born Saco, Aug. 24, 1772, July 1853.
 Daniel T. Granger, born Saco, July 18, 1807, died Dec. 27, 1854, aged 47 years, 5 months.
 Eliza Adeline, wife of Geo. Gillard, of Trinidad, W. I., died July 21, 1820, aged 23.
 Joseph Gunnison, born Buxton, May 10, 1799, died June 2, 1874.
 Wife Sarah Ann, died May 5, 1865, aged 59.
 Andrew Harrington died Feb. 22, 1851, aged 72 years, 2 months.
 Wife Abigail, died May 16, 1853, aged 75.
 Mrs. Mary, wife of Capt. John Harrington, died Aug. 16, 1854, aged 47.
 Chase Hilyard, died Sept. 29, 1876, aged 73 years, 6 months.

- Chase Hilbard, died Sept. 25, 1876, aged 73 years 6 months.
aged 47.
Mrs. Mary wife of Capt. John Harrington, died Aug. 15, 1874.
Wife Abigail, died May 16, 1873, aged 73.
Andrew Harrington died Feb. 22, 1874, aged 73 years 2 months.
Wife Sarah Ann died Jan. 7, 1867, aged 59.
Joseph Garrison, born March, May 10, 1799, died June 2, 1873.
aged 74 years 2 months.
Daniel T. Garrison, born March 10, 1807, died Dec. 27, 1874.
Wife Mary Jordan, born March 14, 1775, died July 18, 1874.
1873.
Daniel Garrison, born August, March 2, 1798, died June 17, 1873.
Daniel Garrison, born August, March 2, 1798, died June 17, 1873.
Sarah J. Garrison, died Sept. 11, 1871, aged 77.
Sophia Garrison, died June 10, 1872, aged 80.
Jesse Garrison, died July 10, 1869, aged 47.
John Garrison, born in 1792, died 52.
Wife Mary, died Dec. 1, 1871, aged 67.
Lake Morgan, died Dec. 1, 1871, aged 40.
Erected by Mrs. Garrison in memory of John Garrison, of Boston.
Wife Elias, died Sept. 2, 1870, aged 69.
In 1870.
Oct. 17, 1873.
Frank Garrison, born March 17, 1796, died in Eastport.
Thomas Garrison, died Sept. 2, 1872, aged 49.
Deborah, wife of Jas. Garrison, died Dec. 7, 1872.
Joseph Garrison, died March 10, 1873, aged 27.
Stephen S. Garrison, died Aug. 12, 1870, aged 51.
Wife Mary, died June 26, 1871, aged 24.
Jennish Edwards, died May 7, 1870, aged 71.
Charles Dyer, died Sept. 2, 1864, aged 51.
Wife Elizabeth, died June 2, 1872, aged 73 years 9 months.
John B. Denette, died Jan. 2, 1873, aged 41.
Tyrone, Ireland, died Sept. 1, 1877, aged 31.
Mrs. Margaret, wife of John James Dawson, a native of County of
Wife Roseannah, died March 15, 1871, aged 41.
Geo. Case, of West Lebanon, died Oct. 12, 1872, aged 54.
Isabod R. Chubberson, died Dec. 2, 1867, aged 65.
Wife Amy M., died April 2, 1867, aged 33.
William L. Conter, died May 25, 1845, aged 71 years 3 months.
John B. Clark, died Oct. 21, 1874, aged 41.
Capt. William Clark, died July 26, 1857, aged 46.
Charles Clark, died Jan. 4, 1859.
Wife Abigail, died Dec. 19, 1872, aged 89.
Capt. John Clark, died Nov. 22, 1866, aged 78.

Becke Barrett, widow of Eleazer Houghton, born Aug. 3, 1783, died Oct. 25, 1853.

Deacon Aaron Hayden died June 8, 1842.

His wife Ruth Richards, died Jan. 11, 1838, aged 59.

Deacon Charles H. Hayden, died Oct. 21, 1851, aged 41 years, 5 months.

His wife Caroline M. Hayden, died June 27, 1845, aged 25.

Relict, Mary E., died Aug. 5, 1872, aged 50.

William Harris died Nov. 13, 1842, aged 52.

Benjamin Harris, died Feb. 21, 1853, aged 65 years, 6 months.

Mathias Hinckley, 1752—1809.

Wife Abigail Hinckley, 1759—1835.

John Hinckley, 1799—1875.

William Hewes, son of Paoli and Pamela Hewes, of Islesboro, died Oct. 25, 1828, aged 29.

John Hale, died Feb. 4, 1851, aged 55.

Nath. Hatch, died 27 Aug., 1853, aged 70.

Wife Anna, born Gorham, Dec. 11, 1794, died Oct. 20, 1867.

Stephen Jones, died June 14, 1856, aged 72 years, 4 months.

Wife Elizabeth B., died April 17, 1828, aged 39 years, 2 months.

Samuel Jones, died May 9, 1824, aged 76.

Wife Mary, died March 12, 1815, aged 62.

Thomas Johnson, died April 20, 1827, aged 47.

Wife Mehetable, died Oct. 26, 1826, aged 47.

Harriet Johnson, died Aug. 31, 1846, aged 87.

Paul Johnson, died Sept. 26, 1856, aged 70.

Wife Kezia, died May 22, 1844, aged 57.

Silas F. Johnson, died July 18, 1854, aged 46.

Daniel Kilby, died Jan. 3, 1860, aged 69 years, 7 months.

Wife Joanna, died July 26, 1848, aged 49.

Phebe, wife of John Webster, died May 14, 1854, aged 63.

James Kimball, died Aug. 18, 1828, aged 58.

Wife Mary Estabrook, died Augusta, April 30, 1851, aged 71.

Reuben Knox, died March 10, 1844, aged 44.

John Lancy, died Feb. 9, 1854, aged 71.

Wife Joanna, died July 26, 1848, aged 49.

Benjamin B. Leavitt, born Nov. 6, 1798, died July 28, 1881.

Wife Harriet L., born Kensington, N. H., June 21, 1802, died July 16, 1840.

Elijah, son of Moses and Sally Lincoln, died Sept. 7, 1827, aged 28.

Capt. Joseph C. Lincoln, master of brig Islam, drowned off Cape Hatteras, March 1, 1846, aged 39.

Jeremiah Lincoln, died Feb. 14, 1844, aged 49.

Wife Sophia, died May 29, 1843, aged 42.

Prudence Ludlow, died June 27, 1846, aged 75.

Capt. Robert Little, died June 11, 1855, aged 77.

Wife Elizabeth, died July 27, 1836, aged 59.

Robert Little Jr., died Sept. 22, 1827, aged 22.

Oliver S. Livermore, died Sept. 27, 1873, aged 74.

Wife Sarah S., died Oct. 12, 1863, aged 62.

- Becke Barrett, widow of Eleazer Houghton, born Aug. 7, 1783, died Oct. 25, 1873.
- Deacon Aaron Hayden died June 8, 1843.
- His wife Ruth Richards, died Jan. 17, 1856, aged 70.
- Deacon Charles H. Hayden, died Oct. 21, 1851, aged 41 years, 2 months.
- His wife Caroline M. Hayden, died June 27, 1845, aged 25.
- Relief Mary E., died Aug. 2, 1852, aged 50.
- William Harris, died Nov. 25, 1852, aged 42.
- Benjamin Harris, died Feb. 21, 1853, aged 67 years, 6 months.
- Mattias Hinchley, 1752-1800.
- Wife Abigail Hinchley, 1750-1835.
- John Hinchley, 1750-1875.
- William Hewes, son of Paul and Pamela Hewes of Lebanon, died Oct. 27, 1838, aged 20.
- John Hale, died Feb. 4, 1837, aged 72.
- Nath. Hatch, died 27 Aug., 1837, aged 70.
- Wife Anna, born Goshen, Dec. 25, 1794, died Oct. 20, 1867.
- Stephen Jones, died June 21, 1837, aged 72 years, 4 months.
- Wife Elizabeth H., died April 17, 1835, aged 59 years, 2 months.
- Samuel Jones, died May 6, 1835, aged 70.
- Wife Mary, died March 12, 1835, aged 70.
- Thomas Johnson, died April 10, 1837, aged 45.
- Wife Melchior, died Oct. 25, 1830, aged 41.
- Harold Johnson, died Aug. 21, 1830, aged 37.
- Paul Johnson, died Sept. 20, 1830, aged 70.
- Wife Keturah, died May 22, 1834, aged 57.
- Silas F. Johnson, died July 13, 1834, aged 46.
- Druid Kelly, died Jan. 7, 1830, aged 70 years, 7 months.
- Wife Joanna, died July 20, 1834, aged 49.
- Phoebe, wife of John Webster, died May 24, 1834, aged 69.
- James Kimball, died Aug. 15, 1834, aged 58.
- Wife Mary Eastbrook, died August 30, 1834, aged 71.
- Reuben Knox, died March 20, 1834, aged 44.
- John Lacey, died Feb. 9, 1834, aged 71.
- Wife Joanna, died July 20, 1845, aged 70.
- Benjamin B. Leavitt, born Nov. 25, 1821, died July 28, 1851.
- Wife Harriet L., born Kensington, N. H., June 21, 1802, died July 16, 1840.
- Eliza, son of Moses and Sally Lincoln, died Sept. 7, 1837, aged 20.
- Capt. Joseph C. Lincoln, master of brig Islam, drowned on Cape Hatteras, March 1, 1846, aged 30.
- Jeremiah Lincoln, died Feb. 14, 1841, aged 40.
- Wife Sophia, died May 20, 1845, aged 41.
- Frederick Ludlow, died June 27, 1846, aged 75.
- Capt. Robert Little, died June 17, 1852, aged 77.
- Wife Elizabeth, died July 27, 1850, aged 50.
- Robert Little Jr., died Sept. 21, 1857, aged 22.
- Olive S. Linneman, died Sept. 27, 1857, aged 74.
- Wife Sarah S., died Oct. 12, 1867, aged 61.

- Joseph Mason Livermore, born Nov. 22, 1824, died Nov. 20, 1878.
 Mrs. Lydia Livermore, consort of Joseph, daughter of Mr. Samuel and Mrs. Lydia Tuttle, died Sept. 25, 1805, aged 28.
 Mrs. Susan Mason, wife of Capt. Rishworth Mason, and daughter of J. Livermore, died April 12, 1825, aged 22 years, 10 months.
 Abijah Leighton, died May 14, 1874, aged 67 years, 8 months.
 Wife Elizabeth, died July 11, 1842, aged 35.
 Capt. Wm. A. Matthews, died Jan. 6, 1852, aged 50 years, 6 months.
 Wife Sabrina, died May 21, 1847, aged 43.
 John J. Marshall, died March 4, 1839, aged 40.
 Wife Catharine, died Oct. 11, 1852, aged 64.
 Samuel McCrea, died Aug. 5, 1840, aged 75.
 Sarah, wife of Alex T. Miller, died May 27, 1855, aged 54.
 Solomon Mabee, died April 23, 1829, aged 67.
 Wife Elizabeth, died April 29, 1809, aged 39.
 Joanna Mabee, died New York, Sept. 4, 1855, aged 56.
 Capt. Wm. Mabee, died Dec. 5, 1855, aged 63.
 Wife, Jane S., died May 27, 1843, aged 42.
 Hassy?, wife of James Norwood, died Feb. 5, 1852, aged 45.
 Lucretia, wife of Moses Norwood, died March 19, 1848, aged 64.
 John Norton, died Oct. 16, 1856, aged 65.
 Wife Eliza N., died July 21, 1871, aged 71.
 Capt. Asa Nickerson, died April 4, 1862, aged 61.
 Enoch Jones Noyes, Feb. 26, 1810—April 7, 1878.
 Wm. Owen, died March 13, 1871, aged 78 years, 2 months.
 Wife Elizabeth, died Sept. 28, 1863, aged 72 years, 5 months.
 Mr. Wm. Peirce, of Barbadoes, died Feb. 26, 1829, aged 32.
 Elizabeth, wife of Capt. Thos. Peirce, died Aug. 15, 1833, aged 39.
 Justus Pyke, died June 11, 1844, aged 83.
 Wife Betsey, died June 12, 1857, aged 93 years, 7 months.
 Sarah Pike, died June 12, 1875, aged 70.
 Wm. Pike, died Oct. 12, 1836, aged 33.
 Zebulon A. Paine, born Standish, died July 30, 1854, aged 56.
 Wife Margaret S., died May 3, 1869, aged 70.
 Ruth Preble, died Aug. 26, 1851, aged 69.
 Thomas Parker, died Jan. 16, 1865, aged 64.
 Nancy, wife of Samuel Phillips, and second wife of Nath. Rolfe, died Sept. 20, 1870, aged 82 years, 6 months.
 John Patterson, died Jan. 21, 1849, aged 75.
 Wife Elizabeth A., died May 2, 1863, aged 74.
 Capt. John Peavey, died July 3, 1818, aged 40.
 Wife Phebe, died Jan. 14, 1819, aged 26.
 Mrs. Abigail, wife of Benj. Ring, died July 27, 1827, aged 29.
 William Rose, died Nov. 2, 1863, aged 53.
 Charles D. Rice, M. D., died Feb., 1853, aged 53.
 Mary, wife of E. Richardson, born April, 1797, died Jan. 11, 1833.
 Richard Ring, died Oct. 23, 1853, aged 78.
 John W. Reynolds, died June 27, 1846, aged 63.
 Wife Margaret, died April 16, 1851, aged 63.
 Solomon Rice, died Jan. 28, 1848, aged 67 years, 10 months.

- Joseph Mason Livermore born Nov. 22, 1824, died Nov. 20, 1878.
 Mrs. Lydia Livermore, consort of Joseph, daughter of Mr. Samuel
 and Mrs. Lydia Tupper, died Sept. 25, 1868, aged 28.
 Mrs. Susan Mason, wife of Capt. Richard Mason, and daughter
 of J. Livermore, died April 12, 1854, aged 22 years, 10 months.
 Adolph Leighton, died May 14, 1874, aged 27 years, 2 months.
 Wife Elizabeth, died Jan. 11, 1842, aged 22.
 Capt. Wm. A. Mander, died Jan. 6, 1852, aged 50 years, 6 months.
 Wife Sabina, died May 27, 1847, aged 43.
 John J. Marshall, died March 4, 1850, aged 40.
 Wife Catherine, died Oct. 11, 1852, aged 64.
 Samuel McCrea, died Aug. 27, 1850, aged 75.
 Sarah, wife of Alex. T. Miller, died May 27, 1855, aged 69.
 Solomon Mabee, died April 27, 1850, aged 67.
 Wife Elizabeth, died April 27, 1850, aged 50.
 Joanna Mabee, died New York, Sept. 4, 1842, aged 70.
 Capt. Wm. Mabee, died Dec. 25, 1850, aged 67.
 Wife Jane S., died May 27, 1847, aged 42.
 Harriet, wife of James Mowbray, died Feb. 21, 1852, aged 45.
 Lucasta, wife of James Mowbray, died March 19, 1847, aged 64.
 John Norton, died Oct. 10, 1850, aged 67.
 Wife Ellen N., died July 21, 1852, aged 61.
 Capt. Asa Nicholson, died April 1, 1852, aged 61.
 Enoch Jones Norton, Feb. 20, 1852, aged 71 years.
 Wm. Owen, died March 17, 1852, aged 72 years, 2 months.
 Wife Elizabeth, died Sept. 25, 1852, aged 73 years, 2 months.
 Mr. Wm. Prince of Portsmouth, died Feb. 10, 1852, aged 70.
 Elizabeth, wife of Capt. Thos. Prince, died Aug. 15, 1852, aged 70.
 Julius F. Rice, died June 12, 1852, aged 72.
 Wife Betsey, died June 12, 1852, aged 70 years, 7 months.
 Susan Rice, died June 12, 1852, aged 70.
 Wm. Rice, died Oct. 12, 1852, aged 77.
 Zedekiah A. Rice, born March 10, 1802, died July 20, 1874, aged 72.
 Wife Margaret S., died Feb. 2, 1852, aged 70.
 Ruth Preble, died Aug. 10, 1852, aged 60.
 Thomas Preble, died Jan. 10, 1852, aged 64.
 Nancy, wife of Samuel Phillips, and second wife of John Rice, died
 Sept. 20, 1850, aged 82 years, 6 months.
 John Patterson, died Jan. 10, 1850, aged 55.
 Wife Elizabeth A., died Nov. 1, 1852, aged 71.
 Capt. John Peasey, died July 2, 1852, aged 40.
 Wife Elsie, died Jan. 21, 1850, aged 18.
 Mrs. Abigail, wife of John Rice, died July 27, 1852, aged 10.
 William Rice, died Nov. 1, 1852, aged 55.
 Charles D. Rice, M. D., died Feb. 1, 1852, aged 55.
 Mary, wife of E. Richardson, born April 1757, died Jan. 11, 1852.
 Richard Ring, died Oct. 25, 1852, aged 78.
 John W. Raymond, died June 27, 1846, aged 64.
 Wife Margaret, died April 16, 1841, aged 67.
 Solomon Rice, died Jan. 28, 1845, aged 67 years, 10 months.

- Wife Abigail, died June 4, 1866, aged 82.
 Samuel Rice, died Oct. 20, 1851, aged 58.
 Wife Mehetable, died May 1, 1866, aged 63 years, 6 months.
 Joel Raymond, died Dec. 3, 1853, aged 61.
 Wife Sarah, died July 3, 1853, aged 55.
 Elizabeth, daughter of Otis and Elizabeth (Thompson) Lincoln, of Hingham, born Aug. 3, 1794, died May 28, 1884; married Capt. Samuel Shackford, Dec. 12, 1818, who died at Demerara, Aug. 31, 1820, and second, Capt. Sylvanus Applebee, Oct. 17, 1825.
 John Spence, died July 6, 1857, aged 49.
 Wife Jane, died Dec. 1855, aged 48.
 Abel Stevens, died Aug. 3, 1847, aged 65 years, 6 months.
 Wife Sarah Thaxter, died Sept. 28, 1863, aged 72 years, 5 months.
 Samuel Stevens, born Warwick, Mass., Oct. 25, 1790, died Dec., 1871, aged 81.
 Wife Hannah, died Jan. 29, 1831, aged 31.
 Wife Mary C., died June 17, 1844, aged 38.
 Wife Caroline B., died Sept. 30, 1869, aged 69.
 Benjamin Stevens, died April 15, 1850, aged 61.
 Wife Mary, died in Boston, Feb. 5, 1871, aged 71.
 Capt. John Swett, died Sept. 10, 1832, aged 52.
 Wife Mary T. died Aug. 6, 1833, aged 48.
 Richard Sears died July 25, 1836, aged 61.
 Wife Elizabeth, died Aug. 16, 1839, aged 55.
 Nancy Snow, died 1881, about 80.
 Bridget, wife of Thos. W. Spates, died Dec. 4, 1853, aged 58.
 Lorenzo Sabine, Feb. 28, 1803—April 14, 1877.
 John Sherlock, born Dec. 27, 1787, died Sept. 21, 1866.
 James Sherlock, died Sept. 23, 1847, aged 52.
 Oliver Shead, b. Eastport, Oct. 13, 1806, died Chicago, Aug. 27, 1855.
 John Langdon Stover, died Dec. 3, 1844, aged 60.
 John L. Stover, died Oct., 1853, aged 40.
 Gideon W. Stickney, Aug. 25, 1807—March 4, 1874.
 Wife Sarah, born March 28, 1814, died Jan. 1, 1881.
 Gideon Stickney, died March 28, 1862, aged 85 years, 6 months.
 Wife Lydia, died Oct. 6, 1851, aged 73.
 Stephen Trecarten, died Feb. 11, 1853, aged 55.
 Andrew Tucker, died 1858, aged 55.
 Wife Elizabeth, died 1862, aged 60.
 Upham S. Treat, died Aug. 1875, aged 59.
 Upham S. Treat Jr., died April 15, 1869, aged 30.
 Mrs. Lydia Tuttle, wife of Samuel, died Sept. 17, 1814, aged 63.
 Arethusa Thaxter, died Feb. 7, 1847, aged 76.
 Jane, wife of John Thompson, died April 27, 1868, aged 60.
 William Thompson, died May 15, 1874, aged 60 years, 2 months.
 James M. Ward, died July 21, 1861, aged 64.
 Wife Harriet C., died Nov. 17, 1874, aged 73.
 Samuel Woodworth, Sarah his wife, Rebecca Crawford, daughter, and Mary Crawford, grand-daughter, erected 1850.

- and Mary Crawford, grand-daughters, erected 1850.
 Samuel Woodworth, nephew of Mrs. Rebecca Crawford, daughter.
 Will Harris C., died Nov. 17, 1871, aged 72.
 James M. Ward, died July 21, 1851, aged 64.
 William Thompson, died May 15, 1874, aged 80 years, 2 months.
 Jane, wife of John Thompson, died April 27, 1868, aged 64.
 Arthur Thaxter, died Feb. 7, 1877, aged 70.
 Mrs. Lydia Tuttle, wife of Samuel, died Sept. 17, 1814, aged 61.
 Upham S. Tuttle, died April 15, 1800, aged 70.
 Upham S. Tuttle, died Aug. 1877, aged 90.
 Will Elizabeth, died 1802, aged 60.
 Andrew Tucker, died 1812, aged 70.
 Stephen Trevelyan, died Feb. 11, 1877, aged 52.
 Will Lydia, died Oct. 6, 1851, aged 71.
 Gibson Schock, died March 25, 1844, died Jan. 1, 1851.
 Will Sarah, born March 22, 1814, died Jan. 1, 1851.
 Gibson W. Schock, Aug. 17, 1851, died March 4, 1874.
 John L. Shover, died Oct., 1857, aged 40.
 John Langdon Stover, died Dec. 2, 1841, aged 61.
 1857.
 Oliver Sheard, Jr. Eastport, Oct. 17, 1805, died Chicago, Aug. 17, 1857.
 James Shebeck, died Sept. 27, 1877, aged 51.
 John Shebeck, born Dec. 27, 1777, died Sept. 17, 1866.
 Lorenzo Shebeck, Feb. 17, 1807—died 1877.
 Bridget wife of Thos. W. Shover, died Dec. 4, 1855, aged 52.
 Nancy Snow, died 1851, about 60.
 Will Elizabeth, died Aug. 16, 1870, aged 73.
 Richard Sears, died July 25, 1870, aged 61.
 Will Mary T., died Aug. 6, 1852, aged 42.
 Capt. John Swoett, died Sept. 16, 1851, aged 52.
 Will Mary, died in Boston, Feb. 5, 1871, aged 71.
 Benjamin Stevens, died April 15, 1850, aged 61.
 Will Caroline B., died Sept. 30, 1860, aged 61.
 Will Mary C., died June 17, 1844, aged 57.
 Will Hannah, died Jan. 20, 1851, aged 41.
 1851, aged 81.
 Samuel Stevens, born Warwick, Mass., Oct. 25, 1790, died Dec. 1871, aged 81.
 Will Sarah Thaxter, died Sept. 26, 1857, aged 72 years, 3 months.
 Abel Stevens, died Aug. 3, 1847, aged 65 years, 6 months.
 Will Jane, died Dec. 1857, aged 51.
 John Spencer, died July 6, 1857, aged 40.
 1850, and second, Capt. Sylvanus Appleton, Oct. 17, 1812.
 Samuel Shackford, Dec. 12, 1816, who died at Thompson, Aug. 31, 1874, married Capt. Hingham, born Aug. 3, 1794, died May 23, 1864.
 Elizabeth, daughter of Otis and Elizabeth (Thompson) Lincoln, at
 Will Sarah, died July 2, 1853, aged 55.
 Joel Raynolds, died Dec. 1, 1853, aged 61.
 Will Melinda, died May 1, 1866, aged 65 years, 6 months.
 Samuel Rice, died Oct. 20, 1851, aged 53.
 Will Abigail, died June 4, 1866, aged 81.

- Samuel Wheeler, born Sept. 22, 1780, died Nov. 24, 1852.
 Wife Sarah, born Nov. 24, 1779, died Aug. 6, 1871.
 Joseph Whelply, died Sept. 22, 1844, aged 65.
 Wife Charlotte, died Oct. 15, 1849, aged 59.
 Samuel B. Wadsworth, died Oct. 2, 1874, aged 83 years, 1 month.
 Wife Sally Field, died June 23, 1818, aged 24.
 Wife Eliza C., died March 2, 1867, aged 68 years, 9 months.
 Capt. John Winchester, died at Island of Horassan, July 25, 1860, aged 57.
 Phebe, wife of John Webster, died May 14, 1854, aged 63.
 Elis., wife of Ezra Waldron, born April 18, 1789, died July 9, 1874.
 J. P. Wheeler, born Sept. 11, 1815, died Feb. 19, 1880.

DOCTOR AND DEACON ELISHA SKINNER, OF ORRINGTON, NOW BREWER,

Was born in Mansfield, Mass., 1742. He studied medicine, and was a surgeon in Col. Marshall's regiment, in the Revolutionary war, and was a Revolutionary pensioner. He settled in that part of Orrington now Brewer, in 1787. He lived near the ferry. He was Deacon of the First Congregational Church in Brewer. He was the first physician on Penobscot river above Fort Pownal, except Dr. Geo. Herbert, who was here from 1774 to 1779, and Dr. Phineas Nevers, who came just before Dr. Skinner and died. April 29, 1790, the town voted "that Dr. Skinner go to General Court with a petition relating to land, and each inhabitant to pay three shillings for Dr. Skinner's charge."

Oct. 25, 1790, he was again chosen by the town "to go to General Court as Committee." He was the first Master of Rising Virtue Lodge of Free Masons, 1802-3-4, then of Hampden, now of Bangor. Good Deacon Eliashib Adams, in his Autobiography,* says, "Soon after I came to Bucksport, which was July 5, 1803, I walked up to Bangor. From its being the head of navigation and safe for ships, I had no doubt it would be the most important place on the river. I should have remained here had it not been that there was no religious privileges. It was a mere Sodom, with Lot dwelling in it by the name of William Boyd, afterwards one of the first Deacons in the First Church. I was so disgusted with the character of the place, that for several years, when my busi-

* Autobiography, 1871, page 57.

ness made it necessary to remain over night, I used to cross the river to Orrington—now Brewer—and put up at Dr. Skinner's, who, and his wife were both pious and intelligent." The truth of history compels me to say that Dr. Skinner sold intoxicating liquors, and that sometimes his customers were noisy and quarrelsome.

Doctor Skinner had a large and successful practice, and until Doctor Hosea Rich came to Bangor in 1805, had almost the monopoly on this river. He died Nov. 3, 1827.

He married first, Miss Mary, or Martha Grover, of Mansfield. She was the mother of his children. She died Sept 27, 1822, aged 63. He married second: "In Brewer, Dr. Elisha Skinner, a Revolutionary soldier, aged 80, to Widow Rooks, of Orrington, aged 56—1823." She was admitted to Brewer Church June 4, 1823.

His children—probably not in order:—

- i. SYLVESTER —, schoolmaster, and perhaps practiced medicine some; lived in Brewer and died after 1820. He married Eliza Chapin. She died Dec. 12, 1820, aged 33. Had daughter Mary.
- ii. ELISHA, Jr., — unmarried; a good scholar; died Brewer, Nov., 1815, aged 25.
- iii. Alfred, —, lived in Brewer; admitted to Brewer Church as of Garland, 1813; moved to Exeter, where he married Abigail Hill; children baptized in Brewer:—Ann S., March 20, 1814; Hannah, Dec. 1815; Joanna Grover, Dec. 1818; Elisha, May 24, 1821; a Methodist clergyman.

LETTER FROM CHARLES HAMMOND CONCERNING A PRIVATEER—1813.

"BANGOR, SEPT. 3, 1813.

General Blake:—I am informed that the owners of a Privateer now fitting out, are about calling on you for the loan of the two iron four-pounders, belonging to my Company. Should you deem it proper to loan them, and should you be satisfied that it is in your power to do so, I should think it advisable to give an order on me, and in that order direct that sufficient surety be taken, that they shall be safely returned, or paid for to the satisfaction of the Government. I do not by this mean to give an opinion on the propriety or impropriety of the measure, but you are the best judge of that, and I shall comply with any order you may choose to issue on this subject.

I am, Sir, respectfully,
Your Obedient Servant,
C. HAMMOND."

Superscribed to "Brigadier-General John Blake, Brewer."

PETITION FROM INHABITANTS OF MUSCONGUS AND
MEDUMCOOK, 1767, TO THE GENERAL COURT.*

The inhabitants of Muscongus and Medumcook Plantations, represent that the Courts are held in Frankfort,† now in the western part of the County, and that a great part of the people who attend there have to lodge on the floor, or in barns, or set up all night by the fire; and they ask that the Courts may be removed to near the centre of the County.

Cornelius Morton.

Joshua Morton.

J. Collamore.

Sedate Wadsworth.

Abia Wadsworth.

Robert Sampson.

John Robinson.

Jacob Griffin. (?)

George Biggmore.

Jacob Graffam.

John Bigmore.

Eben Morton.

John Fraser.

John Grafton.

Jesse Thomas.

Samuel Condon.

Samuel Jameson.

Daniel Jameson.

Alexander Jameson.

Cornelius Bradford.

John Bradford.

John Demorse.

John Demorse, Jr.

Elijah Cook.

Jacob Davis.

G. Davis.

William Davis.

Ebenezer Davis.

Nehemiah Davis.

Samuel Davis.

William Elwell.

William Elwell, Jr.‡

SAMUEL THOMAS,

OF NORTH FOX ISLANDS, NOW NORTH HAVEN.

His will, Hancock Records, Vol. I, page —, made Sept. 30, 1789, proved April 2, 1796, names sister Zilpah Thomas, sons Samuel and Cushing, daughters Mary Carver, Lucy Sampson, Ruth Thomas, Lydia Worster, and Rachel Thomas. Gives his sons real estate on Fox islands and in Marshfield, Mass., and other property; and his daughters £31 4s. each.

LICENSED INN-HOLDERS IN ELLSWORTH, 1812:—Andrew Peters, Samuel Dutton, Alfred Langdon.

* From General Court Records, Jan. 4, 1767.

† Now Dresden, on the Kennebec river.

‡ These men were, nearly all of them, from Plymouth County, Mass.

PETITION FROM INHABITANTS OF MIDDLEBURY AND
MIDDLEBURY, 1812, TO THE GENERAL COURT.

The inhabitants of Middlebury and Middlebury Plantations, represent that the Courts are held in Middlebury, now in the western part of the County, and that a great part of the people who attend these Courts to lodge on the floor, or in barns, or set up all night by the fire, and they ask that the Courts may be removed to near the center of the County.

Samuel Johnson.	Corneilus Morton.
Daniel Johnson.	Joshua Morton.
Alexander Johnson.	J. Collamore.
Corneilus Hamblin.	Sebasto Washworth.
John Hamblin.	Abia Washworth.
John Damore.	Robert Sampson.
John Damore, Jr.	John Robinson.
Edith Cook.	Jacob Griffin (1).
Jacob Davis.	George Higginson.
Ed. Davis.	Jacob Griffin.
William Davis.	John Higginson.
Edmund Davis.	Eden Morton.
Reuben Davis.	John Fraser.
Samuel Davis.	John Gratton.
William Elwell.	Jesse Thomas.
William Elwell, Jr.	Samuel Condon.

SAMUEL THOMAS
OF NORTH FORT LEECHES, NEW NORTH HAVEN

His will, Hancock Records, Vol. 1, page 40, made Sept. 30, 1783, proved April 2, 1786, names sister Zilpah Thomas, sons Samuel and Cushman, daughters Mary Carter, Lucy Sampson, Ruth Thomas, Lydia Wheeler and Rachel Thomas. (After his sons real estate on Fox Island and in Middlebury, Mass., and other property; and his daughter, etc., etc.)

Licensed Ex-Horner in Essex County, 1812;—Andrew Peters, Samuel Dutton. Aired Jackson.

* From General Court Records, Jan. 4, 1787.
† New District, on the Hancock river.
‡ These men were nearly all of them from Plymouth County, Mass.

LIST OF SETTLERS

In certain Plantations in Waldo County, in 1804, as reported by Robert Houston, of Belfast, to General Henry Knox.

(Contributed by Joseph Williamson, Esquire, of Belfast.)

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION KNOX.

[] Glidden can pay a part.
[] ry Hutchings can pay a part.
Wm. Patterson can pay a part.
Prince Hatch can pay one lot.
Daniel Walker can pay one lot.
Jeremiah Clement can pay part 1.
Job Clement can pay part 2.
John Sears can pay part 3.
Jona. Bangs can pay part; arranged.
Elias Wilkins can pay part; arranged.
David Patch can pay part; arranged.
Daniel Patch absent; arranged.
Pelham Sturtevant absent; arranged.
Jesse Hardy absent after money; arranged.
Thomas Sinclear can pay part 5.
Joshua Brown can pay part 6.
Nathan Smith, absent.
John Sawyer can pay part 7.
Israel Kinney, absent.
Jona. Taylor wants a new agreement.
Joseph Prescott wants a new agreement.
Jesse Sturtevant wants a new agreement.
Samuel Patterson wants a new agreement.
Simeon Taylor absent after money.
Peter Smith wants a new agreement.
Francis Reed wants a new agreement. ~
Amory Bryant wants a new agreement. ~
Cudworth Bryant.
Peter Sanborn wants a new agreement.
Seth. Elliot has been forward.
Scoly Baker, absent.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION BONAPARTE, NOW SEARSMONT.

John L. Gilman can pay for 50 acres.
The following want a new agreement:
Humphrey Hook and Jonathan Bagley.
John Morrow, Nathaniel Evans, Jonathan Gilman, Joseph Ford;
arranged.
Cross, absent.
Phillip absent.
William Mash, John Fish.

LIST OF SETTLERS

In certain Plantations in Waldo County, in 1804, as reported by Robert Houston, of Belfast, to General Henry Knox.

(Continued by Joseph Williamson, Register of Deeds.)

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION 2202.

John L. Gilman can pay for 50 acres.
The following want a new agreement:
Humphrey Hook and Jonathan Bailey.
John Morrow, Nathaniel Evans, Jonathan Gilman, Joseph Ford, arranged.
Cross, absent.
Phillip, absent.
William Black, John Felt.
Sally Baker, absent.
Peter Sanborn wants a new agreement.
Cuthbert Bryant.
Amory Bryant wants a new agreement.
Francis Reed wants a new agreement.
Peter Smith wants a new agreement.
Simon Taylor absent after meeting.
Samuel Tallent wants a new agreement.
Jesse Sturtevant wants a new agreement.
Joseph Fernald wants a new agreement.
John Taylor wants a new agreement.
Isaac Kinney, absent.
John Sawyer can pay part 7.
Nathan Smith, absent.
Joshua Brown can pay part 6.
Thomas Shindler can pay part 5.
Jesse Hardy absent after money; arranged.
Belham Sturtevant absent; arranged.
Daniel Patch absent; arranged.
David Patch can pay part; arranged.
Ellis W. Smith can pay part; arranged.
John Bonds can pay part; arranged.
John Sears can pay part 5.
Job Clement can pay part 4.
Jeremiah Clement can pay part 3.
Daniel Walker can pay one lot.
Prince Hatch can pay one lot.
Wm. Patterson can pay a part.
J. H. Hinchings can pay a part.
J. Gilman can pay a part.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION 2042, NOW AGREEMENT.

John L. Gilman can pay for 50 acres.
The following want a new agreement:
Humphrey Hook and Jonathan Bailey.
John Morrow, Nathaniel Evans, Jonathan Gilman, Joseph Ford, arranged.
Cross, absent.
Phillip, absent.
William Black, John Felt.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION LINCOLN, NOW THORNDIKE.

John Perley has a new agreement.
 William Ward has a new agreement.
 Gideon Philbrook and William Philbrook settled in part.
 Job Chase, a deed.
 Benjamin Bartlett, a deed.
 Robert Hanson, been forward.
 James Rich and Joseph Rich, been forward.
 Samuel Whitney, been forward.
 Ezra Hanson, been forward.
 Moses Hollis, been forward.
 — Josiah Higgins and his brother have paid part.
 George Dyer and Jno. White have paid part.
 William Davis, John Mitchell, John Foot, Trism. Coffin were all
 absent, gone on to Thomaston.
 Increase Blithers wants a new agreement.
 Joseph Blithers wants a new agreement.
 — Samuel Parkharst, absent.
 John Finny, absent.
 Samuel Russell wants a new agreement.
 Benjamin Russell, absent.
 Robert Swan, absent.
 Silas Whitecomb, absent.
 Isaiah Blithers wants a new agreement.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION JACKSON.

Joel Rich wants a new agreement.
 Ebenezer Walker wants a new agreement.
 Nicholas Hamlin absent after money.
 Bryant Morton, absent.
 William Hastey, absent.
 John Hartshorn wants a new agreement.
 Prince Davis, } were absent, gone on to Tomaston.
 Jonathan Green, }
 Solomon Young, absent.
 John Swan, absent.
 David Mooers, absent.
 Thomas M'Kinley can make payment.
 Wm. Hurd, absent.
 Benjamin Cates for a new agreement.
 James Cates for a new agreement.
 John Cates for a new agreement.
 Andrew Cates for a new agreement.
 George Morton for a new agreement.
 Stephen Whitney, absent.
 Jacob Clark, absent.
 Sam'l Brown has a new agreement.
 Ebenezer Morton wants a new agreement.
 Jabez Whitney, absent.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION LINDOLE, NOW THORNDIKE.

John Perley has a new agreement.
 William Ward has a new agreement.
 Gideon Phillips and William Phillips settled in part.
 Job Chase, a dead.
 Benjamin Bartlett, a dead.
 Robert Hanson, been forward.
 James Rich and Joseph Rich, been forward.
 Samuel Whitney, been forward.
 Ezra Hanson, been forward.
 Moses Hallin, been forward.
 Josiah Higgins and his brother have paid part.
 George Gyer and his wife have paid part.
 William Davis, John Mitchell, John Foot, John Coffin were all
 absent, gone on to Tennessee.
 Increase Hillman wants a new agreement.
 Joseph Hillman wants a new agreement.
 Samuel Parkhurst, absent.
 John Finny, absent.
 Samuel Russell wants a new agreement.
 Benjamin Russell, absent.
 Robert Swan, absent.
 Silas Williams, absent.
 Josiah Hillman wants a new agreement.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION LINDOLE.

Joel Rich wants a new agreement.
 Ebenezer Walker wants a new agreement.
 Nicholas Lincoln absent after money.
 Bryant Norton, absent.
 William Haskett, absent.
 John Haskett wants a new agreement.
 Phoebe Davis, }
 Jonathan Green, } wife absent, gone on to Tennessee.
 Solomon Young, absent.
 John Swan, absent.
 David Moore, absent.
 Thomas M. Kinney can make a payment.
 Wm. Hunt, absent.
 Benjamin Cates for a new agreement.
 James Cates for a new agreement.
 John Cates for a new agreement.
 Andrew Cates for a new agreement.
 George Norton for a new agreement.
 Stephen Whitney, absent.
 Jacob Clark, absent.
 Sam'l Brown has a new agreement.
 Ebenezer Norton wants a new agreement.
 James Whitney, absent.

William Taggart, absent.

Robert Jackson, absent.

Joseph Barnes had a new agreement.

Robert B. Cochran had a new agreement.

Shadreck Hastey, absent.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION WASHINGTON, NOW BROOKS.

Joseph Roberts wants a new agreement.

Jona. Roberts deceased's widow agreement.

John Roberts agreement.

John Young agreement.

William Doble agreement.

William Kimball, absent.

Shadreck Hall for a new agreement.

Nathaniel Emerson will pay part.

James Jordan appears to be } one of Jonathan Roberts' letters.
indifferent about holding the }
lands.

COL. AND DR. PHINEAS NEVERS, THE SECOND PHYSICIAN IN BANGOR.

I find Dr. Phineas Nevers in Brunswick* from 1752 to 1765. He had lands there; was a selectman in 1761. In 1776 he was at Mangerville, New Brunswick,† and May 14, was one of a committee of inhabitants to make immediate application to the Congress, or General Assembly of Mass. Bay, for relief under their present distressed circumstances. Aid was granted to the patriots on the St. John river by the General Court, June 26, 1776. At this time he was called Dr. Nevers, and was at various places between Mangerville and Machias from May 21 to June 18, 1777. When John Allan Esq., Superintendent of the Eastern Indians, in a letter of that date to the Council of Mass. Bay, says:‡

“The bearer, Doct. Nevers, who is a Person who has Suffered the greatest hardships, the most part of his Interest carried off by Mr. Gould and himself Lyable every day to be made a Prisoner, his Character in Private Life as well as his zeal for his Country, Being a Great Instrument in Keeping the Indians Quiet, in Furnishing them with Provisions, &c., merits the friendship of every person concerned; must therefore recommend him to your Honours favor.

* History of Brunswick, page 312.

† Kidder's History of Eastern Me., in Revolutionary War, page 63.

‡ Kidder's History, page 195.

William Tappan, absent.

Robert Jackson, absent.

Joseph Barnes had a new agreement.

Robert B. Cochran had a new agreement.

Shadrach Hestey, absent.

SETTLERS IN THE PLANTATION WASHINGTON, NOW BROWN.

Joseph Roberts wants a new agreement.

John Roberts deceased's widow agreement.

John Roberts agreement.

John Young agreement.

William Noble agreement.

William Kinship, absent.

Shadrach Hall for a new agreement.

Nathaniel Emerson will pay part.

James Jordan appears to be

indifferent about holding the land.

COL. AND DR. PHINEAS NEVERS, THE SECOND.
PHYSICIAN IN BAZOOKA.

I find Dr. Phineas Nevers in "Bazooka" from 1792 to 1793. He had lands there; was a settler in 1791. In 1792 he was at Mangerville, New Brunswick, and May 11, was one of a committee of inhabitants to make immediate application to the Congress, or General Assembly of Mass.-Bay, for relief under their present distressed circumstances. And was granted to the extent on the St. John river by the General Court, June 26, 1792. At this time he was called Dr. Nevers, and was at various places between Mangerville and Andover from May 21 to June 28, 1792. When John East, representative of the Eastern Indians, in a letter of that date to the Council of Mass.-Bay, says:

"The bearer, Doctor Nevers, who is a person who has suffered the greatest hardships, the most part of his interest, and all his lands and himself, every day to be made a prisoner, for the purpose of Private Life as well as the well for his Country, being a great interest in keeping the Indians quiet, in furnishing them with provisions, &c., merits the friendship of every person who would most liberally recommend him to your Honorable Council."

* History of Brunswick, page 112.

† History of Brunswick, page 112.

‡ History of Brunswick, page 112.

At the attack of the British fleet upon Machias, August, 1777, he was present and acting as Lieut. Colonel in Col. Jonathan Eddy's Regiment."

Soon after this he returned to Boston. In the Mass. archives, I found a letter from him—a copy of which I give :

"Boston, Sept. 18, 1777.

Hon. Gentlemen: I take this Earliest opportunity to Return you my hearty thanks for the Honor you did me in appointing me Lieut. Col. of the Battalion intended to be raised under the command of Col. Eddy, and more especially for your late appointment as Lieut. Col. over the Troops ordered to be raised for the defence of Machias. I hope I shall be able to conduct myself in such a manner as will give satisfaction to your Honours and the Publick. Being obliged by the tools of Tyranny either to acknowledge George the Third of Grate Briton my Rightful Lord and Sovereign and bear arms against my brethren of the United States when they pleased, or leave my family and interest at their tender mercies, (which is cruelty) I chose the latter, and have been several months spending the little cash I brought of with me. I am now rather short of that article, and am to beg that your Honours would be pleased to lend me such small sum as may be necessary in accomplishing the business your honours have been or may be pleased to appoint me to do, and you will again much oblige

Your Honours most Humble Servant

PHINEAS NEVERS.

To the Hon. Council and the House of Representatives of the State of Massachusetts Bay.

"Sept. 19, 1772, Lieut. Col. Nevers was appointed to that office to serve under Col. Allan, and he was directed to deliver enlisting orders to Benjamin Lamont, of Georgetown; Capt. C. Barker, of Pownalborough, first Lieut; John Matthews, of Thomaston, Second Lieut.; Thomas Butler, of Georgetown, Ensign; and he was empowered to raise men in Waldoboro, Warren and Thomaston, and report and receive orders from Col. Allan."

Owing to some cause he did not raise his troops. Col. John Allan in a letter to the General Court Oct. 12, 1777* says "Lieut. Col. Nevers has not yet arrived, nor have I received any intelligence from him. I doubt whether he will raise his men before the time is out." Nov. 18, "Col. Allan is still waiting for Col. Nevers."†

I have no further account of his military services. He was a Revolutionary patriot who deserved the title, and some notice of his life and service. I do not find where he or his family was from

* Kidder's History, page 233.

† Kidder's History, page 240.

At the attack of the British fleet upon Machias, August, 1777, he was present and acting as Lieut. Colonel in Col. Jonathan Kirby's Regiment."

Soon after this he returned to Boston. In the Mass. archives I found a letter from him—a copy of which I give:

Boston, Sept. 18, 1777.
Hon. Gentlemen: I take this earliest opportunity to return you my hearty thanks for the Honor you did me in appointing me Lieut. Colonel of the Battalion intended to be raised under the command of Col. Allen, and more especially for your late appointment as Lieut. Col. of the Troops ordered to be raised for the defense of Machias. I am, I think, able to co-operate in such a manner as will give satisfaction to your Honors and the Publick. Having obliged by the terms of the agreement to acknowledge George the Third of Great Britain as the lawful Lord and Sovereign and being sworn against my enemies of the United States when they pleased, or leave my family and interest in the United States (which is true) I chose the latter and have been several months spending the little cash I have left of with me. I am now waiting about of that article and am to hear that your Honors would be pleased to lend me such small sums as may be necessary for my support, until the business your Honors have been so good as pleased to appoint me to, and you will again much oblige
Your Honors most Obedient servant

Palmer's Letters
To the Hon. Council and the House of Representatives of the State of Massachusetts Bay.
Sept. 18, 1777. Lieut. Col. Palmer was appointed to that office to serve under Col. Allen and he was directed to direct collecting and to Benjamin Larnum of Newburyport, John Allen of Newburyport, first Lieut. John Matthews of Newburyport, second Lieut. Thomas Butler of Georgetown, England; and to give answers to calls in a Bill of Widdowes, Warren and I have been a report and receive and pay Col. Allen."

Owing to some cause he did not send his troops. "Col. Allen in a letter to the General dated Sept. 18, 1777" says "Col. Col. Palmer has not yet arrived and have I received any intelligence from him. I doubt whether he will raise his men before the time is out." Nov. 18, 1777. Allen is still waiting for Col. Palmer."

I have no further account of his military services. He was a Revolutionary patriot who deserved the title, and some notice of his life and services. I do not find where he or his family was born.

* Kirby's History, page 288.

† Kirby's History, page 288.

1777 to 1782, when he probably settled in what is now Bangor, on the lot near where the Maine Central Depot now stands. Capt. Jacob Holyoke, in his letter to Bangor Centennial,* says, "Doctor Nevers lived near Coombs' wharf." He pursued the practice of his profession here.

I have an old writ wherein John Nevers, for estate of Phineas Nevers, deceased, sold Thomas Low, of Bangor. I give a copy of the account annexed :

Dr. Thomas Low, to the Estate of Phinehas Nevers, Deceased.

	£	s.	d.
To Sundry Medicines,		3	
3 Muggs Toddy,		3	
6 Gallons of Molasses,	31	18	
1785, Aug. 18th.			
To half Quintal Codfish,		12	
2 Gallons Molasses,		6	
1 Jacccoat,		1	4
		£3	6
And Supra Cr. by M. shingles,		12	
174 M. shingles,		15	
		£1	7
Balance due the 7th estate of Phinehas Nevers,			
deceased,		1	19
		£3	6

Penobscot, July 16th, 1793. A true copy of his account taken from the books of said Phinehas Nevers, deceased, and John Nevers by his Attorney, Jona. Lowder."

As a Refugee from Nova Scotia during the Revolutionary war, he was granted land by the State of Mass., in what is now Eddington. These lands were taxed to estate of Phineas Nevers, deceased, from 1791 to 1795. Dr. Nevers probably died in October, 1785. Rev. Seth Noble in a letter to his wife at New Market, N. H., from Kennebec River, dated Feb. 6, 1786, says: "I hear and believe it is true, Col. Nevers died in October last." Mr. Noble in his Diary, July 25, 1787, says: "Removed my family to the widow Nevers' house." As to his children :

- i. JOHN NEVERS, administrated on his father's estate, 1785-6. "John Nevers, late of Condukeag, now of Mirimichi, by his attorney,

* See printed account, page 79.

- Elisha Tibbetts, sells land "(in what is now Bangor,) south of Con-
duskeag stream, to George Tibbetts for £15."
- ii. ELISHA NEVERS was one of the committee to settle Rev. Seth Noble on the Penobscot River, June 7, 1786. "Elisha Nevers, of Penobscot river, not within the bounds of any town, sells to John Tibbetts, of Sunbury,* land in Sunbury at west side of Penobscot river for £150, March 17, 1789." He removed to New Brunswick.
 - iii. BATHSHEBA NEVERS, married Ebenezer Crosby,† of Hampden, about 1785. They were the parents of nine children.
 - iv. HANNAH NEYERS, married Timothy Crosby, of Bangor, about 1788. Their son, James Crosby, was born in Miramichi, while the parents were on a visit there. She died Nov. 1, 1844. He died Sept. 3, 1835, aged 59.

CABEL C. BILLINGS, OF BANGOR.

CALEB CALLENDER BILLINGS, was the son of Joseph and Martha (Allen) Billings, of Lincoln, Mass., born March 5, 1788. He came to Bangor. He was a highly respected merchant. He died Nov. 17, 1833. He married first, Miss Nancy, daughter of John Thoreau,‡ merchant of Boston, June 18, 1810; she was born May 1, 1789; died in Bangor, March 5, 1815. He married second, Mrs. Betsey Hammond, widow of Charles Hammond, Esquire, and daughter of Reuben Brown, of Concord, June 7, 1818; she born April 20, 1784; died Dec. 18, 1871. Children:

- i. MARY ANN THOREAU, b. Dec. 12, 1810; m. Charles Lowell, of Bangor, Oct. 2, 1834.
- ii. REBECCA JANE, b. June 23, 1813; m. Deacon Geo. A. Thatcher, of Bangor, Oct. 1, 1832; she died Oct. 27, 1883; he died Dec. 1, 1885.
- iii. CABEL C., b. Feb. 8, 1815; died July 4, 1815.
- iv. CABEL C., b. Nov. 14, 1819; resided in Bangor; unmarried; died March 25, 1868.
- v. ELIZA, —, died in Bangor.
- vi. GEORGE HENRY, b. Feb. 4, 1826; died April 15, 1828.

* Bangor.

† See ante, No. VI, Vol. 2, page 105.

‡ John Thoreau was born in the Island of Jersey, April 21, 1754. He came to Boston, and was a merchant there. He died in Concord, Mass., March 21, 1801. He married Miss Jennie Burns, Aug. 19, 1781. She died in Boston, July 27, 1796. Children, all born in Boston:—

1. Elizabeth O., born May 19, 1782; died Concord, Nov. 15, 1829.
2. John, b. Aug. 1, 1783; died April, 1784.
3. Jane, b. Dec. 25, 1784; died in Bangor, Aug. 22, 1864.
4. Mary, b. Feb. 24, 1786; died in Concord, July 24, 1812.
5. John, b. Oct. 8, 1787; m. Cynthia Dunbar; lived in Concord; parents of Henry D. Thoreau, the author.
6. Nancy, b. May, 1789; m. Caleb C. Billings, of Bangor.
7. Sally, b. Oct. 30, 1790; died in Concord, Aug. 22, 1829.
8. David, b. July 15, 1792; died in Boston, Dec., 1792.
9. Maria, b. June 16, 1794; died in Bangor, Dec. 8, 1881; the last of the name of this family in this country.
10. David, b. June 9, 1796; died in Boston, Aug. 28, 1817.

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No. IX.

ADDRESS OF CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN A. PETERS,

AT THE DEDICATION OF HANCOCK COUNTY COURT HOUSE, APR. 13, 1886.

Gentlemen of the Bar and fellow citizens:

It has been said that any rough block of marble contains the finest statuary, if only there be a sculptor to chisel it out. That brick and mortar and rock can be shaped into beautiful and even poetic architecture, is evidenced by the structures which the County of Hancock dedicates this day for the public use. The bench and the bar are grateful for the gift. These edifices are an honor to the county and its citizens. Not the county alone should be thanked. Its intelligent and judicious commissioners will be remembered for their services. While the county voted for their use its confidence and credit, it required the exercise of judgment and courage on their part to deal properly with the obstacles which have confronted them, and to bring this scheme undertaken by them to such a successful consummation.

On such an occasion as this, the idea which most naturally occupies our minds, is to make some comparison of the present with the past; to look at the county as it was and as it is; to note some of the changes of one kind and another that have taken place. The mind of a person of legal associations, rather instinctively glances, as upon a landscape, upon the legal fields that have been cultivated by the lawyers who have preceded us. It is agreeable—although in some respects sad—to think of the changes that have been made, the progress accomplished, and to feel the inspiration of the whirl which we receive from the evolution that is constantly pushing us on.

The idea of change and progress could not be more strikingly illustrated than by a comparison between this splendid edifice and the primitive buildings with which the county was contented when first incorporated, well nigh a century ago. The old court house at Castine, says the historian of that town, after being vacated by the county, sold for three hundred dollars; and the court house lastly vacated must have been quite inexpensive in comparison with the temple of Justice which we dedicate to-day. Still, the present buildings were needed—were demanded by the public wants. It is a judicious and not an extravagant expenditure, for we must provide for the future so far as we can

anticipate its wants from the experience of the past. The county was not justified in remaining longer at its old moorings, with the tide carrying so many other enterprises past it.

Hancock county is venerable for her years. Three counties only in the State are older—York, Cumberland and Lincoln. All of the inland counties came into existence at later dates. The first settlements of the country were upon the coast. Where we now stand was in the county of York, or Yorkshire, for years preceding 1760, and was in Lincoln county from that date till 1792. I have several commissions in my possession, issued to an ancestor, living in this place as a civil and military officer of the county of Lincoln.

Hancock county was incorporated in 1792. Since then she has been subjected to great territorial change. In the beginning, her limits extended from the sea to the Canada line. Penobscot and Waldo counties and portions of Piscataquis and Aroostook counties have been carved out of what was her territory. Penobscot became an independent county in 1816, and Waldo in 1827. As the old county is probably at this time past the child-bearing period, she will have no other children to fight against her for separation and independence.

Quite a history could be written of the changes and attempts at change, of the county seat of this county. The historical results are known, but the agitations preceding them are mostly forgotten.

The first shire was the town of Penobscot; but when Castine, where the county buildings were located, became incorporated out of the territory of that town, Castine became the county capital. But she had hard work to hold it. The first attack to take the prize from her was from the region of Bangor, both Bangor and Hampden contending for it. In 1814, Bangor was constituted a half shire of the county, and remained such till 1816, when Penobscot county was incorporated.

Getting rid of Penobscot in 1816, and Waldo in 1827, did not secure a peaceable or a permanent possession of the courts to Castine. After a time Ellsworth started on the war path and never ceased to prosecute the contest for the possession of the shire until it was obtained. In 1825 John G. Deane, Esq., then representing Ellsworth in the legislature, at Portland, wrote "We cannot calculate on success immediately, but we must worry the legislature into a compliance with our views." The petitions at that time were for a full or a partial shire. When Waldo went off in 1827, Ellsworth failed of its object by only a few votes, and also came near success in 1829. Castine constantly made a vigorous resistance against removal until her strength could avail no more. The end would have come sooner than it did, had it not been for the influence of the town of Bucksport, while that town was represented in the legislature by Samuel M. Pond, Esq., who at all times opposed removal.

In 1836 a legislative resolve was passed, submitting to the electors of the county this question, to be voted upon at the September election of that year; "Is it expedient that the Judicial Courts of Hancock County be established at Castine, Bluehill, or Ellsworth?" The vote was as follows: Whole number of votes 2491; of those 1298 were for Castine, 1170 for Ellsworth, and 23 for Bluehill. It is seen that Castine had 128

anticipate its wants from the experience of the past. The county was not satisfied in remaining longer at its old moorings, with the little carrying so many other enterprises past it.

Hancock county is venerable for her years. Three counties only in the State are older—York, Cumberland and Lincoln. All of the land counties came into existence at later dates. The first settlements of the county were upon the coast. Where we now stand was in the county of York, or Yorkshire, for years preceding 1700, and was in Lincoln county from that date till 1792. I have several commissions in my possession, issued to an ancestor, living in this place as a civil and military officer of the county of Lincoln.

Hancock county was incorporated in 1792. Since then she has been subjected to great territorial changes. In the beginning she was extended from the sea to the Canadian line. Penobscot and Wiscasset counties and portions of Piscataquis and Richmond counties have been cut out of what was her territory. Penobscot became an independent county in 1810, and Wiscasset in 1827. As the old county is greater at this time than the child-bearing widow, she will have no more children to fight against her but against an and independent.

Quite a history could be written of the changes and attempts at changes of the county east of the county. The historical records are known, but the agitation preceding them are mostly forgotten.

The first shire was the shire of Lincoln, but when Canada was the county boundaries were located and were incorporated out of the territory of that town. Canada became the county capital. But she had hard work to hold it. The first effort to make the place permanent from the region of Bangor, both Lincoln and Hancock contributing to it. In 1814, Bangor was considered a half shire of the county and a second such bill 1816, when Penobscot county was incorporated.

Getting tired of Penobscot in 1820, and Wiscasset in 1827, and a peaceable or a permanent commission of the county to Lincoln. After a time Ellsworth started on the war path and never ceased to give the contest for the possession of the shire still it resulted. In 1827 John G. Deane, Esq., then representing Ellsworth in the legislature of Portland, wrote "We cannot endure on any longer to be a part of the must worry the legislature that a compromise was made. The petitions at that time were for a full or a partial shire. When Wiscasset went off in 1827 Ellsworth failed of its object by only a few votes, and also came near success in 1828. Certain conditions must be complied with resistance against removal until not strength could be maintained. The end would have come sooner than it did but it was seen that the interests of the town of Bucksport, while that town was represented in the legislature by Samuel M. Wood, Esq., who at all times opposed removal.

In 1830 a legislative resolve was passed, submitted to the voters of the county this question, to be voted upon at the September election of that year: "Is it expedient that the Judicial County of Lincoln County be established at Canine, in the town of Ellsworth?" The vote was as follows: Whole number of votes cast; at these 1700 were for Canine, 1170 for Ellsworth, and 52 for Wiscasset. It is seen that Canine had 1170

more votes than Ellsworth, and Castine supposed she had won the battle. But the race is not to the swift, nor the battle to the brave.

Ellsworth adroitly obtained, upon petitions, the names of 143 persons who could not vote upon the question for the reason that they were residents upon plantations which had no organization for election purposes, and who claimed that their names should be counted as votes. Adding the petitioners for Ellsworth to the votes for Ellsworth, gave 35 persons more for Ellsworth than for Castine, and upon that ground the bill to remove the courts to Ellsworth prevailed in the legislature, the committee on the question making an unanimous recommendation. In 1837 the bill was passed, the removal to take effect on October 1, 1838, upon the condition that Ellsworth should, before that time, convey to the county its town house, then roughly finished, and an acre of land, more or less, belonging thereto, which was done. At the same session a resolve was passed allowing the county to hire from four to eight thousand dollars with which to finish that building into a courtroom, and to erect a jail and other buildings and furnish them.

The first court in Ellsworth met in that house, on yonder hill, in October, 1838—and a memorable term it was. I well remember its scenes, being a boy then of 16 years, but the actors in that term of court are no more. What a change is seen in the personality of the Hancock bar when we reflect that of the lawyers then present not one survives! All of the lawyers who then belonged to this bar, as well as non-residents who then attended here, all of them, and the judge who presided, and the clerk who sat under him, have long since departed into the silent land. And a still more impressive evidence of the shortness of the duration of life, and of changes at this bar, may be seen in the fact that of the numerous practitioners in this county in 1852, as enumerated by the reporter of decisions in the 32nd volume of Maine reports, only three are at this day alive, and they are neither of them now in business in this county, nor present on this occasion.

The world is indeed a scene of changes, and the poet expresses it when he says:

"In the same brook none ever bathed him twice;
To the same life none ever twice awoke."

At this point let me say that in entering this new, we should not neglect an affectionate leave-taking of the old court house, dedicated by our predecessors nearly a half century ago. The most of us will not have future enough to become nearly so well acquainted with the new. The simple, unornamented, unpretending old structure is associated with precious memories. If it were a photographic reflector, what scenes it might reveal to us! If its old walls could speak out, what stories might be told! How they might inform us of exhibitions in which all the emotions have been exercised which the human heart is susceptible of! Of scenes of anxiety, fear, despair, sorrow and grief, as well as of happiness, joy and exultation; of both tears and laughter, the lights and shadows of professional experience. How they could rejuvenate us with the stories, the mirth and fun, the jilts and witticisms, the dry and humorous jokes, transitory incidents which suddenly light

more votes than Ellsworth, and Cassius supposed she had won the battle. But the race is not to the swift, nor the battle to the brave.

Ellsworth actually obtained upon petition, the names of 143 persons who could not vote upon the question for the reason that they were residents upon plantations which had no organization for election purposes, and who claimed that their names should be counted as votes. Adding the petitioners for Ellsworth to the votes for Ellsworth, gave 35 persons more for Ellsworth than for Cassius, and upon that ground the bill to remove the courts to Ellsworth prevailed in the legislature, the committee on the question making no dissenting recommendation. In 1837 the bill was passed, the removal to take effect on October 1, 1838, upon the condition that Ellsworth should, before that time, convey to the county its town house, the court house, and an acre of land, more or less, belonging thereto, which was done. At the same session a resolve was passed allowing the courts to hire from their own eight thousand dollars with which to build the building into a court room, and to erect a jail and other buildings and furnish them.

The first court in Ellsworth met in this house, on Monday, 11th, October, 1838—and a memorable time it was. I well remember the scenes, being a boy then of 16 years, and the actors in that year of court are no more. What a change is seen in the personnel of the Hancock bar when we reflect that of the lawyers then present we now survivors! All of the lawyers who then belonged to this bar, as well as non-residents who then attended here, all of them, and the judges who presided, and the clerk who sat under them, have long since departed into the silent land. And a still more impressive evidence of the passage of the decades of life and of change at this bar, may be seen in the fact that of the numerous practitioners in this county in 1838, as enumerated by the reporter of decisions in the first volume of Maine reports, only three are at this day alive, and they are neither of them now in business in this county, nor present on this occasion. The world is indeed a scene of change, and the poet expresses it when he says:

"In the same spot many years round the table,
To the same life none ever come again."

At this point let me say that in reflecting on the now, we should not neglect an affectionate looking-back of the old court house, and the old out predecessors nearly a half century ago. The most of us will not have future enough to become nearly so well acquainted with the law. The simple, unpretentious, unassuming old structure is associated with precious memories. If it were a photographic institution, where scenes it might record for us? If its old walls could speak out what scenes might be told? How they might inform us of experiences in which all the emotions have been wrought which the human heart is susceptible of! Of scenes of intense joy, despair, sorrow, and grief, as well as of happiness, joy and exultation; of both tears and laughter, the lights and shadows of professional experience. How they could rejuvenate us with the ardor, the faith and the life and vigor of the dry and barren forest, the rocky hillside which suddenly light

up a court room as with a flash, and then go out from our sight and recollection.

"Bubbles on the sea of matter borne;
They rise, they break, and to that sea return."

There was an exciting contention among the citizens of Ellsworth for the location of the old court buildings, Union river being the line dividing the contending forces. Property holders on either side made favorable offers to the town. But the voters on the westerly side of the river, including the Branch Pond and Reed's Brook settlements, the question being a local one, were too numerous for the competitors on the easterly side, and that settled the question of locality, establishing the buildings on the hill on the westerly side of the town.

The first member of the Hancock bar was its most distinguished. Isaac Parker, afterwards the Chief Justice of Massachusetts, was the first lawyer to settle in the State east of Wiscasset. Coming to Castine in 1789, he remained there 10 years, representing the county in Congress during that period, removing from Castine to Portland, and remaining there until he went upon the bench of Massachusetts in 1806. He returned to Castine in 1815, when Chief Justice of the Commonwealth, to preside with his associates, Judges Thatcher and Jackson, at the memorable trial of Doctor Moses Adams of this town, who while sheriff, or, as then styled, high sheriff of this county, was accused of and tried for the murder of his wife. Adams was acquitted, but the verdict did not meet with popular approval at the time.

After Parker there came to Castine two lawyers, notable persons in their day, Isaac Story and William Wetmore. It is possible that Wetmore came to Castine even earlier than Parker did. Story was a kinsman of the illustrious Judge Story, and Judge Story married a daughter of Wetmore. Wetmore was the only lawyer in Hancock county who was ever called to the degree of barrister, an honor which required the recipient to appear in court in gown and wig. Story and Wetmore left Castine about the beginning of the century. Their places were supplied for a long time afterwards by William Abbott and Job Nelson, whom many of us well remember, and after their day, Charles J. Abbott, son of William Abbott, and Hezekiah Williams, the latter a member of Congress for four years, were the Castine representatives of the Hancock bar. All of them are deceased and living men now occupy their places.

The first lawyer of Bucksport was Thomas S. Sparhawk, who died in 1807. After him, for a great period, Samuel M. Pond and Samuel Little were the Bucksport lawyers, and after them Theodore C. Woodman and Parker Tuck were practitioners in that town.* They are all deceased but Mr. Woodman, who some years ago retired from the practice, and others have supplied their places.

The first lawyer in Bluehill was, I think, Joshua W. Hathaway, afterward a Justice of our Supreme Judicial Court, who represented that town in the legislature in 1824, moving to Ellsworth the year after-

* Unless Enoch Freeman could be regarded as lawyer as well as Judge, who was graduated at Harvard in 1729, and was appointed a Judge of the Common Pleas Court when Cumberland County was first incorporated.

up a court room as with a flash, and then go out from our sight and recollection.

"Bubbles on the sea of matter borne,
They rise, they swell, and so they return."

There was an exciting contention among the citizens of Ellsworth for the location of the old court buildings. Union river being the line dividing the contending forces. Property holders on either side made favorable offers to the town. But the voters on the western side of the river, including the Beach farm and Reed's brook settlements, the question being a local one, were too numerous for the competition on the eastern side, and that settled the question of location, establishing the buildings on the hill on the western side of the town.

The first member of the Hancock bar was its most distinguished, Isaac Parker, afterwards the Chief Justice of Massachusetts, was the first lawyer to settle in the State east of Worcester. Coming to Ellsworth in 1790, he remained there to spend his declining years, and he was during that period, naming from Cassino to Portland, and he maintained there until he went upon the bench of Massachusetts in 1800. He returned to Cassino in 1812, when Chief Justice of the Commonwealth, to reside with his son, Judge Parker, and he was in 1815 the memorable trial of Doctor Moses Adams of this town, and he was sheriff, as then styled, high sheriff, of this county, was retained in and tried for the murder of his wife. Adams was acquitted, but the verdict did not meet with popular approval at the time.

After Parker there came in 1791, a young man, very early, notable person in their day, Isaac Story and William Whitcomb. It is possible that it was more came to Cassino even earlier than Parker did. Story was a young man of the illustrious Judge Story, and Judge Story married a daughter of Whitcomb. Whitcomb was the only lawyer in Hancock county who was ever called to the degree of doctor, an honor which is not given the recipient to appear in gown and wig. Story and Whitcomb left Cassino about the beginning of the century. Their places were supplied for a long time with students by William Abbott and John Adams, whom many of us well remember, and after their departure, the son of William Abbott and Elizabeth Whitcomb, the firm a member of Congress for four years, was the Cassino representative in the Hancock bar. All of them are deceased, and living ones may occupy their places.

The first lawyer of Hancock was Thomas S. Spaulding, who came in 1807. After him for a short period, Samuel M. Ford and Samuel Little were the Hancock lawyers, and after them Theodore C. Woodman and Parker Tuck were practitioners in that town. These men and others have occupied their place.

The first lawyer in Ellsworth was I think, Joshua W. Hathorne, afterward a justice of our Supreme Judicial Court, who represented that town in the legislature in 1824, moving to Ellsworth the year after.

* John Jacob Freeman could be regarded as having been as long as any graduated in Ellsworth in 1810, and was admitted a lawyer in the Maine bar in 1812, when Cumberland County was first incorporated.

ward, and moving to Bangor about the year 1838. Bushrod W. Hinckley went to Bluehill from Orono, after Hathaway left, and practiced there for most of a professional life-time. A. F. Drinkwater was in Bluehill for a few years, removing to Ellsworth in 1852.

Nathaniel Coffin was the first Ellsworth lawyer, coming here before 1800, although the court calendars mark his residence as in Surry. He built an office at what is known as Shephard's wharf, which was for a period a part of Surry but now in Ellsworth. He removed to Wiscasset in about the year 1812, and finally removed to the State of Illinois.

In 1803 George Herbert came to Ellsworth, and John G. Deane, who became distinguished for his services upon the North-eastern boundary question, which came so near involving our country in a war with England, came here in 1809. After them Nathan G. Howard came from the Kennebec section somewhere, practicing law here for several years, and selling his business to Mr. Hathaway in 1825. He married the daughter of Col. Melatiah Jordan, collector of this port from 1789 until his death in 1818, and died in Mississippi where his descendants now live. For many years Mr. Deane and Mr. Hathaway were the only lawyers here.

Afterwards Thomas Robinson, a good lawyer and most excellent citizen, came as a successor to Deane, and George Herbert, son of George Herbert before named, occupied considerably the field of business left by Mr. Hathaway, on his removal to Bangor. Joseph S. Rice and Joseph A. Wood were practitioners here for a long time. Charles Lowell too was on the list—not to be forgotten—and never will be by persons who knew him. His peculiarities unfitted him for a very competent or useful practitioner. Other lawyers came here later, among whom were Arno Wiswell, and Arthur F. Drinkwater, good lawyers and good men. Mr. Wiswell had a full practice and a high position as a practitioner for many years. George S. Peters spent the manhood of his life in the same field here, and will be long and well remembered by his friends. They have all gone to their long homes, and able living professional men occupy the places left by them.

The early lawyers in this county—I mean Hancock county as its territory now is—were mostly educated and learned men,—able and honest men,—some of them of wide fame and rare abilities. It would take too much space to venture upon personal descriptions. There are only about half a dozen of them whom I have not myself seen. In former day eminent advocates abroad used to follow the judges into this county, and many splendid legal battles were fought by them on this field. The older people here are familiar with the lustrous names of Mellen, Orr, Allen, Greenleaf and Sprague. "There were giants in the earth in those days."

There have been changes in the customs and habits of courts as well as in other matters. Merely formal proceedings have become largely obsolete. Anciently, when a judge came into town to hold a session of court, he was preceded by a cavalcade and his approach heralded by the noise of trumpets and drums. Now the only noise which the judge can appropriate to himself is his share of the snorting and puffing of a

ward, and moving to Bangor about the year 1822. Richard W. Hinckley went to Bangor from Orono, after Hinckley left, and practiced there for most of a professional life-time. A. F. Dickinson was in Bangor for a few years, removing to Ellsworth in 1824.

Nathaniel Collins was the first Ellsworth lawyer, coming here before 1820, although the court calendars mark his residence as in Sbury. He built an office at what is known as Shepard's wharf, which was for a period a part of Sbury but now is Ellsworth. He removed to Winthrop in about the year 1821, and finally removed to the State of Illinois.

In 1823 George Herbert came to Ellsworth, and John G. Denney, who became distinguished for his services upon the North-eastern boundary question, which came to rest involving the county in a war with England, came here in 1826. After this Nathan G. Hinckley came from the Kennebec section, practicing law here for several years, and selling his business to Mr. Hinckley in 1832. He married the daughter of Col. Richard Jordan, a collector of the port from 1799 until his death in 1812 and died in Ellsworth, where he is interred. For many years Mr. Denney and Mr. Hinckley were the only lawyers here.

Afterwards Thomas Robinson, a great lawyer and most excellent citizen, came as a successor to Herbert and George Herbert, two of whom were in Bangor, and George Hinckley, the late of Bangor. George Herbert, on his removal to Bangor, Joseph C. Howell and Joseph A. Wood were practitioners here for a long time. C. Howell too was on the list—not to be forgotten—and need not be persons who knew him. This particular number was for a very long time as useful practitioners. Other lawyers came here from various parts of the State, and among them were Amos W. Wells, and Arthur F. Denney, two good lawyers and good men. Mr. Wells had a full practice and a high position as a practitioner for many years. George C. Peters spent the majority of his life in the same field here, and well remembered by his friends. They have all gone to the great beyond, and the profession men occupy the places left by them.

The early lawyers in this county—James Hancock county as it was called—were mostly educated and learned men—able and honest men—some of them of white bone and rare abilities. It would take too much space to venture upon personal descriptions. There are only about half a dozen of them whom I have not myself seen. In former days eminent advocates stood as a tradition the subject-matter of country and many splendid legal battles were fought by them on their feet. The older people here are familiar with the names of these men. Or, Allen, Greenleaf and Sprague. "There were many more of the earlier those days."

There have been changes in the customs and habits of courts as well as in other matters. Many former proceedings have become obsolete. Actually, when a judge came into town to hold a session of court, he was preceded by a constable and his apparatus, and the noise of trumpets and drums. Now the only noise which the judge can appreciate to himself is the stamp of the flooring and rolling of a

locomotive which gives a general warning that a train is approaching the town.

Judges formerly appeared in court in gowns and wigs. The wig was worn in Massachusetts as late as 1810. But this custom has ceased in this country excepting that our United States Judges wear the simple gown, and the Judges of the New York State Court have lately adopted the gown at the solicitation of their bar. The custom is defended by its approvers by the argument that particularity and uniformity of dress beget deference for the profession of the wearer. Goldsmith said that an emperor in his night-cap would not meet with half the respect of an emperor with a crown. But distinguished dress was not confined in olden times to judges and barristers by any means. Gentlemen generally wore small cloths with knee buckles and silk stockings for dress garments, and the fashion continued quite a way into the present century. An old ex-sheriff of this county continued that habit of dress down within, I presume, the memory of many persons of the present day. But none of these formalities are at all necessary in modern times to excite a respect for the law or its officers. I have been impressed in many ways with the fact that there is in the hearts of the people of Maine an admiration and a reverence for the supremacy of the law and its orderly execution. They believe that as long as the people make the laws, the people should obey the laws. They have a confidence *in* law, and a sympathy *with* law, apart from which, said Gladstone the other day, no country can be called a civilized country. They are inspired by the truth of the eloquent ejaculation of Lord Chatham, the friend of revolutionary America, that "where law ends tyranny begins." These natural sentiments need no artificial stimulation.

Not only have the practice and forms of administering the laws been changed, but the laws themselves have been subjected to several sweeping innovations since the district of Maine became a State. Compare the Revised Statutes of 1821 with those of 1883, the first and last revisions, and see some of the differences disclosed. How it would have horrified the old time lawyers to see, what is not now an uncommon occurrence, a person charged with the crime of murder upon the stand as a witness for himself. How just a thing it is to allow a married woman the possession and control of her own property; and still centuries rolled by before law-makers could appreciate and acknowledge it. In the inauguration of these two great practical principles, the State of Maine boldly took the initiative, and proudly leads all her sister States.

Our adoption of a system of full equity jurisdiction, also attests the march of improvement. It came to us only after great struggles and against long continued and resolute opposition, although at this day an indispensable acquisition.

In the matter of divorce, I am almost afraid to send out a favorable judicial proclamation. In this matter there has been almost an eruption of society. When we became a State the only causes for matrimonial dissolution were adultery and impotence, although occasionally, within my recollection, the legislature has itself granted a divorce for

locomotive which gives a general warning that a train is approaching the town.

Judges formerly appeared in court in gowns and wigs. The wig was worn in Massachusetts as late as 1810. But this custom has passed in this country excepting that our United States Judges wear the simple gown, and the Judges of the New York State Court have lately adopted the gown at the suggestion of their bar. The custom is retained by us appears by the argument that particularly and uniformly at a recent debate for the profession of the western. Goldsmith said that an emperor in his nightgown would not meet with half the respect in a emperor with a crown. But distinguished dress was not confined to judges and lawyers in any manner. Gentlemen formerly wore small cloths with blue facings and silk stockings. They wore garments, and the fashion continued quite a way into the present century. An old ex-sheriff of the county continued that habit of dress down within, I presume, the memory of many persons of the present day. But none of these particulars are at all necessary to be retained times to excite a respect for the law or its officers. I have heard of people in many ways with the fact that there is in the history of the people of Maine an admiration and a reverence for the profession of the law and the orderly execution. They believe that in law, as in the people make the law, the people should obey the law. I have seen a confidence in law, and a reverence for law, apart from which, and Glendon the other day, no count can be called a civilized country. They are inspired by the spirit of the supreme jurisdiction of land. Chatham, the friend of independence, America, that "American" is "granny begins." These natural sentiments need no artificial stimulation.

Not only have the practice and forms of administering the law been changed, but the laws themselves have been subjected to serious sweeping innovations since the adoption of Maine became a State. Comparing the Revised Statutes of 1821 with those of 1857, the first and last revisions, and see some of the differences disclosed. There is a wide difference between the old law and the new. What is not more an innovation, a person charged with the crime of murder upon the same occurrence, as a witness for himself. There is a change in the manner of the woman the possession and control of her own property; and still more strikingly called by before law—marriage, divorce, and adulterous. It is the inauguration of these two great practical principles, the State of Maine boldly took the initiative, and possibly leads all her sister States.

Our adoption of a system of full equality jurisdiction also shows the march of improvement. It came to us only after great struggle and against long continued and resolute opposition, although it has the indispensable acquisition.

In the matter of divorce, I am almost afraid to send out a favorable judicial pronouncement. In this matter there has been almost no improvement of society. When we become a State the only cause for marital dissolution was adultery and impotence, although occasionally within my recollection the legislature has itself granted a divorce in

other cause. I believe in the benignant spirit and in the philosophy of divorce. God himself, by all his rules, forbids that any woman should be bound to a man whose drunkenness or cruelty is beyond her reasonable endurance. But the bar should assist the court in its endeavor to apply such an administration of the divorce law as will best protect all the interests of society. As much in this respect depends upon the bar as upon the court, if not more.

Some other ameliorations of the law may come in our day. Perfection is never attained, but is constantly sought for. The law changes with other changes in the world. It grows more slowly than most other growths. It is cautious and conservative,—passionless. It follows behind, rather than leads the movements of society. The law is a builder. It constructs out of the materials which society, in its agitations or convulsions, brings to hand. It adopts the fittest and best. The law, however, seldom steps backward. Its change is progress—and onward.

In surveying the fields of the past, especially of the distant past, we find, gentlemen of the bar, that the lawyers have especial cause of congratulation for the changes which have taken place, affecting their welfare and position. The respectability of the profession was never greater than it is to-day.

Not always has the bar, however, been held in good esteem. The American colonies for some time after their settlement were without lawyers. As long as the colonies had no system of law, lawyers were useless. The more ignorant a community the more fanatical has its prejudice been against lawyers. Shakespeare makes Jack Cade say, in his communistic rage against society: "The first thing we do, let's kill all the lawyers." Those who would subvert all laws but the law of brute force, that to be controlled by their own hands, would willingly kill off the lawyers. They would *have* to do it, as a first point of success. The very office of a lawyer is to obey the laws, and assist in compelling others to obey them—to stand by those who need the strong arm of legal protection.

For a long period in the colonies, the minister usurped the prerogative of managing legal matters. In fact, he had a predominating sway in all matters. He assumed to be "a representative of Justice and of the Lord," regarding the two responsibilities as the same thing. Government was patriarchal rather than constitutional in its form in those days. But the fog became dissipated. Men came to believe that ministers were not fitted to be lawyers any more than lawyers are fitted for the sacred calling,—and *that* fitness no one would pretend. Just as rapidly as society generally became improved, and education and intelligence became disseminated, the character of an attorney and his position among men kept up with the development. But the processes were slow. For a long period business was limited—commerce regulated itself upon primitive principles—the relations of men with each other were simple,—there were then no land litigations, and few complicated questions of any kind. The more important trials were had before a supreme legislative body, which, from its supremacy in all matters, was styled the general court. In 1663 an ordinance was

passed disallowing to "usual and common attorneys" a seat in the general court. But it is not strange that the law was not esteemed an honorable profession at those periods of ignorance when men were hung for witchcraft, banished for heresy, and put into the stocks for the most insignificant or imaginary offences.

But the heroic period just preceding the revolutionary war dispelled a vast deal of the popular prejudice and delusion. A study of the law and of the rights of men under the law, historians say, more than any thing else, aroused the impulses of the people to that resistance which culminated in the revolution, and gave the leadership through that fiery period to lawyers such as an Otis, a Quincy and the Adamses.

But it was even a long period after the revolution before the lost standard of excellence was attained either by the bar or bench. The materials for it were not at hand. It took a long ripening period before maturity could be reached. Let it be remembered that in 1727 Harvard had upon its catalogue but seven volumes touching the common law, while now there are thousands there, and often many hundreds in a practicing lawyer's private library. At a late period in the present century there were men on the common pleas bench who were not lawyers. Formerly the statutes prescribed that the judges of that court should be "substantial persons" instead of persons "learned in law" as our constitution now requires for the qualification of judges. Prior to 1800, it is doubtful if there had been in Maine a single educated lawyer on the common pleas bench, a jurisdiction now absorbed by our Supreme Judicial Court. Such a condition of things at this day would seem preposterous.*

But the honorable position which the lawyers of to-day attain among their fellowmen, is not the only view which attracts our glance in the picture of professional life. There are obligations and responsibilities to be borne as well as honors to be received. Society accords honorable position to the lawyers, and they owe duties to society in return. Said an eminent man, "The lawyers should be protectors of the innocent—the avengers of wrong—the expounders of right." Incompetent and unworthy members cause a great deal of injury to clients and others. A reckless lawyer, unfitted for practice for want of education or sense, is no more trustworthy to conduct a battle in court, than an inexperienced and uneducated soldier is to conduct a fight upon the field. About all the latter has to constitute his competency is his uniform, and the former his admission certificate. Still in this state in 1844 a law was passed, which stood upon the Statutes for a period long enough to accomplish most iniquitous mischief, and then was repealed, allowing any person to be admitted to the bar upon no other qualification than a certificate of good moral character from some board of selectmen. This miracle of making lawyers in an hour has no worshipers at this day. The act was intended as a "lawyer-killer," as it was by its friends at the time denominated. It had a killing effect,—but lawyers were not the especial sufferers. As far as professional earnings were concerned, it added to their harvest. So long as we are governed by laws, we must have lawyers. The more the laws, the more intricate the system of laws, the more learned the lawyers should be. The more

passed disallowing to "usual and common attorneys" a seat in the general court. But it is not strange that the law was not esteemed an honorable profession at those periods of ignorance when men were hung for witchcraft, banished for heresy, and put into the stocks for the most insignificant or imaginary offences.

But the heroic period just preceding the revolutionary war displayed a vast ideal of the popular principle and devotion. A study of the law and of the rights of man under the law, historians say, more than any thing else aroused the feelings of the people to their resistance which culminated in the revolution, and gave the leadership through that fiery period to lawyers such as Otis, a Quincy and the Adamses.

But it was even a long period after the revolution before the law standard of excellence was attained, either by the bar or bench. It was before maturity could be reached. Let it be remembered that in 1776 Harvard had upon its catalogue but seven volumes containing the common law, while now there are thousands there, and often many more. It is a practicing lawyer's private library. At a late period in the present century there were men on the common law bench who were not lawyers. Formerly the student prescribed that his judges in the court should be "substantial lawyers," instead of persons "versed in law" as our constitution now requires for the qualification of judges. Prior to 1800, it is thought it had been in England a century or more that on the common bench there was a jurisdiction now shared by the Supreme Judicial Court. Such a condition of things at this day would seem preposterous.

But the honorable position which the lawyers of to-day attain among their fellowmen is not the only one which attracts our glance to the picture of professional life. There are obligations and responsibilities to be borne as well as honors to be received. Society assigns men to a position to the lawyers and they owe duties to society in return. Said an ancient man, "The lawyer should be the protector of the innocent—the avenger of wrong—the upholder of right." The nineteenth century members chose a great ideal of duty to which they were true. A technical lawyer, untrained for justice by years of education and experience is no more trustworthy to conduct a battle in court than an untrained and uneducated soldier is to conduct a battle on the field. All the latter has to compare his competency with the training and the former his education with the training for a battle. The nineteenth century passed which stood upon the platform for a better thing, though it accomplished most important missions, and then we are expected, although any person to be admitted to the bar upon an other qualification than a certificate of good moral character from some board of education. This miracle of making lawyers in an hour has no workers in this day. The act was intended as a "lawyer-killer," as it was by its friends at the time denominated. It had a killing effect—our lawyers were not the especial sufferers. As far as professional earnings were concerned, it added to their harvest. So long as we are governed by laws, we must have lawyers. The more the laws, the more intricate the system of laws, the more learned the lawyers should be. The more

learned the bar, the more learned the bench will be. If the one is lacking the other will be. Lawyers become judges.

Above all, strict integrity should be maintained. High moral principle can be the only guide. The oath which an attorney takes, is his compact with society that his acts shall be honest. In the attorney's oath there is to be found more expression of principle, more devotion to the cause of right, and of abhorrence of wrong, than in any written oath in all the annals of the earth. A lawyer, once, when at the point of death, declared that he had never given counsel for which at that moment he was sorry. Said Cotton Mather, "A lawyer who can go out of the world with such expressions were a greater blessing to the world than can be expressed." It is apparent that if we have an honest bar we are surer of an honest bench.

It is a cause of sincere congratulation that in our own State we have an honorable, an honest, and a learned bar, in which the citizens have confidence and feel a content. In occasional instances, an unworthy member is found out and dealt with according to his deserts.

In closing these remarks, I shall be excused for saying that this occasion is one of interest to some extent peculiar to myself. This house occupies a portion of a homestead which was owned and occupied by my ancestors for nearly a century. I was born upon it, and never lived elsewhere than upon it while my home was in this town. My early associations were formed and my early sympathies felt here. My parents were born in this county and never for a day resided out of it. My mother was born on this homestead. My ancestors were lovers of law and order, respecters of our legal institutions. They had an affection for the town and county—which they have transmitted to their children. I accept my share of the inheritance. May Heaven shower bounteous blessings upon the county, its towns, and all its inhabitants.

HANCOCK COUNTY LAWYERS.

William Abbott, born Wilton, N. H., Nov. 17, 1773; graduated Harvard College 1797; Castine 1801; appointed Judge of Probate 1803, which office he held for 18 years; Member of Constitutional Convention 1820; Representative to Legislature 1822, 1823, 1825, 1827; removed to Bangor 1829; Mayor 1848, 1850; died Aug. 26, 1849, aged 50.

Charles J. Abbott, born Castine 1806, graduated at Bowdoin College 1825; Lawyer Castine; Collector of Customs; Senator 1864; died.

Nathaniel Coffin, born Saco, Oct. 26, 1781, graduated at D. C. 1799; Surry, now Ellsworth 1800; removed about 1812 west, died in Wataga, Illinois, April 7, 1864.

learned the bar, the more learned the bench will be. If the one is lacking the other will be. Lawyers become judges.

Above all, strict integrity should be maintained. High moral principles can be the only guide. The oath which an attorney takes, in his compact with society that his acts shall be honest. In the attorney's oath there is to be found more expression of principle, more devotion to the cause of right, and of abhorrence of wrong, than in any written oath in all the annals of the earth. A lawyer, once, when at the point of death, declared that he had never given counsel for which at that moment he was sorry. Said Cotton Mather, "A lawyer who can give out of the world with such expressions were a greater blessing to the world than can be expressed." It is apparent that if we have an honest bar we are sure of an honest bench.

It is a cause of sincere congratulation that in our own State we have an honorable, an honest, and a learned bar, which the citizens have confidence and feel a content. In occasional instances, an unworthy member is found out and dealt with according to his deserts.

In closing these remarks, I shall be excused for saying that this occasion is one of interest to some extent, because to myself. This morning occupies a portion of a homestead which ever mine, and occupied by my ancestors for nearly a century. I was born upon it, and ever lived elsewhere than upon it while my home was in this town. My early associations were formed and my early sympathies for law. My parents were born in this country and were for a day washed out of it. My mother was born on this homestead. My ancestors were lovers of law and order, respecters of authority and tradition. They had an affection for the town and county, and they have transmitted to their children. I accept my share of the inheritance. May Heaven shower bounteous blessings upon the family, its loves, and all its inhabitants.

HANCOCK COUNTY LAWYERS.

William Abbott, born Wilkes, N. H., Nov. 17, 1773; graduated Harvard College 1797; Justice 1801; appointed Judge of Probate 1803, which office he held for 15 years; discharged Constitutional Convention 1820; Representative to Legislature 1825, 1827, 1829; removed to Bangor 1830; died Jan. 20, 1848, aged 50.

Charles J. Abbott, born Castine 1800; graduated at Bowdoin College 1823; Lawyer Castine; Collector of Customs; Senator 1864; died.

Nathaniel Coffin, born Saco, Oct. 20, 1781; graduated at D. C. 1799; Sordy, now Ellsworth 1800; removed about 1812 east; died in Weymouth, April 7, 1864.

Arthur F. Drinkwater, (probably) born Mt. Vernon, graduated at Waterville College, 1840; settled Bluehill then Ellsworth 1852; member of Board of Education 1847-1852; Judge of Municipal Court 1869-1872; Editor of *Ellsworth American* 1872-1878; Representative 1878; died May 27, 1882, aged 63.

John G. Deane, born Taunton, Mass., graduated at Brown University 1806; settled in Ellsworth; Representative several times between 1820 and 1830; removed to Portland where he died November, 1839, aged 54.

Joshua W. Hathaway, born in Nova Scotia, Nov. 10, 1797; (His grandfather was a Loyalist and the family moved there, his father removed back to Maine and died in New Gloucester) entered Dartmouth College 1816, but graduated at Bowdoin College 1820; settled at Bluehill; Representative 1824; Senator, removed to Ellsworth, then Bangor 1849; appointed Judge of District Court 1849 and Judge of the Supreme Judicial Court 1852. He died in Bangor, June 6, 1862.

Bushrod W. Hinckley, born Thetford, Vt., March 12, 1803, graduated at D. C. 1823; settled at Orono then Bluehill before 1830; Representative several years; Senator, Executive Councillor 1838; Collector of Customs for the Port of Castine 1841; died 1870, aged 66.

George Herbert, born in Deerfield, Mass., Aug. 18, 1778; he was grandson of Dr. Geo. Herbert who was in what is now Bangor, 1774 to 1779.* He graduated at D. C., 1800; studied law with Theodore Sedgwick; settled in Ellsworth 1801-2; Representative to General Court 1813, 1814, 1815; County Attorney 1816; died Jan. 2, 1820, aged 41.

George Herbert Jr., born Ellsworth, July 12, 1816, studied law and settled in Ellsworth. He removed to Chicago where he died about 1884. (Geo. Herbert graduated at Amherst College 1876 probably his son.)

Nathan G. Howard, born in the western part of the State, settled in Ellsworth 1824; married there 1825; removed to New York City, then to Indiana, then Mississippi where he died.

Samuel Little, born Salem, N. H., Feb. 8, 1781; settled in

*See Vol. II, page 43.

Arthur F. Driskater, (probably) born Mt. Vernon, graduated at Western College, 1840; settled in Ellsworth 1842; member of Board of Education 1845-1852; Judge of Municipal Court 1863-1872; Editor of *Western American* 1872-1878; Representative 1878; died May 27, 1882, aged 61.

John G. Denny, born Taunton, Mass., graduated at Brown University, 1808; settled in Ellsworth; Representative several times between 1810 and 1830; removed to Portland where he died November, 1839, aged 54.

Joshua W. Hathaway, born in New Scotland, N.Y., in 1792; (his grandfather was a Justice and the family moved there; his father removed back to Maine and died in New Brunswick) entered Dartmouth College, 1810, and graduated at Bowdoin College, 1820; settled at Ellsworth; Representative 1825; removed to Ellsworth, then Bangor, 1830; appointed Judge of District Court, 1849 and Judge of the Supreme Judicial Court, 1852. He died in Bangor, June 6, 1862.

Hazard W. Hickey, born Taunton, Vt., March 18, 1802; graduated at D. C. 1823; settled in Ellsworth 1824; Representative several years; Senator, Executive Council, 1838; Collector of Customs for the Port of Castine, 1841; died 1870, aged 68.

George Herbert, born in Ellsworth, Mass., Nov. 18, 1772; he was grandson of Dr. Geo. Herbert who was in what is now Bangor, 1774 to 1780; he graduated at D. C. 1800; settled in law with Theodore Tuley; settled in Ellsworth 1802; Representative to General Court, 1815, 1814, 1813; County Attorney 1816; died June 3, 1836, aged 64.

George Herbert Jr., born Ellsworth July 12, 1816; studied law and settled in Ellsworth; he removed to Chicago where he died about 1884 (Geo. Herbert graduated at Amherst College, 1838 probably his son).

Nathan G. Howarth, born in the western part of the State; died in Ellsworth 1852; removed there 1812; removed to New York City, then to Indiana, then Mississippi where he died.

Samuel Latta, born Salem, N. H., Feb. 8, 1781; settled in

Bucksport 1805; member of Constitution Convention 1820, Representative 1820 and other years; brother of Col. Henry Little; died March 10, 1846, aged 65.

Charles Lowell, born Thomaston, Oct. 1, 1793, studied law; settled in Lubec, 1814; Ellsworth Editor, Merchant, Character, died.

Job Nelson, born Middleboro, Mass., 1766, graduated at Brown University 1790, Castine 1793; Representative 1801, 1803; Judge of Probate 1804 for 32 years; removed to Boston 1836, returned 1838 and moved to Orland 1840, where he died July 2, 1850 aged 84.

Isaac Parker, born in Boston June 17, 1768, graduated at Harvard College 1786; settled at Penobscot, now Castine 1790; Representative 1791-1795-1796; Representative to Congress 1796 one term; removed to Portland, then Boston; appointed Judge of Supreme Judicial Court 1806, Chief Justice 1814; died July, 1830 aged 62.

Samuel M. Pond. born in Franklin, Mass., Nov. 16, 1777, graduated at Brown University 1802; settled in Bucksport about 1805; Colonel of the Regiment—; Representative several years; Judge of Probate many years; died Jan. 23, 1849, aged 72.

George S. Peters, born Ellsworth, June 2, 1826, graduated at Bowdoin College 1847; settled in Ellsworth; Judge of Municipal Court—; died Oct. 6, 1881.

Joseph S. Rice born in Ellsworth; settled in Ellsworth as a lawyer about 1835 to 1840; Colonel of the Regiment; enlisted in the Civil War, in a Baltimore Regiment, and went South and was never heard from.

Thomas Robinson graduated Colby University 1827; settled in Ellsworth 1831; senator; died in Ellsworth July 2 1858, aged 57.

Thomas S. Sparhawk born in Templeton, Mass., May 18, 1770; graduated Dartmouth College 1791; settled in Bucksport 1796; the first lawyer in town; died—1807, aged 37.

Isaac Story born in Marblehead, Mass.,—1774; graduated Harvard College 1793; settled in Castine 1797. Removed to Marblehead, Mass., 1800, and died there—1803.

Parker Tuck born in Fayette Me., April, 1808; school-master;

Hickport 1805; member of Constitution Convention 1820.
Representative 1820 and other years; brother of Col. Henry
Little; died March 10, 1846; aged 65.

Charles Jewell, born Thomaston, Oct. 1, 1793, studied law;
settled in Lubec, 1814; Ellsworth Editor, Merchant, Contractor,
died.

Job Nelson, born Middleboro, Mass., 1756, graduated at Brown
University 1780; Casine 1788; Representative 1801, 1802;
Judge of Probate 1804 for 32 years; removed to Boston 1836,
returned 1838 and moved to Orono 1840, where he died July 2,
1850 aged 84.

Isaac Parker, born in Boston June 17, 1785, graduated at
Harvard College 1786; settled at Lewiston, now Lewiston 1790;
Representative 1791-1795-1796; Representative to Congress 1798
one term; removed to Portland, then Boston; appointed Judge of
Supreme Judicial Court 1806; Chief Justice 1814; died Aug.
1830 aged 82.

Samuel M. Pond, born in Franklin, Mass., Nov. 10, 1777,
graduated at Brown University 1802; settled in Hickport about
1805; Colonel of the Regiment—; Representative several years;
Judge of Probate many years; died Jan. 22, 1840, aged 72.

George S. Peters, born Ellsworth June 2, 1828, graduated at
Bowdoin College 1847; settled in Ellsworth; Judge of Municipal
Court—; died Oct. 6, 1884.

Joseph S. Rice born in Ellsworth; settled in Ellsworth as a
lawyer about 1835 to 1840; 1st Lieut. of the Regiment; killed in
the Civil War; in a Baltimore Regiment, and sent south and was
never heard from.

Thomas Robinson graduated Collg. University 1827; settled in
Ellsworth 1831; senator; died in Ellsworth July 2, 1875, aged 57.

Thomas S. Sparhawk born in Tangleton, Mass., May 18, 1770;
graduated Dartmouth College 1791; settled in Hickport 1793;
the first lawyer in town; died—1807, aged 37.

Isaac Story born in Middleboro, Mass.—1774; graduated
Harvard College 1793; settled in Casine 1797. Removed to
Middleboro, Mass., 1800, and died there—1803.

Parker Took born in Fayette Mts., N. H., 1808; school-master;

studied law; settled in Bucksport—Judge of Probate for about 40 years. Died Nov. 18, 1884.

Hezekiah Williams born in Woodstock, Vt. 1798; graduated Dartmouth College 1820; settled in Castine 1825; Representative to Congress 1845-49; Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Masons of this State. Died in Castine Oct. 23, 1856, aged 58.

Arno Wiswell born in Frankfort Aug. 1818; graduated Bowdoin College 1847; settled in Ellsworth about 1844, died Oct. 6, 1881.

William Wetmore born in Conn.,—1749; graduated Harvard College 1770, settled in Penobscot, now Castine 1778. Judge of Probate; removed to Boston 1804; Judge of Court of Common Pleas of Mass. many years; died—1830, aged 81.

Theodore C. Woodman born in Rochester N. H. April 10, 1815; graduated Dartmouth College with honors, 1835; settled in Bucksport; Executive Councillor; Representative to Legislature 1867-68, and Speaker of Maine House of Representatives 1868; died in Bucksport June 13, 1886, aged 71.

Joseph A. Wood born in Wiscasset—1803; graduated Bowdoin College 1821; settled in Ellsworth; many years Postmaster in Ellsworth; died in summer of 1844.

JOSEPH JUNIN, OF BANGOR, 1790.

In 1790 Joseph Junin a Frenchman, came from Castine to what is now Bangor. He bought a lot of Jacob Dennett about where the ferry way is, "Jacob Dennett,* yeoman of Sunbury sells to Joseph Junin of Bagadeuce, trader, one acre of land, more or less, on the west side of the Condukeag, on the south part of my farm, with privilege of cove adjoining in such manner as not to injure my salmon birth at the point.

July 7, 1790.

JACOB DENNETT,
ELIZABETH DENNETT."

* Hancock County Records.

studied law; settled in Bucksport—Judge of Probate for about 40 years. Died Nov. 18, 1884.

Hessiah Williams born in Woodstock, Vt. 1798; graduated Dartmouth College 1820; settled in Castine 1825; Representative to Congress 1845-49; Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Masons of this State. Died in Castine Oct. 23, 1856, aged 58.

Arno Wixwell born in Fitchburg Aug. 1818; graduated Bowdoin College 1841; settled in Ellsworth about 1844, died Oct. 1881.

William Wetmore born in Conn. 1749; graduated Harvard College 1770; settled in Fitchburg, Nov. Castine 1775; Judge of Probate; removed to Boston 1804; Judge of Court of Common Pleas of Mass. many years; died—1836, aged 87.

Theodore C. Weston born in Hingham N. H. April 10, 1812; graduated Dartmouth College and law; settled in Bangor; Executive Commissioner, Representative to Legislature, 1875-78, and Speaker of State House at Hallowell 1882; died in Bucksport June 13, 1886, aged 74.

Joseph A. Wood born in Hallowell—1808; graduated Bowdoin College 1831; settled in Ellsworth; many years Postmaster in Ellsworth; died in summer of 1844.

JOSEPH JAMIN, OF BANGOR, 1790.

In 1790 Joseph Jamin a French-Canadian came from Castine to what is now Bangor. He bought a lot of Jacob Tremont about 1790. The ferry was at "Jacob Tremont's" between of Sunday sells to Joseph Jamin of Bucksport, and one wife of Jacob Tremont, on the west side of the Grand-bay, on the south part of the farm, with privilege of cave adjoining in such manner as not to injure my salmon birth at the point.

July 7, 1790.

JACOB TREMONT.

ELIZABETH TREMONT.

Here Junin established himself as a merchant. At this time the traders on the river above Castine were few; Robert Treat of Bangor, John Crosby of Hampden, Samuel Bartlett of Orrington and possibly one other comprised them all. Castine was then the head quarters for trade on the Penobscot River and Bay. Junin for the times, carried a large stock of goods, wet and dry. He brought with him his nephew, Louis Paronneau. In the evening of Feb. 18, 1791, the nephew in great excitement rushed into the house of Jacob Dennett, near by, and said "he was afraid the Indians would kill his uncle." After this a shot was heard and Junin was found dead in his bed the next morning. The nephew asserted that he had been "killed by the Indians," and great search was made in the woods without avail; the snow was deep in the woods and roads and no trail of Indians could be found. The people believed that the nephew had killed the uncle. Col. Jonathan Eddy issued his warrant for a Coroner's inquest as follows:

"HANCOCK SS.

To Abram Tourtellot, Constable of Condeskeag Plantation, in said County: Greeting.

These are in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to require you immediately to summon and warn thirteen men, good and lawful men, of the said Plantation of Condeskeag to appear before me Jonathan Eddy, Justice of Peace of the said County of Hancock, at the dwelling house of Jacob Dennett, or at a place called Condeskeag Plantation, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, of the 19th day of February, 1791, then and there to inquire upon view of the body of Joseph Junin, there lying dead, how and in what manner he came to his death. Fail not herein upon your peril. Given under my hand and seal at Condeskeag Plantation, the 19th of February, 1791.

JONA. EDDY, JUSTICE OF PEACE."

The return was as follows:—

"HANCOCK SS.

FEBRUARY 19, 1791.

Agreeable to this warrant I have warned thirteen good men and all on the grown.

ABRAHAM TOURTELLOT, CONSTABLE."

The jurors were, Capt. Thomas Campbell, Major Robert Treat, Capt. James Budge, William Plympton, Robert Hichborn, Andrew Webster, Capt. John Rider, John Smart, William Hasey, Elijah Smith, Nathaniel Harlow and Abraham Allen. The jury were paid six shillings each and the foreman one shilling extra.

Here Junia established himself as a merchant. At this time the traders on the river above Castine were few; Robert Trest of Bangor, John Crosby of Hallowell, Samuel Hantist of Orrington and possibly one other comprised them all. Castine was then the head quarters for trade on the Penobscot River and Bay. Junia for the times, carried a large stock of goods, wet and dry. He brought with him his nephew Jacob Patonnam. In the evening of Feb. 18, 1791, the nephew in great excitement rushed into the house of Jacob Bennett, near by, and said: "he was afraid the Indians would kill his uncle." "And this a shot was heard and Junia was found dead in his bed the next morning. The nephew asserted that he had been killed by the Indians, and great search was made in the woods without result; the snow was deep in the woods and rocks and no trail of Indians could be found. The people believed that the nephew had killed the uncle. (Mr. Jones than Eddy issued his warrant for a woman's request as follows:

"Hallowell ss.
To James Townsend, Constable of Hallowell Township, in said County.
These are in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to require you immediately to summon and return between noon, good and lawful men, of the said Township of Hallowell, to appear before me, at the house of Jacob Bennett, as at a place called Cambridge Plantation, at the foot of two o'clock in the afternoon of the 18th day of February, 1791, then and there to inquire upon view of the body of Joseph Junia, there lying dead, how and in what manner he came to his death. Fall not herein upon your oath. Witness my hand and seal at Cambridge Plantation, the 18th of February, 1791.
JOSEPH EDDY, Justice of Peace."

The return was as follows:—

"Hallowell ss.
February 19, 1791.
Agreeable to the warrant I have viewed the body of Junia and all on the ground.
ABRAHAM JOHNSON, Constable.
The jurors were, Capt. Thomas Campbell, Major Robert Trest, Capt. James Badger, William Phipps, Robert Hallowell, Andrew Webster, Capt. John Bidd, John Smart, William Hays, Elijah Smith, Nathaniel Hallow and Abraham Allen. The jury were paid six shillings each and the foreman one shilling extra.

The Jury "upon due examination found probable cause that one Lewis Paronneau, a nephew of the deceased, is the person that hath committed the murder." Jonathan Eddy and Simeon Fowler Esquires, issued their warrant for the arrest of Paronneau :

"HANCOCK SS.

To the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, or any of the Constables of the town of Orrington in said Coutny; Greeting :

Whereas it appears by the oaths of a Jury of Inquest, that the said Jurors have cause to suspect that Louis Paronneau is guilty of the murder of Joseph Junin, found dead in his bed on the morning of the 19th of February inst. In the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts you are required forthwith to apprehend Louis Paronneau mentioned in the above information, and to bring him before us or some other Justice of the Peace in and for said County to answer to the same and be further dealt with thereon as to law and justice shall appertain. You are required to summons Jotham Burns, John Dennett, Elizabeth Dennett, John Smart, Jacob Dennett and Katherine Dennett, to appear and give evidence touching the matter contained in the said Inquisition when and where you have the said Louis Paronneau.

Given under our hands and seals at Orrington, aforesaid the 22nd of February, 1791, in the fifteenth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

JONATHAN EDDY, }
and } JUSTICES OF THE PEACE."
SIMEON FOWLER, }

The Return on the Warrant is as follows :—

"HANCOCK SS.

FEBRUARY 22, 1791.

In obedience to the within warrant I have apprehended the Body of the within named Louis Paronneau, whom I have before Jonathan Eddy and Simeon Fowler Esquires, who received him. Fees, £ 14s 4d.

JOSHUA WOODMAN,
Deputy Sheriff."

An examination took place and the prisoner was held and committed to the Pownalboro Jail for trial at the next term of Court in Lincoln County: criminal actions for Hancock County being returnable to Lincoln County Courts.

Paronneau was tried at the next term of Court, in the Court House at Pownalboro, now Dresden; he was defended by John Gardiner and Gen. William Lithgow, Jr., two most distinguished lawyers employed by De Latombe, the French Consul at Boston, who was present at the trial, and exerted all his influence in favor

of the prisoner. Paronneau was acquitted although there was strong circumstantial evidence of his guilt.

The verdict of the people at Condukeag, was otherwise.

The property of Junin was taken possession of by Col. Jonathan Eddy and appraised by Robert Treat, Robert Hichborn, William Plympton, James Budge, Jacob Dennett and John Smart. From Feb. 19 to Feb. 23, provisions (which included rather a large quantity of rum) were taken from the store "for present use for Jury and keeper of prisoner." The expense of Inquest and funeral £19 were taken out of the estate. The balance was paid over to John James Paronneau, Administrator.

Rev. Mark Trafton in his speech at the Bangor Centennial 1870, said that the "first murder committed in Bangor was of an old Frenchman by name of Junian."

The gravestone of Junin may be seen at Mount Hope, I think the oldest there, which has upon it the following inscription:—"Here lies the body of Joseph Marie Junin who departed this life the 18th of February, 1791, in the 32nd year of his age, and the second year of the era of the French Liberty, carrying with him to the grave, the sorrow of all who knew him." The gravestone cost 39 shillings.

TEMPERANCE HATCH, OF BOWDOINHAM.

Her will, on Hancock Records, Vol. V, page 43, dated June 28, 1803, proved Nov. 25, 1806, names Sally, wife of Freeman H. Webb, of Falmouth, Mass., and Temperance Hatch, single woman, in Bangor.

EBENEZER BRAGDON, OF SULLIVAN, ME.

His will, on Hancock Records, Vol. V, page 65, dated May 28, 1806, proved May 25, 1807. No wife named. Children, James, Ebenezer Jr.; Lydia, wife of Edward Pettingill; Mary, wife of Amos Ames; and Jane, wife of Eliphalet Pettingill.

of the prisoner. Parsonson was acquitted although there was strong circumstantial evidence of his guilt.

The verdict of the people at Condamine, was otherwise. The property of John was taken possession of by Col. Jonathan Eddy and appraised by Robert Treat, Robert Hibbert, William Plympton, James Badger, Jacob Tenenst and John Smart. From Feb. 10 to Feb. 23, provisions which included rather a large quantity of rum) were taken from the store for present use for jury and keeper of prisoners. The expense of judges and funeral £19 were taken out of the estate. The balance was paid over to John James Parsonson, Administrator.

Rev. Mark Tatham in his speech at the Burial (Condamine) 1870, said that the first murder committed in Bangor was of an old Frenchman by name of Loman.

The gravestone of John may be seen at Mount Hope, I think the oldest there, which has upon it the following inscription:—Here lies the body of Joseph Threlkeld who departed this life the 10th of February, 1791, in the 22nd year of his age, and the second year of the era of the French Revolution, resting with him to the grave, the sorrow of all who knew him. The gravestone cost 38 shillings.

TEMPERANCE HATCH OF DOB BOYD.

Her will, on Harcock Records, Vol. 2, page 42, dated June 28, 1803, proved Nov. 25, 1804, James Hall, who of Ebenezer H. Webb, of Falmouth, Mass., and Ebenezer Hatch, single woman, in Bangor.

EBENEZER BRADDON, OF SULLY, AKA.

His will, on Harcock Records, Vol. V, page 62, dated May 28, 1808, proved May 22, 1807, 28 with annex. Children, James, Ebenezer &c.; Lydia, wife of Edward Pettigill; Mary, wife of Amos Ames; and Jane, wife of Philip Pettigill.

DEATHS IN BANGOR.

FROM TOWN AND OTHER RECORDS.

1823. Oct. 14, Abraham Allen, aged 64.
 1825. June 15, widow Mary Allen.
 " June 25, Mrs. Mary, wife of John Allen, aged 75.
 1827. September 8, John Allen, formerly of Martha's Vineyard, aged 73.
 " Dec. 24, Tobias Allen, of Mercer.
 1831. May 8, Sarah C. Alley, aged 29.
 1833. March 27, Bathsheba Allen.
 1815. March 5, Nancy Billings.
 " July 4, Caleb C. Billings, Jr.
 " March, Nancy, sister of John Barker.
 1818. Mrs. Hannah, wife of Dea. Wm. Boyd.
 1829. Deacon Wm. Boyd, aged 84.
 1834. Nov. 20, Mrs. Naomi, wife of James Allen, aged 35.
 1835. March 11, Mrs. Mary Allen, aged 74.
 1836. May 8, Mrs. Martha Adams, aged 36.
 1819. Jan. 12, James Bartlett, formerly of N. Hampshire, aged 32.
 " June 12, John Nichols, son of James Budge, drowned.
 1821. December, Joseph W. Boynton.
 1822. January, Mrs. Burley, wife of Peleg.
 " Aug. 12, Mrs. Susannah Baldwin.
 1823. March 8, Eliza H. Bryant, aged 23.
 " March 18, Nath. Barker, of Exeter, killed by a sled running over him.
 " July 24, David H. Bailey, fell from a house; aged 49
 1824. Sept. 26, Mrs. Olivia, wife of Henry Bent.
 1825. April 22, widow Sarah Barker, aged 77.
 " Oct. 4, Capt. James Budge, aged 48.
 1834. Aug. 13, Mrs. Sarah R. Bond, aged 37.
 1837. June 5, James Burton, Jr., aged 46.
 " Sept. 18, Oliver Billings, Jr., aged 46.
 1826. Tilly Brown, a native of Concord, Mass., aged 40.
 " Sept. 5, Warren Besse, formerly of Hallowell, aged 28.
 " Sept. 18, Peter G. Bailey, formerly of Buckfield, aged 26.
 " Oct. 8, Miss Nancy Boyd, of Wiscasset.
 " Oct. 17, William Bean, Esq., aged 34.
 1827. April 1, James Bolton, of Brooksville, aged 20.
 1828. Jan., Nathan Brown, formerly of Clinton, aged 47.
 " April, George H., son of Caleb C. Billings.
 " May 22, David Bray, formerly of Starks, aged 21.
 " Sept. 20, James Bowles, aged 18.
 1829. Jan. 14, Eliza A., daughter of Caleb C. Billings.

DEATHS IN BANGOR.

FROM TOWN AND OTHER RECORDS.

1893	Jan. 14, Eliza A., daughter of Caleb C. Billings.
"	Sept. 20, James Hawley, aged 12.
"	May 22, David Bray, formerly of Bangor, aged 21.
1892	April, George H., son of Caleb C. Billings.
1891	Jan. 1, James Bolton, of Bangorville, aged 50.
"	Oct. 17, William Bond, Esq., aged 44.
"	Oct. 8, Miss Nancy Bond, of Bangor.
"	Sept. 18, Peter G. Bond, formerly of Bangor, aged 20.
"	Sept. 5, William Bond, formerly of Bangor, aged 22.
1890	Thy. Brown, a native of Bangor, aged 40.
"	Sept. 13, Oliver Billings, aged 48.
1889	June 5, James Bond, aged 37.
1888	Aug. 13, Miss Sarah H. Bond, aged 37.
"	Oct. 4, Capt. James Bond, aged 47.
1887	April 22, widow Sarah H. Bond, aged 75.
1886	Sept. 20, Miss Olive, wife of James Bond.
"	July 24, David H. Bond, son of a Bangor, aged 19.
"	March 18, Nathan Bond, of Bangor, killed by a coal mine.
1885	March 5, Eliza H. Bond, aged 22.
"	Aug. 12, Miss Susan Bond, aged 19.
1884	January, Mrs. Bond, wife of Peter.
1883	December, Joseph W. Bond.
"	June 12, John Bond, son of James Bond, drowned.
1882	Jan. 12, James Bond, formerly of Bangor, aged 12.
1881	May 8, Miss Maria Bond, aged 30.
1880	March 11, Miss Mary Bond, aged 14.
1879	Nov. 20, Miss Bond, wife of James Bond, aged 30.
1878	December, Wm. Bond, aged 44.
1877	Mr. Hannah, wife of David Wm. Bond.
1876	March, Nancy, sister of John Bond.
"	July 4, Caleb C. Billings, Esq.
1875	March 5, Nancy Billings.
1874	March 27, Bathsheba Allen.
1873	May 2, Sarah C. Allen, aged 20.
"	Dec. 24, Tobias Allen, of Bangor.
1872	aged 73.
1871	September 8, John Allen, formerly of Bangor, aged 75.
"	June 22, Miss Mary, wife of John Allen, aged 75.
1870	June 15, widow Mary Allen.
1869	Oct. 14, Abraham Allen, aged 64.

1829. Oct. 27, Elvira S., daughter of Col. Moses Burley.
 " Nov. 5, Ephraim Ballard, of Augusta, aged 45.
 1830. June 3, Gardner Bradbury, from Buxton, aged 18.
 1831. Aug. 17, Mrs. Cynthia, wife of John Brown, aged 31.
 1832. Mar. 9, Elizabeth Bethel, (?) of Prospect, aged 20.
 " June, Nath. Bartlett, aged 38.
 " Aug. 10, Daniel Briggs, aged 22.
 1833. May, Mrs. Brown, wife of Cyrus
 " May 18, Thomas F. Bodge, aged 20.
 " May 24, Mrs. Nancy, wife of J. R. Blen. (?)
 " Nov. 17, Caleb C. Billings, aged 46.
 1810. Feb. 17, Aaron Clark.
 1817. July 31, Stephen S. Crosby, Jr.
 " Nov. 30, Martha, daughter of Timothy Colby.
 1818. Sept. 1, Mrs. Lydia, wife of Timothy Colby.
 1833. Sept. 21, Eben French, son of J. W. Carr.
 1836. July 8, Samuel Call, aged 58.
 1819. June 27, Stephen S. Crosby, Jr., 2nd.
 " July 14, Mrs. Martha, wife of S. S. Crosby.
 1823. March 20, Josiah Hills, son of James Crosby.
 1825. April 5, Josiah Hills, son of James Crosby.
 1828. May 28, Mrs. Charlotte, wife of James Crosby.
 1825. Sept. 3, Major Timothy Crosby, aged 59.
 1832. October, Emeline Sewall, daughter of Timothy Crosby.
 1820. March 30, Joseph, son of Asa Cartland.
 1824. June 23, Asa Cartland, aged 37.
 1821. Oct. 5, Frances Carr, Esq.
 1826. Nov. 23, Mrs. Cynthia, wife of Allen Clark.
 1830. June 28, Tolman Cary, aged 34.
 " Dec. 31, Mary Crockett from Brooksville, aged 21.
 1831. Nov. 7, Amos Chace.
 " Aug. 17, Nath. Chadwick, from Dover, N. H.
 1825. Sept. 28, Dorothy Davis, aged 18.
 1833. May 12, Mrs. Davis, wife of Benj.
 1827. Dec. 25, Timothy Dale, Jr., aged 24.
 1828. July 9, Abraham Dodge, from Wakefield, N. Y.
 " Aug. 7, Mrs. Ruth, wife of Jacob Dunbar.
 " Oct. 6, Albert A. Dillingham.
 " Oct. 20, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Albert Dillingham.
 " Sept. 5th or 7th, Mary Lapish, daughter of Thos. Daggett.
 1833. Dec. 12, Richmond Daggett, aged 50.
 1830. Feb. 16, Samuel E. Dutton, Esq., aged 56.
 1832. Dec. 21, Mrs. Patia, wife of Samuel E. Dutton, Esq.
 1834. May 23, Margaret M., wife of Alex Drummond, aged 28.
 1836. Sept. 30, Joseph Doe, aged 55.
 1830. Sept. 14, Ben. Bussey, son of John C. Dexter.
 1832. July, Cynthia Davis, from Fairfield.
 " Nov. 3, Wm. Alex, son of Alex Drummond.
 1833. May 31, Jacob, son of Alex Drummond.
 " March 30, or April 27, Daniel Dresser.

1830	Oct. 27, Elvira S., daughter of Col. Moses Bailey.
"	Nov. 2, Ephraim Ballard, of Augusta, aged 47.
1830	June 2, Gardner Barbours, from Bangor, aged 12.
1831	Aug. 17, Mrs. Cynthia, wife of John Brown, aged 51.
1831	Mar. 9, Elizabeth Bethel, (1) of Prospect, aged 20.
"	June, Nath. Bartlett, aged 35.
"	Aug. 10, Daniel Briggs, aged 22.
1832	May, Mrs. Brown, wife of Cyrus.
"	May 18, Thomas F. Bodger, aged 20.
"	May 24, Mrs. Nancy, wife of J. K. Blon, (2).
"	Nov. 17, Caleb C. Billings, aged 25.
1810	Feb. 17, Aaron Clark.
1817	July 31, Stephen S. Crosby, 30.
"	Nov. 30, Martha, daughter of Timothy Colby.
1818	Sept. 1, Mrs. Lydia, wife of Timothy Colby.
1832	Sept. 21, Eben French, son of J. W. Carr.
1836	July 2, Samuel Calk, aged 22.
1819	June 27, Stephen S. Crosby, Jr., son.
"	July 14, Mrs. Martha, wife of S. B. Crosby.
1825	March 20, Josiah Ellis, son of James Crosby.
1827	April 5, Josiah Ellis, son of James Crosby.
1828	May 22, Mrs. Charlotte, wife of James Crosby.
1827	Sept. 2, Major Timothy Crosby, aged 20.
1832	October, Eunice Jewell, daughter of Timothy Crosby.
1820	March 30, Joseph, son of John Crosby.
1824	June 25, Asa Carlsbad, aged 27.
1821	Oct. 2, Frances Carr, Esq.
1826	Nov. 25, Mrs. Cynthia, wife of John Carr.
1830	June 28, Tolman Cary, aged 22.
"	Dec. 21, Mary Crockett, from Bangor, aged 31.
1831	Nov. 7, Amos Chase.
"	Aug. 17, Nath. Chadwick, from Bangor, M.
1825	Sept. 26, Dorcas Davis, aged 60.
1827	May 12, Mrs. Davis, wife of George.
1827	Dec. 27, Timothy Dale, Jr., aged 22.
1828	July 9, Abraham Dodge, from Bangor, M. Y.
"	Aug. 7, Mrs. Ruth, wife of Jacob Dorr.
"	Oct. 6, Albert A. Dillingham.
"	Oct. 20, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Albert Dillingham.
"	Sept. 24, the Mary Dorr, daughter of Thos. Dorr.
1833	Dec. 12, Richmond Dorr, aged 20.
1830	Feb. 16, Samuel E. Dutton, Esq., aged 20.
1832	Dec. 25, Mrs. Fanny, wife of Samuel E. Dutton, Esq.
1834	May 27, Margaret M., wife of Alex. Drummond, aged 22.
1836	Sept. 30, Joseph Doe, aged 22.
1830	Sept. 14, Ben. Bussey, son of John C. Dexter.
1832	July, Cynthia Davis, from Bangor.
"	Nov. 3, Wm. Alex, son of Alex. Drummond.
1832	May 30, Jacob, son of Alex. Drummond.
"	March 30, or April 27, Daniel Dorr.

1833. June, Mrs. Sarah E. Dix.
 1822. Sept. 22, John Emerson, merchant, aged 45.
 1833. June 23, William Emerson.
 1829. Oct. 3, Mrs. Lydia, wife of Samuel Eastman.
 1833. Sept. 11, John Eaton, of Belfast, drowned.
 1820. April 27, Miss Roxana Farnham, at the house of Lynde Valentine.
 1825. April, Martha Orr, daughter of J. B. Fiske.
 1833. June 14, Mrs. Mary L., wife of John Fiske.
 1830. Dec. 31, Zadoc French, aged 62.
 1831. Aug. 21, Horace Frisbee, from Guilford, Conn., aged 31.
 " Dec. 5, Thos. L. Furber, aged 23.
 1828. Sept. Elizabeth Furber, First Church records.
 1824. Sept. 15, John Giddings, aged 43.
 1827. Sept. 2, Daniel Gale, from N. H., aged 25.
 1829. May, Sophronia Garland.
 1831. Feb. 19, Emma O. Getchell, aged 23.
 1833. March 4, Horace Gould.
 " July, Wm. Gould, formerly of Raymond, N. H., aged 25.
 1829. Sept. 29, Mrs. Relief, of Elisha Hammond.
 1807. Sept. 7, Eliza A., daughter of Chas. Hammond.
 1814. May 30, Capt. Wm. Hammond, aged 75.
 1815. April 12, Chas. Hammond, Esq. aged 36.
 1818. Nov. 1, Elisha son of Wm. Hammond, aged 37.
 1816. July 22, Relief, daughter of Wm. Hammond, aged 29.
 1809. May 14, John Harlow Jr.
 1821. Dec. 26, widow Experience Harlow, aged 86.
 1822. Jan. 19, Mary, wife of Nath. Harlow, Jr., aged 34.
 1825. Feb. 18, Mary Wyatt, daughter of Nath. Harlow, Jr.
 " May 10, Nathaniel Harlow Esq., aged 67.
 1826. July 22, Bradford Harlow, Jr.
 1833. March, Mrs. Mary, wife of T. F. Hatch.
 1813. March 20, Isaac Hatch, Jr.
 1816. Aug. 21, Isaac Hatch.
 1817. June 25, Abiel, dau. of Isaac Hatch.
 1821. Aug. 31, Lucy Hubbard.
 1822. Feb. 9, Margaret, daughter of Geo. Haliburton.
 1817. Hannah, daughter of Ashbel Harthorn.
 1815. Dec. 5, Daniel, son of Ashbel Harthorn.
 1811. June 12, Rebecca, daughter of Silas Harthorn.
 1812. Dec., Reuben, son of Silas Harthorn.
 1797. Nov. 20, Lavinia, daughter of Silas Harthorn.
 1795. June 13, Robert, son of Robert Hichborn, Jr.
 1807. Sept. 2, Robert, son of Robert Hichborn, Jr.
 1804. Nov. 8, Susanna, daughter of Robert Hichborn, Jr.
 1806. Nov. 23, Robert Hichborn.
 1821. Nov., Joseph Hall, student at Seminary.
 1822. June 14, Mrs. Phebe, wife of David Hill.
 " July 14, Luther H. Hillis, merchant, aged 31.
 1830. Dec. 29, Sarah Hills, aged 21.

1830.	Dec. 29, Sarah Hills, aged 21.
1829.	July 14, Luther H. Hills, merchant, aged 31.
1828.	June 14, Mrs. Phelps, wife of David Hill.
1821.	Nov., Joseph Hall, student in Seminary.
1806.	Nov. 27, Robert Nicholson.
1804.	Nov. 8, Susanna, daughter of Robert Nicholson, Jr.
1807.	Sept. 2, Robert, son of Robert Nicholson, Jr.
1792.	June 13, Robert, son of Robert Nicholson, Jr.
1797.	Nov. 20, Lavinia, daughter of John Nicholson.
1812.	Dec. 1, Reuben, son of John Nicholson.
1811.	June 13, Rebecca, daughter of John Nicholson.
1812.	Dec. 5, Daniel, son of John Nicholson.
1817.	March, daughter of Andrew Nicholson.
1822.	Feb. 9, Margaret, daughter of John Nicholson.
1821.	Aug. 31, Lucy Nicholson.
1817.	June 25, Abiel, son of John Nicholson.
1816.	Aug. 21, Isaac Hatch.
1817.	March 20, Isaac Hatch, Jr.
1827.	March, Mrs. Mary Hatch, wife of Isaac Hatch.
1822.	July 22, Elizabeth H. Hatch, wife of Isaac Hatch.
1827.	May 10, Mary, daughter of John Hatch, Jr.
1822.	Jan. 10, Mary, wife of John Hatch, Jr., aged 34.
1821.	Dec. 10, widow Elizabeth Hatch, aged 86.
1806.	May 14, John Hatch, Jr.
1816.	July 22, Elizabeth, daughter of John Hatch, aged 29.
1818.	Nov. 1, Enoch, son of John Hatch, aged 27.
1817.	April 12, John Hatch, aged 30.
1814.	May 30, Capt. John Hatch, aged 72.
1807.	Sept. 7, Eliza A., daughter of John Hatch, aged 22.
1807.	Sept. 20, Mrs. Sarah A. Hatch, aged 11, unmarried.
1829.	July, William Hatch, aged 11, unmarried.
1823.	March 4, Thomas Hatch.
1821.	Feb. 10, Emma O. Hatch, aged 17.
1819.	May, Sophronia Hatch.
1827.	Sept. 2, Daniel O. Hatch, N. H., aged 25.
1824.	Sept. 15, John Hatch, aged 45.
1828.	Sept. Elizabeth Foster, first church record.
1821.	Dec. 5, Thomas I. Foster, aged 17.
1821.	Aug. 21, Harriet Foster, from Guilford, Conn., aged 21.
1820.	Dec. 31, Nathaniel French, aged 61.
1827.	June 14, Mrs. Mary E., wife of John Fiske.
1822.	April, Martha O., daughter of J. B. Fiske.
1820.	line.
1820.	April 27, Miss Rebecca Farnham, at the house of J. wife Farnham.
1823.	Sept. 11, John Farnham, of Belfast, Brunswick.
1829.	Oct. 3, Mrs. Lydia, wife of Samuel Eastman.
1823.	June 23, William Eastman.
1827.	Sept. 22, John Emerson, merchant, aged 45.
1833.	June, Mrs. Sarah E. Dix.

1822. Nov., Dea. Moses Haskell, formerly of Newburyport.
" Hannah Haskell, First Church Record.
1831. Aug. Benj. Haskell from Newburyport.
1832. Sept. 2, Mary F. Haskell, aged 23.
1823. Sept. 20, James M. Harvey.
1824. Oct. 11, Mrs. Ruth, wife of Noah Hersey.
1829. Jan. 30, Mrs. Mary, wife of Noah Hersey.
1825. May 14, Mrs. Susan, wife of John Howard.
1827. Sept. 9, Mrs. Mary, wife of Thos. Howard, aged 81.
" Dec., Thomas Howard, aged 86.
1828. June 15, Joseph Huckins, formerly of Effington, N. H.
1826. Aug. 12, Henry Hayden, aged 29.
" June 4, Mrs. Henrietta B. wife of Gilman Harriman.
1833. Oct., Dillon F. Harriman, aged 23.
1832. Oct. 29, Mrs. E. W., wife of Wm. Hasey, Jr., aged 33.
1833. June, James W. Hoskins, Universalist minister, aged 34.

BRITISH RAID ON NASKEAG, (BROOKLIN,) IN 1778.

Communicated by Joseph Williamson, Esq.

The following letter was found among the papers of General Charles Cushing, of Pownalborough, who commanded one of the three Brigades of militia which Maine contained during the revolution. Capt. William Reed, the writer, settled at Naskeag in 1764. Col. Buck, to whom it is addressed, resided at Eastern river, now Bucksport, and was Provincial agent for this section.

"NASKEGE, July 30, 1778.

SIR:—I take this opportunity to inform you that we have been attacked by the enemy. On the 20th of this month, under cover of the Gage sloop of twelve guns, and the How sloop of ten guns, they landed about sixty men, which destroyed six dwelling-houses, and three barns, and a number of smaller buildings, and almost the whole of the furniture. We recovered two prisoners, and mortally wounded five, as we were informed by one of our men which was taken by the enemy. We had not above two hours warning of their coming. We had but seven men to defend the place. They also attempted to land at first with two boats, when the above sloops were about one mile from the place, but we beat them off, and they returned to the said vessels. The siege began about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and lasted till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and then went on board their vessels. They carried off with them ten calves, and one yoke of oxen, and five hogs, and killed two cows, and left them on the spot. They wounded four cows also. I would inform you the first relief we had was from Deer Island, which was the morning following. On the 21st the vessels towed as far as Robinson's Island, and demanded fresh meat of him, and he granted it

1831	Nov. Dec. Moses Haskell, formerly of Newburyport.
"	Hannah Haskell, First Church Record.
1831	Aug. Benj. Haskell from Newburyport.
1832	Sept. 2. Mary T. Haskell, aged 23.
1832	Sept. 20. James M. Harvey.
1834	Oct. 11. Mrs. Ruth, wife of Noah Harvey.
1835	Jan. 30. Mrs. Mary, wife of John Harvey.
1835	May 14. Mrs. Susan, wife of John Harvey.
1837	Sept. 9. Mrs. Mary, wife of John Harvey, aged 81.
"	Dec. Thomas Howard, aged 50.
1838	June 12. Joseph Haskell, formerly of Ellington, N. H.
1838	Aug. 12. Henry Hayden, aged 25.
"	June 4. Mrs. Hendrick B. wife of Stephen Harriman.
1837	Oct. Dillion F. Harriman, aged 25.
1837	Oct. 20. Mrs. E. W. wife of Wm. Haskell, Jr., aged 77.
1837	June James W. Haskell, formerly of Ellington, aged 25.

BRITISH RAID ON NASKAPI (HASKELL) IN 1778

Communicated by Joseph W. Haskell, Esq.

The following letter was found among the papers of General Charles Cushing, of Portsmouth, who communicated one of the three Brigades of militia which Marched southward during the invasion. Capt. William Haskell, the writer, resided at Naskapi in 1764. Col. Buck, to whom it is addressed, resided at Eastern river, now Buckport, and was Provisional Governor of this section.

77 Essex, July 30, 1778.

Sir:—I take this opportunity to inform you that we have been attacked by the enemy. On the 25th of this month, a detachment of the Garrison of twelve guns, and the Howitzer, and a gun, two hundred and sixty men, which destroyed six dwelling houses, and three barns, and a number of smaller buildings, and some of the cattle of the town. We recovered two prisoners, and sent them to the barracks. We were informed by one of our men who was taken by the enemy. We had not above two hours warning of their coming. We ran but were men to defend the place. They also attempted to land in front with two boats, when the above ships were about one mile from the place, but we beat them off, and they returned to the water. The ships being about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and landed all 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and then went on board their vessels. They carried off with them ten calves, and one rook of oxen, and one horse, and three cows, and left them on the spot. They remained four days, and would inform you the first relief we had was from Fort Island, which was the morning following. On the 31st the vessels moved on for Robinson's Island, and demanded fresh meat of him, and he granted it.

to them to save his house and barn, and they carried off nine sheep from him, and then returned to this place again and sent a flag ashore to exchange prisoners, which we agreed to, and gave them two for our one. The reason of this was, one of the said prisoners was so mortally wounded that we expected he would die every minute, and no service to us; and then the vessels went up the reach and bound westward. They fired a number of cannon at our people as they followed them by the shore. Likewise we were informed by the two prisoners that we took, that the said sloops were advised to come and destroy this place by one Samuel Stanley and Isaac Bunker, of Cranberry Island, which I have been threatened this three months that they would carry me off, or destroy the place, as I have been informed by good authority. They also destroyed a number of boats, and to conclude, and wishing this safe to your hand and I remain

Your humble servant,

WILLIAM REED.

P. S. SIR: I should be glad you would forward a copy of this to the town, as I have no chance to send it by reason that we live in the woods, and destitute of an opportunity.

WILLIAM REED.

Addressed:—To Col. Jonathan Buck, living at Penobscot River. On public service, to be forwarded with all speed.

TOWN OF PROSPECT.

INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 24, 1794.

An Act to divide the Town of Frankfort, in the County of Hancock, and to erect the southerly part of it into a new Town by the name of Prospect.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted etc., * * * That the southerly part of the town of Frankfort in the County of Hancock, contained within the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the Bay of Belfast on a brook called the Half Way Creek and following said creek up to the north west corner of the town of Belfast; from thence running due north to a pond called Goose Pond, where there is a spruce tree marked on four sides; from thence due east to Marsh river; then down said river to Penobscot river, and in said Penobscot river to Fort Pownal, so called; from thence on Penobscot bay or river to the first mentioned bounds, together with Brigadier's Island, so called, and all the inhabitants within the above described lines, be, and they hereby are divided from the Town of Frankfort, and incorporated into a separate town by the name of Prospect, with all the privileges and immunities of other towns in the Commonwealth."

The town of Prospect was to pay its proportion of the debt of the town of Frankfort.

Simeon Fowler, Esq., was authorized to issue his warrant calling the first meeting and also to warn the inhabitants of Frankfort to meet and fill any vacancies in the offices of that town.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

VOL. II.

BANGOR, ME., APRIL, 1887.

No. X.

JOURNAL OF A VOYAGE TO THE ISLAND OF MOUNT DESART, 1762.

BY SIR FRANCIS BERNARD, GOVERNOR OF THE PROVINCE OF
MASSACHUSETTS BAY.*

Copied from the Spark's Manuscripts in Harvard College Library.

1762.

- Sept. 28. "I went on board the Sloop Massachusetts lying off Castle William in Boston Bay at 5 P. M., weighed anchor at 10 wind S. E., passed Deer Island on the left.
29. Morning hazy, passed Cape Ann by reckoning at 5 A. M., stood for Portsmouth, lookt for the Isles of Shoals: a thick fog arose; bore out to Sea, keeping a good offing to avoid a rock called Boon Island Ledge; saw it at 2 miles distance at 2 P. M. Weather cleared up; a fresh gale arose from S. by E.; bore for cape Porpoise at N. by W. with all the sail we could set; passed into the harbour in a narrow channel between frightful rocks, and came to anchor at 4 o'clock. Found several fishermen there who had put in for shelter: who supplied us with excellent fish for our dinner. Night Windy and rainy: lay very quiet, tho' there was a great storm at Sea.
30. Morning hazy; cleared up. At 9 A. M. went out with a small breeze at N. W., which failing in the narrow passage We were in danger of being flung upon the rocks: but the breeze freshening carried us out. Very little Wind and great rowl of Sea; put out lines & caught some cod & had-dock, at noon a fresh breeze arose from W. Course E. N.

* From Aug. 4, 1769, to Aug. 1, 1768.—EDITOR.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

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BY SIR FRANCIS BERNARD, GOVERNOR OF THE PROVINCE OF
MASSACHUSETTS, 1762.

Copied from the British Museum in the year 1762.

1762.
Sept. 28. I went on board the Ship *Albatross*, and lying off Castle
William in Boston Bay at 5 P. M. weighed anchor, it to
wind S. E., passed Deer Island on the left.
29. Morning haze passed Cape Ann, and anchoring at 2 A. M.,
stood for Portsmouth. Took tea at 10 A. M. in the town, a thick
fog arose; bore out to sea, keeping a good offing to avoid
a rock called Boon Island. Landed at 2 miles dis-
tance at 2 P. M. Weather cleared, and a fresh gale arose
from S. by E.; bore for Cape Elizabeth at 4 P. M. with all
the sail we could set; passed the Narrows in a narrow
channel between highland rocks, and came to anchor at 2
o'clock. Found several Frenchmen there who had got in for
shelter; who supplied us with excellent fish for our dinner.
Night Windy and rainy; lay very quiet, till there was a
great storm at sea.
30. Morning haze; cleared up. At 4 A. M. went out with a
small breeze at N. W., which failed in the narrow passage.
We were in danger of being dashed upon the rocks; but the
breeze freshening carried us on. Very high Wind and
great swell of sea; but our horse caught some cold & had
died, at noon a fresh breeze arose from W. Charles E. N.

E., passed Wood Islands, Cape Elisabeth, Segwin Island. Wind fair but a great swell of Sea; at 6 altered our course to E. by N., stood for Manhiggon Island. Breeze freshened about Midnight.

- Oct. 1. At day break entered Penobscot Bay, passed the Muscle ridges & the Owls head on the left & the Fox Islands on right. Between the Fox Islands saw Mount Desart* hills at near 30 miles distance, passed by long Island on the left; at the end thereof saw Fort Pownall at 6 miles distance; a fresh gale from the N. W. Went above the fort & anchored at 11. The Fort saluted us with 11 guns; We returned 7 guns. Went on shore, dined at the fort spent the afternoon in reconnoitring the Country. Went on board in the Evening.
2. Weighed anchor at 7 A. M. Fresh gale from N. W., passed by many Islands on the right which with the continent on the left formed many pleasant sounds & bays. Came to Neskeag point, 30 miles from Fort Pownall. at 11. Found several vessels there, among which, was a Schooner with My Surveyors on board, who left Boston 5 days before me: took them on board & with a pilot proceeded for Mount desart; arrived there at 3 o'clock, but the Wind being against us, We were 2 hours turning into the harbour. At first We came into a spacious bay formed by land of the great Island on the left & one of the Cranberry Islands on the right. Towards the End of this Bay which is called the Great Harbour, We turned into a smaller bay called the South West Harbour. This last is about a mile long & three-fourths of a mile wide. On the North Side of it is a narrow opening to a River or sound† which runs into the Island 8 miles & is Visible in a straight line with uneven shores for near the whole length. In the View of this river We anchored about the middle of the South West Harbour about 5 P. M.
3. After breakfast went on shore at the head of the bay & went into the Woods by a compass line for above half a mile. Found a path which led me back to the harbour. This proved to be a passage to the Salt marshes. In the afternoon some people came on board, who informed that four families were settled upon one of the Cranberry Islands, and two families at the head of the river 8 miles from Our Station.
4. We formed two sets of Surveyors: I & Lieut. Miller took charge of the one & Mr. Jones, My Surveyor had the care of the other. We begun at a point at the head of the S. West Harbour, proceeded in different courses & surveyed that whole harbour except some part on the south side.

* See Ante. Vol. 1, page 179.

† Now Somes' Sound.

5. It rained all morning, etc, We compared our observations & protracted the Survey; in the afternoon surveyed a Cove in the North River.
6. I & Lt. Miller surveyed the remainder of the S. W. harbour & a considerable part of the great harbour. Mr. Jones traced & measured the path to the Bass Bay creek & found there many haycocks. In the afternoon We made some general observations, & corrected our former surveys. The Gunners had good Luck; plenty of Duck, Teal, Partridge, etc.
7. Took an observation of the Sun rising. Went up the river, a fine channel having several openings & Bays of different breadths, making from a mile to a quarter of a mile breadth. We passed thro' several hills covered with woods of different sorts; in some places the rocks were almost perpendicular to a great highth. The general Course of this river is N. 5° E., & it is not less than 8 miles long in a straight line. At the end of it we turned into a bay & there saw a settlement in a lesser bay. We went on shore & into Solmer's* log house; found it neat & convenient, tho' not quite furnished; & in it a notable woman with 4 pretty girls clean & orderly. Near it were many fish drying there. From there We went to a Bever pond, where We had an opportunity to observe the artificialness of their dams & their manner of cutting down trees to make them. We returned to our Sloop about 4 o'clock; it must be eight miles distance. The gunners brought in plenty of Ducks & partridges.
8. We observed Sun rising; but could not take his amplitude by reason of clouds near the horison. Mr. Miller surveyed the Island on the East side of the river. Mr. Jones ran the base line of the intended Township. I went thro' the woods a mile & a half to the Creek of Bass Bay. We went above a mile on the Salt meadow, found it fine, the hay remaining there good, & the Creek a pretty rivulet capable of receiving considerable Vessels; the meadow on each side being a furlong or two wide & the upland having a gentle declivity to it. In the afternoon Mr. Jones finished his line, & We gathered various plants in the Woods. In the evening I received several persons on board proposing to be settlers, & it was resolved to sail the next morning if the Wind would permit.
9. At half after 8 we weighed Anchor; stood for the Sea in a course S. S. W. thro' several Islands; thence by a course W. by S. to Holt Island 10 leagues from Mount Desart Harbour. At half past one Wind fell to a faint breeze; passed Mantinicus Island at 5, Metennick Island at 9 & Mohiggon Island at 12. Night fine & calm. Sloop rolled very

* Abraham Somes.

5. It rained all morning, etc. We compared our observations & projected the Survey; in the afternoon surveyed a Cove in the North River.

6. I & Lt. Miller surveyed the remainder of the S. W. harbor & a considerable part of the great harbor. Mr. Jones traced & measured the path to the Bass Bay creek & found there many hazes. In the afternoon we made some general observations & corrected our former surveys. The Gunners had good Luck, plenty of Duck, Teal, Partridge, etc.

7. Took an observation of the Sun rising. Went up the river a fine channel having several openings & Bays of different breadth, making from a mile to a quarter of a mile between the banks. We passed three several hills covered with woods of different sorts; in some places the rocks were almost perpendicular to a great height. The general Channel of the river is N. E. & it is not less than 100 fathoms in a straight line. At the end of it we turned into a bay & there saw a rather small house; found it was a summer house, and quite finished; & in it a notable woman with a pretty girl clean & white. Near it were many other houses. From there we went to a better point, where we had an opportunity to observe the settlements of their farms & their manner of cutting down trees to make timber. We returned to our ship about 4 o'clock; it was not yet dark. The Gunners brought in plenty of ducks & partridge.

8. We observed Sun rising; but could not take measurements by reason of clouds near the horizon. Mr. Miller surveyed the island on the East side of the river. Mr. Jones ran the base line of the intended Township. I went into the woods a mile & a half to the Creek of that name. We went above a mile on the South mountain, found it that the day remaining there great & the Creek a pretty stream, a small tributary considerable. Weaker the mountain on each side being nothing or two miles & the mountain being a gentle declivity to it. In the afternoon Mr. Jones finished his line at the galvanized various points in the Harbor. In the evening I received several persons on board, & proposed to be settled. It was resolved to sail the next morning if the Wind would permit.

9. At half after 8 we weighed Anchor, stood for the Sea in a course S. E. W. three several Islands, thence in a course W. by S. to Hoff Island to Lehigh Point Mount Desert Harbor. At half past one Wind fell to a calm, we passed Malineau Island at 5, Malineau Island at 5, Malineau Island at 12. Night fine & calm. Sleep cooled very

10. much till 5, when passing Segwin Island a fresh breeze came from N. E., arrived at Falmouth* Channel half after 8, just 24 hours from Mount desert. It rained hard. We came to an Anchor at Falmouth half after 10. I went on shore, dined at Col. Waldo's & lay there.
11. We went about the Town; a very growing place; some fine houses there building, many Vessels, among which were some Ships, upon the Stocks; Were saluted by the Fort with 5 guns & by a Ship in the harbour with 7. Our Sloop returned 5 guns. We dined at Col. Waldo's†; sup't at Cap. Rosses,‡ & went on board at half past 10.
12. We weighed anchor at half past 8; saluted the Town with 5 guns; kept within sight of the shore all the way & anchored near the fort Island in Piscataway about 3 miles from Portsmouth at 5 o'clock. The Fort hailed us to know if I was on board; at 6 Gov. Wentworth's barge came along side to carry me to his house about 3 miles from the Sloop & 2 from Portsmouth.
13. I went to Portsmouth in my own boat, the Boats crew being in their uniforms of red faced with blew; was received at the wharf by several gentlemen & conducted to Mr. Wentworth's house. At 3 Mrs. Bernard arrived in the Charriot.
14. We passed an agreeable day at Portsmouth & on the 15th
15. set out in the Charriot for Boston.

BENEDICT ARNOLD ON THE EASTERN FRONTIER.

BY WM. HENRY KILBY ESQ., OF BOSTON.

Among the curiosities on exhibition at the Centennial celebration of the town of Dennysville, Me., May 17, 1886, was an account book kept by Col. John Allan, when just after the Revolution he was engaged in trade on the island in Eastport harbor, which afterwards was known by his name, and where a monument erected by his descendants marks the place of his burial. To this island he gave the name of Dudley, in compliment to his friend, Paul Dudley Sargent, whose family history recently appeared in this magazine, and that is the name which it bears in the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in settling the Eastern Boundary line. On one page of Allan's account book appears an entry, "Benedict Arnold one gall. rum," and there are charges to him for lumber, and other articles. Knowing the antecedent history of Ar-

* Now Portland. Rev. Thomas Smith's Journal, page 193, says: "Oct. 19, 1762, Gov. Barnard came here from the eastward."

† Col. Samuel Waldo, Jr., the first Judge of Probate for Cumberland County. He died April 16, 1770. (History of Belfast, page 44.)

‡ Capt. Alexander Ross, a distinguished merchant in Falmouth, (Portland;) died Nov. 24, 1768. (Smith's Journal, page 152.)

10. much till 2, when passing Steyer Island a fresh breeze came from N. E., arrived at Fairmount. Channel half after 8, just at hours from Mount desert. It rained hard. We came to an Anchor at Fairmount half after 10. I went on shore, dined at Col. Widdie's & lay there.
11. We went about the Town; a very growing place; some fine houses there building; many Vessels, among which were some Ships upon the Stocks; We're related by the Port with 2 guns; by a Ship in the harbor with 7. Our Sloop returned 7 guns. We dined at Col. Widdie's; supper 8 o'clock. I went to bed at half past 10.
12. We weighed anchor at half past 8; sailed the Town with 2 guns; kept within sight of the shore all the way & anchored near the Port Island in Passaway about 7 miles from Portsmouth at 7 o'clock. The Port sailed us to know if I was on board; at 9 Gov. Wentworth's large sloop along side to carry me to his house about 2 miles from the Sloop & a room Portsmouth.
13. I went to Portsmouth in my own boat, the House crew being in their uniforms of red faced with blue; was received at the wharf by several gentlemen & conducted to Sir Wentworth's house. At 9 Mrs. Bernard arrived in the Charlot.
14. We passed an agreeable day at Portsmouth & on the 15th set out in the Charlot for Boston.

BENEDICT ARNOLD ON THE EASTERN FRONTIER

AT NEW MARKET AND NEW YORK, OF MARCH.

Among the curiosities of exploration at the Continental celebration of the town of Lancaster, Mass. May 12, 1840, was an account of the late by Col. John Allen, when just after the Revolution he was engaged in trade on the island in Longport harbor, which afterwards was known by his name, and where a monument erected by his descendants marks the place of his burial. To this island he gave the name of Dooling, in honor of his friend, Lord Dooling, who had other family history connected with this magazine, and that is the name which it bears in the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in settling the Eastern Boundary line. On one page of Allen's account we find an entry, "Benedict Arnold once fell there," and there are chapters in him for lumber, and other articles. Knowing the subsequent history of the

* New Portland. Rev. Thomas Smith's Journal, page 102, says "Oct. 10, 1757, Gov. Barnard came here to see the fort."
 † Col. Samuel Widdie, Jr., the first Major in Rhode Island Continental Forces. He died April 16, 1770. History of B. R. C. page 147.
 ‡ Capt. Alexander Hays, a distinguished merchant in Portsmouth, Portsmouth, died Nov. 24, 1768. Smith's Journal, page 102.

nold, and the way he was hated and despised by our fathers as a traitor, there is something uncanny in the picture of his flitting about the borders of the nation whose birth he attempted to strangle in unprincipled ways, and in reading the record of these small business transactions, one cannot help contrasting the buyer and the seller. Arnold's story is well known. John Allan was born in Edinburg Castle, Scotland, emigrated with his father's family to Nova Scotia; in early manhood became active in public affairs, and at the breaking out of our Revolution, was a member of the Provincial assembly, clerk of courts for Cumberland county, and held other offices. His sympathies were with the American colonists in their struggle for independence, and in connection with Col. Jonathan Eddy and others arranged a movement among the settlers about the head of the Bay of Fundy to aid the patriot cause. He was absent on the American side of the line when these plans came to a disastrous termination, and was obliged to abandon his property and withdraw his family as soon as possible, though his wife was for some time imprisoned at Halifax. He was appointed Commander of the American forces in the eastern section with headquarters at Machias, and Superintendent of Indian affairs, and the exposed settlements of the eastern frontier were greatly indebted to his good management in maintaining friendly relations with the native tribes, for their freedom from molestation during the great struggle. The close of the war left him with small means, and though Congress afterwards made him a grant of land in Ohio, neither he or his family ever profited by it. Moving to Dudley island he engaged in trade, when Arnold became one of his customers.

Arnold had been rewarded for his treason by a commission as Brigadier General in the British army, and a large sum of gold to cover his alleged losses for deserting the standard of his country. At the close of the war he went to England, and afterwards recrossed the ocean and settled at St. John, New Brunswick, where for several years he was engaged in trade and navigation. In the year 1787, the people of St. John having suffered severely by several fires, undertook to raise by subscription a sum for procuring two fire engines from London, and sinking a number of wells in town. To this subscription the name of Benedict Arnold was affixed for ten pounds, and no one gave a larger sum. The first ship built in the Province was owned by him. She was named the Lord Sheffield, and came over the falls of the River St. John in June, 1786. There were stories of fraud connected with the way in which he became owner, and in fact people, about him, seemed to be quite ready to believe and repeat matters greatly to his discredit. In 1788 his store on Lower Cove was burned under suspicious circumstances. His two sons, Henry and Richard, lodged there at the time, and it was freely said that the fire was caused by design for the purpose of defrauding the underwriters. Monson Hoyt, a former partner of Arnold's, publicly accused him of burning his warehouse, and for this charge, a suit of slander was brought. The best legal talent of the Province was employed on both sides, and the jury rendered a verdict in Arnold's favor for two "shillings and sixpence," just "fifty cents." Two generations ago Capt. Alpheus Pine, a staunch loyalist from the State of New York, who was one of the original settlers of St. John, kept the old Quoddy

House at Eastport, and used to tell hard stories about Arnold whom he thoroughly disliked. On one occasion he sold Arnold a quantity of wood; but not being paid for and taken away according to agreement, he sold it a second time, but just as the second purchaser was beginning to haul it off, Arnold appeared and a quarrel ensued. In the affray Pine caught a stick from the pile and was about to break the traitor's head, but some of the by-standers interfered. "But for this," Pine used frequently to assert, "I would not have left a whole bone in his skin." Before the great fire of 1877, visitors at St. John used to have pointed out to them the house which he built on King street and a set of twelve chairs which he brought from England and sold to the first Judge Chipman on leaving, were well known as the "traitor's chairs" and were destroyed in the same fire.

While at St. John, Arnold loaded vessels with timber at Campobello, opposite Eastport, and made his headquarters at Snug Cove, and it must have been at this time that he had dealings with Col. Allan. Capt. John Shackford, who was one of the original settlers of Eastport, served as a soldier under Arnold in that terrible march through the Maine wilderness to the walls of Quebec, and in spite of the want of sympathy which such a staunch patriot would have for such a traitor always retained a kindly remembrance of him. Once when Arnold was loading a ship at Campobello, he sent to Moose Island* for men to help in the work, and Shackford was among those who went over for that purpose, and he used to relate that when at rest after his meals he frequently seated himself on the deck of the ship to watch the movements of his old commander for whose courage and military skill he still retained his former admiration. "Tears," he said, "sometimes came, and I could not help myself, he carried us through everything, and I could not help thinking of him as he was *then*." It is not remembered that he made himself known to Arnold, who soon after went from the neighborhood and removing from St. John to London, died there in 1801.

TOWN OF VINALHAVEN.

INCORPORATED JUNE 25, 1789.

An act to incorporate the Islands in Penobscot Bay, commonly called the North and South Fox Islands, in the County of Lincoln, into a Town by the name of Vinalhaven.

SECT. I. Be it enacted etc. * * * That the islands in Penobscot Bay, in the County of Lincoln, commonly called the North and South Fox Islands, bounded as follows: Westerly and northerly, on Penobscot Bay; easterly on Fox Island Bay, which separates these islands from the Isle of Holt, and Deer Island, divisions of islands; and southerly on the Atlantic Ocean, together with the inhabitants thereon, be, and they hereby are incorporated into a town by the name of Vinalhaven.

William Vinal Esq. was authorized to issue this warrant calling the first meeting.

*Now Eastport.

DOCTOR HOSEA RICH, OF BANGOR.

Was the son of Paul and Mary Rich,* of Charlton, Mass., born there Oct. 1, 1780. He studied medicine and practiced for a short time at Thompson, Conn., and Pawtucket, R. I. He came to Bangor, July, 1805, where he was the first physician who established himself here; except Dr. Phineas Nevers, continuing in practise for more than sixty years. He was Worthy Master of Rising Virtue Lodge of F. & A. Masons, of Bangor, 1811. He died Jan. 30, 1866.

He married Miss Fanny Goodale, † daughter of William and Sarah Barker, of Sudbury, Mass., Jan. 6, 1803. While she was young her parents removed to Worcester, Mass., where she grew up to womanhood. She died May 19, 1864. Children were:

- i. FRANCIS BARKER, born July 15, 1804, died Dec. 1, 1804.
- ii. GEORGE BARKER, born in Bangor, Sept. 22, 1805. He was a physician and resided in Bangor where he died, Nov. 14, 1851. He married Miss Mary Ann Jones, May 11, 1843.
- iii. CHARLOTTE BARKER, born May 24, 1808, married Hon. Amos M. Roberts, of Old Town, July 26, 1827. He was born in Rochester, N. H., Dec., 1801. He settled in Old Town about 1825, merchant of firm of Bartlett & Roberts. He was one of the Commissioners to purchase the four Indian Townships of the Indians, 1833. He removed to Bangor, 1831. He was an Executive Councilor, Alderman, 1842, 1843, 1848; President of the Eastern Bank for many years, and held other official positions. He was a large dealer in and manufacturer of lumber for fifty years. He died, March 16, 1879. Mrs. Roberts died, Sept. 9, 1882. Children were:—
 1. Charles Wentworth, born in Old Town, resides in Bangor, graduated at Bowdoin college, 1851. Col. of Second Regiment Maine Volunteers in the late war. "Brevetted Brigadier General for meritorious conduct." Collector of Customs under President Johnson. He has been frequently a member of the City Government of Bangor, was the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1870 and 1875. Appointed Collector of Customs of Bangor, Jan., 1887. He married Miss June Pierce, of Bangor, June 20, 1867. Has children.
 2. Fanny E.—— married Hon. John A. Peters, of Bangor, Sept. 23, 1857, at present Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court, of Maine. They have two daughters, Fannie R. and Annie C.
 3. Annie C.—— married Noah Gilbert Higgins, of Bangor, Dec. 21, 1864. He died April, 1887.
- iv. MARY DENNIS, born Jan. 2, 1811. She married first W——V. Crane, of Bangor, Merchant——1827. He died——She married second, Doctor Rufus K. Cushing, of Brewer Village, Oct. 26, 1836. She died Aug. 19, 1862. Dr. Cushing was born in Brunswick, graduated Bowdoin College, 1821. Practiced medicine in Brewer many years. Removed to Bangor where he now resides. Had one son and one daughter.
- v. CHARLES PRENTISS, born Feb. 24, 1814. He was drowned June, 1818.

* Mrs. Mary Rich died in Bangor, Apr. 18, 1836, aged 76.

† In Doctor Rich's Family Bible is the following:—"Samuel Goodale died Oct. 7, 1806."

- vi. JAMES, born April 15, 1816; died Aug. 11, 1836.
- vii. CHARLES PRENTISS, born Feb. 24, 1819. He was a Mariner, and died at the home of his father, May 3, 1863.
- viii. THOMAS HILL, born Sept. 5, 1822. He graduated at Bowdoin College, 1848 and at Bangor Theological Seminary; was teacher in East Maine Conference Seminary, at Bucksport; Assistant Professor of Hebrew, in Bangor Theological Seminary, and since 1872 Professor of Hebrew in Bates College, at Lewiston. He married Mrs. Caroline W. D. Strout, Nov. 27, 1876.

HAMLIN FAMILY.

DOCTOR CYRUS HAMLIN was the son of Eleazer and Lydia (Bonney) Hamlin, of Pembroke, Mass., born July 2, 1769. Capt. Eleazer Hamlin was a Revolutionary Patriot, who afterward removed to Harvard, Mass., and then to Westford, Mass., where he died. The son Cyrus, after an academic education, studied medicine. In 1795 he was invited by a committee of the Town of Livermore to settle there as a physician, which invitation he accepted, settling there the same year. He was a Representative to the General Court, 1803 and held many other official positions. He resided in Livermore until 1805, having a large practice and enjoying the confidence of the people. In 1805 the County of Oxford was incorporated and Doctor Hamlin was appointed Clerk of the new county. He sold out and removed to Paris, where he resided until his death. He was sheriff of the county. He was a sturdy Baptist of the old school, and was much interested in the prosperity of that denomination. He continued in the practice of his profession until his death, Feb. 2, 1829.

He married Miss Annie, daughter of Deacon Elijah and Hannah (Clark) Livermore, of Livermore, Dec., 4, 1797. She was born, April 6, 1775 in Waltham, Mass., and died in Paris, August 25, 1852. Children were:—

- i. ELIJAH LIVERMORE, born in Livermore, Dec. 30, 1798, died, April 6, 1799.
- ii. ELIJAH LIVERMORE, born in do March 29, 1800. Graduated. Brown University 1819; studied law, and settled first at Waterford, Me., for a short time and next at Columbia, Me., where he was a Representative, 1830-31-32, and a Senator in 1833. He moved to Bangor in 1835. Representative, 1847-48; Senator, 1853-59; Executive Counselor; Land Agent, 1838-41; Mayor, 1851-52; Commissioner under the Treaty of 1854, to define the fishery limits between the United States

- and England. He was the Whig candidate for Governor in 1848-49. He was much interested in historical matters. He died July 16, 1872. He married Miss Eliza Bradley, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Dyer) Choate, of Ipswich, Mass., 1825. She was born, Aug. 20, 1798, and died Aug. 28, 1886. Children all born in Columbia were:—
1. Adaline—married Hon. George Stetson, of Bangor, Nov. 13, 1845, children, George H.; Edward, Isaiah K. and Mary.
 2. Augustus Choate, born Aug., 1829; graduated at Bowdoin College, 1851; Harvard Medical School, 1855; settled in Bangor, Physician. During the War was Medical Director in the Eleventh Corps, and Medical Inspector to the Regular Army. Has been Mayor of Bangor, and occupied other important positions. He married Miss Helen A., daughter of Judge Jonas and Lucretia, (Bennoch) Cutting, of Bangor, Dec. 3, 1857; children: Helen and Fred C.
 3. Julia, born Feb. 28, 1833; married Samuel R. Carter, of Paris, Feb. 26, 1857. He was born in Paris, June 22, 1829; graduated at Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., 1852, and settled in Paris as Attorney at Law; one son, Jarvis Livermore, b. Feb. 11, 1858.
 - iii. CYRUS, born July 16, 1802; graduated, Maine Medical School, 1828; settled in Calais as a physician; President of St. Croix Bank. Removed to Galveston, Texas, and died there, May, 1839; unmarried.
 - iv. ELIZA, born April 4, 1804; died in Paris, unmarried.
 - v. ANNA, born July 14, 1805; married Hon. Daniel Brown, of Waterford, Me., Jan. 29, 1851. He was born in Harvard, Mass., 1784. He was a Merchant, Representative, and held many other offices. He died, June 30, 1864, aged 80. Mrs. Brown now resides in Paris.
 - vi. VESTA, born in Paris, June 6, 1808; married Doctor Job Holmes, of Paris, Jan. 1, 1833. He was born in Oxford, Me., Oct. 17, 1799; graduated, Maine Medical School, 1825-26; he commenced practice as a physician in Paris in 1826; removed to Calais, 1834, where he had a large and successful practice. He died in 1864. Children all born in Calais were:—
 1. Agnes Holmes, born April 12, 1837; married Edward Moore, of Calais, Aug. 10, 1865.
 2. Anna Livermore Holmes, born Nov. 3, 1848; resides in Calais.
 3. Ellen Vesta Holmes, born March 14, 1840; married Capt. Joseph S. Cony. He was lost at sea by the burning of the Steamer City of Bath, of which he was Commander, off Cape Hatteras, Feb. 10, 1867.
 4. Cyrus Hamlin Holmes, born Dec. 1, 1841; died Oct. 3, 1842.
 5. Frank Pierpont Holmes, born Aug. 14, 1843; Sergeant in Co. A, 6th Maine Volunteers, and was killed at the Battle of Fredericksburg, May 3, 1863, in the celebrated charge at Marye's.
 6. Walter Hamlin Holmes, born June 23, 1854, (or 1853); graduated, Bowdoin College, 1875; and at Harvard Medical School, 1878; settled as a physician at Waterbury, Conn.; married Miss Medora C. Platt, of Waterbury, April 6, 1881.
 - vii. HANNIBAL, born in Paris, Aug. 27, 1809. He attended Hebron Academy, and was fitted for college; but the death of his father imposed other duties upon him. In 1829 he and Horatio King bought *The Jeffersonian*, a Paris newspaper, in the office of which he worked for several months and then sold out. He then entered the office of Judge Joseph G. Cole, of Paris, and Deblois & Fessenden, of Portland, as a student at Law, and was admitted to the Bar at Paris, January, 1833. On the same day that he was admitted he tried a case and won it, the counsel on the other side being the Honorable Stephen Emery, whose daughters Mr. Hamlin afterward married. He at first thought of settling in Bridgton, where he went to look the ground over; but changed his mind and went to Lincoln, Me.; his father was one of the original proprietors, and the town was settled largely by families from Paris, Buckfield and Woodstock.

- and England. He was the W. H. candidate for Governor in 1815-16. He was much interested in historical matters. He died July 10, 1877. He married Miss Ellen Hamilton, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Dyer) Chase of Lowell, Mass., 1825. She was born Aug. 20, 1798, and died Aug. 25, 1868. Children all born in Cambridge:—
1. Adeline—married Hon. George Weston of Bangor, Nov. 12, 1818. Children: George H.; Edward; John H. and Mary.
 2. Augusta Chase, born Aug., 1820; graduated at Bowdoin College, 1841; married Alfred School, 1847; resided in Bangor, Maine. During the War was Medical Librarian in the Eastern Corps, and Medical Inspector to the Regular Army. Has been Major of Bangor and occupied other important positions. He married Miss Helen A., daughter of Judge Jones and Lucinda, daughter of Capt. of Bangor, Jan. 2, 1857; children: Helen and George.
 3. Julia, born Feb. 10, 1823; married Samuel H. Chase of Bangor, Me., 30, 1857. He was born in York, June 22, 1829; graduated in Bowdoin College, September, N. Y., 1852, and settled in Bangor, Attorney at Law; was one of the Law Officers of Bangor, 1852. Children: born July 10, 1857; married Maria School, 1875. Called to Maine as a practicing physician of St. Croix Falls, 1875; moved to Bangor, 1875; married Mary, 1875; unmarried.
 4. Felix, born April 1, 1831; died in Bangor, 1875.
 5. Anna, born July 11, 1831; married a son of John School, 1857; died in Bangor, Jan. 20, 1871. He was born in Bangor, Mass., 1821. He was a Merchant, Importer and Dealer in various other articles. He died June 30, 1867, aged 45. Children: born in Bangor.
 6. Victor, born in Bangor, 1835; married a daughter of John School, 1857; died Jan. 1, 1871. He was born in Bangor, Mass., 1827. He was a Graduate of Bowdoin College, 1850. He was a Merchant and as a physician in Bangor, 1850; married in Bangor, 1851, when he had a large and successful practice. He died in 1865. Children all born in Bangor:—
 1. Agnes Louise, born April 12, 1857; married Edward Moore of Bangor, Aug. 10, 1865.
 2. Anna Lawrence Holmes, born Nov. 1, 1858; resided in Bangor.
 3. Ellen Yarn Holmes, born March 11, 1861; married Capt. Joseph S. Goss. He was but a few days before the death of the young man, but of which he was a companion of (Capt. Holmes Feb. 10, 1867).
 4. Cyrus Hamilton Holmes, born Dec. 1, 1861; died Oct. 2, 1865.
 5. Frank Leonard Holmes, born Aug. 10, 1863; resided in Bangor. His father and mother were killed in the Battle of Fredericksburg, May 3, 1863, in the regiment charged by "Perry".
 6. Walter Hamilton Holmes, born June 20, 1865; resided in Bangor. He was killed in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 1, 1863, as a physician at Westport, Maine; married Miss Josephine Pratt of Westport, April 1, 1864.
 7. HARRISON, born in Bangor, Aug. 27, 1867. He attended Bowdoin Academy, and was killed by accident on the death of the father, he passed other names upon him. In 1880 he and Harriet King began The Librarian, a Latin newspaper in the office of which he worked for several months and then sold out. He then removed to office of Judge Joseph H. Cole of Bangor, and David W. Fowles, of Portland, as a student at Law, and was admitted to the Bar, Bangor, January, 1890. On the same day that he was admitted he read a case and won the contest on the other side being the famous case of *St. John v. St. John*, where Harriet, Mr. Hamilton's sister-in-law, had, at her thought of settling in Bangor, where he was to look the ground over, but changed his mind and went to Portland. He; the father was one of the original proprietors and the case was settled largely by families from Bangor, Portland and Brunswick.

Here he found Samuel F. Hersey and William R. Hersey, who gave him a cordial welcome. After staying there a few weeks he concluded to settle in that place and went to Paris, for his Library. On his way to or from Paris he met John Appleton, afterward Chief Justice of the S. J. Court, who informed him that Charles Stetson was about to move from Hampden to Bangor, and advised him to go to Hampden, and settle there, which Mr. Hamlin concluded to do, commencing practice, April 1, 1833. He continued to live in Hampden until the spring of 1862, when he removed to Bangor. He was a Representative to the Legislature, 1836-37-38-39-40-47; Speaker of the House, 1837-39-40; Aid-de-camp to Governor John Fairfield, 1839; Representative to the 28th and 29th Congresses, 1843-47; U. S. Senator, 1848-56; Governor, 1857; U. S. Senator, 1857-1861; Vice-President of the United States, 1861-65; Collector of Boston, 1865-66; U. S. Senator, 1869 to 1881; Minister to Spain, 1881, resigned 1883, and returned to Bangor, where he now resides. The Degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him at Colby University, 1869. He married first, Miss Sarah Jane, daughter of Hon. Stephen and Sally (Stowell) Emery, Dec. 10, 1833. She was born in Hallowell, Nov. 2, 1815; died, Hampden, April 17, 1855. He married second, Miss Ellen Vesta Emery, half sister of first wife, Sept. 25, 1856. She was born in Paris, Sept. 14, 1835. Children all born in Hampden, but the youngest.

1. George Emery, born Sept. 30, 1835; died July 14, 1844.
2. Charles, born Sept. 13, 1837; graduated, Bowdoin College, 1857; settled as a Lawyer in Orland; removed to Bangor, 1865; served with distinction in the late war, promoted through various grades to Brevet Brigadier General; Register in Bankruptcy for many years; Representative to Legislature, 1883-1885; Speaker of the House, 1885; City Solicitor. Married Miss Sarah Purinton Thompson, of Topsham, Nov. 28, 1860, has sons, Charles E., born 1861; graduated Harvard College, 1884; Addison, born 1863; graduated Harvard College, 1884; Cyrus, born 1869; Edwin Thompson, b. 1872.
3. Cyrus, born April 26, 1839; served in late war, Brigadier and Erevet Major General; settled in New Orleans; died there, Aug. 28, 1867. He married Miss Sarah Sanborn, of Prospect, Oct. 9, 1862; she died at Port Hudson, July 12, 1863; no children.
4. Sarah Jane, born Jan. 7, 1842; married Col. Geo. A. Bachelder; both deceased. One son, whose name was changed by law to Arthur, Hamlin.
5. Geo. Emery, born Feb. 24, 1848; died Sept. 6, 1849.
6. Hannibal Emery, born Aug. 22, 1858; graduated, Colby University 1879; a successful Lawyer in Ellsworth, of the firm of Hale & Hamlin.
7. Frank, born Bangor, Sept. 26, 1862; graduated Harvard College, 1884.
- viii. HANNAH LIVERMORE, b. Oct. 10, 1814; married Dr. Thomas B. Townsend, April 14, 1842. He was born, Aug. 2, 1810; settled in Macbias, where he died, May 1, 1842. His widow died, May 4, '52.

PATRIOTISM.

The Rev. Samuel Dean in his history of Scituate, Mass., thus refers to the Patriots of 1676 during King Phillip's war, and the Patriots of 1776 during the Revolutionary war.

"We love to speak of the patriots of the Revolution, but we ought to know that we owe less if possible to the patriots of 1776 than to those of 1676; the one war a contest for liberty, the other a struggle for existence."

Here he found Samuel F. May and William B. Hoag, who gave him a cordial welcome. After staying there a few weeks he concluded to settle in that place and went to Paris, for his library. On his way to or from Paris he met John Appleton, afterwards a Justice of the S. C. Court, who informed him that Charles Sumner was about to move from Hampshire to Bangor, and advised him to go to Bangor, and while there attend the Franklin Institute, to be a communicating practice. April 1, 1839. He continued to live in Bangor until the spring of 1840, when he removed to Bangor. He was a Representative in the Legislature, 1839-40, and 1840-41, and was of the House, 1847-48, and 1848-49, and to Governor John Fairfield, 1839; Representative to the 25th and 26th Congresses, 1837-47; 1849; Senator, 1848-54; Governor, 1857; U. S. Senator, 1861-1867; President of the United States, 1869-73; Governor of Maine, 1873-77; U. S. Senator, 1878 to 1881; Minister to Spain, 1881-1884; and returned to Bangor, where he now resides. His library of 1,111, was consigned upon him as a gift of the State, 1884. His first wife Sarah Jane, daughter of John May and Sally, was born in Bangor, 1801. She died in Bangor, 1847. His second wife, Mary, daughter of John May and Sally, was born in Bangor, 1801. She died in Bangor, 1847. His third wife, Mary, daughter of John May and Sally, was born in Bangor, 1801. She died in Bangor, 1847.

1. George Kirby, born Sept. 30, 1845; died Jan. 11, 1891.
2. Charles May, born Sept. 18, 1845; graduated in Bangor College, 1867; settled as a lawyer in Bangor; removed to Bangor, 1870; removed with distinction in Bangor; was prominent through his connection with Bangor College; died in Bangor, 1891.
3. Charles May, born Sept. 18, 1845; graduated in Bangor College, 1867; settled as a lawyer in Bangor; removed to Bangor, 1870; removed with distinction in Bangor; was prominent through his connection with Bangor College; died in Bangor, 1891.
4. Charles May, born Sept. 18, 1845; graduated in Bangor College, 1867; settled as a lawyer in Bangor; removed to Bangor, 1870; removed with distinction in Bangor; was prominent through his connection with Bangor College; died in Bangor, 1891.
5. Charles May, born Sept. 18, 1845; graduated in Bangor College, 1867; settled as a lawyer in Bangor; removed to Bangor, 1870; removed with distinction in Bangor; was prominent through his connection with Bangor College; died in Bangor, 1891.
6. Charles May, born Sept. 18, 1845; graduated in Bangor College, 1867; settled as a lawyer in Bangor; removed to Bangor, 1870; removed with distinction in Bangor; was prominent through his connection with Bangor College; died in Bangor, 1891.
7. Charles May, born Sept. 18, 1845; graduated in Bangor College, 1867; settled as a lawyer in Bangor; removed to Bangor, 1870; removed with distinction in Bangor; was prominent through his connection with Bangor College; died in Bangor, 1891.

PATRIOTISM

The Rev. Samuel Dean in his history of Scotland, 1848, refers to the Patriots of 1875 during King Philip's war, and the Patriots of 1776 during the Revolutionary war. "We have to speak of the Patriots of the Revolutionary war, but we ought to know that we owe less to the Patriots of 1776 than to the Patriots of 1875; the one was a contest for liberty, the other a struggle for peace."

MARRIAGES IN BELFAST, FROM 1774 TO 1814, INCLUSIVE.

COMMUNICATED BY JOSEPH WILLIAMSON ESQ.

Belfast was settled in 1770, and incorporated three years later. The following list comprises all the marriages which appear in the first volume of town records. Such others as took place before 1797, were probably solemnized by itinerant ministers, or by magistrates who made no returns.

Mr. John Bennett and Mrs. Issabel Durham, both of Belfast were joined in marriage Sept. 27, 1774, by me, Daniel Little.

Hancock, ss., August the 11th, 1796, then Aron Coiby Hadly and Mary Patterson was married by me, Benjamin Shut, Justice of the Peace.

These may certify that Mr. Benjamin Nesmith and Miss Marthew Houston, both of this town were married on the 29th of December, 1796, by me, Ebenezer Price, minister.

April 18th, 1797. Mr. William Lunt, of Camden, married to Miss Elizabeth Reed, of this town.

May 8th, 1797. Mr. Benjamin Bachelder, Jr., married to Miss Olieve Latten, both of this town.

June 15th, 1797. Mr. William Patterson 3d., married to Miss Jane Cochran, both of this town.

July 6th, 1797. Mr. Thomas Kenaid married to Miss Elizabeth Todd, both of this town.

Dec. 6th, 1797. Mr. Enos West married to Miss Ann Patterson, both of this town.

Dec. 19th, 1797. Mr. Henry Lord, of Prospect, married to Miss Abigail Spenser, of this town.

The above couples were married by Ebenezer Price, minister.

A. D. 1798, January 9th. Mr. Isaac McKeen married to Miss Martha Drew Buffet, both of this town, by Mr. Ebenz'r Price, minister.

1799, Jan. 10th. Mr. William Tufts married to Miss Mealle West, both of this town, by Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.

1799, Feb. 19th. Mr. Ammiel Robens in the vicinity of Prospect to Hannah Weekson, of Belfast, by Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.

Dec. 31st, 1799. Mr. Isaac Thompson, of Belfast, to Miss Priscilla Rogers Smith, of Newmarket in the State of Newhampshire was married by the Rev. Samuel Shipard, of Brentwood.

Dec. 30th, 1798. Mr. Robert Patterson the 4th, to Miss Margaret Mitchell, both of this town, by Rev. Ebenr. Price.

1799, April 18. Mr. Robert Cochran to Miss Elizabeth Patterson, both of this town, by the Rev. Ebenr. Price.

1799, June 13th. Mr. Nathaniel Muncy to Miss Margaret Cochran, both of this town by the Rev. Ebenr. Price.

1799, Sept. 15th. Mr. Edward Fox to Miss Jane Lord, both of this town, by the Rev. Ebenr. Price.

MARRIAGES IN BELFAST, FROM 1774 TO 1801, INCLUSIVE.

Communicated by Joseph Williamson Esq.

Belfast was settled in 1770, and incorporated three years later. The following list comprehends all the marriages which appear in the first volume of town records. Such others as took place before 1795, were probably solemnized by itinerant ministers, or by magistrates who made no returns.

Mr. John Bennett and Miss Isabella Johnson, both of Belfast, were joined in marriage Sept. 27, 1774, by Mr. David Little.

James, as. Against the 11th, 1780, John Allen, Gilly Hardy and Mary Patterson were married by Mr. Benjamin Smith, Justice of the Peace.

These may certify that Mr. Benjamin Smith and Miss Patterson, both of this town, were married on the 24th of December, 1780, by Mr. Benjamin Smith, minister.

April 18th, 1787, Mr. William Jones, of London, married to Miss Elizabeth Reed, of this town.

May 28th, 1787, Mr. Benjamin Smith, of London, married to Miss John Lister, both of this town.

June 18th, 1787, Mr. William Patterson, of London, married to Miss John Cochran, both of this town.

July 6th, 1787, Mr. Thomas Keogh, married to Miss Elizabeth Todd, both of this town.

Dec. 6th, 1787, Mr. James West married to Miss John Patterson, both of this town.

Dec. 15th, 1787, Mr. Henry Lord, of London, married to Miss Adam Spencer, of this town.

The above couples were married by Benjamin Smith, minister.

A. D. 1788, January 28th, Mr. James Jones, married to Miss Martha Dwyer Hunter, both of this town, by Mr. John Little, minister.

1789, Jan. 10th, Mr. William Todd married to Miss Sheila West, both of this town, by Robert Henderson, Justice of the Peace.

1790, Feb. 10th, Mr. Annand Johnson, of London, married to Miss Hannah Johnson, of Belfast, by Robert Henderson, Justice of the Peace.

Dec. 25th, 1790, Mr. Isaac Thompson, of Belfast, to Miss Francis Rogers Smith, of Newmarket, in the name of Benjamin Smith, was married by the Rev. Samuel Stewart, of Downpatrick.

Dec. 26th, 1790, Mr. Robert Patterson, the son of Miss Margaret Mitchell, both of this town, by Rev. James Ford.

1790, April 18th, Mr. Robert Cochran, to Miss Elizabeth Patterson, both of this town, by the Rev. James Ford.

1790, June 18th, Mr. Nathaniel Mann, to Miss Margaret Cochran, both of this town, by the Rev. James Ford.

1790, Sept. 18th, Mr. Edward Fox to Miss Jane Lord, both of this town, by the Rev. James Ford.

Dec. 23d, 1799. Mr. James Gray to Miss Martha Cochran, by the Rev. Ebenr. Price.

May 2d, 1799. Mr. James Barry to Miss Nancy Nickels, both of the town of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Esq.

Sept. 26, 1799. Mr. Joseph Hinkson to Miss Polly Astin, both of this town, by Robert Houston, Esq.

1800, Nov. 27. Mr. Elijah Morrill of Portland, to Miss Pricilla Stephenson of this town, married by Robert Houston, Esq.

Dec. 7. Mr. Martin Patterson to Miss Alice Wilson, both of this town, by Robert Houston Esq.

Dec. 11. Mr. William Morrill of Portland to Miss Susanna Stephenson of this town, by Robert Houston, Esq.

Dec. 30. Mr. Joseph Harris of Prospect to Miss Jerusha Nickerson, of Goospond settlement, by Robert Houston, Esq.

April 12th. Mr. Samuel Curtis in the vicinity of Prospect to Miss Elizabeth Stimson of this town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

June 15. Mr. Benjamin Bachelder to Mrs. Thankful Weeks, both of Goospond settlement, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

1801, April 12. Mr. John Haskell to Miss Sally Merriam, both of this town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

May 3. Mr. Ruben Kimball to Miss Deborah Spring, both of this town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

May 31. Mr. Samuel Phillips of a plantation near Belfast, to Miss Hannah Bolton of Frankfort, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

Jan. 15. Mr. Benjamin Colcord to Miss Abigail Parks, both of the town of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Esq.

1801, March 16. Mr. Charles Kelso of Great Meadows, so called, to Miss Sally Staples of the town of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Esq.

July 15. Mr. Ebenezer Whitney to Miss Elizabeth Wetham, both of the town of Castine, by Robert Houston, Esq.

1802, March 18. Mr. Elias Wilkins of Sandy Stream Settlement, to Miss Jenny Alexander of Great Meadows, so called, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

A return of marriages from James Nesmith, Justice of the Peace.

1799, Jan. 10. Capt. John Lymeburner to Miss Jenny Miller, both of Belfast.

Mr. Samuel Prescott to Miss Nancy Buckmer, both of Northport.

22nd. Mr. Joshua Marshall to Miss Rachel Chapels, both of Isle Borough.

March 7. Mr. Samuel Phillips of Quantabaycook, to Miss Mary Crooks of Northport.

Nov. 20. Mr. Ruben Knowlton, Northport, to widow Sally French, Belfast.

Nov. 28. Mr. Benjamin Stevens to Miss Abigail Sayward, both of Northport.

Nov. 28. Mr. Joseph Curtis to Miss Jenny Knowlton, both of Belfast.

Dec. 24. Mr. Robert White to Miss Susanna Patterson, both of Belfast.

- Dec. 28d, 1799. Mr. James Gray to Miss Martha Cochrane, by the
Rev. Ebenezer Price.
May 2d, 1799. Mr. James Barry to Miss Nancy Nichols, both of the
town of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Esq.
Sept. 26, 1799. Mr. Joseph Hinson to Miss Polly Astin, both of
this town, by Robert Houston, Esq.
1800, Nov. 27. Mr. Elijah Merrill of Portland, to Miss Evelyn
Stephenson of this town, married by Robert Houston, Esq.
Dec. 7. Mr. James Patterson to Miss Alice Wilson, both of this
town, by Robert Houston Esq.
Dec. 11. Mr. William Merrill of Portland to Miss Susanna Stephenson
son of this town, by Robert Houston, Esq.
Dec. 30. Mr. Joseph Hines of Prospect to Miss Hannah Stephenson
of Goodson settlement, by Robert Houston, Esq.
April 13th. Mr. Samuel Curtis in the vicinity of Prospect to Miss
Elizabeth Salmon of this town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.
June 16. Mr. Benjamin Bowne to Miss Thomas Weston, both of
Goodson settlement, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.
1801, April 12. Mr. John Hines to Miss Sally Stephenson, both of
this town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.
May 3. Mr. Robert Hinson to Miss Deborah Spring, both of this
town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.
May 31. Mr. Samuel Phillips of a plantation near Belfast, to Miss
Hannah Bolton of Prospect, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.
Jan. 18. Mr. Benjamin Farnum to Miss Agnes Parker, both of the
town of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Esq.
1801, March 16. Mr. Charles Hines of Great Meadow, married
to Miss Sally Stephen of the town of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Esq.
July 15. Mr. Ebenezer Hines to Miss Elizabeth Webster, both of
the town of Easton, by Robert Houston, Esq.
1802, March 18. Mr. Ebenezer Wilson of nearly ninety years of age, married
Miss Jenny Alexander of Great Meadow, an orphan, by Rev. Ebenezer
Price.
A return of marriages from James Nesbitt, Minister of the Parish.
1799, Jan. 10. Capt. John Lyndhurst to Miss Anna Aldrich, both
of Belfast.
Mr. Samuel Farnum to Miss Nancy Haddock, both of Northampton.
23rd. Mr. Joshua Stansell to Miss Rachel Campbell, both of
Northampton.
March 7. Mr. Samuel Phillips of Goodson settlement, to Miss Mary
Crooks of Northampton.
Nov. 20. Mr. Robert Hinson, Northampton, to Miss Sally Farnum,
Belfast.
Nov. 28. Mr. Benjamin Stevens to Miss Abigail Seymour, both of
Northampton.
Nov. 28. Mr. Joseph Curtis to Miss Jenny Haddock, both of
Belfast.
Dec. 24. Mr. Robert White to Miss Susanna Patterson, both of
Belfast.

1800, Feb. 20th. Mr. William Kidder to Miss Exce Dierow, both of Ducktrap.

March 9th. Mr. William Patterson, 3d, to Miss Jenny Clary, both of Belfast.

July 3d. Mr. Solomon Hamilton to Miss Elizabeth Knowlton, both of Belfast.

Sept. 1st. Mr. William Cunningham, of Quantabaycook to Miss Susanna Carter, of Northport.

Oct. 30th. Mr. Isaac Senter to Miss Hannah Patterson, both of Belfast.

Dec. 31st. Mr. Nathaniel Hartford to Miss Abigail Fowler, both of Belfast.

1801, July 12th. Mr. Stephen Hadley to Miss Lydia Clark, both of Belfast.

19th. Mr. Starret Patterson to Miss Elizabeth Reed, both of Belfast.

19th. Mr. George Buckmer to Miss Martha Brown, both of Northport.

1802, March 25th. Mr. Walter McFarland to Miss Phebee Newton, both of Northport, by James Nesmith, Esq.

April 4th. Mr. Ebenezer Cunningham to Miss Abigail Ames, both of this town.

June 16th. Mr. Paul Giles to Miss Elizabeth Webster, both of this town.

Sept. 30th. Mr. Daniel Hibbard to Miss Keziah Basse, both of this town.

Nov. 25th. Mr. Baptist Gilmore, of this town to Miss Sally Moore, of the Plantation of Davistown.

Dec. 30th. Mr. Samuel Brown to Miss Jane Cochran, both of this town.

1803, Feb. 20th. Mr. John Thurston to Miss Betsey French, both of this town, by Rev. Ebenezer Price.

July 14th. Mr. Henry True to Miss Sally Hadley, both of this town, by Rev. Ebenr. Price.

Eliphelet French to Miss Abigel Felels, both of this town.

Sept. 26th, 1802. Shedrick Hall to Miss Sally Robberts, of the Plantation of Washington.

April 14th, 1803. Robert Patterson 3d, this town to Joanna Smith, of Prospect.

Sept. 4th, 1803. Thomas Perce to Miss Oliva Rich, both of this town.

Dec. 31, 1803. John Gilmore to Miss Sally Patterson, both of this town.

March 29th, 1804. Samuel Ford, of Lincolnville to Miss Polly Parks, of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.

1804, June 14. Ely Luce to Miss Lovey Daggett, both of Vinalhaven.

1805, Jan. 13. Alden Chandler to Miss Prisilla Cushman.

March 12th. Elisha Brown to Miss Louis Cushman, both of Davistown, by William Crosby, Justice Peace.

1800, Feb. 20th. Mr. William Kibler to Miss Kate Darrow, both of
Ducktrap.
March 25th. Mr. William Patterson, 3d, to Miss Jenny Gray, both
of Belfast.
July 2d. Mr. Solomon Hamilton to Miss Elizabeth Knowlton, both
of Belfast.
Sept. 1st. Mr. William Cunningham, of Quantabyscoot to Miss
Susanna Carter, of Northport.
Oct. 30th. Mr. Isaac Senter to Miss Hannah Patterson, both of
Belfast.
Dec. 21st. Mr. Nathaniel Hartford to Miss Abigail Fowler, both of
Belfast.
1801, July 12th. Mr. Stephen Thayer to Miss Lydia Clark, both of
Belfast.
1801. Mr. Senter Patterson to Miss Elizabeth Reed, both of Belfast.
1801. Mr. George Ducktrap to Miss Sarah Brown, both of North-
port.
1802, March 23th. Mr. Walter McKendall to Miss Frances Newton,
both of Northport, by James Keanthill, Esq.
April 1st. Mr. Ebenezer Cunningham to Miss Abigail Ames, both of
this town.
June 18th. Mr. Paul Giles to Miss Rebecca Webster, both of this
town.
Sept. 30th. Mr. Daniel Hibbard to Miss Keziah Hays, both of this
town.
Nov. 23th. Mr. Baptist Gilmore, of this town to Miss Sally Moore,
of the Plantation of Davenport.
Dec. 26th. Mr. Samuel Hays to Miss Jane Cushman, both of this
town.
1803, Feb. 20th. Mr. John Thurston to Miss Mary French, both of
this town, by Rev. Ebenezer French.
July 14th. Mr. Henry Tins to Miss Sally Thayer, both of this
town, by Rev. Ebenezer French.
Sept. 25th. 1803. Shadrack Hall to Miss Sally Roberts, of the
Plantation of Washington.
April 14th, 1803. Robert Patterson of this town to Joanna Smith,
of Prospect.
Sept. 12th, 1803. Thomas Perry to Miss Olive Rich, both of this
town.
Dec. 21, 1803. John Edlin to Miss Sally Patterson, both of this
town.
March 20th, 1804. Samuel Ford, of Lismantilly to Miss Polly
Parks, of Prospect, by Robert Hamilton, Justice of the Peace.
1804, June 14. Ely Isaac to Miss Lucy Duckett, both of Vinal
haven.
1805, Jan. 12. Alden Chandler to Miss Phyllis Cushman.
March 12th. Eliza Howe to Miss Louisa Cushman, both of Davis-
town, by William Crosby, Justice Peace.

1805, Jan. 20th. Mr. Benjamin Monroe to Miss Polly Lowley, both of this town, by Bohan P. Field, Justice Peace.

1805. Mr. Luther Gray to Miss Jane White, both of Green Plantation.

January. Mr. Robert Cross to Miss Oliva Neal, of Green plantation, by John Drew, Baptist preacher.

June 2. Mr. John Taggart to Miss Hannah Patterson.

July 16. Mr. John G. Brown to Miss Betsey Miller of this town.

July 18. Mr. John Ames to Miss Anna Cochran of this town.

Sept. 15. Mr. Lemuel Cooper to Miss Peggy McDonnell of this town.

Oct. 10. Mr. Daniel Field of Prospect to Miss Abigail True of this town.

Dec. 26. Mr. Benjamin Ellinwood to Miss Nancy Ayer of this town.

Dec. 31. Mr. Samuel Jackson to Miss Polly Cunningham of this town.

The above persons was joined in marriage during the year 1805, by Jona. Wilson, Justice of the Peace and Clerk of the town of Belfast.

May 1, 1804. William Collens with Sarah Dickey, both of Prospect.

May 2, 1804. David Taggart with Anna Patterson, both of Belfast.

May 28, 1804. John Hartshorn with Sarah Sturtevant, both of Belfast.

Sept. 23, 1804. Andrew Patterson with Polly Stephenson, both of Belfast.

Oct. 11, 1804. John Patterson with Hannah Lankester, both of Belfast.

Nov. 4, 1804. John Holmes with Judith Merrill, both of Belfast.

Feb. 20, 1805. Capt. Samuel Park with Peggy Nickels, both of Prospect.

Feb. 21, 1805. John Dickro of Lincolnville, with Katy K. Park of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Justice of the peace.

Apr. 7, 1805. James Mansur with Polly Peirce, both of Belfast.

June 2, 1805. Adam Templeton with Barbry Templeton, both of Belfast.

July 14, 1805. Robert Thompson with Eliza Stowers, both of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.

Aug. 31, 1806. Henry A. Lord of Goose pond Settlement, with Anna Hatch of the Plantation Washington.

Dec. 25, 1806. Philemon Pattee with Relief Curtis, both of Lee Plantation, by Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.

June 25, 1807. Chansey Holmes with Hannah Crockett, both of Prospect.

Nov. 26. Joshua Nickerson with Thankful Eldrege, both of Goose pond Settlement.

March 17, 1808. Hugh Ross with Betsey Clifford, both of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Justice of Peace.

1806. Jan. 1. Mr. John Cates of the Plantation of Jackson to Miss Elizabeth Roberts of the Plantation of Washington.

7th, Mr. William Presby to Miss Elizabeth Patterson, both of this town.

1802, Jan. 30th. Mr. Benjamin Moore to Miss Polly Lowry, both of this town by Robert F. Field, Justice of Peace.

1803. Mr. Robert Gray to Miss Jane White, both of Green Island.

January. Mr. Robert Cross to Miss Olive Neal, of Green Island, by John Dine, Baptist preacher.

June 2. Mr. John Tappin to Miss Hannah Patterson.

July 18. Mr. John G. Brown to Miss Henry Miller of this town.

July 18. Mr. John Anne to Miss Anna Cushman of this town.

Sept. 18. Mr. James Cooper to Miss Peggy McDonald of this town.

Oct. 10. Mr. Daniel Field of Prospect to Miss Abigail Tice of this town.

Dec. 20. Mr. Benjamin Patterson to Miss Nancy Aker of this town.

Dec. 31. Mr. Samuel Jackson to Miss Polly Cunningham of this town.

The above persons was joined in marriage during the year 1804 by John Wilson, Justice of the Peace and Clerk of the town of Belfast.

May 1, 1804. William Collins with Susan Hickey, both of Prospect.

May 2, 1804. David Bennett with Susan Patterson, both of Belfast.

May 28, 1804. John Harrison with Susan Hickey, both of Belfast.

Sept. 22, 1804. Andrew Patterson with Polly Stephenson, both of Belfast.

Oct. 11, 1804. John Patterson with Hannah Lancaster, both of Belfast.

Nov. 4, 1804. John Holmes with Jane Merrill, both of Belfast.

Feb. 20, 1805. Capt. Samuel Tice with Peggy Nichols, both of Prospect.

Feb. 21, 1805. John Dickie of London with Kate H. Fox of Prospect, by Robert Hamilton, Justice of the Peace.

Apr. 7, 1805. James Alcock with Polly Tice, both of Belfast.

June 2, 1805. Adam Thompson with Mary Thompson, both of Belfast.

July 14, 1805. Robert Thompson with Elizabeth Stanger, both of Prospect, by Robert Hamilton, Justice of the Peace.

Aug. 31, 1805. Henry A. Lord to Miss Jane Patterson with Anna Hatch of the Plantation Warrington.

Dec. 25, 1805. William Carter with Robert Carr, both of the Plantation by Robert Hamilton, Justice of the Peace.

June 25, 1807. Chas. Holmes with Hannah Crockett, both of Prospect.

Nov. 26. Joshua Nicholson with Thelma Elbridge, both of the pond settlement.

March 17, 1808. Hugh Ross with Henry Clifford, both of Prospect, by Robert Hamilton, Justice of Peace.

1808. Jan. 1. Mr. John Cairns of the Plantation of Jackson to Miss Elizabeth Roberts of the Plantation of Washington.

7th. Mr. William Presby to Miss Elizabeth Patterson, both of this town.

Sept. 20, Mr. William Nickerson to Miss Polly Rogers, both of Goose pond Settlement, by Jona. Wilson, Justice of the Peace.

1807, Jan. 11. Mr. Benjamin Sekins to Miss Abigail Tyler, both in the vicinity of Belfast.

Sept 20. Mr. Thomas Cunningham 2d, of this town to Miss Abigal Elwell of Northport.

Nov. 2. Mr. Appolos Alden to Miss Priscilla Grinnel, both of this town, by Jona. Wilson, Justice of the Peace.

1809. Mr. Nathaniel Tyler to Miss Barsheba Trask, both in the vicinity of Belfast, by Jona. Wilson, Justice of the Peace.

30th April, 1811. George Watson Esq., a Justice of the Peace returned the following persons by him joined in marriage on the 4th of November, 1810. (to wit)

Moses Brier with Susanna Pierce.

Solomon Cunningham with Abigal Ellenwood.

Nathaniel Patterson with Sally Cunningham.

All of Belfast, on the same day.

June 20, 1811 Samuel Patterson with Betsey West, both of Belfast were joined in marriage by me, Jona. Wilson, J. P. and Clerk of the Town of Belfast.

1811, July 18th. Mr. Elijah Bragdon with Miss Sally Sekens were joined in marriage by me, Jona. Wilson, J. P.

Jan. 16th, 1812. Mr. Martin Rogers and Miss Sally Grinnel, both of Belfast were joined in marriage by me, Jona. Wilson, Justice of the Peace.

Feb. 9th, 1812. Mr. John Wales and Miss Sally Quimby, of Belfast were joined in marriage, by me Jona. Wilson, Justice of the Peace.

April 30th, 1812. George Watson Esq., a Justice of the Peace in the County of Hancock, returned the following persons by him joined in marriage, viz:

Nov. 27th, 1811. Lewis Ryan, of Belfast with Jane Clarry, of Washington plantation.

Jan. 30th, 1812. George Trundy with Theodate Smith, both of plantation Knox.

March 2d, 1812. Hubbard Nickerson with Betsey Crosby, both of Goospond Plantation.

Apr. 5, 1812. Natham Tilden with Narrassa Hatch.

July 27, 1812. The persons hereafter named were joined in marriage by Jona. Wilson, a Justice of the Peace.

Mr. Salathiel Nickerson of Belfast, with Miss Martha M'Cluer, of plantation Washington.

July 28, 1812. Mr. James Whitten with Miss Jane Tarr, both of Castine.

Dec. 6, 1812. Mr. Ezekiel Tarbot and Miss Eliza Coe, both of the vicinity of Belfast, by Manasah Sleeper, Justice of the Peace.

1809, Sept. 3. Nathaniel Woodbury to Grizel Patterson.

1812, July 12. Josiah Palmer to Rachel Wales. The above were joined in marriage by Wm. Moody Justice of the Peace.

Aug. 28, 1808. Robert Pike with Hannah Smith, both of Prospect.

- Sept. 20. Mr. William Nickerson to Miss Polly Rogers, both of Goose Pond Settlement, by John Wilson, Justice of the Peace.
- 1807, Jan. 11. Mr. Benjamin Sexton to Miss Abigail Tyler, both in the vicinity of Belfast.
- Sept. 20. Mr. Thomas Cunningham 2d, of this town to Miss Abigail Elwell of Northport.
- Nov. 2. Mr. Appolus Allen to Miss Rebecca Grinnell, both of this town, by John Wilson, Justice of the Peace.
1809. Mr. Nathaniel Tyler to Miss Rebecca Trask, both in the vicinity of Belfast, by John Wilson, Justice of the Peace.
- 30th April, 1811. George Watson Esq., a Justice of the Peace returned the following persons by his bond in marriage on the 1st of November, 1810. (To wit.)
- Misses Hirst with Susanna Farrow.
- Solomon Cunningham with Abigail Kennard.
- Nathaniel Patterson with Sally Cunningham.
- All of Belfast, on the same day.
- June 20, 1811. Samuel Patterson with Mary West, both of Belfast were joined in marriage by me, John Wilson, J. P. and Clerk of the Town of Belfast.
- 1811, July 18th. Mr. Elijah Brigham with Miss Sally Sexton were joined in marriage by me, John Wilson, J. P.
- Jan. 18th, 1812. Mr. Martin Rogers and Miss Sally Grinnell, both of Belfast were joined in marriage by me, John Wilson, Justice of the Peace.
- Feb. 9th, 1812. Mr. John Wain and Miss Sally Grinnell, of Belfast were joined in marriage by me, John Wilson, Justice of the Peace.
- April 30th, 1812. George Watson Esq., a Justice of the Peace in the County of Hancock, returned the following persons by him joined in marriage, viz:
- Nov. 27th, 1811. Lewis Ryan of Belfast with Jane Clark, of Washington plantation.
- Jan. 30th, 1812. George Trundy with Theodore Smith, both of plantation Knox.
- March 2d, 1812. Hubbard Nickerson with Betty Combs, both of Goose Pond plantation.
- Apr. 2, 1812. Nathan Tilton with Susanna Hatch.
- July 27, 1812. The persons hereunto named were joined in marriage by John Wilson, a Justice of the Peace.
- Mr. Nathaniel Nickerson of Belfast with Miss Susanna McLean, of plantation Washington.
- July 28, 1812. Mr. James Whitten with Miss Jane Tarr, both of Casine.
- Dec. 8, 1812. Mr. Ezekiel Tarbot and Miss Elizabeth Cox, both of the vicinity of Belfast, by Nathaniel Snicker, Justice of the Peace.
- 1803, Sept. 3. Nathaniel Woodbury to Grace Latham.
- 1812, July 12. Joseph Palmer to Rachel Walker. The above were joined in marriage by Wm. Moody, Justice of the Peace.
- Aug. 25, 1802. Robert Pike with Hannah Smith, both of Prospect.

Oct. 6. Alexander Thompson with Hannah Layton, both of Goose pond settlement.

Oct. 20. Chandlor Moodey with Susanna Field, both of Prospect.

Oct. 23. Daniel Ridley with Polly Bassett, both of Prospect.

Oct. 31. Benja. Park with Amy Crary, both of Prospect.

Apr. 6, 1809. John George with Phebe Nickerson, both of Prospect.

Jan. 3, 1810. William Colcord with Sally Ames, both of Prospect.

Jan. 13. Samuel Cunningham with Hannah Jorden, both of Prospect.

Apr. 8. Benjamin Nickerson with Mehitabel Ames, both of Frankfort.

Dec. 2, 1810. Jacob Hoplund with Polly Carter both of Prospect.

Nov. 6. Henry George with Sally Fowler, both of Prospect.

Jan. 10, 1811. William Curtis, of Frankfort with Deborah Dwelly, of Prospect.

Aug. 29, 1811. Thomas Jordon with Betsey Peirce both of Prospect.

Oct. 17. John Lords with Wealthy Spencer, both of Goose Pond Settlement.

Nov. 7. Isaac Bridge with Mehetable Evens, both of Prospect.

May 31, 1812. Jerome Stephenson Jr., with Mary McDonald, both of Belfast.

June 8. Jonathan Savery with Polly Piper, both of Prospect.

Sept. 29. Peter Cochran, of Belfast with Peggy Hains, of Prospect.

Sept. 30. Simeon Haines, of Prospect with Sarah Cochran, of Belfast.

Nov. 5. Stacy Towle with Isabel Burdick Lanpher, both of Frankfort.

Dec. 24. Josiah Towle with Polly Colcord, both of Prospect, by Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.

1812-13. Thomas Chase and Keziah Ellis, both of the Plantation of Jackson.

William Cilly, of Washington Plantation and Love Moreton, of Jackson Plantation, by the Rev. Silas Warren, minister of said Plantation.

MARRIAGES SOLEMNIZED BY REV. ALFRED JOHNSON.

1805, Oct. 17. Jerome Stephenson to Temperance Williams.

Nov. 29. Ansel Lathrop to Lois Whittier.

December. Seth Elliot to Betsey Furber.

1806, March 6. Daniel Gilbert to Sally Reed.

" Phineas Pendleton to Nancy Gilmore.

May 8. Alexander Black to Patty Ames.

Sept. 14. Alexander Clark Todd to Olive Hill.

Oct. 4. John McDonald to Polly Webster.

Oct. 5. Ebenezer B. Greeley to Suky Davis.

Oct. 7. Joseph Drinkwater to Elizabeth McKinley.

Nov. 6. Alvan Edmunds to Betsey Durham.

Nov. 20. John Brown 3d, to Sally McClure.

Nov. 27. Jonathan Pitcher to Eliza Stevenson.

Dec. 4. William Furber to Polly Patterson.

Dec. 4.	William Farber to Polly Patterson.
Nov. 27.	Jonathan Picher to Ellen Stevenson.
Nov. 30.	John Brown 2d, to Sally McClure.
Nov. 6.	Alvan Edmunds to Betty Barran.
Oct. 7.	Joseph Doherty to Elizabeth McKelvey.
Oct. 5.	Edmund H. Gentry to Mary Davis.
Oct. 4.	John McDonald to Polly Webster.
Sept. 14.	Alexander Clark Todd to Olive Hill.
May 8.	Alexander Black to Mary Ames.
"	Pinney Pondexter to Nancy Gilmore.
March 6.	Daniel Gillett to Sally Mack.
December.	Seah Elliot to Betty Farber.
Nov. 20.	Ansel Laidley to Mary Webster.
1802.	Oct. 17. Jerome Stephenson to Terrence Williams.
MARRIAGES solemnized by Mr. George Johnson.	
Minister of said Parsonage.	
of Jackson Parsonage, by the Rev. Elias Watson.	
William Clive, et Widdows, to John and Mary Johnston.	
1812-13. Thomas Chase and Nathan Ellis both of the Presbyterian	
Robert Houston, Justice of the Peace.	
Dec. 24. Josiah Towle with Polly Tolson, both of Prospect	
Nov. 5. Stacy Towle with Isabel Burdick Langner, both of Prospect	
Belfast.	
Sept. 30. Simson Hanson of Prospect with Sarah Cochran of	
Sept. 29. Peter Cochran of Belfast with Peggy Hann, of Prospect	
June 8. Jonathan Savary with Polly Paine, both of Prospect	
of Belfast.	
May 21. 1812. Jerome Stephenson 1st, with Mary McDonald, both	
Nov. 7. Isaac Briggs with Melinda Evans, both of Prospect	
Settlement.	
Oct. 17. John Lewis with Widdows Spencer, both of Green Island	
Aug. 29. 1811. Thomas Jordan with Betty Paine both of Prospect.	
of Prospect.	
Jan. 10. 1811. William Carter of Prospect with Deborah Evans.	
Nov. 6. Henry George with Sally Fowler, both of Prospect.	
Dec. 2. 1810. Jacob Hephart with Polly Carter both of Prospect.	
for.	
Apr. 8. Benjamin Nickerson with Melinda Ames, both of Prospect.	
Prospect.	
Jan. 13. Samuel Cunningham with Hannah Jordan, both of	
Jan. 3. 1810. William Colcord with Sally Ames, both of Prospect.	
Apr. 6. 1800. John George with Phoebe Nickerson, both of Prospect.	
Oct. 31. Benjamin Park with Amy Crary, both of Prospect.	
Oct. 25. Daniel Riddle with Polly Baker, both of Prospect.	
Oct. 20. Chandler Mobery with Susanna Field, both of Prospect	
bond settlement.	
Oct. 6. Alexander Thompson with Hannah Layton, both of Green	

- 1806, Dec. 16. William R. Lowney to Charity Ellis.
- 1807, March 1. James Walls to Polly Covel.
 March 5. Rufus Henry to Hannah Churchill.
 May 21. Samuel Hardy to Keziah Waterhouse.
 May 21. William Jackson to Sylvia Jackson.
 Nov. 26. John Wilson to Hannah Leach.
 Nov. 26. Richard Lean or Lear to Judith Pinkham.
 Dec. 13. John Haraden to Hannah Brown.
 Dec. 23. James Morgan to Polly Knights.
- 1808, Jan. 21. Manasseh Sleeper to Hannah Whittier.
 March. Thomas Russell to Mary Patterson.
 April. Joseph Cates to Polly Skillings.
 July 7. James Butler to Polly Gray.
 Sept. 22. James McCrillis to Jane Durham.
 Dec. 25. Thomas Nesmith to Susannah Davidson.
- 1809, March 8. Silvanus Irish to Mehitabel Haskell.
 Apr. 16. William Greely to Mary Davis.
 Apr. 17. Benjamin Ward Jr. to Elizabeth Jordan.
 Apr. 23. Samuel M. Miller to Nancy Brown.
 May 28. Nathan McDonald to Clarissa Reed.
 May 28. James Patterson Jr. to Nancy Furber.
 Aug. 27. William Allen Jr. to Charlotte Elwell.
 Aug. 27. Jeremiah Walker to Sally Hartshorn.
 Nov. 14. Mathew White to Margaret White.
 Nov. 30. Samuel Ames to Abigail Nickerson.
- 1810, Jan. 1. Nathan Lanpher to Hannah Griffin.
 Jan. 7. Enoch Perkins to Nancy Hopkins.
 Mar. 31. John Ward to Sally Jordan.
 Mar. 31. Gilbert Roberts to Anna P. Leathers.
 Apr. 26. Jonathan Williston to Nancy Cochran.
 Apr. 26. William Durham to Selena Hatch.
 May 13. Timothy Tibbetts to Betsey Yeaton.
 Sept. 17. Benjamin Eells to Jane Wilson.
 Oct. 3. James Mosman to Mary Ford.
 Oct. 14. Thomas D. Liscomb to Deborah A. Lowder.
 Dec. 20. William Davis to Betsey Marble.
- 1811, March 3. John Houston to Susannah M. Fletcher.
 April 7. John H. Conner to Lidia Watson.
 April 10. Chandler Peavy to Betsey Mathews.
 Sept. 5. James Leach to Anna Black.
 Sept. 8. William Salmond to Mary Jane Ladd.
 Sept. 8. William W. Cross to Lois Smith.
 Sept. 29. Benjamin Cunningham to Betsey Stevenson.
 October. William Warding to Sarah True.
- 1812, Jan. George Hall to Susannah Lords.
 Feb. 12. John Greely to Mary Black.
 March 5. William Lords to Mary B. Spencer.
 " 5. John Trefeatheren to Meriam Batchelder.
 March 19. John McKeen to Fanny True.
 July 16. Andrew Leach, Jr., to Sally Black.

1806.	Dec. 16.	William R. Lowrey to Charity Ellis.
1807.	March 1.	James Webb to Polly Covey.
	March 2.	Robert Henry to Hannah Churchhill.
	May 21.	Samuel Hardy to Keziah Waterhouse.
	May 21.	William Jackson to Sylvia Jackson.
	Nov. 26.	John Wilson to Hannah Lusk.
	Nov. 26.	Richard Lusk or Lear to Judith Pinkham.
	Dec. 12.	John Hardin to Hannah Brown.
	Dec. 22.	James Morgan to Polly Knight.
1808.	Jan. 21.	Thomas Russell to Mary Patterson.
	March.	Thomas Russell to Mary Patterson.
	April.	Joseph Carter to Polly Skilling.
	July 2.	James Butler to Polly Covey.
	Sept. 22.	James McCullis to Jane Durham.
	Dec. 22.	Thomas Newman to Hannah Davidson.
1809.	March 2.	Thomas Newman to Hannah Davidson.
	Apr. 16.	William Green to Mary Davis.
	Apr. 17.	Benjamin W. and J. C. Elliott to John.
	Apr. 22.	Samuel M. Miller to Mary Thomas.
	May 22.	Nathan Blackman to Mary Thomas.
	May 22.	James Patterson to Mary Thomas.
	Aug. 27.	William Allen to Mary Thomas.
	Aug. 27.	James Wilson to Mary Thomas.
	Nov. 14.	Andrew White to Mary Thomas.
	Nov. 20.	Samuel Adams to Mary Thomas.
1810.	Jan. 1.	Nathan Langley to Mary Thomas.
	Jan. 7.	Enoch Perkins to Mary Thomas.
	Mar. 21.	John W. and to Sally Thomas.
	Mar. 21.	Gilbert Roberts to Mary Thomas.
	Apr. 26.	Jonathan Whitson to Mary Thomas.
	Apr. 26.	William Durham to Mary Thomas.
	May 12.	Timothy Tibbitts to Mary Thomas.
	Sept. 17.	Benjamin Ellis to Mary Thomas.
	Oct. 2.	James Adams to Mary Thomas.
	Oct. 11.	Thomas D. Lusk to Mary Thomas.
	Dec. 20.	William Davis to Mary Thomas.
1811.	March 2.	John Lusk to Mary Thomas.
	Apr. 7.	John H. Connor to Mary Thomas.
	Apr. 10.	Charles Perry to Mary Thomas.
	Sept. 2.	James Lusk to Mary Thomas.
	Sept. 2.	William Lusk to Mary Thomas.
	Sept. 2.	William W. Cross to Mary Thomas.
	Sept. 22.	Benjamin Cunningham to Mary Thomas.
	October.	William Waring to Mary Thomas.
1812.	Jan. 12.	George Hall to Mary Thomas.
	Feb. 12.	John Gresham to Mary Thomas.
	March 2.	William Lusk to Mary Thomas.
	March 2.	John Testaments to Mary Thomas.
	March 10.	John McKee to Mary Thomas.
	July 16.	Andrew Lusk, Jr. to Mary Thomas.

1812, Sept. 21. Aaron Hobart, Jr., to Maria Leach.

Oct. 24. Samuel Gilmore to Mary Brown.

Feb. 1. Thomas Hill to Martha Spring.

1813, May, John Huse to Hannah Witherell.

May. Miles Fowler to Jane True.

(Signed,) Attest, ALFRED JOHNSON, Minister.

HANCOCK, ss., April 1, 1814.

I hereby certify that Archibald York and Fanny Merrill, both of Belfast, in said County, were joined in marriage on the 16th of Jan'y, 1814, and no other persons have been joined in marriage the year last past before me.

(Signed,) WM. CROSBY, Just. Peace.

1813, Oct. 28. Samuel Cunningham and Elizabeth Batchelder, both of the plantation of Greene, in the County of Hancock, were joined in marriage; also 1814, Jan'y 6, Samuel Dillaway and Nancy Hall, both of Belfast, and all before me.

WM. MOODY, Justice of ye Peace.

Jackson, 25th April, 1814. I hereby certify that on the 16th of January, 1814, I married William White, of Belfast, and Maria A. Ashmun, of Washington Plantation.

On 23d March, 1814, I married Isaac Skillings and Hannah Merrill, of Jackson Plantation

SILAS WARREN.

MARRIAGES SOLEMNIZED BY ASA EDMUNDS, JUS. PEACE.

1812, July 16, Jonathan Ordway to Clarissa Cross, both of the Plantation of Green, County Hancock.

1812, May 3, Abner W. Bradbury to Eunice Hall, both of Belfast.

1814, July 7, Uziah Kendall to Abigail Wilson; Mr. Kendall of Brewer, Miss Wilson, of Belfast.

March 19, Solomon Kimball to Mrs. Polly Taylor, both of Belfast.

1814, May 16, Simon Coombs and Polly McDonald, joined in marriage by me.

BENJ. WHITTIER, Justice Peace.

NOVEL MARRIAGE PROCEDURE IN 1772.

[EXTRACT FROM THE FRIENDSHIP TOWN RECORDS.]

Contributed by Joseph Williamson, Esq.

"MEDUNCOOK, May 12, 1772.

Whereas we the subscribers, William Elwell and Hannah Thomas, being lawfully published, and being desirous of entering into the holy state of marriage, and being confined in a place where there is neither minister or magistrate, do by these presents, and in the presence of Almighty God, and before these witnesses, that may sign this instru-

1812, Sept. 21. Aaron Hobart, Jr. to Maria Leach.
Oct. 24. Samuel Gilman to Mary Brown.
Feb. 1. Thomas Hill to Maria Spring.
1813, May. John Hise to Hannah Whitely.
May. Miles Fowler to Jane Tins.
(Signed). Aaron Johnson, Minister.

Hassock, ss. April 1, 1814.
I hereby certify that Aaron Hobart, Jr. and Fanny Merrill, both of Bel-
mont, in said County, were joined in marriage on the 10th of Jan'y, 1814,
and no other persons have been joined in marriage the year last past
before me.

1813, Oct. 23. Samuel Edgwortham and Elizabeth Patchin, both
of the plantation of Green, in the County of Hancock, were joined in
marriage; also 1814, Jan'y 10, Samuel Edgwortham, John and Mary Hill, both
of Belmont, and all before me.

Wm. Moore, Justice of the Peace.
Jackson, 23rd April, 1814. I hereby certify that on the 10th of Jan-
uary, 1814, I married William Hise of Belmont, and Jane A. Brown
of Washington Plantation.
On 23d March, 1814, I married Isaac Spring and Hannah A. Hill
of Jackson Plantation.
Simeon Warner.

MARRIAGES SOLEMNIZED BY ABE FROTHINGHAM, THE PASTOR.
1812, July 16. Jonathan Oliver to Elizabeth Cross, both of the Plant-
ation of Green, Long Island.
1812, May 2. Aaron W. Hise to Fanny Merrill, both of Belmont.
1814, July 1. Ezekiel Kendall to Abigail Whitely, Mr. Kendall of
Brewster, Miss Whitely of Belmont.
March 15. Solomon Kimball to Mrs. Polly Taylor, both of Belmont.
1814, May 16. Simon Cousins and Polly McDonald, joined in mar-
riage by me.

Heath. Whitman, Justice of the Peace.

NOVEL MARRIAGE PROCEDURE IN 1772

[EXTRACT FROM THE FRINGINGTOWN RECORDS.]

Contributed by Joseph Williamson, Esq.

"MARRIAGES, 1772, 1773.
Whereas we the subscribers, William Ellwell and Herman Thomas,
being lawfully published, and being desirous of entering into the holy
state of marriage, and being confined in a place where there is neither
minister or magistrate, do by these presents, and in the presence of
Almighty God, and before these witnesses, that may sign this paper,

ment, engage and do take each other as man and wife, and do promise to behave to each other in a tender, loving, affectionate manner, as man and wife, according to the best of our capacity, and as though we were married by a magistrate or minister.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands.

William Elwell,

^{her}
Hannah X Thomas.
mark.

Signed in the presence of we the subscribers, and that the man took her, as it were, naked, and gave her clothes to put on.

Wm. Frost,

Hannah Pinkham,

Samuel Condon,

^{her}
Mary X Condon,
mark.

Cornelius Morton,

^{her}
Mary X Larry.
mark.

Otis Pinkham,

N. B. William Elwell and Hannah Thomas took the Common Prayer Book, after they had signed the above instrument, and read the Church ceremony of marriage to each other in a serious manner before the witnesses to the above instrument, before me.

WM. FROST."

LETTER FROM THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY, IN PENOBSCOT, 1814.

Contributed by Rev. Charles M. Blake, of San Francisco.

"PENOBSCOT, July 1, 1814.

SIR:—The undersigned being appointed a Committee of Safety for the town of Penobscot, at present viewing ourselves in a critical situation respecting the enemy; we therefore take the liberty to require your attention to our Militia. We as a Committee are doubtful whether the militia are in a situation to defend themselves against the enemy; therefore, sir, must request your orders, and assistance in directing your subordinate officers to be in readiness to defend themselves and their country.

JOHN BLAKE, ESQUIRE,
Brigadier General,
10th Division.

Wm. WEBBER,	} Committee of Safety.
D. DUNBAR,	
THATCHER AVERY,	
SAMUEL WARDWELL,	
THOS. STEVENS,	
JOSEPH WESTCOTT,	
DANIEL CLEMENT."	

Superscribed "Castine, July 4. Public service, July 4, 1814. John Blake, Esquire, of Brewer, Brigadier General, 10th Division."

ment, engage and do take each other as man and wife, and do promise to behave to each other in a tender, loving, affectionate manner, as man and wife, according to the best of our capacity, and as though we were married by a magistrate or minister.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands.

William E. Wells,

Hannah X Thomas.

Signed in the presence of us the subscribers, and that the man took her, as it were, naked, and gave her clothes to put on.

Hannah Fiskham,

Mary X Condon,

Mary X Lane,

Cornelius Morton,

Orin Fiskham,

N. B. William E. Wells and Hannah Thomas took the Common Prayer Book, after they had signed the above instrument, and read the Church ceremony of marriage to each other, in a solemn manner before the witnesses to the above instrument, before us.

WILL FROST.

LETTER FROM THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY, IN FENNOSCANDIA, 1814.

Contributed by Rev. Charles H. Blake, of the Fennoscandia.

Fennoscandia, July 1, 1814.

Sir:—The undersigned being appointed a Committee of Safety for the town of Fennoscandia, at present viewed as a critical situation respecting the enemy; we therefore take the liberty to express your attention to our Militia. We as a Committee are doubtful whether the militia are in a situation to defend themselves against the enemy; therefore, we must request your orders, and assistance in directing your subordinate officers to be in readiness to defend themselves and their country.

JOHN BLAKE, Esquire, }
Brigadier General, }
10th Division, }
TRACER A. V. }
of }
Committee }
of }
Safety }
SARAH W. W. }
THOMAS }
JOHN W. }
JAMES C. }
JAMES C. }

Subscribed by Captain, July 4, 1814. John Blake, Esquire, of Brower, Brigadier General, 10th Division.

COL. JOHN ALLAN,* OF PASSAMAQUODDY.

FROM MASS. GENERAL COURT RECORD, JUNE 18, 1777.†

"In House of Representatives:

Resolved:—That a letter signed by the President of the Council be immediately sent to Mr. Allan, Agent of the Indians at Saint John in the Province of Nova Scotia, giving him a general account of what this Court has done, and is doing in order to secure that Eastern Country; so that he may take such measures with the Indians and others as shall most effectually promote the interest and happiness of the United States of America."

TAXATION FOR FACULTY.

The following were taxed in the town of Saco for Faculty, 1755 :‡

Donald Cummings, 5 shillings, 7 pence; Doctor.

Samuel Dennet, 4 shillings; Tanner.

Samuel Warren, 3 shillings, 9 pence; Blacksmith.

John Kendrick, 2 shillings; Shoemaker.

John Hurley, 2 shillings; Tailor.

Isaac Whitney, 1 shilling, 10 pence; Housewright.

John Armstrong, 1 shilling, 10½ pence; Cabinet maker.

GENEALOGY.

Lieut. Governor William Stoughton,§ who was also a preacher, delivered the Election Sermon before the Massachusetts General Court, 1668. This sermon was said to have been one of the most powerful and impressive that was ever delivered before the General Court. He highly eulogized the first settlers, and also said, "Consider and remember always that the books that shall be opened at the last day will contain genealogies in them. There shall be brought forth a register of the genealogies of New England sons and daughters. How shall we many of us hold up our faces then when there shall be a solemn rehearsal of our descent as well as of our degeneracies!"

*See April, 1887, No. of this Magazine, page 189.

†Vol. 37, page 67.

‡Folsom's History of Saco and Biddeford, page 262.

§History of Dorchester, Mass., page 271.

COL. JOHN ALLAN, OF PASSAMAQUODDY.

FROM MASS. GENERAL COURT RECORD, JUNE 12, 1777.

"In House of Representatives:
Resolved:—That a letter signed by the President of the Council be immediately sent to Sir Allan, Agent of the Indians at Kahnawake, in the Province of Nova Scotia, giving him a general account of what the Court has done, and is doing in order to secure that Eastern Country, so that he may take such measures with the Indians and others as shall most effectually promote the interest and happiness of the United States of America."

TAXATION FOR FACULTY.

The following were taxed in the town of Pass for 1776:

1755 1/2

Donald Campbell, 5 shillings; 7 pence; 1 penny.
Samuel Bennett, 4 shillings; 1 penny.
Samuel Warren, 3 shillings; 9 pence; 1 penny.
John Kendrick, 3 shillings; 1 penny.
John Barker, 3 shillings; 1 penny.
Isaac Whitney, 1 shilling; 1 penny; 1 penny.
John Armstrong, 1 shilling; 1 penny; 1 penny.

GEOGRAPHY.

Chief Governor William Phips, who was also a geographer, delivered the Election Sermon before the Massachusetts General Court, 1683. This sermon was said to have been one of the most powerful and impressive that was ever delivered before the General Court. He highly eulogized the first settlers, and observed: "Consider and remember always that the books that shall be opened at the last day will contain the names of men. They shall be brought forth a register of the good and bad, and shall be read and destroyed. How shall we many of us hold up our faces then when there shall be a solemn rehearsal of our doings as well as of our denials?"

*See April, 1867, No. of the Magazine, page 150.

Vol. 37, page 47.

Webster's History of New England, page 302.

History of Boston, Mass., page 57.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

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No. XI.

THE VOYAGE OF CAPTAIN GEORGE WAYMOUTH TO THE COAST OF MAINE IN 1605.

The Georges Society, "in memory of Sir Ferdinando Georges, the father of English Colonization in New England," was founded in the interest of the early history of the state; its members agree to take its volumes at cost. Its Treasurer is H. W. Bryant, of Portland, to whom subscriptions may be sent. It has just published its third volume.

Rosier's Relation of Waymouth's Voyage to the coast of Maine, 1605, with an introduction and notes by Henry S. Burrage, D. D., 188 pages, price \$3.50. It contains the following illustrations: "Portrait of the Earl of Southampton; Autograph and Seal of Queen Elizabeth; Portrait of Thomas Arundel, Baron of Wardour; Monhegan, as seen from the North; Camden Mountains, as seen from Monhegan; Chart of Coast from White Head to Pemaquid Point, and a chart of the coast from Pemaquid Point to Sequin Island."

In 1605, the Earl of Southampton, Lord Arundel, of Wardour, and others, fitted out a ship for a voyage of discovery to the American coast. Captain George Waymouth, who had previously been here, was appointed commander, and James Rosier to take due notice and make true report. Rosier's True Relation of this voyage has now been printed, by the Georges Society. It is a rare work, and of great value, historically. The full and exhaustive notes of Dr. Burrage, add much to its value. I abridge from it:

Waymouth sailed from England, March 31, and arrived off the coast

of Cape Cod, May 11, and May 13, came to soundings. From this point he sailed eastward, about 50 leagues and found no land, the charts being erroneous. May 17, land was seen; it appeared mean high land and was an island, probably Monhegan, some six miles in compass. They anchored on the North side, about a league from the shore. From the island or the anchorage, main land could be seen from W S W to E N E.¹ May 19, Whitsunday, they went up to other islands more adjoining the main, in the road directly to the mountains, about three leagues, where they anchored. One of these islands they named Pentecost Island, here they found a convenient harbor.²

They went on shore and set up their pinnace, dug wells, planted a garden, sowed peas and barley that grew eight inches in 16 days, caught fish and lobsters, and found excellent clay for brick or tile.

May 24, they explored part of two islands, the largest of which they judged to be four or five miles in compass, and a mile broad.³

May 30, the shallop having been finished and launched, the Captain with thirteen men departed in her, up the bay or river. May 31, he returned, having discovered a great river, trending along into the Main, about 40 mles. In the meantime many indians had visited the ship, and had much conference and trade with those on board. June 11, they passed up the river with the ship about 26 miles. The river itself running up into the Main, very nigh 40 miles towards the great mountains, and beareth in breadth a mile, sometimes three-quarters and a half a mile in the narrowest. You shall never have under four or five fathoms near the shore; but 6-7-8-9-10 fathoms all along, and on both sides every half mile, very gallant coves, some able to contain almost a hundred sail.⁴ * * * Where ships may lie without cable or anchor, only moored to the shore with a hawser.⁵ The river flowed 18 to 20 foot at high water. Here were made by nature, most excellent places to grave or carine ships of all burthens. The land along was neither mountainous nor rocky. Some of the sailors had been to Guiana, Oronoco, Rio Grande, and the rivers of France; but they were all inferiour to this. Rosier was tempted to claim it as superior to the Thames; but as that was England's greatest treasure, he forebore; but he almost claimed it to be the most rich, beautiful, large and secure harboring river that the world afforded.

June 12, the Captain started with his boat and 17 men, "and run up from the ship to the *Codde*" thereof where they landed.⁶ Ten of the crew armed, marched up into the country towards the mountains, which they descried at their first falling in with land. Unto some of them the river brought them so near that they thought when they landed, they

of Cape Cod, May 11, and May 18, came to anchorages. From the point he sailed eastward, about 50 leagues and found no land, the charts being erroneous. May 17, land was seen; it appeared more high land and was an island, probably Montserrat, some six miles in compass. They anchored on the North side, about a league from the shore. From the island on the anchorage, main land could be seen from W. S. W. to E. N. E. - May 19, Wednesday, they went up to other islands, more adjoining the main, in the road directly to the mountains, about three leagues, where they anchored. One of these islands they named Penticost Island, here they found a convenient harbor.

They went on shore and set up their houses, their wells, planted gardens, sowed peas and barley that gave eight inches in 15 days, caught fish and lobsters, and found excellent hay for the horses.

May 24, they explored part of two islands, the largest of which they judged to be four or five miles in compass, and a mile broad.

May 30, the shallop having been hoisted and launched, the Captain with thirteen men departed in her, up the bay or river. May 31, he returned, having discovered a great river, stretched along into the plain, about 40 miles. In the mountain many Indians had retired to the ship, and had much gunpowder and trade with those on board. When they passed up the river the ship about 20 miles. The river nearly running up into the plain, very high 70 miles towards the great mountain, and breadth a mile, sometimes three-quarters and a half a mile in the narrowest. Two small rivers date under two or three fathoms near the shore; but a 500 ft. Indian all along, and on both sides every half mile, very rapid and turbulent, to contain almost a hundred sail. * * * * * Where ships come to without cable or anchor, only moored to the shore with a hawser. The river flows 15 to 20 feet in high water. Here were made the nature, most excellent places to anchor, or rather ships of all burthen. The land along was neither mountainous nor rocky. Some of the valleys had been to Guinea, (Gronow) that the river of France; but they were all inferior to that. Hester was tempted to claim it as superior to the Thames; but as that was England's greatest treasure, he forbore; but he almost claimed it to be the most rich, beautiful, large and secure navigation river that the world afforded.

June 12, the Captain started with his boat and 17 men, and ran up from the ship to the Cape, passed where they landed. Two of the crew arrived, marched up into the country towards the mountains, which they described as their first falling in with land. From some of them the river brought them so near that they thought when they landed, they

were about a league off. They marched up about four miles into the main and passed over three hills, upon which grew timber trees, masts for ships of 400 ton, and at the bottom of every hill, a little run of fresh water; but the farthest and last they passed, run with a great stream, able to drive a mill.⁷ They returned to their boat, when "they espied a canoe coming from the further part of the Cod of the river eastward," and from there to the ship.

June 13, The Captain started in the boat from the ship and went up that part of the river, which extended westward into the main; they rowed up about 20 miles, the last six of which was fresh water. Any ship drawing 17 or 18 feet of water could pass up as far as they went; from each bank of the river divers branching streams run up into the main whereby was afforded unspeakable profit by the convenience of transportation.* Here they said, they should never see such a river again, until it pleased God to let them behold the same again.

June 14, they rowed down again to the river's mouth to the ship. June 15, they sailed up to the watering place and filled their casks. The captain upon the Rock in the midst of the harbor, observed the latitude which was 43 degrees 20 minutes north.⁹ June 16, they sailed for England, arriving at Dartmouth, July 18, 1605.

REMARKS BY THE EDITOR.

Several theories have been advanced as to the river up which Captain Waymouth sailed.

First. The Penobscot theory.*

Second. The Kennebec theory.†

Third. The Saint Georges.‡

After all that has been written I venture cautiously into the field. I am pretty familiar with each of the routes; I think it very well settled that the Kennebec was not the true river. The Penobscot river seems to have been given up, and the Saint Georges now has preference. This edition of Rosier's Relation and

* Belknap's American Biography, Vol. 2; Captain John F. Williams. Oct. 1, 1797 and Williamson's History of Maine, Vol. 1, page 193.

† John McKeen, of Brunswick in Maine Historical Society's Collections, Vol. 5, pages 309 to 338; Sewall's Ancient Dominions of Maine, page 64; Palfrey's History of New England, Edition of 1876, Vol. 1, page 76; Popham Memorial Volume, Rev. Edward Ballard, pages 301-317.

‡ Captain George Prince in Maine Historical Collections, Vol. 6, pages 293 to 306; Rev. David Q. Cushman in same, pages 309 to 318; History of Bristol and Bremen, page 23 to 34; Eaton's Annals of Warren, page 15.

were about a league off. They marched up about four miles into the main and passed over three hills, upon which grew timber trees, mostly for ships of 400 ton, and at the bottom of every hill, a little run of fresh water; but the farthest and last they passed, ran with a great stream, able to drive a mill. They returned to their boat, when they asked a canoe coming from the further part of the God of the river eastward, and from there to the ship.

June 15, The Captain started in the boat from the ship and went up that part of the river, which extended westward into the main; they rowed up about 30 miles, the last six of which was fresh water. Any ship drawing 17 or 18 feet of water could pass up as far as they went; from each bank of the river divers branching streams run up into the main, whereby was afforded unobstructed passage by the convenience of transportation. Here they said they should never see such a river again, until it pleased God to let them behold the same again.

June 16, they rowed down again to the river's mouth to the ship. June 16, they sailed up to the western pass and filled their water. The captain upon the Hook in the night of the harbor, observed the light which was 12 leagues 30 minutes north. June 16, they sailed for England, arriving at Dartmouth, July 15, 1605.

REMARKS BY THE EDITOR.

Several theories have been advanced as to the river up which

Captain Weymouth sailed.

First. The Penobscot theory.*

Second. The Kennebec theory.†

Third. The Saint George's‡

After all that has been written I venture cautiously into the field. I am pretty familiar with each of the routes; I think it very well settled that the Kennebec was not the true river. The Penobscot river seems to have been given up, and the Saint George's now has preference. This edition of Foster's Relation and

* DeBary's American Geography, Vol. 2; Captain John E. Williams, Oct. 1, 1872, in Williams's History of Maine, Vol. 1, page 125.

† John M. Brown, of Brunswick, in Maine Historical Society's Collections, Vol. 5, pages 209 to 223; Sewall's Ancient Dominions of Maine, page 64; Foster's History of Maine, Edition of 1875, Vol. 1, page 10; Rogers's Historical Volume, New England, Boston, pages 301-317.

‡ Captain George Foster in Maine Historical Collections, Vol. 6, pages 285 to 288; Rev. David G. Chapman in same, pages 288 to 291; History of Bristol and Down, page 22 to 24; Foster's Annals of Weymouth, page 10.

its notes, proceed on the theory, that the Saint Georges is Waymouth's river. On that theory I note:—

1. I can not see land WSW to ENE, from Monhegan, which this probably was.

2. The Islands next seen, may have been Fisherman's or Allen's Islands.

3. The clay for brick and tile, I can not find.

4. The Gallant coves, every half mile, "some that will contain almost a hundred sail," are not such as the language was intended to imply.

5. The mooring places are very scarce.

6. The *Codde* is said to mean a bay or indentation into the land, and by Captain Prince, qualified into a "place," and located in Thomaston, at the mouth of Mill river, at its junction with the St. Georges river, opposite the point on which Gen. Knox lived, and is anything but a Bay at low water; it is then a vast area of flats.

7. The three hills mentioned here are difficult to find, and the great stream more so.

8. The divers branching streams so profitable for transportation are small, if here.

9. The Rock is unlocated.

I have tried often to find Waymouth's river up the Saint Georges. It is said that the old navigators told tough stories and had great imaginations. It would not require much more of a discount in Rosier's Relation to apply it to Penobscot, then it does to apply it to Saint Georges.

In Cadillac's Memoir in Maine Historical Society Collections, Vol. 6, page 282, written in 1691; he says "River Saint George, from Pentagoet (Penobscot) to Saint George's river, it is eight leagues. This river is not very safe on account of the numerous rocks. It furnishes excellent oak for ship building. To enter you must steer NNW; there are three fathoms of water."

I judge that the Saint George river comes the nearest to Waymouth's river; but I think with Mr. Joseph Williamson * of Belfast, an historian of acknowledged reputation, that it can never be regarded as conclusively settled, that the river of Waymouth is the Saint George river.

* History of Belfast, page 33.

his notes, proceed on the theory, that the Saint Georges is Weymouth's river. On that theory I note:—

1. I can not see land WSW to ENE, from Monksgran, which this probably was.

2. The islands next seen, may have been Fisherman's or Allen's Islands.

3. The clay for brick and tile, I can not find.

4. The Gallant covers every half mile "some that will contain almost a hundred sail," are not such as the language was intended to imply.

5. The meeting places are very scarce.

6. The Gulf is said to mean a bay or indentation into the land, and by Captain Baines, qualified into a "spate," and located in Thomaston, at the mouth of Mill River, at its junction with the Georges river, opposite the point on which Knox lived, and is anything but a bay at low water; it is then a vast area of flats.

7. The three hills mentioned here are difficult to find, and the great stream more so.

8. The divers branching streams so favorable for transportation are small, if here.

9. The Rock is unlocated.

I have tried often to find Weymouth's river up the Saint Georges. It is said that the old navigators told rough stories and had great imaginations. It would not require much more of a discount in Foster's Relation to apply it to Penobscot, than it does to apply it to Saint Georges.

In Cadillac's Memoirs in Maine Historical Society Collection, Vol. 6, page 222, written in 1687, he says "River Saint Georges, from Pentagoet (Penobscot) to Saint Georges's river it is eight leagues. This river is not very wide on account of the numerous rocks. It furnishes excellent oak for ship building. To come you must steer N.W.; there are three harbors of water."

I judge that the Saint Georges river comes the nearest to Weymouth's river; but I think with Mr. Joseph Williamson* of Belfast, an historian of acknowledged reputation, that it can never be regarded as conclusively settled, that the river of Weymouth is the Saint Georges river.

* History of Belfast, page 22.

PETITIONS TO THE GENERAL COURT OF MASS. 1789.

FROM WHAT WAS INCORPORATED INTO THE TOWN OF PROSPECT

FEB. 24, 1794,

Communicated by John F. Pratt, of Chelsea, Mass.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled—The Petition and memorial of the subscribers, inhabitants of the Plantation of Frankfort in the county of Lincoln, bounded as follows viz :

Beginning at the south-eastward most corner of Belfast, on ye sea (or bay) shore ; from thence running in the line of said Belfast to the north-eastward most extremity thereof ; from thence north to a large spruce tree on the eastwardly side of Goose Pond, (so called) ; marked with a marking iron W. P. B. F., two large white stones on the eastwardly side of said pond directly in range and bearing due north from said tree. From thence eastwardly to Marsh River, (so called) ; from thence down said Marsh River about a mile to Penobscot River ; from thence down said Penobscot river southwardly to Fort Point so called ; from said Fort Point westwardly to the first mentioned bounds at Belfast. Humbly sheweth, there are now living upon said Plantation upwards of sixty families, who labor under great disadvantages for want of being incorporated with town privileges. Therefor, humbly pray your Honors to take into your wise consideration our present very disagreeable situation and relieve us by incorporating us together with the adjacent Island of Brigadiers Island, (so called) into a town by the name of Knoxbury, your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

Frankfort, May ye 16th, 1789.

(Signed.)

John Odom,
Benjamin Shute,
Henry Black,
Joseph Crary,
Alexander Young,
Samuel Young,
William Griffin,
James Nichols,
James Nichols Jr.,
Barach K. Ellis,
Peleg Pendleton,
William Pendleon,
Samuel Griffin,
Samuel Griffin, Jr.,
Ebenezer Griffin,
Ichabod Colson,
Jacob Eustis,
John Sweetser,
David Nichols,

Langworthy Lanpher,
Miles Staple,
William Staple,
Jotham Staple,
Thomas Fletcher,
William Dickey,
Joshua Treat,
Zetham French,
William Hichborn,
John Peirce,
Daniel Lancaster,
John Staples,
David Partridge,
Benjamin Shute, Jr.,
Clark Partridge,
Daniel Goodell,
John Odom, Jr.,
James Grant,
John Park,

Joseph McMann.

SECOND PETITION.

The Honorable, the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court, assembled—

The Petition and Memorial of the subscribers, inhabitants of the Plantation of Frankfort, in the county of Hancock, Humbly Showeth, that whereas the Honorable General Court, did by an act, passed on 25th of June, 1789, incorporate two Plantations on the west side of Penobscot river, viz:—From Belfast to Wheeler's Mills, into a town by the name of Frankfort, which for a want of a true representation of our boundaries being seasonably exhibited, we presume an undesigned mistake has been made, as the two Plantations are about sixteen miles in length, and very inconvenient for one town. There are now upwards of sixty families in this plantation. We therefore humbly pray your Honours to take into your wise consideration our present difficult situation, and incorporate us together with the adjacent Island called Brigadiers Island, (separate from the other Plantation) according to the following boundaries and Plan annexed viz: Beginning at the south-east corner of Belfast, running up ye brook to ye north-east corner of said Belfast; thence north to Goose Pond; thence along the shore of said Pond to a large spruce tree on the east side of Goose Pond marked with a marking iron W. P. B. F., thence eastwardly to Marsh river; thence down said Marsh river to Penobscot river, thence down Penobscot river to Fort Point; thence bounding on the Bay of Penobscot to the bounds first mentioned, into a town by the name of Knoxburgh.—Your Petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray,

Frankfort Plantation, Nov. 20th, 1789.

(Signed.)

Daniel Lancaster,
John Sweetser,
Daniel Goodell Jr.,
John Odom Jr.,
Henry Black,
Zetham French,
Henry Black Jr.,
Josiah Ames,
Jacob Eustis,
Abraham Mudgett,
John Alford,
John Dwelley,
Jacob Alford,
Joshua Treat,
John Odom,
John Sweetser Jr.,
Samuel Young,
Alexander Young,
Peleg Pendexter,
William Dickey,
David Partridge,
Nathaniel Tibbets,
Nathaniel Pendleton,
Nathaniel Alford,
Isaac Chesley,

Benjamin Shute,
William Hitchborn,
Benjamin Shute Jr.,
Joseph Boyd,
Joseph G. Martin,
James Grant,
Samuel Grant,
Joseph McMann,
William Farley,
Samuel Griffin,
Ebenezer Griffin,
John Park,
Langworthy Landpher,
James Scott,
James Nichols,
David Nichols,
James Nichols 2nd,
Henry Lord,
John Peirce,
John Staples,
Thomas McMann,
Miles Staples,
William Staples,
William McLaughlin,
Clark Partridge,

Daniel Goodell.

The Petition and Memorial of the undersigned inhabitants of the Plantation of Franklin, in the county of Hancock, Humbly Sheweth, that whereas the Honorable General Court, did by an act, passed on 25th of June, 1783, incorporate two Plantations on the west side of Penobscot river, viz:—From Belfast to Wheeler's Mills, into a town by the name of Franklin, which for a want of a true representation of our boundaries being seasonably exhibited, we presume an undesignated mistake has been made, as the two Plantations are about sixteen miles in length, and very inconvenient for one town. There are now upwards of sixty families in this plantation. We therefore humbly pray your Honours to take into your wise consideration our present difficult situation, and incorporate us together with the adjacent town called Bangor, their island, (separate from the other Plantation) according to the following boundaries and then annexed viz: Beginning at the southeast corner of Belfast, running up the brook to the north-east corner of said Bangor; thence north to Goose Pond; thence along the shore of said Pond to a large spruce tree on the east side of Goose Pond, marked with a marking iron W. P. B. E. thence easterly to Marsh River; thence down said Marsh River to Penobscot River; thence down Penobscot River to Port Point; thence following on the day of Penobscot to the bounds first mentioned, into a town by the name of Kenebec. Your Petitioners as in help bound will ever pray.

Franklin Plantation, Nov. 20th, 1788.

(Signed)

Benjamin Stone,	Daniel Lancaster,
William Thompson,	John Swanton,
Benjamin Stone Jr.,	Daniel Goodell Jr.,
Joseph Smith,	John Odum Jr.,
Joseph G. Martin,	Henry Black,
James Frost,	William French,
Samuel Stone,	Henry Black Jr.,
Joseph McDaniel,	Joshua Ames,
William Carter,	Jacob Kettle,
Samuel Gifford,	Abraham Mudgett,
Phineas Smith,	John Alford,
John Cook,	John Dickey,
Leopoldus Landgrave,	Jacob Alford,
James Webb,	Joshua Tread,
James Nichols,	John Odum,
David Nichols,	John Swanton Jr.,
James Nichols and	Samuel Young,
Henry Cook,	Alexander Young,
John Carter,	Peter Treadwell,
John Stephen,	William Dickey,
Thomas McManis,	David Partridge,
John Stephen,	Nathaniel Tinker,
William Stephen,	William Goodwin,
William Melanphian,	Nathaniel Alford,
Clark Partridge,	Isaac Crosby,

Daniel Goodell.

PETITIONS RELATING TO THE INCORPORATION OF
BREWER, 1811-12.

FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES.

“To the Honorable, the Senate and House of Representatives in the General Court assembled—

The subscribers, inhabitants of the Town of Orrington in the County of Hancock being a committee legally chosen by said town at their annual meeting in April last beg leave respectfully to represent and give this Honorable Court to understand that the extensive situation of said Town of Orrington is such as renders it extremely difficult for the inhabitants thereof to attend to their publick business, being about thirteen miles in length on Penobscot river.—That ever since the first settlement of said Town the inhabitants have had it in contemplation to divide it and make that part of it commonly known by the name of Knaps Square into a separate town, and have accordingly erected two meeting houses in said town nearly in the center of each section thereof. That said Town of Orrington at their annual meeting in April last voted that it was expedient it should be divided. We therefore pray the Honorable Court to take the subject into their wise consideration and divide said Town as follows, viz:—Beginning at Nichols Rock, so called on Penobscot River, being the corner bound between Orrington and the town of Eddington; thence south, forty-eight degrees east to the easterly corner of said Town of Orrington; thence south forty-two degrees west on the back line of said Town six miles or to the south easterly corner of Lot No. Eighteen in the third division of lands in said Town; thence north forty-eight degrees west to the head of the front lots: thence by the head of the front lots to the north line of the widow Priscilla Brastow's Lot; thence by the north line of said lot to the river; thence as said Penobscot River runs to the first mentioned bound, excepting three acres of land deeded by government to Jonathan Eddy, Esquire and that the part of said Town above described be incorporated into a Town by the name of ——— that the publick property now belonging to said town of Orrington be equally divided between the two contemplated Towns and as in duty bound will ever pray.

JOHN FARRINGTON, CHARLES BURR, JOSHUA CHAMBERLAIN, WILLIAM RICE, THOMAS GEORGE.	}	Committee.”
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To the Honorable, the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, May 1811.

The Subscribers, inhabitants of the Town of Orrington, humbly beg leave to state—That at a town meeting of the inhabitants of said

PETITIONS RELATING TO THE INCORPORATION OF
BREWSTER, 1841-42.

FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in the
General Court assembled—

The subscribers, inhabitants of the Town of Oronoke in the County of Hancock being a committee legally chosen by said town at their annual meeting in April last have respectfully to represent and give this Honorable Court to understand that the extreme situation of said Town of Oronoke is such as renders it extremely difficult for the inhabitants thereof to attend to their public business, being about fifteen miles in length on Pownance river—That ever since the first settlement of said town the inhabitants have had it in contemplation to divide it and make that part of it permanently known by the name of Knappa Square into a separate town, and have accordingly several times meeting houses in said town many in the center of each section thereof. That said town of Oronoke at their annual meeting in April last voted that it was expedient it should be divided. We therefore pray the Honorable Court to take the subject into their consideration and divide said town as follows, to-wit: Beginning at Nubble Brook and dividing the same into two parts, the upper part being Oronoke and the town of Oronoke; thence south by a straight line to the easterly corner of said town of Oronoke; thence south forty-two degrees west on the back line of said town six miles to the water front corner of Lot No. 1000 in the land of one of lands in said town; thence north forty-eight degrees east to the point of the front lot; thence by the head of the front lot to the north line of the widow Pussell's lot; thence by the south line of said lot to the river; thence as said Pussell's lot was one of the first mentioned lands, excepting three acres of land located by agreement to Jonathan Eddy, Knappa and that the part of said town now divided be incorporated into a town by the name of ———— that the public property now belonging to said town of Oronoke be equally divided between the two contemplated towns and as in duty bound we ever pray.

JOHN FAIRBANKS,
CHARLES DE R.
JOHN A. CHAMBERLAIN,
WILLIAM R. E.
THOMAS GEORGE
Committee.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in the
General Court assembled, May 1841.

The subscribers, inhabitants of the Town of Oronoke, humbly lay
leave to state—That at a town meeting of the inhabitants of said

Orrington a committee was chosen for the purpose of dividing the town, according to a former survey of a certain tract of land, called and known by the name of Knapps Square:—but as the said committee were not ordered, and have never reported to the town their doings in said business nor exhibited any petition addressed to your honorable body for the purpose of carrying the vote of the town into effect, they are entirely unacquainted with any reasons they offer, why the prayer of the petitioners should be granted.—but they would beg leave to observe that the northern or upper line of the town of Orrington divides a small village, situated at the head of the tide on the Penobscot near the centre, one part of said village being attached to Orrington, the other to Eddington (a small town lately incorporated,) that this village if united would be competent for a school district: that the town meetings of said Eddington are held there and that Eddington, with this addition would soon be competent to building a meeting house, that a public landing is laid out at this spot, which is used as a deposit for the greater part of the lumber procured in Eddington; and in fine. that it seems by nature designed for the centre of a Town.

That six miles below, at the contemplated place of division, is another village, in which is situated the Post-office, a Saw mill. Grist mill, Carding machine, Pot ash, Tannery, Shoemaker, Blacksmith and other mechanics, trades, etc.; and perhaps nearly half the business of Orrington is done within a quarter of a mile of this division line, as now contemplated; nor do we see any advantage in the contemplated division, nor any other reason for it than a partiality for old lines. And we would further observe, that a motion was made in town meeting, to choose a Committee of nine persons from the different parts of the town to enquire what division will most conduce to the public good, to exhibit a plan thereof and report at the next meeting, which motion was negatived. We forbear to mention other circumstances equally repugnant to this arrangment, and pray your honorable body, that the prayer of the petitioners may not be granted; or at least that an order of notice may be issued, and we be permitted to state the "circumstances belonging to the occasion," more at large before a committee appointed for the purpose.

ELISHA ROBINSON, } Selectmen of
JOSIAH BREWER. } Orrington.

John Brewer,
Samuel Call,
Henry Call,
John Wilkins,
Ephraim Doane,
Warren Ware,
Henry Rice,
Nathaniel Gould,
Richard Baker,
Isaiah Baker,
Joseph Baker,
George Wiswall,

Samuel Stone,
Josiah Crawford,
John Cumming,
Amos Dole,
Samuel Phips,
John Pope,
Richard Godfrey,
Jeremiah Swett,
Israel Nichols,
Samuel Rider,
Thomas Ladd,
Henry Bickford,

Allen Hodges,
Joseph Copeland,
Lemuel Copeland,
William Copeland,
Isaac Bates,
David Wiswell,
Gideon Horton,
John Tibbetts,
Henry Kenney,
Daniel Robinson,
Cyrus Brewer,
John Phillips,
Enoch Lovell,
Richard Kent,

Zacheus Hall,
Ebenezier Wheelden,
Isaac Nickerson,
Stephen Rider,
Moses Rogers,
William Kent,
Asa Howard,
Finson Rowe,
John Whiting,
Samuel Sterns,
John Phillips, 2d.,
Luther Eaton,
Francis Brewer,
Richard Rider.

Referred to Committee on Towns, &c., in Senate and House, Jan. 14 and 16, 1811.

TOWNS.

The Committee, report that this remonstrance be referred to the next Session, and be filed with the petition from the Town of Orrington.

F. CARR, per order."

INCORPORATION OF BREWER, FEB. 22, 1812.

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A TOWN BY THE NAME OF BREWER.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted * * * That the town of Orrington, in the County of Hancock, laying on the east side of Penobscot river, be divided, and that the northerly part thereof (commonly known by the name of Knapp's Square); with the inhabitants thereon be incorporated into a town by the name of Brewer, by the following bounds, viz; beginning at Nichols Rock, [so called], on the easterly bank of Penobscot river, being the common bounds between said Orrington and Eddington; thence South 48 degrees East to the easterly corner of said Orrington; thence South 42 degrees West on the back line of said town six miles, or to the south-easterly corner of lot number 18 in the third division of lands in town; thence North 48 degrees West to the head of the front lots; thence by the head of the front lots to the North line of the Widow Priscilla Brastow's lot; thence by the North line of said lot to the river; thence as the said river runs to the first mentioned bounds, excepting three acres of land deeded by government to Jonathan Eddy Esquire, and that the said town is hereby vested with the powers, privileges and immunities which other towns do or may enjoy by the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted that any Justice of the Peace for the County of Hancock, is authorized to issue his warrant calling the first meeting.

DIARY OF HON. FRANCIS CARR* OF BANGOR, MEMBER
OF CONGRESS 1812-13.

CONTRIBUTED BY HIS GRANDSON, FRANCIS W. CARR, ESQ.

1812.

May 25. Monday at one o'clock left Bangor for Washington; apple trees just began to show their leaves. Peas and wheat about 1 1-2 inches high.

26. Arrived at Hallowell. Vegetables about the same.

27. At Portland; in Falmouth and North Yarmouth not quite so forward.

28. At Newburyport and Boston apple trees began to show their blossoms, leaves about as large as a 4d.

29. Tarried at Boston. Vegetation not so forward by 12 or 15 days as usual.

30. Went from Boston to Hartford, about 100 miles; apple trees in full bloom.

31. To New York a little over 100 miles; apple trees have shed their blossoms.

June 1. To Philadelphia about 100 miles. Through some part of Conn. and Jersey the finest country I ever saw for farming; grass almost fit to cut; their farms delightful; apples and plums a considerable bigness; rye headed out; hay is generally poor; saw some handsome villages.

2. From Philadelphia to Baltimore, about 116 miles.

3. From Baltimore to Washington, short of 50 miles; people had begun to cut their hay. Peas large and full; strawberries ripe. Arrived here at 2 o'clock P. M.; put up at City Hotel. Took my seat in Congress.

4. Received half of my travel money \$225; called on the President and heads of Departments.

5. Wrote letters; Congress adjourned Friday at two o'clock over to Monday morning.

7. Attended meeting in Congress hall, heard a Mr. Clark of New York. Madison and lady attended; a fine looking lady. She wore a small pink coloured bonnet with pink ribbons and white embroidered vail over her bonnet and shoulders. Others were dressed in white. And as she went out of the hall with an easy air, spoke to a number of gentlemen and ladies as she passed.

*Hon Francis Carr was a distinguished merchant of Bangor. He was elected to Congress at a special election held March 27, 1812 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Barzillai Gannett, of Hallowell. Mr. Carr was the first representative to congress from Bangor, or the present County of Penobscot. He was a staunch Democrat and in favor of the war of 1812. This diary is curious as showing the ways of a congress man of that period. For further particulars of Mr. Carr, see Bangor Historical Magazine. Vol. 1, page 9.—*Editor Historical Magazine.*

DIARY OF HON. FRANCIS CARR, OF BANGOR, MEMBER
OF CONGRESS 1812-13.

CONTINUED BY HIS GRANDSON, FRANCIS W. CARR, ESQ.

1812.
May 25. Monday at one o'clock left Bangor for Washington; apple trees just begun to show their leaves. Trees and wheat about 1-1 1/2 inches high.
26. Arrived at Hallowell. Vegetables about the same.
27. At Portland; in Falmouth and North Yarmouth not quite so forward.
28. At Newburyport and Boston apple trees begun to show their blossoms, leaves about as large as a 4d.
29. Arrived at Boston. Vegetation not so forward by 12 or 15 days as usual.
30. Went from Boston to Hartford, about 100 miles; apple trees in full bloom.
31. To New York a little over 100 miles; apple trees have shed their blossoms.
June 1. To Philadelphia about 100 miles. Through some part of Conn. and Jersey the finest country I ever saw for farming; grass almost fit to cut; their farms beautiful; apples and peaches considerable business; rice planted out; hay is generally poor; saw some handsome villages.
2. From Philadelphia to Baltimore, about 115 miles.
3. From Baltimore to Washington, about 50 miles; people had begun to cut their hay. Trees large and full; strawberries ripe. Arrived here at 1 o'clock P. M.; put up at the Hotel. Took my seat in Congress.
4. Received half of my first salary \$25; called on the President and heads of Departments.
5. Wrote letters; Congress adjourned Friday at two o'clock noon to Monday morning.
7. Attended meeting in Congress hall, heard a Mr. Clark of New York. Madison and I left attended; a fine looking lady she wore a small black feathered bonnet with pink ribbons and white embroidered and over her bonnet and shoulders. Others were dressed in white. And as she went out of the hall with an easy air, spoke to a number of gentlemen, and ladies as she passed.

*Hon Francis Carr was a distinguished member of Bangor. He was elected to Congress at a special election held March 27, 1812 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Daniel Francis, of Hallowell. Mr. Carr was the first representative to be elected from Bangor to the present Congress of Congress. He was a staunch Federalist and in favor of the war of 1812. This diary is curious as showing the ways of a new green man of the period. For further particulars of Mr. Carr, see Bangor Historical Magazine, Vol. I, page 9.—Editor Bangor Historical Magazine.

8. Monday. Congress occupied chiefly in receiving remonstrances against war with Great Britain, some memorials in favor.
9. Wrote Dr. Mann and S. Greenleaf; dined with the President of the United States (Madison) with 18 other gentlemen and had a fine dinner, cooked in French fashion, many dishes; English cherries and new potatoes. The manners of Madison and his lady extremely pleasing; particularly Mrs. Madison. She is a fleshy good figure of a woman with a handsome face, dressed in a light green silk with her coat or Jockey profusely ornamented.
10. Congress set with closed doors; paid one week's expense \$11.87 1-2, do hack hire several times \$1.50.
11. Nothing done in Congress; house waiting for the Senate.
12. Still waiting.
13. Wrote to Frank and J. Barker. Congress did little; dined with Commodore Finley(?) with ten others.
14. Sunday; attended meeting, the Chaplain of Congress preached in Congress Hall.
15. Congress spent the principal part of the day on the pension bill.
16. Wrote J. W. Carr, Samuel Greenleaf and John Reynolds. Congress spent the day discussing the bill on Treasurers notes which passed in favor.
17. Wrote Joseph; paid one week's expense \$11.75.
18. The War Bill passed both branches and signed by the President, injunction of secrecy taken off.
19. Wrote selectmen of Bangor, Hampden and Brewer. Paid two week's board.
20. Report, on Indian Affairs.
21. Attended meeting; heard a Mr. Brecindridge; wrote John Phillips.
22. President's message on the war and the report of Committee on the same; sent Selectmen of Orono, Bangor. Eddington, Brewer, Orrington, Hampden, Frankfort, Dr. Mann, Col(?) Wardwell.
23. A rainy day; sent President's message to David Perham, Elisha Robinson, Joshua Chamberlain, Simeon Fowler, Abial Perry.
24. Same to Selectmen of Prospect, John Hovey, Leonard Jarvis.
25. Same to F. Carr, Samuel K. Whitney, W. D. Williamson, J. W. Carr Josiah Hooke, Ephraim Goodale, Dr. Oliver Man and John Chandler.
26. Wrote many letters.
27. Sunday, attended meeting; heard a Mr. Porter, old '76 sermon.
28. Sundry letters and documents sent.
- July 1. Five dollars advanced to Col. Charles Turner for my passage to Baltimore; went to Mr. Madison's Levee, 63 ladies present and about 70 gentlemen.
2. Wrote letters.

2. Wrote letters.
- July 1. Five dollars advanced to Col. Charles Turner for my passage to Baltimore; went to Mr. Madison's levee, 63 ladies present and about 70 gentlemen.
3. Wrote many letters.
4. Sunday, attended meeting; heard a Mr. Porter, old 75 sermon.
5. Sunday, attended meeting; heard a Mr. Porter, old 75 sermon.
6. Wrote many letters.
7. and John Chandler.
8. W. Carr, Josiah Hooker, Ephraim Goodale, Dr. Oliver Allen, Same to E. Carr, Samuel H. Whitney, W. D. Williamson, J. Same to Robertmen of Prospect, John Foster, Leonard Jarvis.
9. Atrial Ferry.
10. Elisha Robinson, Joshua Cunningham, Shimon Fowler.
11. A rainy day; sent President's message to David Perkins.
12. Warfield.
13. Brewster, Strongman, Houghton, Brewster, Dr. Mann, Col. (5) on the same; sent Robertmen of Green, Bangor, Ellington, President's message on the war and the report of Committee Phillips.
14. Attended meeting; heard a Mr. Greenfield; wrote John Report on Indian Affairs.
15. Wrote a board.
16. Wrote selection of Bangor, Houghton and Brewer. Paid two debt, injunction of society taken on.
17. The War Bill passed both houses and signed by the President.
18. Wrote Joseph; paid one week's expense \$11.75.
19. Congress spent the day discussing the bill on Treasurer's note which passed in favor.
20. Wrote J. W. Carr, Samuel Greenfield and John Reynolds.
21. Congress spent the principal part of the day on the pension bill.
22. Sunday; attended meeting, the Chaplain of Congress preached in Congress Hall.
23. Wrote to Frank and J. Barker. Congress did little; dined with Commodore Pinsky (5) with ten others.
24. Still waiting.
25. Nothing done in Congress; busy waiting for the Senate.
26. \$11.87 1-2, do back has several times \$1.50.
27. Congress act with closed doors; paid one week's expense.
28. Jockey profusely ornamental.
29. Madison. She is a really good figure of a woman with a handsome face, dressed in a light green silk with her coat or English cherries and new potatoes. The manners of Madison and his lady extremely pleasing; particularly Mrs. Madison. She is a really good figure of a woman with a handsome face, dressed in a light green silk with her coat or
30. Wrote Dr. Mann and S. Greenfield; dined with the President of the United States (Madison) with 18 other gentlemen and had a fine dinner, cooked in French fashion, many dishes; English cherries and new potatoes. The manners of Madison and his lady extremely pleasing; particularly Mrs. Madison. She is a really good figure of a woman with a handsome face, dressed in a light green silk with her coat or
31. Monday. Congress occupied chiefly in receiving remonstrances against war with Great Britain, some memorials in favor.

3. Nothing special.
4. The day spent in a splendid manner; an oration by Mr. Rush, the Comptroller of the Treasury a master piece of composition.
5. Sunday, stayed at my boarding house, not very well.
6. Finished the business of Congress and adjourned at 7 o'clock, (Received of) — Magruder Clerk of House a draft on Union Bank for \$350, No. 304. July 6, 1812 in favor of F. Carr, signed by the Cashier of the Bank of Washington, S. Eliot, Jr.

PETITION FROM INHABITANTS OF LONG ISLAND.

COMMUNICATED BY DR. J. F. PRATT, OF CHELSEA, MASS.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled. The petition and memorial of the subscribers, inhabitants of and living on certain Islands situated in Penobscot Bay, in County of Lincoln, called and known by the following name: viz Long Island, Seven hundred Acre Island, Ensign Island, Little Long Island, Lime Island, Lazdels Island, Morse Island, Saddle Island, and Western Mark Island, humbly sheweth that there is settled on the islands near sixty families who labor under many and great difficulties, from which an act of incorporation would in a great measure relieve us, as in our present state we are not able to Support Civil and Religious order as we ought; therefore we pray to be incorporated into a Town with all the privileges that other towns in this Commonwealth of like number of inhabitants enjoy. We humbly pray that your Honors would take our present disagreeable state into your wise consideration and incorporate us into a town by the name of Winchester* and as in duty bound will ever Pray.

Signed, 1787.

William Pendleton,
Shubael Williams,
Noah Dodge,
Job Pendleton,
William Philbrook,
Joseph Philbrook,
William Griffith,
Thomas Pendleton,
Peter Coombs,
Thomas Eames,
Joseph Boardman,
Jeremiah Hatch,
Gideon Pendleton,

Samuel Pendleton,
Jona. Pendleton,
✓ Godfrey Trim,
Joshua Pendleton,
William Grinnell,
George Miner,
Samuel Williams,
Amos Williams,
Jabez Eames.
John Gilkey,
Charles Thomas,
Thomas Gilkey,

Leave to bring in a bill June 18th, 1787.

*Changed to Islesborough.

DEATHS IN BANGOR.

Continued from page 183, No. 9, Vol. 2.

- 1825, Lydia Johnson, black, Single woman.
 1830, Sept. 17, Mrs. Mary wife of Preston Jones.
 1832, Nov. 2, Mary, wife of Preston Jones.
 1815, Nov. 13, Susan J. daughter of Stephen Kimball.
 1818, July 7, Daniel H., son of Stephen Kimball.
 1819, Aug. 15, Sarah, daughter of "
 1826, May 14, Caroline F., daughter of Stephen Kimball.
 1831, Feb. 28, Mrs. Rebecca, wife of "
 1833, Nov. 14, Mrs. Lydia F., wife of "
 1825, Aug. 8, Mrs. Hepsibah, wife of Daniel Kimball.
 1816, June 13, Wm. Knight, killed by Peol Susup.
 1829, March 28, Sarah Mason daughter of Edward Kent.
 1814, Feb. Jona. Lowder, 80.
 1815, July 15, Thomas Low, drowned.
 1818, Feb. 15, Joseph W. son of Rev. Harvey Loomis.
 1820, March 6, Ann Charlotte dau. of "
 1820, March 25, Joseph W. son of "
 1824, April 8, Henry Martin, son of "
 1825, Jan. 2, Rev. Harvey Loomis.
 1819, July 14, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Nath. Little.
 1830, Dec 11, Mrs. Maria L., wife of D. C. Little.
 1819, Jan. 1, Almira, daughter of Wm. Lowder.
 1825, March 16, Ruth, daughter of Wm. Lowder.
 1821, Dec. Widow Deliverance Lowder.
 1820, Dec. 14, Davis Lambert.
 1822, Oct. Hon. Lathrop Lewis, Esq. of Gorham, 58.
 1823, June 8, Mrs. Prudence, wife of Enoch Lovell.
 1825, Dec. 9, Thomas Lambert. late of Munroe.
 1828, Sept. 18, Daniel Lambert, 2d, 26.
 1827, Sept. 26, Dorothy C. Leighton, daughter of Mrs. Perkins, 20.
 1828, Jan. 3, Oliver Leonard, Esq., 65.
 1831, Nov. Mrs. Sarah, widow of Oliver Leonard, Esq., 65.
 1832, July 4, Col. Samuel Lowder, Jr., at Turks Island.
 1829, Nov. 3, Mrs. Abiah, wife of John Lapish.
 1831, April 28, John Lapish, formerly of Durham, 46.
 1833, July, James Lovejoy, formerly of Bath, 45.
 1830, Sept. 17, Harriet L., daughter of Sam Larrabee.
 1819, Sept. 4, David McPheters.
 1825, Jan., Mehetable Myrick from Bluehill.
 1825, May 5, Margaret Orr, daughter of Jacob McGaw.
 1826, June 26, Nehemiah N. Mitchell.
 1827, June 15, Capt. Alex. McIntire, of St. George.
 1828, Aug. 10, David McClure, formerly of Cornville.

- 1828, Oct. 15, John J. Myers, of St. Thomas.
 1829, Feb., Henry Wood, 50.
 1830, March 29, Betsey Minot, 72.
 1829, Sept. 10, Capt. Amariah S. Moore, 29.
 1833, Dec. 20, Samuel Moore, 32.
 1832, April 11, Daniel McIntire, late of Kennebunk, 23.
 1831, Dec., Leonard Maxey, of Union 31.
 1833, March 9, Mrs. Sarah, wife of Andrew Maxfield.
 1833, Oct. 28, Mrs. McCarrick, formerly Mrs. Low.
 1825, Feb. 23, Eph. Goodale, son of Ben Nourse.
 1826, July 27, Ben B. Osgood, of Charlestown, Mass., 38.
 1831, July 14, Joseph Morris, of Monmouth, 57.
 1833, June, Mrs. Mary A., wife of Joshua Nowood, 23.

PETITION OF THE INHABITANTS OF MOUNT DESART, 1763.

Copied from the Spark's Manuscript in Harvard College Library.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY GOVERNOR BARNARD:

We the inhabitants of mount desart Humbly Craves your Exelency's Proteccion against the In-Crossins of the Naboring inhabetnts made upon us Consarning hay for we cannot git hay on ye island to keep our Stoks, other People Cut the hay before it gits its Groth so that they Spoil the marsh & if we Cut & hay stack it for Sleding it is Stole so that we cannot have ye Provilige of the marsh that we have Cleared Rodes too, therefore we hege that your Exelency will consider us & put a stop to this Incrossins, other ways we Shall Not be Able to keepe our Stocks & the marsh will be tottely Spiled Last Summer the People Came from the Township of No. Six and Cut part of the North east marsh where we have had a Rode this five yeare before we knew thereof & carried off some hay after we Raked & Staked it, also other hay which we Cut and Staked was Stole. The pretense is ye they have as good a right to it as the settlers. Last hay season it happened very Luckey for us that Coll. Goldthwait Came here just about the time of Cutting the marsh & we are of Opinion that if he had Not Come hear most of the Settlers on this island must have lost or kild their Stoks for want of hay. The Settlers of No. four & No. five & No. six west of mount desart River & No. 1 & No. 2 eart of mount desart River Chefly Depend on this island for hay; we would further inform your Exelency that Vessels hands & others make a Practis of Coming to this island and Cutting Lumber Such as Staves Shingles and Clapboards and other Lumber which will much discourage future Settlers. So no more but we make bold to Subscribe our Selves your Exelencys most humble Petitioners

Abraham Somes,
 Andrew Tarr,
 Stephen Gott,
 Benjm. Shandwood,
 James Richardson,

Stephen Richardson,
 Daniel Gott,
 Daniel Gott, Jun.,
 thomas Richardson,
 Elijah Richardson.

1838, June, Mrs. Mary A., wife of Joshua Newell, 23.
1831, July 14, Joseph Morris, of Mount Desert, 37.
1836, July 27, Ben H. Goodale, of Charleston, Mass., 28.
1835, Feb. 25, Eph. Goodale, son of Ben Newell.
1833, Oct. 28, Mrs. McCauley, formerly Mrs. Low.
1833, March 7, Mrs. Sarah, wife of Andrew Maxwell.
1831, Dec., Leonard Maxey, of Union St.
1832, April 11, Daniel McIntire, late of Kennedunk, 23.
1833, Dec. 20, Samuel Moore, 23.
1833, Sept. 10, Capt. Amariah S. Moore, 29.
1830, March 29, Betsey Miller, 73.
1833, Feb., Henry Wood, 30.
1838, Oct. 15, John T. Myers, of St. Thomas.

PETITION OF THE INHABITANTS OF MOUNT DESERT, 1838.

Copied from the State's Manuscript in Harvard College Library.

To his Excellency Governor Hancock:
We the inhabitants of Mount Desert humbly crave your Excellency's
Protection against the Infringement of the Inhabitant's rights
upon us concerning hay for we cannot get hay on ye island to keep our
Stocks other People Cut the hay before it gets to the field so that they
Spill the marsh & it we Cut & hay stand it for Sticks it is Sticks so
that we cannot have ye Infringement of the marsh that we have Claimed
Hedge too, therefore we beg that your Excellency will consider us & give
a stop to this Infringement, other ways we shall Not be able to keep
our Stocks & the marsh will be totally spoiled Last Summer the People
Came from the Township of No. Six and Cut part of the North end
marsh where we have had a Hedge this year we know we knew they had
& carried off some hay after we found it spoiled it also other hay
which we Cut and Staked was Spoiled. The question is ye they have no
good a right to it as the settlers. Last day season it happened very
lucky for us that Coll. Goldsworthy came here just about the time he
Cutting the marsh & we are of opinion that if he had Not Come
Near most of the Settlers on this island must have lost or killed their Stock
for want of hay. The Settlers of No. Four & No. Five & No. Six were in
mount desert River & No. 1 & No. Two have of mount desert River (they
depend on this island for hay: we would further inform your Excellency
that Vessels bands & others make a Point of Coming to this island
and Cutting Lumber such as Staves Shingles and Clapboards and other
Lumber which will much discourage future Settlers. So we must be
we make bold to Subscibe our Names your Excellency most humble

Petitioners

James Richardson,	Stephen Richardson,
Stephen Gott,	Daniel Gott,
Stephen Gott,	Daniel Gott, Junr.,
James Richardson,	Thomas Richardson,
James Richardson,	Edwin Richardson,

THE TOWN OF BUCKSTOWN, BUCKSPORT.

INCORPORATED JUNE 27, 1792.

An Act to incorporate the Plantation of Buckstown in the County of Hancock into a Town by the Name of Buckstown.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, etc. * * * That the following described tract of land, viz.: Beginning at a pine tree marked IBEBEM, standing on the shore of the Thoroughfare, (so called,) it being the south westerly corner of township Number Two; thence running north 62 1-2 degrees east, one mile and 106 rods, to Penobscot eastern river; thence northerly by said river, about one mile and a half, to an Oak tree standing by said river marked as above, thence north 52 degrees east, five miles and 125 rods to a birch tree marked; thence north twenty degrees and half west, five miles and forty rods, to a spruce tree marked; thence south seventy degrees west five miles and 184 rods, to an oak tree marked, standing on the bank of the Penobscot main river, being the south westerly corner of Orrington; thence southerly by said river to the first mentioned bounds, together with the inhabitants thereon, be, and they are incorporated into a town by the name of Buckstown. * * *

Jonathan Buck, Jr., Esq., was authorized to issue his warrant calling first meetieg.

FOURTH OF JULY IN BANGOR, 1805.

FROM THE GAZETTE OF MAINE, BUCKSTOWN, AUG. 1, 1805.

Contributed by Joseph Williamson, Esq.

The independence of America was celebrated by the Federalists of Bangor and Orrington, with splendour unequalled in these places.— With the rising sun the stars of America ascended a lofty pine fixed by nature on an eminence suitable to display the Flag of a Free People. At 1 o'clock the party met at Greenleaf's Hall, and after the usual preparation partook of an elegant dinner. Wit rebounded from side to side, and pleasure beamed in every countenance.

After dinner (17) toasts were drunk; the Music given in a fine style; and the cheers came from the heart.

THE TOWN OF BUCKSTOWN, BUCKSPORT.

INCORPORATED JUNE 27, 1792.

An Act to incorporate the Plantation of Buckstown in the County of Hancock into a Town by the Name of Buckstown.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the following described tract of land, viz.: Beginning at a pine tree marked THE HILL, standing on the shore of the Town of Buckstown, (as called), it being the south western corner of township Number Two, thence running north 63 1/2 degrees east, one mile and 106 rods, to Pond Point eastern river; thence north by said river, about one mile and a half, to an Oak tree standing by said river marked as above, thence north 52 degrees east, five miles and 125 rods to a birch tree marked; thence north twenty degrees and half west, five miles and forty rods, to a spruce tree marked; thence south seventy degrees west five miles and 144 rods to an oak tree marked, standing on the bank of the Pond Point main river, being the south western corner of Orrington; thence southerly by said river to the first mentioned bound, together with the inhabitants thereof, he, and they are incorporated into a town by the name of Buckstown. * * * Jonathan Hack, Jr., Esq., was authorized to issue his warrant calling first meeting.

FOURTH OF JULY IN BANGOR, 1865.

FROM THE GAZETTE OF MAINE, BUCKSTOWN, AUG. 1, 1865.

Contributed by Joseph W. Johnson, Esq.

The independence of America was celebrated by the Federals of Bangor and Orrington, with splendor unequalled in these places. With the rising sun the stars of America were hoisted a lofty pine fixed by nature on an eminence suitable to display the Flag of a Free People. At 1 o'clock the party met at Greenleaf's Hall, and after the usual preparation partook of an elegant dinner. With rejoicing from side to side, and pleasure beamed in every countenance. After dinner (17) toasts were drunk; the Music given in a fine style; and the cheers came from the heart.

HON. SAMUEL THATCHER AND FAMILY, OF
WARREN AND BANGOR.

Samuel Thatcher, Jr., was the son of Samuel and Mary (Brown) Thatcher of Cambridge, Mass., born there July 1, 1776. He graduated at Harvard College, 1793, studied law with Hon. Timothy Bigelow, of Groton, Mass. Settled first at New Gloucester; removed to Warren, Me., 1800. He represented the town eleven years in the General Court; was a Representative to Congress for two terms 1803—1807; Sheriff of Lincoln County from 1812 to 1821. He was one of the founders of Warren Academy. He removed to Brewer 1833, and afterward to Bangor. He died at the house of his son, George A. Thatcher in Bangor, July 18, 1872. He married Miss Sarah, daughter of Reuben and Molly (Howe) Brown of Concord, Mass., Jan. 15, 1800. She was born Dec. 17, 1776; died Sept. 22, 1851. Children:

- i. HARRIET HOWARD, b. in Warren, May 28, 1801. Unmarried. Died in Bangor, June 23, 1865; admitted to First Church, Bangor, from church in Warren, May 27, 1836.
- ii. ELIZABETH, born in Concord, Mass., April 1, 1803. Unmarried. Died in Warren, June 23, 1827.
- iii. SAMUEL, born in Warren, Feb. 11, 1805. Resided in Bangor for some years; removed to St. Anthony in 1851, where he died Aug. 31, 1861. He was much esteemed, and a promoter of every good work in his adopted State. He married Miss Elizabeth L. P. Johnston.
- iv. GEO. AUGUSTUS, b. do., Aug. 24, 1806. Came to Bangor 1822; clerk for Geo. W. Pickering until 1826, when he entered into copartnership with Mr. Pickering under the firm name of Geo. A. Thatcher & Co., and thereafter for many years a member of different firms until 1847, when he retired from active business. He joined the First Church Dec. 7, 1828; elected Deacon 1840; was Trustee of the Bangor Theological Seminary many years; Assessor several years and connected early with the anti-slavery and temperance movements in the city. He died December 1, 1885. He married Miss Rebecca Jane, daughter of Caleb C. and Nancy (Thoreau) Billings, Oct. 1, 1832. She was born June 23, 1813; died Oct. 27, 1883. The children were:
 1. George Putnam, born in Bangor, July 14, 1833. Unmarried. Resides in California.
 2. Frederick Augustus, b. do., Sept. 25, 1835; d. in Brewer, Jan. 10, 1838.
 3. Charles Alfred, b. do. May 16, 1837; d. at Red River, Louisiana, Nov. 26, 1864. He was in command of U. S. steamer, *Gazelle*.
 4. Benjamin Bussey, b. Brewer, April 21, 1839; merchant in Bangor; Representative and has held other official positions; married first, Miss Mary E., daughter of James and Eunice P. (Wyman) Walker, Jan. 24, 1866; she born Aug. 19, 1842; died Jan. 12, 1875. He married second, Miss Charlotte P.

HON. SAMUEL THATCHER AND FAMILY, OF WARREN AND BANGOR.

Samuel Thatcher, Jr., was the son of Samuel and Mary (Brown) Thatcher of Cambridge, Mass., born there July 1, 1776. He graduated at Harvard College, 1793, studied law with him. Timothy Bigelow, of Boston, Mass., settled first at New Bedford; removed to Warren, Mass., 1800. He represented the town eleven years in the General Court; was a Representative in Congress for two terms 1803-1807; Senator of Maine from 1812 to 1821. He was one of the founders of Warren Academy. He removed to Brewer, 1822, and afterwards to Bangor. He died at the house of his son, George A. Thatcher, in Bangor, July 1st, 1875. He married Miss Susan, daughter of Reuben and Abby (Brown) Brown of Concord, Mass., Jan. 12, 1800. She was born Dec. 17, 1779; died Sept. 22, 1821.

Children:

- I. HARRIET HOWARD, b. in Warren, May 25, 1801. Unmarried. Died in Bangor, June 25, 1875; buried in First Church, Bangor, from church in Warren, May 27, 1875.
- II. ELIZABETH, born in Bangor, Mass., April 1, 1802. Unmarried. Died in Bangor, June 27, 1871.
- III. SARAH, born in Bangor, Feb. 11, 1807. Married in Bangor for some years; removed to St. Andrews, N. B., where she died Aug. 23, 1871. He was an excellent and a generous of every good thing in the adopted state. He married Miss Elizabeth I. P. Johnson.
- IV. GEORGE ALBERT, b. Bangor, Aug. 21, 1808. Came to Bangor 1827; with his father, W. Thatcher, until 1835, when he entered into partnership with Mr. Peterson under the firm name of Geo. A. Thatcher & Co., and thereafter for many years a member of the firm. He died in Bangor, Dec. 7, 1871; buried in Bangor, Mass., from the First Church Dec. 9, 1871. He married Miss Susan, daughter of the Rev. Theophilus Bennett, of New Bedford, Mass., and was connected with the anti-slavery and temperance movements in the city. He died December 1, 1875. He married Miss Susan, daughter of Calvin C. and Nancy (Thompson) Thompson, Dec. 11, 1835. She was born June 23, 1813; died Oct. 27, 1883. The children were:
 - I. George Edmund, born in Bangor, July 15, 1836. Unmarried. Resides in California.
 2. Frederick Augustus, b. Bangor, 22, 1838; d. in Brewer, Jan. 10, 1868.
 3. Charles Albert, b. Bangor, 16, 1841; d. at New River, Louisiana, Nov. 26, 1864. He was in command of Co. A, 1st Maine Cavalry.
 4. Benjamin Francis, b. Brewer, April 21, 1845; married in Bangor; Representative and has held other official positions. Married Miss Mary E. daughter of James and Hannah T. (Wyman) Wyman, Jan. 21, 1867; she born Aug. 19, 1841. He married second Miss Johnson.

- Walker, Dec. 4, 1877. sister of first wife. His children, George T. and Lottie May.
5. Caleb Billings, b. Bangor, Nov. 5, 1840; unmarried; resides in Bangor.
 6. Sarah Frances, b. do., June 7, 1842; died in Bangor, Sept. 20.
 7. Henry Knox, b. do., Aug. 3, 1854. Physician. Resides in Dexter, Me; married Miss Annie Ross, daughter of Hugh and Ann Ross of Bangor, Jan. 17, 1882, son, Henry D. Thoreau.
- v. BENJAMIN BUSSEY, b. do., Oct. 8, 1809. He graduated at Bowdoin College, 1826. He studied Law and had an office in Boston, but abandoned that for Literature. He was an indefatigable writer; wrote well on many subjects and for many magazines and newspapers. Died in Boston, July 14, 1840.

FRENCH SETTLEMENTS IN MAINE 1688.

FROM GOVERNOR HUTCHINSON'S PAPERS IN VOL. 1, THIRD SERIES OF MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY COLLECTIONS, PAGE 82.

This paper was labelled "May 11, 1688. Names of Inhabitants between the River Penobscot and St. Croix." It was written by or for Gov. Andros of Massachusetts Bay who that year made a voyage to the eastward in the Frigate Rose*

"AT PENOBSCOT,

St. Castin and Renne his servant.†

AT AGEMOGIN REACH.

Charles St. Robin's son, La Flower and wife, St. Robin's daughter.

PETIT PLESAUCE BY MOUNT DESART.

Lowrey, wife and child; Hind's wife and four children—English.

IN WINSCHKEAGE BAY ON THE EASTERN SIDE OF MOUNT DESART.

Cadolick‡ and wife.

AT MACHIAS.

Martell, who pretends grant for the river from Quebeck; Jno. Bretoon, wife and child of Jersey, Latin wife and three children, English, his servants.

AT PESSIMAQUODDY, NEAR ST. CROIX.

St. Robin, wife and son, with like grant from Quebeck; Letrell, Jno. Minns wife and four children; Lambert and Jolly Cure, his servants.

AT ST. CROIX.

Zorzy, and Lena his servant. Grant from Quebeck.

* History of Castine, page 31.

† This Renne was probably the Jeann Renaud aged 38, his wife (Indian) and one child who was at Penobscot in 1693. This year Castine was 57 years old.

‡ See Ante Vol. 1, page 189. The King of France, in 1688, granted M. De La Motte Cadillac, land in Acadia supposed to have been at Mount Desart. It would seem that he was an actual settler there the same year.

- Walter, Dec. 4, 1877; sister of first wife. His children, George T. and Louis May.
5. Caleb Hillborn, b. Bangor, Nov. 3, 1846; unmarried; resides in Bangor.
6. Sarah Frances, b. do. June 2, 1851; died in Bangor, Sept. 20, 1881.
7. Henry Knox, b. do. Aug. 3, 1854. Physician. Resides in Bangor. Met married Miss Annie Rose, daughter of Hugh Dexter. Met married Miss Annie Rose, daughter of Hugh Dexter, Jan. 11, 1881; son, Henry, b. 1882.
8. Ann Rose of Bangor, Jan. 11, 1881; son, Henry, b. 1882.
9. Benjamin Henry, b. do. Dec. 3, 1880. His grandfather as Benjamin Hillborn. He studied law and had an office in Boston, but abandoned that for literature. He was an indefatigable worker, wrote well on many subjects and for many magazines and newspapers. Died in Boston, July 15, 1910.

FRENCH SETTLEMENTS IN MAINE, 1688.

FROM GOVERNOR HUTCHINSON'S PAPERS IN VOL. 7, THIRD SERIES OF MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY COLLECTION, PAGE 51.

This paper was labelled "May 11, 1688." Names of individuals between the River Penobscot and St. John. It was written by an Indian. Gov. Andros of Massachusetts that who that year made a voyage to the eastward in the Frigate Hawk.

"AT PENOBSCOT."

St. Castin and Rene his servant.

AT ACADEMIC BEACH.

Charles St. Robin's son, La. F. Robin and wife, St. Robin's daughter.

PEOPLE RESIDING AT MOORE BEACH.

Lowry, wife and child; Hinch's wife and four children—English.

IN WISCONSIN ARE ON THE EASTERN SIDE OF MOORE BEACH.

Catholic; and wife.

AT MAINE.

Martell, who proposes grant for the river from Quebec; Jan. 1688. Wife and child of Jersey, Latin wife and three children, English, his servants.

AT PENOBSCOT, near St. John.

St. Robin, wife and son, with the grant from Quebec; Martell, Jan. 1688. Wife and four children; James and John, with his servants.

AT ST. JOHN.

Lowry, and Jean his servant. Grant from Quebec.

* History of Canada, page 51.
+ This name was probably the Jean Hinch and St. John (Indian) and son child who was at Penobscot in 1688. The year Castin was 31 years old.
? See also Vol. 1, page 100. The King of France, in 1688, granted St. John's name to Castin, and it was approved to have been at Moore Beach. It would seem that he was an actual settler there the same year.

CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS.

CASTINE, APR. 10, 1887.

HON. JOS. W. PORTER:—

Dear Sir: In the article "Hancock County Lawyers" in the Historical Magazine for March, I notice a few errors, which I correct below, and also add a few items.

William Abbott Mayor of Bangor, 1848-1849.

Charles J. Abbott, Senator, 1866; Collector 1841 to 1845 and 1850 to 1853; died August, 1882.

Bushrod W. Hinckley, Collector at Castine part of the years 1849 and 1850. He was appointed by President Taylor in the spring of 1849; but his nomination was rejected by the Senate, when acted upon the following year Mr. Abbot was nominated and confirmed. The same error, as here corrected appears in the History of Castine.

Job Nelson moved to Orland, 1845. It is wrongly stated in the History of Castine that he moved to Orland on account of the destruction of his house by fire. This occurred three years afterwards, August 21, 1848.

Isaac Parker. I have a copy of an Oration delivered here by him July 4, 1796, printed in accordance with a request from the Castine Artillery Co.

Parker Tuck. Practiced law in *Sedgwick* previous to Bucksport lived there, I think, for a while after his appointment as Judge of Probate.

Hezekiah Williams, State Senator 1839 and 1841; Postmaster at Castine. Am not positive as to the time of his appointment, but he was removed soon after the coming in of the Harrison Administration in 1841.

William Wetmore. I doubt if he *settled* here in 1778. In Judge Peters address it is incorrectly stated that Hancock County was incorporated in 1792. The act establishing it, according to the supplement to the last Revised Statutes, was passed June 25, 1789. The county to be established May 1, 1790.

In the article "Islands in Eastern Penobscot Bay" page 213, Vol. 1, the more important purchases by John Lee are not fully given. They are as follows:

CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS.

CASTINE, APR. 10, 1887.

Hon. Jos. W. POSTER:—

Dear Sir: In the article "Hancock County Lawyers" in the Historical Magazine for March, I notice a few errors, which I correct below, and also add a few items.

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Parker Truck. Printed law in Swedish provisions to Buckport lived there, I think, for a while after his appointment as Judge of Probate.

Hezekiah Williams, State Senator 1838 and 1841; Postmaster at Castine. Am not positive as to the time of his appointment, but he was removed soon after the coming in of the Harrison Administration in 1841.

William Wetmore. I doubt if he settled here in 1778. In Judge Pease's address it is incorrectly stated that Hancock County was incorporated in 1792. The act establishing it, according to the supplement to the last Revised Statutes, was passed June 25, 1782. The county is established May 1, 1790.

In the article "Islands in Eastern Penobscot Bay," page 218, Vol. I, the more important purchases by John Lee are not fully given. They are as follows:

Butter Island, 260 acres; Eagle Island, 263 acres; Fling Island and Sloop Island; West of Eagle Island and two small Islands South of it. Hardhead Island East of it, and eight small Islands called Bow Islands lying between Butter Islands and Great Spruce Head on condition that he (Lee) quiet the previous settlers, viz: Ralph and Benjamin Annis on Butter Island and Allin Calt on Eagle Island, by granting each of them 100 acres. Consideration £89, 4s; deed signed Feb. 14, 1787; recorded Lincoln Registry, Vol. 21, page 82.

Respectfully yours,

GEORGE H. WITHERELL.

BANGOR HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Bangor Historical Society held its twenty-third annual in City Hall, January 4, 1887; and the following officers were chosen.—Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, President; Hon. E. B. Nealley, Vice-President; Rev. J. S. Sewell, D. D., Corresponding Secretary; E. F. Duren, Recording Secretary; T. M. Coe, M. D., Treasurer; N. S. Harlow, Librarian; F. H. Clergue, O. H. Ingalls, H. Gale, H. N. Fairbanks, Rev. A. Battles, A. C. Hamlin, M. D., Executive Committee. Resolutions were adopted in reference to the death of Geo. A. Thatcher, Vice-President, and of C. E. Lyon. The following are among the more recent gifts to the Society:

From the Buffalo Historical Society, its annual report; from the Oneida Historical Society, Utica, N. Y., its transactions in 1885-1886, 148 pps.; from the Wyoming Historical and Geological Society, Wilkes Barre, Pa., its proceedings, vols. 2 and 3; Newport, R. I., Historical Society, their first annual report; State Board of Health of Tennessee, their second report; the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, its proceedings and paper, 1865, '66, and '78 to '85; Lackawana Institute of History and Science, the Soranto, [Pa.] Board of Trade, Manufacturers Report on Anthracite and Gas Fuel; from Hon. H. Hamlin, the dedicatory exercises of the Washburn Memorial Library, Livermore, Me 48 pps., and the History of Paris, Oxford County, Me., 816 pps., 8 vo., with 52 illustrations. E.T.B

Butter Island, 200 acres; Eagle Island, 200 acres; Flying Island and Stoop Island; West of Eagle Island, and two small islands South of it. Hurdhead Island East of it, and eight small islands called Bow Islands lying between Butter Island and Great Sparrow Head on condition that the (Lee) palets the previous settlers, viz: Ralph and Benjamin Annis on Butter Island and Allen (son) on Eagle Island, by granting each of them 100 acres. Consideration £80, 4s; deed signed Feb. 14, 1787; recorded Lincoln Registry, Vol. 21, page 82.

Respectfully yours,

GEORGE H. WITHERELL.

BANGOR HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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From the Buffalo Historical Society, its annual report; from the Oneida Historical Society, Utica, N. Y., its transactions in 1885-1886, 148 pp.; from the Wyoming Historical and Archaeological Society, Wilkes Barre, Pa., its proceedings, vols. 2 and 3. Newport, R. I., Historical Society, their first annual report; State Board of Health of Tennessee, their second report; the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, its proceedings and paper, 1885, 98, and 75 to 83; Lachmann Institute of History and Science, the *Scenote*, [Pt.] Board of Trade, Monographs Report on Antiquities and Gas Fuel; from Hon. H. Hamlin, the dedicatory exercises of the Washburn Memorial Library, Livermore, 56 48 pp.; and the History of Paris, Oxford County, Me., 816 pp., 8 40., with 52 illustrations. 218

BOOK NOTICES.

MAINE HISTORICAL AND GENEALOGICAL RECORDER—A Quarterly Magazine, the prime object of which is the publication of topics of Historical interest pertaining to the State of Maine, and whatever of Family History may be gathered from different sources that interest the inhabitants of Maine, wherever located. Contributions solicited.

S. M. Watson, Editor and Publisher, Portland, Me., at Three Dollars per annum, in advance.

NEW ENGLAND HISTORICAL AND GENEALOGICAL REGISTER—No.

CLXI., Vol. XLI., January, 1887. In *Memoriam Majorum*. Boston, New England Historic Genealogical Society, 18, Somerset St., Three Dollars a year, in advance.

YORKSHIRE NOTES AND QUERIES. Edited by J. Horsfall Turner, Idel, Bradford, England. Comprising four Yorkshire Magazines in one, viz:—*Yorkshire Notes and Queries*, *Yorkshire Folk-Lore Journal*, *Yorkshire Bibliographer*, *Yorkshire Genealogist*, with distinct pagination. 320 pages, 50 illustrations, Part VII. Quarterly, Five Shillings per annum.

BROWN FAMILY.

CONCORD MASS.—BANGOR, ME.

Reuben Brown was son of Jotham Brown, of Concord, Mass., born May 28, 1748; lived and died there Aug. 18, 1832. He married Molly, daughter of Ezezial Howe, of Sudbury, Mass., (1771); she was born Aug. 13, 1754; died June 8, 1823; children all born in Concord:—

- i. HEPSIBAH, b. Sep. 15, 1773; m. William Heywood, of Concord, Sep. 20 1814.
- ii. SALLY, b. March 9, 1775; d. Dec. 28, 1776.
- iii. SALLY, b. Dec. 17, 1776; m. Samuel Thatcher, Jan. 15, 1800. She died in Bangor, Sept. 22, 1851. He died in Bangor, July 18, 1872.
- iv. REUBEN, b. Feb. 2, 1781; died Feb. 18, 1781.
- v. REUBEN, b. Dec. 29, 1781; lived in Concord, Mass.; died there Jan. 3, 1854.
- vi. BETSEY, b. April 30 1784; m. first Charles Hammond, of Bangor, 1806. He died April 12, 1815. She m. second, Caleb C. Billings, of Bangor, June 7, 1818. He died, Nov. 17, 1833. She died, Dec. 18, 1871.
- vii. TILLY, b. July 21, 1787; d. Lagrange, Me., Dec. 30, 1826.
- viii. DEA. GEORGE W., b. Feb. 3, 1792; merchant in Bangor; d. Jan. 15, 1850; m. Miss Sophia Hammond, 1816. She died, Nov. 4, 1881.

* Ante, No. II., Vol. 2, page 43.

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- Edited by J. Horatio Turner, Librarian, England. Comprising four volumes the plan is in one, viz.—
1. The New and Ancient Families of the New England States.
2. The New and Ancient Families of the New England States.
3. The New and Ancient Families of the New England States.
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BROWN FAMILY.

CONCORD, MASS.—BAXBORN, ME.

Reuben Brown was son of Nathan Brown of Concord, Mass. born May 28, 1744; died and died there Aug. 18, 1832. He married Molly, daughter of Ezekiel Howe, of Andover, Mass. (1771); she was born Aug. 13, 1754; died June 8, 1823; child—

1. HERBERT, b. Sep. 13, 1773; m. William Baxborn of Concord, Mass. 1816.
2. SALLY, b. March 2, 1775; d. Dec. 26, 1776.
3. SALLY, b. Dec. 17, 1776; m. Samuel Thompson, Jan. 15, 1800; she died in Bangor, Dec. 21, 1821. He died in Bangor, July 12, 1822.
4. HERBERT, b. Feb. 2, 1781; died Feb. 12, 1781.
5. HERBERT, b. Dec. 22, 1782; died in Concord, Mass.; died there Jan. 1, 1824.
6. BAXBORN, b. April 30, 1784; m. Mrs. Thomas Hammond of Bangor, Jan. 1812; she m. second, Daniel C. Hillings of Bangor, June 7, 1816. He died Nov. 17, 1832. She died Dec. 12, 1827.
7. THOMAS, b. July 21, 1787; m. Margaret M., Dec. 20, 1820.
8. GEORGE, W. A., b. Feb. 3, 1792; m. Margaret in Bangor; d. Jan. 15, 1830; m. Miss Sophia Hammond, 1816. She died Nov. 4, 1827.

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

VOL. II.

BANGOR, ME., JUNE, 1887.

No. XII

THE FIRST EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT IN NEW ENGLAND.

Nov. 8, 1603. King Henry IV, of France, granted to Pierre du Gast Sieur de Mont, a Patent, constituting him Lieutenant General of all the territory in America from the fortieth to the 46th degree of north latitude, with power to subdue the natives and convert them to the Christian faith. This Patent was found to include all the coast from Cape Breton to Hudson's River. De Mont also obtained another Patent giving him the exclusive right to the fur trade in America. For the purposes of exploration, settlement and trade, he fitted out two vessels, and sailed for his grant from Havre de Grace, France, Apr. 7, 1604. With him were de Poutrincourt and Samuel Champlain—who had been here in previous years, and who was said to have been authorized by the King to keep records, make plans and report to him directly and personally. On the rolls of the company were other gentlemen of rank, soldiers inured to foreign service, sailors who were familiar with American waters, skilled mechanics of every trade and farmers. They sighted Cape Sable May 1st, and May 10th were at what is now Liverpool, Nova Scotia. They remained there but a short time and continued their voyage until they came to the Bay of Fundy which they explored. On St. John's day they came to a great river full of fish and islands; this river they named St. John's river. From that point they sailed out by the islands known as the Wolves, and by other islands one of

BANGOR HISTORICAL MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY.

Vol. II. BANGOR, ME., JUNE, 1887. No. XII.

THE FIRST EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT IN NEW ENGLAND.

Nov. 8, 1603. King Henry IV. of France, granted to Pierre du Gast Sieur de Mont, a Patent, constituting him Lieutenant General of all the territory in America from the fortieth to the fifth degree of north latitude, with power to subdue the natives and convert them to the Christian faith. This Patent was found to include all the coast from Cape Breton to Hudson's River. De Mont also obtained another Patent giving him the exclusive right to the fur trade in America. For the purpose of exploration, settlement and trade, he fitted out two vessels, and sailed for the grant from Havre de Grace, France, Apr. 7, 1604. With him were the Poutrebec and Samuel Champlain—who had been here in previous years, and who was said to have been authorized by the King to keep records, make plans and report to him directly and personally. On the rolls of the company were other gentlemen of rank, soldiers, trained to foreign service, sailors who were familiar with American waters, skilled mechanics of every trade and farmers. They sighted Cape Sable May 1st, and May 10th were at what is now Liverpool, Nova Scotia. They remained there but a short time and continued their voyage until they came to the Bay of Fundy, which they explored. On St. John's day they came to a great river full of fish and islands; this river they named St. John's river. From that point they sailed out by the islands known as the Wolves, and by other islands one of

which was said to be six leagues long and called by the natives Manthane, now Grand Manan. The other island, now Campobello, Deer Island and Moose Island, now Eastport. Sailing northward up the Passamaquoddy Bay they came to a river which they named the Saint Croix river; going up this river they came to two islands, upon the larger of which they concluded to make their stand. This island they named the Isle de Saint Croix. It is now known as Dochet or Neutral Island. It was originally much larger than it now is. It is within the bounds of the State of Maine, and lays off the south east corner of the City of Calais, and I think belongs to that city. The United States has a light house on the island. Work began, houses were built, also a Chapel "after the savage fashion." Gardens were laid out, and fortifications erected, the place being strong by nature. Much other preparation was made for the future needs of the colony. A history of Champlain's voyages with illustrations was printed by him in Paris in 1613. The Prince Society, of Boston has lately reprinted in English the history, with *fac similes* of the original illustrations which shows what an extensive establishment was then begun on the Island and also the main land.

On the main land right off against the island to the westward were "fresh water brooks very pleasant and agreeable." These brooks which are now Birch Brook and Beaver Brook at Red Beach in Calais, remain the same as they did 284 years ago.

As soon as DeMont had got every thing on the island in good order his men went over to the main land at Red Beach and built houses and barns and began a mill on Beaver Brook, where the Red Beach Plaster Company Mill now is. On Champlain's map 1613 he designated the place of the mill and says, "DeMont's Water Mill begun here." Upon the same map gardens were designated there. The nature of the soil was most excellent and abundantly fruitful. They cleared land and sowed rye. It is claimed that the first grain grown in New England, if not in the United States, was grown on the rye fields of Red Beach.

Mark L'Escarbot* who was with DeMont at the time, wrote in 1609 a history of this settlement; he says, "DeMont was not able

Modern names are used in this article.

* Belknap's American Biographies Vol. II, Page 24-25.

which was said to be six leagues long and called by the natives Montano, now Grand Manan. The other island, now Campobello, Deer Island and Moose Island, now Eastport. Sailing northward up the Passamaquoddy Bay they came to a river which they named the Saint Croix river; going up this river they came to two islands, upon the larger of which they concluded to make their stand. This island they named the Island Saint Croix. It is now known as Dochet or Neutral Island. It was originally much larger than it now is. It is within the bounds of the State of Maine, and lays off the south-east corner of the City of Calais, and I think belongs to that city. The United States has a light house on the island. Work houses, houses were built, also a Chapel for the savage fashion. Gardens were laid out and fortifications erected, the place being strong by nature. Much other preparation was made for the future needs of the colony. A library of Champlain's voyages with illustrations was printed by him in Paris in 1613. The French Society of France has lately republished in English the history, with five plates of the original illustrations which shows what an extensive establishment was then begun on the island and also the main land.

On the main land right off against the island to the westward were "fresh water brooks very pleasant and agreeable." There were brooks which are now Birch brook and Beaver brook at Red Beach in Calais, remain the same as they did 250 years ago. As soon as DeMeillon had got every thing on the island in good order his men went over to the main land at Red Beach and built houses and barns and began a mill on Beaver brook, where the Red Beach Paper Company Mill now is. On Champlain's map 1613 he designated the place of the mill and says "DeMeillon's Water Mill began here." Upon the same map gardens were designated there. The nature of the soil was most excellent and abundantly fruitful. They cleared land and sowed rice. It is claimed that the first grain grown in New England is not in the United States, was grown on the site of Red Beach.

Mark L. Eschscholtz, who was with DeMeillon at the time, wrote in 1869 a history of this settlement; he says, "DeMeillon was not only

to tarry for the maturity of the grain to reap it, but notwithstanding, the fallen grain had grown and increased so wonderfully that two years after he did reap and gather of it as fair, big and weighty as in France which the soil brought forth without any tillage, and in 1609 it did still continue to multiply."

In the mean time Poutrencount sailed for France, on the last day of August, and Champlain had been dispatched on a voyage southward along the coast. He sailed Sept. 2, and visited Mount Desart, Isle Haute, Penobscot river (Norumbega) and going nearly to the Kennebec river when he found himself short of provisions, he concluded to return and arrived at Saint Croix Oct. 2, 1604. Winter came on early and these French men were not prepared for it. Oct. 6, snow came, "hoary, snowy winter" they called it. It continued so cold that the men were obliged to keep in doors nearly all winter. There was great lack of fresh vegetables, the water was not easy to get, it being only to be had from Beaver Brook and Birch Brook, at Red Beach. The scurvy came and all were sick, out of seventy-six nearly one half died.* DeMont became disheartened and resolved to make further search for a more suitable place. June 15 two vessels arrived at Saint Croix with men and supplies. June 18 DeMont taking with him Champlain and several other gentlemen, twenty sailors and two savages, started on a voyage southward. They took about the same route that Champlain had taken the year before, to Kennebec, thence to Casco Bay, Old Orchard Beach, Isle of Shoals, Plymouth, Mass., and Cape Cod. DeMont came to no conclusion, just the place he wanted he did not find, and he returned to Saint Croix, arriving there August 2nd.

He soon after determined to remove his Colony to Port Royal. Taking his men and stores with him, he arrived there about the first of September. He erected new buildings at the mouth of the river there. The stores and people were lodged there, and DeMont having put his affairs in as good order as possible, sailed for France the last of September, leaving Dupont as his Lieutenant, and Champlain to perfect the settlement and explore the country. DeMont made other voyages but was unsuccessful. It was said

* The different translators of the histories of the old voyagers do not always agree as to dates.

that the King was dissatisfied with him and revoked his Patents because DeMont had allowed the English and Dutch to get possession of much of the country.

The Saint Croix settlement was the first *bona fide* attempt to make a European settlement in New England, to clear land, to till the soil, to build houses and barns and mills. It was not intended merely for a rendezvous for traders and fishermen, it was too far inland for such purposes. I am of the opinion that the real settlement was to have been on the main land at Red Beach, every thing points in that way. The island was too small for the objects contemplated, there was no water there, and but little room for an increasing population. It was probably occupied and fortified for the purposes of protection of those who might occupy and settle on the main land.

The Saint Croix settlement failed, why, it is not so easy to see. It could not have been the climate, for the French in after years, became used to it still further north. Religious toleration was to be enjoyed by all who came on the voyage. It was afterward claimed that the mixture of religions, Huguenot and Catholic was one cause of its failure. As far as DeMont was concerned his contract to convert the natives to the Christian (Catholic) faith was a pure business transaction, as he was himself a Protestant.

For information relating to the Saint Croix settlement, I refer to Belknap's American Biographies Vol. 2; Williamson's History of Maine, Vol. 1; General John Marshall Brown's valuable article in the Collections of the Maine Historical Society Vol. VII; Letters of William Henry Kilby in the *Eastport Sentinel* in 1884; Champlain's voyages, printed by the Prince Society of Boston, Vol. II; The Centennial History of America Vol. IV, Justin Winsor, Editor.

Much that has been written in other histories about Saint Croix is mixed and unreliable. Mr. Thomas W. Higginson in his book of American Explorers in a chapter under the head of "Unsuccessful Settlements in New England" alluded to Weymouth's voyage, and the Popham settlement, neither of which will hardly come under the head of unsuccessful settlements, while no allusion whatever is made to Saint Croix. Such history is easy going, and of no real value.

THE VOYAGE OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN ON THE COAST OF MAINE,
FROM THE SAINT CROIX TO THE PENOBSCOT IN THE MONTH OF
SEPTEMBER, 1604*

From the Prince Society's publication of Champlain's Voyages, Vol. II, pages 38 to 49, Boston, 1880. This translation from the French is by Charles Pomroy Otis, Ph. D. with historical illustrations, and a memoir by the Rev. Edmund F. Slafter, A. M.

"On the Coast, Inhabitants, and River of Norumbegue, and of all that occurred during the exploration of the latter 1604.

After the departure of the vessels† *Sieur de Monts* without losing time decided to send persons to make discoveries along the coast of Norumbegue; and he intrusted me with this work which I found very agreeable.

In order to execute this commission I set out from St Croix on the 2nd. of Sept with a petache of 17 or 18 tons, 12 sailors and 2 savages, to serve us as guides to the places with which they were acquainted. The same day we found the vessels where *Sieur de Pontreincourt* was which were anchored at the mouth of the St. Croix‡ in consequence of bad weather, which place we could not leave before the 5th of the month. Having gone two or three leagues seaward, so dense a fog arose that we at once lost sight of their vessels. Continuing our course along the coast, we made, the same day, some 25 leagues, and passed by a large number of islands, banks, reefs and rocks, which in places extend more than four leagues out to sea. We called the islands the Ranges,§ most of which are covered with pines, firs, and other trees of an inferior sort. Among these islands are many fine harbors, but undesirable for a permanent settlement. The same day we passed also near to an island about 4 or 5 leagues long, in the neighborhood off which we just escaped being lost on a little rock on a level with the water, which made an opening in our bark near the keel. From this island to the main land|| on the north, the distance is less than a hundred paces. It is very high, and notched in places so that there is the appearance to one at sea, as of 7 or 8 mountains extending along near each other. The summit of the most of them is destitute of trees, as there are only rocks on them. The woods consist of pines, firs and birches only. I named it *Isle des Monts Deserts*.¶ The latitude is 44° 30'.

* The notes are by the Editor of this magazine.

† Which sailed from St. Croix for France the last day of August, 1604.

‡ Probably now known as West Quoddy Head.

§ These islands were probably those now called Great Wass Island, Head Harbour Island, Bryer's Island, Beal's Island, and others in Englishman's Bay.

|| Now Trenton.

¶ Or, *Isle de Mont Desart*.

THE VOYAGE OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN ON THE COAST OF MAINE,
FROM THE SAINT CHAUX TO THE PENOBSCOT IN THE MONTH OF
SEPTEMBER, 1604.*

From the Prince Society's publication of Champlain's Voyages, Vol. II, pages 28 to 40, Boston, 1866. This translation from the French is by Thomas Penny, Esq., F.R.S., with historical illustrations, and a memoir by the Rev. Edmund N. Sothern, A.M.

"On the Coast, Inhabitants, and River of Norumbegue, and of all that occurred during the exploration of the latter 1604. After the departure of the vessel, Sieur de Monts without losing time decided to send persons to make discoveries along the coast of Norumbegue; and he intrusted me with this work which I found very agreeable.

In order to execute this commission I set out from St. Chaux on the 2nd of Sept with a patache of 17 or 18 tons, 12 sailors and 2 voyageurs, to serve us as guides to the places with which they were acquainted. The same day we found the houses where Sieur de Pontreue was which were anchored at the mouth of the St. Chaux in consequence of bad weather which place we could not leave before the 5th of the month. Having gone two or three leagues seaward, so dense a fog arose that we at once lost sight of land vessels. Continuing our course along the coast, we made, the same day, some 25 leagues, and passed by a large number of islands, banks, reefs and rocks, which in places extend more than four leagues out to sea. We visited the islands the Harp, 3 miles of which are covered with trees, fir, and other trees of an inferior sort. Among these islands are many fine harbours, but unsuitable for a permanent settlement. The same day we passed also near to an island about 4 or 5 leagues long, in the neighbourhood of which we had a cape being lost on a little rock on a level with the water, which made an opening in our track near the beach. From this island to the main land, on the north, the distance is less than a hundred leagues. It is very high, and notched in places so that there is the appearance of one at sea, as of 7 or 8 mountains extending along near each other. The summit of the most of them is destitute of trees, as there are only rocks on them. The woods consist of pines, fir, and bushes only. I named it Isle des Monts Harp. The latitude is 44° 30'.

* The notes are by the Editor of this magazine.

† Which sailed from St. Chaux the 1st day of August, 1604.

‡ Probably now known as New Grand Bay.

§ These islands were mistaken for ones now called Great West Island, Head Harbour Island, Big Bay, and others in Englishman's Bay.

|| Now Trenton.

¶ Or Isle des Monts Harp.

The next day, the 6th of the month (Sept.) we sailed two leagues and perceived a smoke in a cove at the foot of the mountains * above mentioned. We saw two canoes rowed by savages, which came within musket range to observe us. I sent our two savages in a boat to assure them of our friendship. Their fear of us made them turn back. On the morning of the next day, they came alongside of our barque and talked with our savages. I ordered some biscuit, tobacco, and other trifles to be given them. These savages had come beaver hunting and to catch fish, some of which they gave us. Having made an alliance with them they guided us to the river of Pentagouet, † so called by them, where they told us was their captain named Bessabez, chief of this river. I think this river is that which several pilots and historians, call Norembeque, and which most have described as large and extensive with very many islands, its mouth being in latitude $43^{\circ} 30'$, according to others in 44° more or less; with regard to the deflection, I have neither read nor heard any one say any thing. It is related also that there is a large, thickly settled town of savages, who are adroit and skillful, and who have cotton yarn. I am confident that most of those who mention it have not seen it, and speak of it because they have heard persons say so, who knew no more about it than they themselves. I am ready to believe that some may have seen the mouth of it, because there are in reality many islands, and it is, as they say, in latitude 44° at its entrance. But that any one has ever entered it there is no evidence for then they would have described it in another manner, in order to relieve the minds of many, of this doubt. I will accordingly relate truly what I explored and saw from the beginning as far as I went.

In the first place, there are at its entrance several islands, distant 10 or 12 leagues from the main land, which are in latitude 44° , and $18^{\circ} 40'$ of the deflection of the magnetic needle. The Isle des Monts Deserts forms one of the extremities of the mouth on the east: the other is low land, called by the savages, Bedabedec, to the west of the former, the two being distant from each other 9 or 10 leagues. Almost midway between these, out in the ocean, there is another island very high and conspicuous, which on this account I have named Isle Haute. All around there is a vast number, of varying extent and breadth, but the largest is that of the Monts Deserts. Fishing and hunting are very good here. The fish are of various kinds. Some two or three leagues from the point of Bedabedec ‡ as you coast northward along the main land which extends up this river there are very high elevations of land § which in fair weather are seen 12 or 15 leagues at sea. Passing to the south of the Isle Haute, and coasting along the same for a quarter of a league, where there are some reefs out of water, and heading to the west, until you open all the mountains, northward of this island, you can be sure that by keeping in sight the eight or nine peaks of the Monts Deserts, you will cross the Norumbegue; and in order to enter it

* Probably Bass Harbor or Seal Cove.

† Penobscot River.

‡ Probably Owl's Head.

§ Probably the mountains of Camden.

you must keep to the north, that is towards the highest mountains of Bedabedec, when you will see no islands before you and can enter sure of water enough although you see a great many breakers, islands, and rocks to the east and west of you. For greater security one should keep the sounding lead in hand. And my observations led me to conclude that one cannot enter this river in any other place, except in small vessels or shallops. For as I stated above there are numerous islands, rocks, shoals, banks and breakers on all sides, so that it is marvelous to behold.

Now to resume our course; as one enters the river, there are beautiful islands which are very pleasant and contain fine meadows*. We proceeded to a place to which the savages guided us, where the river is not more than an eighth of a league broad† and at a distance of some 200 paces from the western shore there is a rock‡ on a level with the water of a dangerous character. From here to the Isle Haute it is 15 leagues from this narrow place, where there is the least breadth we had found; after sailing some 7 or 8 leagues we came to a little river§, near which it was necessary to anchor, as we saw before us a great many rocks which are uncovered at low tide, and since also, if we had desired to sail farther, we could have gone scarcely half a league, in consequence of a fall|| of water there coming down a slope of 7 or 8 feet, which I saw as I went there in a canoe with our savages; and we found only water enough for a canoe. But excepting the fall which is some 200 paces broad, the river is beautiful and unobstructed up to the place where we had anchored. I landed to view the country, and going on a hunting excursion, found it very pleasant as far as I went. The oaks appear here as if planted for ornament. I saw only a few firs, but numerous pines on one side of the river¶; on the other only oaks,** and some copsewood which extends far into the interior. And I will state that from the entrance to where we went, about 25 leagues, we saw no town, nor village, nor the appearance of there having been one, but one or two cabins of the savages without inhabitants. These were made in the same way as those of the Souriquois, being covered with the bark of trees. So far as we could judge, the savages on this river are few in number and are called Etechemins. Moreover they only come to the islands, and that only during some months in summer for fish and game of which there is a great quantity. They are a people who have no fixed abode so far as I could observe and learn from them. For they spend the winter now in one place and now in another, according as they find

* I have made some examinations of these islands and I can find nothing of what we call meadows or grass fields.

† At Fort Point.

‡ Fort Point Ledge.

§ The Kenduskeag River,

|| Treat's Falls at Bangor where the dam now is.

¶ In what is now Brewer where the first settlers came 1769-70, the pine trees were large and plenty.

** On the Bangor side of the river, northerly of the Kenduskeag was a magnificent forest of oak trees, specimens of which may now be seen on the grounds of Deacon William S. Dennett. Rev. Seth Noble, the first minister of Bangor was ordained under some ancient spreading oaks in the square between Broadway and French streets, and Hancock and York streets, Sept. 10, 1786.

you must keep to the north, that is towards the highest mountains of Labrador, when you will see no islands before you and can enter some of water enough although you see a great many breakers, islands, and rocks to the east and west of you. For greater security one should keep the sounding lead in hand. And my observations led me to conclude that one cannot enter this river in any other place, except in small vessels or shallops. For as I stated above there are numerous islands, shoals, banks and breakers on all sides, so that it is necessary to behold.

Now to resume our course; as one enters the river, there are beautiful islands which are very pleasant and contain fine meadows*. We proceeded to a place to which the savages called us, where the river is not more than an eighth of a league broad and at a distance of some 200 paces from the western shore there is a rock on a level with the water of a dangerous character. From here to the lake there is 10 leagues from this narrow place, where there is the best breadth we had found; after sailing some 7 or 8 leagues we came to a little river, near which it was necessary to anchor, as we saw before us a great many rocks which are uncovered at low tide, and since then, if we had desired to sail farther, we could have gone scarcely half a league, in consequence of a fall of water then coming down a slope of 7 or 8 feet which saw as I went there in a canon with our savages; and we found only water enough for a canoe. But excepting the fall which is some 200 paces broad, the river is beautiful and unobstructed up to the place where we had anchored. I wished to view the country and going on a hunting excursion, found it very pleasant as far as I went. The falls appear here as if painted for ornament. I saw only a few but numerous pines on one side of the river; on the other only oaks**, and some aspenwood which extends far into the interior. And I will state that from the entrance to where we were, about 25 leagues, we saw no town, nor village, nor the appearance of any human dwelling, but one or two cabins of the savages without inhabitants. These were made in the same way as those of the Montagnais, being covered with the bark of trees. So far as we could judge, the savages on this river are few in number and are called Eschemons. However they only come to the islands, and that only during some months in summer for fish and game of which there is a great quantity. There are a people who have an abode as far as I could observe and learn from them. For they spend the winter now in one place and now in another, according as they find

* I have made some examinations of these islands and I saw that many of them were all meadows or grass fields.
 † At Port Louis.
 ‡ Port Louis Island.
 § The Rivière du Saint.
 ¶ There is a small river where the first settlers came 1500th the first time were farm and plenty.
 ** On the eastern side of the river, north of the falls, there was a magnificent forest of oak trees, specimens of which may now be seen on the grounds of the farm of M. de la Roche. The first minister of Canada was ordered to give some seeds of these oaks to the savages between Montreal and French Creek, and Huron and Port Huron, Sept. 10, 1700.

the best hunting, by which they live when urged by their daily needs, without laying up anything for times of scarcity, which are sometimes severe.

Now this river must of necessity be the Norumbegue; for having coasted along past it as far as the 44° of latitude, we have found no other on the parallel above mentioned except that of the Quinibequy*, which is almost in the same latitude but not of great extent. Moreover, there cannot be in any other place a river extending far into the interior of the country since the great river St. Lawrence washes the coast of LaCadie and Norumbegue, and the distance from one to the other by land is not more than 45 leagues or 60 at the widest point, as can be seen on my geographical map.

Now I will drop this discussion to return to the savages who had conducted me to the falls of the river Norumbegue, who went to notify Bessabez, their chief, and other savages, who in turn proceeded to another little river to inform their own, named Cabahis, and give him notice of our arrival.

The 16th of the month there came to us some 30 savages on assurances given them by those who had served as guides. There came also to us the same day, the above named Bessabez with six canoes. As soon as the savages who were on the land saw him coming they all began to sing, dance and jump until he had landed. Afterward they all seated themselves in a circle on the ground as is their custom, when they wish to celebrate a festivity, or a harangue is to be made. Cabahis, the other chief, arrived also a little later with 20 or 30 of his companions who withdrew one side and enjoyed greatly seeing us, as it was the first time they had seen Christians. A little while after I went on shore with two of my companions and two of our savages, who served as interpreters. I directed the men in our barque to approach near the savages, and hold their arms in readiness to do their duty in case they noticed any movement of these people against us. Bessabez, seeing us on land, bade us sit down, and began to smoke with his companions, as they usually do before an address. They presented us with venison and game. I directed our interpreter to say to our savages that they should cause Bessabez, Cabahis and their companions to understand that *Sieur de Monts* had sent me to see them and also their country, and that he desired to preserve friendship with them and to reconcile them with their enemies the *Souriquois* and *Canadains* and moreover that he desired to inhabit their country, and show them how to cultivate it in order that they might not continue to lead so a miserable life as they were doing, and some other words on the same subject. This, our savages interpreted to them at which they signified their great satisfaction, saying that no greater good could come to them than to have our friendship, and that they desired to live at peace with their enemies and that we should dwell in their land, in order that they might in future more than ever before engage in hunting beavers and give us a part of them in return for our providing them with things which they wanted.

*Kennebec river.

the best hunting, by which they live when urged by their daily needs, without laying up anything for times of scarcity, which are sometimes severe.

Now this river must of necessity be the Normandegue; for having coasted along past it as far as the 44° of latitude, we have found no other on the parallel above mentioned except that of the Quinipougue, which is almost in the same latitude but not of great extent. Moreover, there cannot be in any other place a river extending far into the interior of the country since the great river St. Lawrence washes the coast of Lacadie and Normandegue, and the distance from one to the other by land is not more than 40 leagues or 60 at the utmost point, as can be seen on any geographical map.

Now I will drop this dissertation to return to the savages who had invited me to the fall of the river Normandegue, who went to bring Hoesabeg, their chief, and other savages, who in their passage to another little river to inform their own, named Cabadis, and give them notice of our arrival.

The 18th of the month there came to us some 30 savages on a canoe, given them by those who had served us well. Their canoe was as the same day the shore named Hoesabeg with 40 others. As soon as the savages who were on the land saw the canoe they all began to sing dance and jump with the last, and all rushed themselves in a circle on the ground as a dance, which they wish to celebrate a festival or a dance as to be made. Then his other chief arrived also a little later with 20 or 30 of his men, and they all withdrew one side and enjoyed greatly seeing us, and the first time they had seen Christians. A little while after I went on shore with two of my companions and two of our savages, who were as interpreters. I directed the men in our canoe to approach near the savages, and hold their arms in readiness to do their duty in case they noticed any movement of these people against us. The savages seeing us on land made us all bow, and began to smoke with their companions as they usually do when on a visit. They presented us with tobacco and game. I directed our interpreter to say to our savages that they should cause Hoesabeg, Cabadis and their companions to understand that since de Monts had sent me to see them, and also their country, and that he desired to preserve friendship with them and to reconcile them with their enemies the Hurons and Canadians and to prevent that he desired to inform their country, and show them how to cultivate it in order that they might not continue to lead so a miserable life as they were doing, and some other words on the same subject. Then our savages interpreted to them at which they signified their great satisfaction, saying that no greater good could come to them than to have our friendship, and that they desired to live at peace with their enemies and that we should dwell in their land, in order that they might in it and more than ever before engage in hunting, and give us a portion of them in return for our providing them with things which they wanted.

After he had finished his discourse I presented them with hatchets, patternsters, caps, knives and other little knick-nacks when we separated from each other. All the rest of this day and the following night until break of day, they did nothing but dance, sing and make merry, after which we traded for a certain number of beavers. Then each party returned, Bessabez with his companions on the one side and we on the other, highly pleased at having made the acquaintance of this people. The 17th of the month I took the altitude and found the latitude $45^{\circ} 25'$. This done we set out for another river called *Quinibequy** distant from this place 35 leagues and nearly 20 from *Bedabedec*. This nation of savages of *Quinibequy* are called *Etchemins* as well as those of *Norumbegue*.

The 18th of the month we passed near a small river† where *Cabahis* was, who came with us in our barque some 12 leagues; and having asked him whence came the river *Norumbegue*, he told me that it passed the fall‡ which I mentioned above and that one journeying some distance on it enters a lake by way of which they came to the river of *St. Croix* by going some distance overland and then entering the river of the *Etchemins*. Moreover another river enters the lake along which they proceeded some days and afterwards enter another Lake and pass through the midst of it. Reaching the end of it, they make again a land journey of some distance and then enter another little river which has its mouth a league from *Quebec* which is on the great river *St. Lawrence*.‡

All these people of *Norumbegue* are very smartly dressed in beaver skins and other furs like the *Canadians* and *Souriquois* savages and they have the same mode of life.

The 20th of the month we sailed along the western coast and passed the mountains of *Bedabedec*§ where we anchored. The same day we explored the entrance to the river where large vessels can approach; but there are inside some reefs to avoid which one must advance with sounding lead in hand. Our savages left us, as they did not wish to go to *Quinibequy* for the savages of that place are great enemies to them. We sailed some eight leagues along the western coast to an island|| ten leagues distant from *Quinibequy*, where we were obliged to put in on account of bad weather and contrary wind. At one point in our course we passed a large number of islands and breakers extending some leagues out to sea and very dangerous. And in view of the bad weather, which was unfavorable to us, we did not sail more than three or four leagues further. All these Islands and coasts are covered with extensive woods of the same sort as that which I have reported above as existing on the other coasts. And in consideration of the

* The *Kennebec*.

† The *Passagussawakeag* at *Belfast*.

‡ The Indians had trails from the *Penobscot* by the way of *Passadumkeag* and *Schoodie* to the *St. Croix* river by way of the *Mattawamkeag* and *Meduxnekeag* to the *St. John's* river and by way of the *West Branch* of the *Penobscot* river crossing over to the *River Chaudiere*, and thence into the *St. Lawrence* River. I think the last lakes here mentioned must have been the lakes on the *West Branch*.—EDITOR.

§ *Megunticook* mountains.

|| This island and the other hereafter mentioned were the islands off *Whitehead* or the *St. George's* Islands.

After he had finished his discourse I presented them with hatchets, paterosters, caps, knives and other little knick-knacks when we departed from each other. All the rest of this day and the following night up to break of day they did nothing but dance, sing and make merry, after which we traded for a certain number of beavers. Then each party returned, I beset with his companions on the one side and we on the other, highly pleased at having made the acquaintance of this people. The 17th of the month I took the attitude and found the lake. This done we set out for another river called Quinipedy, distant from this place 25 leagues and nearly as from Tadoussac. This nation of savages of Quinipedy are called Tadoussacs as well as those of Normandegue.

The 18th of the month we passed near a small river where Calabie was, who came with us in our barque some 12 leagues; and having asked him whence came the river Normandegue, he told me that it passed the fall which I mentioned above and that one journeying some distance on it came by way of which they came to the river St. Croix by going some distance overhead and then entering the lake of the Michicouins. Moreover another river enters the lake along which they proceeded some days and afterwards enter another lake and pass through the night of it. Reaching the end of it, they make again a land journey of some distance and enter another little river which has its mouth a league from Quebec which is on the great river St. Lawrence.

All these people of Normandegue are very amably dressed in beaver skins and other furs like the Canadians and Sourpouls savages, and they have the same mode of life.

The 20th of the month we sailed along the western coast and passed the mountains of Tadoussac where we anchored. The same day we explored the entrance to the river where jagged rocks can approach but there are inside some reefs to avoid which one must advance with sounding lead in hand. Our savages left us as they did not wish to go to Quinipedy for the savages of that place are great enemies to them. We sailed some eight leagues along the western coast to an island ten leagues distant from Quinipedy, where we were obliged to put in on account of bad weather and contrary wind. At one point in our course we passed a large number of islands and bays extending some leagues out to sea and very dangerous. And in view of the bad weather, which was unfavorable to us, we did not sail more than three or four leagues further. All these islands and coasts are covered with extensive woods of the same sort as that which I have reported above as existing on the other coasts. And in consideration of the

* The French.
† The French.
‡ The Indians had said that the French by the way of Tadoussac and Sagadahoc to the St. Croix river by way of the Michicouins and Normandegue to the St. John's river and by way of the West Branch of the Penobscot river to the River Chaudiere, and thence into the St. Lawrence River. I think the last part of the French had been told the lake on the West Branch of the St. Lawrence River.
§ Michicouins mountains.
|| This island and the other bays mentioned were the islands of St. George's and St. George's islands.

small quantity of provisions which we had, we resolved to return to our settlement* and wait until the following year, when we hoped to return and explore more extensively. We accordingly set out on our return on the 23rd of Sept. and arrived at our own settlement on the 2nd. of October following. The above is an exact statement of all that I have observed respecting the coasts and people, but also the river of Norumbegue and there are none of the marvels there which some persons have described. I am of the opinion that this region is as disagreeable in winter as that of our settlement,† in which we were greatly deceived."

HONORABLE ISAAC PARKER, OF CASTINE, PENOBSCOT.‡

Was born in Boston, June 17, 1768. He graduated at Harvard College in 1786. He studied Law in the office of William Tudor, of Boston, was admitted to the Bar in 1789, settled in the town of Penobscot, now Castine, same year.§ He was the first lawyer east of Penobscot river. He represented the town of Penobscot in the General Court from 1791 to 1795 inclusive. He was the first Representative to Congress east of the Kennebec river, 1795-1797. He was appointed U. S. Marshall 1799 and removed to Portland. Appointed Judge of S. J. Court of Massachusetts 1806, Chief Justice in 1815. He removed to Boston 1814. He was the author of the twenty-seven volumes of Massachusetts Reports, except the first. He was Trustee of Bowdoin College eleven years. He was President of the Constitutional Convention of Massachusetts 1820. Law Professor in Harvard College. Mr. Parker was a man of middle stature, of full person, and full face, light or red complexion, blue eyes and very high forehead and remarkable bald. His manners were simple and without pretension. He was very affable, amiable and unpretending, and a most companionable and agreeable man in private life. No man excelled him in kindly feelings. He used snuff in the later years of his life immoderately. In lawship he did not give signs of ability but he grew to it, so that he was one of the most learned, accomplished lawyers in Massachusetts. He died of apoplexy 1830. He married Rebecca, daughter of Joseph Hall, of Medford, Mass. They had three sons and three daughters all of whom grew up to maturity.

* At Saint Croix.

† At Saint Croix.

‡ History of Castine, pp. 214-215; also, William Sullivan's Familiar Letters, page 3; History of Bowdoin College, page 36.

§ Williamson's History of Belfast, page 384.

small quantity of provisions which we had, we resolved to return to our settlement and wait until the following year, when we hoped to return and explore more extensively. We accordingly set out on our return on the 2d of Sept. and arrived at our own settlement on the 2d of October following. The above is an exact statement of all that I have observed respecting the coast and people, but also the river of Nottoway and there are none of the natives there which some persons have described. I am of the opinion that this region is as disagreeable in winter as that of our settlement, in which we were greatly distressed.

HONORABLE ISAAC PARKER, OF CASTINE, PENOBSCOT.

Was born in Boston, June 17, 1788. He graduated at Harvard College in 1789. He studied law in the office of William Tuckey of Boston, was admitted to the bar in 1795, settled in the town of Penobscot, now Castine, same year. He was the first lawyer east of Penobscot river. He represented the town of Penobscot in the General Court from 1791 to 1795 inclusive. He was the first Representative to Congress from the Penobscot river, 1795-1797. He was appointed U. S. Marshal 1799 and removed to Portland. Appointed Judge of the Court of Massachusetts 1802. Chief Justice in 1815. He removed to Boston 1814. He was the author of the twenty-seven volumes of Massachusetts Reports, except the first. He was Teacher of Bowdoin College, 1800-1801. He was President of the Constitutional Convention of Massachusetts 1820. Law Professor in Harvard College. Mr. Parker was a man of middle stature, of full person, and full face, light red complexion, blue eyes and very high forehead and prominent bald. His manners were simple and without pretension. He was very affable, amiable and unpretending, and a most companionable and agreeable man in private life. No man excited him in kindly feelings. He used and in the later years of his life manifested in that he was one of the most learned, accomplished lawyers in Massachusetts. He died at age 73, on the 10th of May, 1861, at the house of Joseph Hall, of Medford, Mass. They had three sons and three daughters all of whom grew up to maturity.

* At Salem, Mass.
† At Salem, Mass.
‡ History of Castine, pp. 214-215; also, William Sullivan's Castine, letters, page 1.
§ History of Bowdoin College, page 22.
|| William's History of Bowdoin, page 22.

INSCRIPTIONS FROM GRAVE STONES IN OLD BURYING GROUND IN WISCASSET, ME.

Communicated by William D. Patterson, of Wiscasset.

- Betsey Askins, daughter of Capt. Alexander, and Mrs. Elizabeth Askins, died Sept. 5th, 1793, aged 4 years.
 Ezekiel Averill, one of Washington's bodyguards, died Feb. 20, 1850, aged 95 years, 8 months.
 John Babson, died June 8, 1825, aged 44 years.
 Abigail Babson, died May 9, 1863, aged 81 years.
 Benjamin Ballard, died Nov. 10, 1798, aged 46 years.
 William Boyd, Esq., died May 26, 1846, aged 75 years.
 Capt. Thomas Boyd, b. March 5, 1779, died Oct. 12, 1835.
 Catherine Boyd, born Nov. 10, 1793, died Dec. 13, 1879.
 Hon. Moses Carleton, died Jan. 5, 1857, aged 90.
 Abigail Carleton, died Dec. 2, 1856, aged 93.
 Lydia Choate, wife of Job Choate, died Dec. 23, 1799, aged 24.
 Capt. Nathan Clark, died Apr. 17, 1848, aged 83.
 Elizabeth Clark, died Dec. 24, 1842, aged 81.
 Nathan Clark, Jr., died Dec. 9, 1837, aged 44.
 Sarah Cook, wife of Jonathan Cook, died Oct. 13, 1866, aged 79.
 Francis Cook, died May 11, 1832, aged 77.
 Susan Cook, died Feb. 19, 1832, aged 75.
 Col. Ezekiel Cutter, died Jan. 29, 1850, aged 86.
 Joshua Damon, died Sept. 27, 1871, aged 87.
 Sarah Damon, died Sept. 17, 1863, aged 77 years, 7 months.
 John Elliot, died Nov. 19, 1862, aged 94 years, 3 months.
 Samuel Fellows, born Dec. 29, 1765, died March 3, 1820.
 Stephen Emerson Fellows, born Apr. 22, 1808, died Dec. 23, 1826.
 Warren Rice Fellows, born Apr. 22, 1813, died Jan. 9, 1818.
 Mrs. Susannah Gally, wife of Mr. Richard Gally, died, August 3rd, 1800, aged 33 years.
 Capt. Joshua Hilton, died, Dec. 25, 1811, aged 65.
 Henry Hodge, died, Jan. 8 1819, aged 55.
 Sally Hodge, died, June 8, 1823, aged 45.
 Major John Hues, died Dec. 15, 1805, aged 65.
 Jemina Hues, died Sept. 16, 1823, aged 82.
 John Hues, Jr., died Sept. 14, 1796, aged 23.
 Capt. John Johnston, died Sept. 27, 1854, aged 76.
 Miss Ann, only daughter of John and Susan Johnston, born June 24, 1812, died June 24, 1844.
 Capt. Alexander Johnston, born, Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 30, 1780, died June 1, 1857.
 Elizabeth Johnston, died Jan. 16, 1852, aged 75.
 Mary Johnston, died August 4, 1862, aged 87.
 George Lowell, born Oct. 3, 1782, died Nov. 29, 1864.
 Abigail Ballard Lowell, born Aug. 11, 1791, died June 1, 1861.

INSCRIPTIONS FROM GRAVE STONES IN OLD BURYING GROUND IN WISCASSET, ME.

Communicated by William D. Patterson, of Wiscasset.

- Agigail Ballard Lowell, born Aug. 11, 1791, died June 1, 1861.
George Lowell, born Oct. 3, 1781, died Nov. 19, 1861.
Mary Johnston, died August 4, 1861, aged 87.
Elizabeth Johnston, died Jan. 16, 1872, aged 75.
died June 1, 1875.
Capt. Alexander Johnston, born, Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 30, 1750, 1812, died June 22, 1844.
Miss Ann, only daughter of John and Susan Johnston, born June 21, 1812, died Sept. 27, 1874, aged 62.
Capt. John Johnston, died Sept. 27, 1874, aged 70.
John Hunt, Jr., died Sept. 14, 1800, aged 72.
Jemima Hunt, died Sept. 16, 1824, aged 82.
Major John Hunt, died Dec. 12, 1802, aged 62.
Sally Hodge, died June 5, 1815, aged 72.
Henry Hodge, died Jan. 8, 1815, aged 65.
Capt. Joshua Hilton, died Dec. 22, 1811, aged 64.
1800, aged 75 years.
Mrs. Susannah Gally, wife of Mr. Richard Gally, died August 2nd, 1810.
Warren Rice Follows, born Nov. 22, 1817, died Jan. 10, 1840.
Stephen Emerson Follows, born Aug. 25, 1808, died March 2, 1840.
Samuel Follows, born Dec. 20, 1792, died March 2, 1840.
John Elliot, died Nov. 10, 1800, aged 64 years, 7 months.
Sarah Dutton, died Sept. 17, 1864, aged 77 years, 7 months.
Joshua Dutton, died Sept. 17, 1871, aged 87.
Col. Ezeckiel Cutler, died Jan. 20, 1850, aged 80.
Susan Cook, died Feb. 10, 1851, aged 73.
Francis Cook, died May 11, 1851, aged 77.
Sarah Cook, wife of Jonathan Cook, died Oct. 13, 1866, aged 79.
Nathan Clark, Jr., died Dec. 10, 1817, aged 44.
Elizabeth Clark, died Dec. 22, 1821, aged 81.
Capt. Nathan Clark, died Aug. 17, 1848, aged 82.
Lydia Choate, wife of John Choate, died Dec. 27, 1790, aged 44.
Agigail Carleton, died Dec. 21, 1850, aged 97.
Hon. Moses Carleton, died Jan. 21, 1857, aged 90.
Catherine How, born Nov. 10, 1799, died Dec. 12, 1879.
Capt. Thomas How, Jr., March 21, 1779, died Oct. 12, 1812.
William Hodge, Esq., died May 26, 1816, aged 75 years.
Benjamin Ballard, died Nov. 10, 1790, aged 50 years.
Agigail Babson, died May 6, 1867, aged 81 years.
John Babson, died June 2, 1818, aged 44 years.
1850, aged 62 years, 8 months.
Ezekiel Averill, one of Washington's bodyguards, died Feb. 20, 1850, aged 4 years.
Betsey Askins, daughter of Capt. Alexander, and Mrs. Elizabeth Askins, died Sept. 25th, 1793, aged 4 years.

Thomas McCrate, born in Ireland, Dec. 1, 1772, died in Wiscasset, June 30, 1835.

Susannah McCrate, died March 22, 1809, aged 28.

Hon. John D. McCrate, born in Wiscasset, Oct. 1, 1802, died in Sutton, Mass., Sept. 11, 1879.

Mr. John More, died, March 8, 1768, aged 39 yrs. 3 months.

Capt. William Nickels, died Oct. 30, 1815, aged 49 years.

Jane Nickels, wife of William Nickels, died Nov. 30, 1812, aged 37 years.

Robert P. Owen, died August 10, 1838, 40 years.

Jonathan Payson, died Oct. 9, 1800, aged 30.

Capt. Edward Payson, died September 11, 1800, age 43.

Col. David Payson, died June 5, 1814, age 53.

Gen. David Payson, died Nov. 17, 1831, age 72.

Mr. Joshua Pool late of Gloster, died June 27th, 1739, 39 years.

Mr. Joseph Russ, died Oct. 24, 1844, age 95.

Mr. Wyman B. Sevey, died March 13, 1812, in the 44th year of his age.

Mrs. Moriah Sevey, consort of Mr. John Sevey, died March 5th, 1795, age 50 years, 6 months and 27 days.

Mr. John Sevey, died Jan. 7th, 1796, age 53 years.

John Stuart, Esq., born in England, died Dec. 22, 1838, aged 87 years.

Mrs. Martha, relict of John Stuart, Esq., died Dec., 19, 1840, aged 86 years and 4 months.

Ann Stuart, died July 21, 1845, age 64.

Manasseh Smith, Esq., born at Leominster, Mass., Dec. 25, 1748, graduated at Harvard College, 1773, settled in this town 1788, died May 21, 1823.

Mrs. Hannah Smith, born Oct. 11, 1745, married to Manasseh Smith, Feb. 17, 1774, died April 16, 1825.

Joseph Emerson Smith, Esq., son of Manasseh and Hannah Smith, born at Hollis, N. H., March 6, 1782, graduated at Harvard College, 1804, settled in the practice of law in Boston, 1807, where he died, March 12, 1837.

Dea. Nymphas Stacy, died Dec. 28, 1804, aged 79.

William Stacy, Jr., died April 23, 1841, age 19.

*Copy of Inscription on East Side of Marble Monument standing
in Ancient Cemetery in Wiscasset.*

Erected

by the members of the bar
practicing in the Supreme Judicial
Court of this Commonwealth, to
express their Veneration of the

Character of the
Hon. Samuel Sewall,
late Chief Justice of the said
Court,

Thomas McCrate, born in Ireland, Dec. 1, 1775, died in Wisconsin, June 30, 1832.
 Susanah McCrate, died March 22, 1800, aged 22.
 Hon. John D. McCrate, born in Wisconsin, Oct. 1, 1801, died in Boston, Mass., Sept. 11, 1870.
 Mr. John More, died, March 8, 1708, aged 33 yrs. 3 months.
 Capt. William Nichols, died Oct. 20, 1815, aged 40 years.
 Jane Nichols, wife of William Nichols, died Nov. 30, 1812, aged 37 years.
 Robert P. Owen, died August 10, 1838, 40 years.
 Jonathan Payson, died Oct. 5, 1800, aged 30.
 Capt. Edward Payson, died September 11, 1800, age 43.
 Col. David Payson, died June 5, 1814, age 53.
 Gen. David Payson, died Nov. 17, 1781, age 72.
 Mr. Joshua Pool, late of Glenox, died June 17, 1730, 30 years.
 Mr. Joseph Rose, died Oct. 21, 1844, age 95.
 Mr. Wyman B. Severy, died March 25, 1812, in the 44th year of his age.
 Mrs. Moriah Severy, consort of Mr. John Severy, died March 20, 1707, age 50 years 6 months and 17 days.
 Mr. John Severy, died Jan. 7, 1750, age 55 years.
 John Stuart, Esq., born in England, died Dec. 21, 1812, aged 80 years.
 Mrs. Martha, relict of John Stuart, Esq., died Dec. 19, 1810, aged 86 years and 4 months.
 Ann Stuart, died July 21, 1747, age 64.
 Manasseh Smith, Esq., born in Connecticut, Mass., Dec. 25, 1748, graduated at Harvard College, 1772, settled in this town 1778, died May 21, 1825.
 Mrs. Hannah Smith, born Oct. 10, 1745, married to Manasseh Smith, Feb. 17, 1774, died April 10, 1825.
 Joseph Emerson Smith, Esq., son of Manasseh and Hannah Smith, born at Hells, N. H., March 6, 1762, graduated at Harvard College, 1801, settled in the practice of law in Boston, 1807, where he died March 12, 1837.
 Des. Nymphas Stacy, died Dec. 25, 1804, aged 70.
 William Stacy, Jr., died April 25, 1811, age 19.

Copy of inscription on East Side of Marble Monument standing in Ancient Cemetery in Wisconsin.

Enacted

by the members of the bar
 practicing in the Supreme Judicial
 Court of this Commonwealth, in
 express their Veneration of the
 Character of the
 Hon. Samuel Sewall,
 late Chief Justice of the said
 Court.

who died suddenly in this Place
on the 8th day of June, 1814,
Æt. 56.

Inscription on South Side of Monument.

Hon. Samuel Sewall,
Filius Samuelis Arm.
F. Rev. Josephi S. T. D.
F. Hon. Samuelis.
F. Henrici Arm.
F. Henrici Arm.
F. Henrici Gen.

The west side is covered with long inscription in Latin.

Inscription on North Side of Monument.

The remains of
Chief Justice Sewall,
having been here interred
afterwards were removed
and deposited in his Family
Tomb at Marblehead.

David Sylvester, first Master of Lincoln Lodge No. 3, F. and A. M.
which station he filled from 1793 till his death, Feb. 25, 1798, aged 56.
Joseph Swett, died Sept. 26, 1847, aged 79.
Ann Swett, died July 1, 1863, aged 89.
John Taylor, died August 18, 1824, aged 68.
William Taylor, died August 1, 1819, aged 66.
Sarah Taylor, died July 11, 1826, aged 63.
Joseph Tinkham, Esq., died Nov. 3rd, 1802, aged 49.
Maj. Seth Tinkham, died 29th Sept. 1828, aged 68.
Thomas Trundy, died August 27, 1838, aged 66.
Elizabeth Trundy, died July 27, 1859, aged 88.
Thomas Woodman, died on his passage from Demarara to this port,
Sept. 14th, 1796, aged 32.

LETTER FROM SILAS LEE, OF WISCASSET, M. C. FROM
MAINE, 1797-1800.

"Philadelphia, March 13, 1800.

Dear Sir: I have not nor shall I forget to pay all due attentions to
your business. The House of Representatives have passed a new Post
Office Bill in which provision is made to extend the Post road from
Bucktown to Eddytown, and I shall recommend you for post master at
that place, and because I think you a very honest man.

I am pleased to hear that the Hon. Caleb Strong is talked of for Gov-
ernor of our State.

I am dear Sir with much esteem yours,

SILAS LEE.

P. S.—I hope Mr. Strong will be voted for generally with you, and
he will be supported throughout the whole District.

Jona. Eddy, Esq., Eddytown, Maine."

who died suddenly in this place
on the 8th day of June, 1814.
A. J. 20.
Inscription on South Side of Monument.
Hon. Samuel Sewall,
F. Hon. Samuel A. A. A.
F. Hon. Joseph S. T. D.
F. Hon. Samuel A.
F. Hon. Samuel A.
F. Hon. Samuel A.
F. Hon. Samuel A.
The west side is covered with long inscription in Latin.
Inscription on North Side of Monument.
The remains of
Chief Justice Sewall,
having been here interred
afterwards were removed
and deposited in his family
Tomb at Marshfield.
David Sylvester, first Minister of Marshfield Lodge No. 7, F. and A. M.
which station he filled from 1799 till his death Feb. 25, 1804, aged 70.
Joseph Sweet, died Sept. 30, 1804, aged 70.
Ann Sweet, died Feb. 1, 1804, aged 60.
John Taylor, died August 18, 1814, aged 60.
William Taylor, died August 1, 1814, aged 60.
Sarah Taylor, died July 21, 1814, aged 60.
Joseph Tinkham, Esq., died Nov. 20, 1804, aged 45.
Maj. Seth Tinkham, died Sept. 1814, aged 60.
Thomas Tinkham, died August 27, 1814, aged 60.
Elizabeth Tinkham, died July 17, 1814, aged 50.
Thomas Woodman, died on his passage from Danvers to this port.
Sept. 14th, 1799, aged 72.

LETTER FROM SILAS LEE, OF WISCONSIN, TO C. F. FURN

MAINE, 1817-1818.
"Marshfield, March 18, 1818."
Dear Sir: I have not now shall I forget to pay all due attention to
your business. The House of Representatives have passed a new law
Office Bill in which provision is made to extend the term of the
Buckton to Edgartown, and I shall recommend you for postmaster at
that place, and because I think you a very deserving man.
I am pleased to hear that the Hon. John Strong is raised of for Gov-
ernor of our State.
I am dear Sir with much esteem yours,
Silas Lee.

P. S.—I hope Mr. Strong will be voted for generally with you, and
he will be supported throughout the whole District.
John Kddy, Esq., Edgartown, Maine.

 REV. WILLIAM MASON, OF CASTINE,

was the oldest son of Thomas and Mary Mason, of Princeton, Mass. where he was born Nov. 19, 1764. He graduated at Harvard College in 1792. He preached at several places in Mass. until 1798 when he removed to Castine, and was ordained as minister of the First Parish there, Oct. 10th of the same year. In the division between the Orthodox and Unitarians he sided with the latter being the first Unitarian minister in the eastern part of Maine. He was often elected School Committee, and was annually elected Town Treasurer for twenty-six years. In all the relations of life he was what a minister and a man should be. He was, at his own request, dismissed from his church and parish in April, 1834, removing to Bangor the same year, where he died, March 24, 1847. He married Miss Abigail Watson, of Leceister, Mass. Oct. 3, 1799. She was born July 19, 1779 and died in Bangor, March 14, 1865. Their children, all born in Castine were:

- i. JOHN, born Sept. 14, 1800. He graduated at Harvard College, 1822, and settled in Bangor. as a Physician. where he had a large and successful practice. He died 1870. He married Mrs. Caroline R. Dexter, published Nov. 18, 1847. They had several sons.
- ii. ABIGAIL, born Jan. 31, 1803, died April 15, 1813.
- iii. WILLIAM, born May 8, 1805, graduated at Bowdoin College, 1824. He taught school in Castine several years, studied medicine, having the degree of M. D. from Harvard College, 1832. He practiced medicine, in Bucksport for twenty years and removed to Charlestown, Mass., where he died March 13, 1881. He married Miss Sarah P. Bradley, of Bucksport, 1857. They had two daughters.
- iv. MARY SUSANNA, born March 26, 1807; she married Lieut. Col. Charles Thomas, of the U. S. Army, published, Oct. 28, 1832. She died, Jan. 28, 1837. He died about 1883-4.
- v. ANNA ELIZABETH, born June 18, 1809; married John Bright, of Bangor, published May 7, 1836. Mrs. Bright now resides in Bangor.
- vi. THOMAS COBB, born April 9, 1812; died Dec. 9.
- vii. THOMAS, born May 5, 1815; resides in Bangor; married Miss Ellen Cottrill, of Damariscotta, 1847. They have three daughters and two sons.
- viii. SAMUEL WATSON, born March 12, 1818; unmarried; died in Texas, '40.
- ix. ABIGAIL FRANCES born Nov. 15, 1820; married Samuel C. Hemmenway. He died.
- x. JOSEPH BAXTER, born April 15, 1824; died July 27, 1854; buried in Bangor.

REV. WILLIAM MASON, OF CASTINE.

was the oldest son of Thomas and Mary Mason, of Princeton, Mass. where he was born Nov. 18, 1764. He graduated at Harvard College in 1782. He preached at several places in Mass. until 1792 when he removed to Castine, and was ordained as minister of the First Parish there, Oct. 10th of the same year. In the division between the Orthodox and Unitarians he sided with the latter, joining the first Unitarian minister in the eastern part of Maine. He was often elected School Committee, and was annually elected Town Treasurer for twenty-six years. In all the relations of life he was what a minister and a man should be. He was at his request dismissed from his church and parish in April, 1844, on moving to Bangor the same year, where he died, March 24, 1847. He married Miss Abigail Watson, of Leicester, Mass. Oct. 8, 1792. She was born July 16, 1772 and died in Bangor, March 14, 1846. Their children, all born in Castine were:

- i. John, born Sept. 11, 1795. He graduated at Harvard College, 1817, and settled in Bangor as a Presbyterian, where he died a short time after his death. He married Miss Abigail Watson, Nov. 16, 1817. They had seven sons.
- ii. Amasa, born Nov. 18, 1797. He died April 12, 1812.
- iii. William, born May 2nd, graduated at Bowdoin College, 1821. He taught school in Castine several years, studied medicine, graduated at N. H. from Harvard College, 1825. He practiced medicine in Bangor for twenty years and removed to Castine, Mass., where he died March 12, 1861. He married Miss Mary J. Hildes, of Bangor, 1827. They had two daughters.
- iv. Mary Elizabeth, born March 25, 1801; she married John J. Childs, Thomas of the U. S. Army, published, Oct. 25, 1822. She died Jan. 25, 1861. He died about 1864.
- v. Anna Elizabeth, born June 18, 1803; married John Bright, of Bangor, published May 2, 1825. Miss Bright now resides in Bangor.
- vi. Thomas, born April 3, 1812; died Nov. 3.
- vii. Thomas, born May 2, 1814; resides in Bangor; married Miss Eliza Childs, of Castine, 1847. They have three daughters and two sons.
- viii. Samuel Watson, born March 12, 1815; unmarried; died in Bangor.
- ix. Abigail Frances, born Nov. 15, 1816; married Samuel C. Hennessey, He died.
- x. Joseph Barker, born April 15, 1821; died July 17, 1841; married in Bangor.

THE INCORPORATION OF TOWNS IN PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

- Alton, March 9, 1844. Part of Argyle.
- Argyle, March 19, 1839. No. 3. Old Indian purchase.
- Bangor, Feb. 25, 1791. No. 1—R. 2 north of Waldo Patent.
- A city, Feb. 12, 1834. Part of Hampden annexed later.
- Bradford, March 12, 1831. No. 1, R. 5. N. W. P.
- Bradley, Feb. 3, 1835. No. 4, old Indian purchase, east side Penobscot river.
- Brewer, Feb. 22, 1812. Set off from Orrington.
- Burlington, March 8, 1832. No. 2. Range One, north of Bingham's Penobscot purchase. Strip north of No. 2 Bingham's Penobscot purchase annexed March 10, 1835.
- Carmel, June 21, 1811. No. 3, R. 2, north of Waldo patent.
- Carroll, March 30, 1845. No. 6, R. 2; N. B. P. P.
- Charleston, Feb. 16, 1811. No. 2, R. 5, N. Waldo Patent.
- Chester, Feb. 26, 1834. No. 1, R. 8.
- Clifton, Aug. 7, 1848. Jarvis Gore.
- Corinna, Dec. 11, 1816. No. 4 R. 4 North of Waldo Patent.
- Corinth, June 21, 1811. No. 2 R. 4 North of Waldo Patent.
- Dexter, June 17, 1816. No. 4, R. 5 North of Waldo Patent.
- Eddington, Feb. 12, 1811. Eddy's Grant.
- Edinburg, Jan. 31, 1835, No. 1, Range 1.
- Enfield, Jan. 31, 1835. Treat's Grant and Part of Township No. 1, east of Penobscot river,
- Etna, Feb. 15, 1820. No. 4, Range 2, North Waldo Patent.
- Exeter, Feb. 16, 1811. No. 3. Range 4, N. Waldo Patent.
- Garland, Feb. 16, 1811, No. 3, R. 5. north of Waldo Patent.
- Glenburn, incorporated by the name of Dutton, Jan. 29, 1822, name changed March 18, 1837.
- Greenbush, Feb. 28, 1834. No. 2. Old Indian purchase.
- Greenfield, Jan. 29, 1834, No. 38, in B. P. purchase, annexed to Penobscot county, March 15, 1858.
- Hampden, Feb. 24, 1794. No. 1, Range 1, north of Waldo Patent.
- Hermion, June 13, 1814. No. 2, Range 2, north of Waldo Patent.

THE INCORPORATION OF TOWNS IN PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

- Alton, March 9, 1844. Part of Argyle.
- Argyle, March 19, 1839. No. 3. Old Indian purchase.
- Bangor, Feb. 25, 1791. No. 1—R. 2 north of Wabigo Patent.
- A city, Feb. 12, 1834. Part of Hingham annexed later.
- Bradford, March 12, 1831. No. 1. R. 3. N. W. P.
- Bradley, Feb. 3, 1845. No. 4. Old Indian purchase. east side Penobscot river.
- Brewer, Feb. 22, 1812. Set off from Orono.
- Burlington, March 8, 1832. No. 2. Range 2, northeast of Hingham's Penobscot purchase. Strip north of No. 2 Hingham's Penobscot purchase annexed March 10, 1835.
- Carmel, June 21, 1811. No. 3. R. 2 north of Wabigo Patent.
- Carrall, March 30, 1845. No. 6. R. 2. N. W. P.
- Charleston, Feb. 16, 1811. No. 2. R. 3. N. Wabigo Patent.
- Chester, Feb. 20, 1831. No. 1. R. 3.
- Clifton, Aug. 7, 1812. Jarvis Gore.
- Cornwall, Dec. 11, 1815. No. 4. R. 4 North of Wabigo Patent.
- Cornish, June 21, 1811. No. 3. R. 4 North of Wabigo Patent.
- Dexter, June 17, 1815. No. 4. R. 5 North of Wabigo Patent.
- Eddington, Feb. 12, 1811. Early's Grant.
- Eldridge, Jan. 21, 1835. No. 1. Range 1.
- Enfield, Jan. 21, 1835. Town's Grant and Part of Township No. 1, east of Penobscot river.
- Eton, Feb. 16, 1829. No. 4. Range 2 North Wabigo Patent.
- Exeter, Feb. 10, 1811. No. 3. Range 4. N. Wabigo Patent.
- Garland, Feb. 16, 1811. No. 5. R. 5 south of Wabigo Patent.
- Gleburn, incorporated by the name of Dutton, Jan. 19, 1811. name changed March 12, 1817.
- Greenbush, Feb. 28, 1834. No. 2. Old Indian purchase.
- Greenfield, Jan. 29, 1834. No. 25. in R. 1. purchase, annexed to Penobscot county March 12, 1835.
- Hampden, Feb. 24, 1794. No. 1. Range 1, north of Wabigo Patent.
- Hennepin, June 12, 1814. No. 2. Range 2 north of Wabigo Patent.

Holden, April 13, 1852. Set off from Brewer.

Howland, Feb. 10, 1826. No. — Range 7, north of Waldo Patent.

Hudson, inc. Feb. 25, 1825 as Kirkland, name changed 1854.

Kenduskeag, Feb. 20, 1852, taken from Levant and Glenburn.

Kingman, Jan. 25, 1873. No. 6, Range 4.

Lagrange, Feb. 11, 1832. No. 1, Range 2.

Lee, Feb. 3, 1832. No. 4, Range 2, east of Penobscot river and north of Bingham's purchase.

Levant, June 14, 1813. No. 2, Range 3, north of Waldo Patent.

Lincoln, Jan. 30, 1829. No. 2 and 3 and half township granted to Joseph E. Foxcroft.

Lowell, Feb. 9, 1837 as Huntressville, name changed to Lowell. Strip north of township No. 1, B. P. P. annexed, 1841. East part of Passadumkeag annexed Mar. 17, 1842.

Mattamascontis, Mar. 8, 1839, northerly part of Howland.

Mattawamkeag, Feb. 14, 1860. No. 1, Indian purchase, east side of Penobscot river.

Maxfield, Feb. 6, 1824. Bridgton Academy grant.

Medway, Feb. 8, 1875, A, Range 6 and Tract Z.

Milford, Feb 28, 1833. No 3, old Indian purchase, east side of Penobscot river.

Mount Chase, Mar. 21, 1864. Township, No. 5, Range 6.

Newburgh, March 13, 1819. No. 3, Range 1, north of Waldo Patent.

Newport, June 14, 1814, No. 4, Range 3, north of Waldo Patent.

Old Town, March 16, 1840. Part of Orono.

Orono, March 12, 1806. No. 5, old Indian purchase, west side of Penobscot river.

Orrington, Mar. 21, 1788. No. 9, east of Penobscot river.

Passadumkeag, Jan. 1, 1835. No. 1, old Indian purchase, east side of Penobscot river.

Patten, April 1841. No. 4, R. 6, West from east line of State.

Plymouth, Feb. 21, 1826. No. 5, Range 2, north of Waldo Patent.

Prentiss, Feb. 27, 1858. Township No. 7, Range 3.

Springfield, Feb. 12, 1834. No. 5, Range 2, north of Bingham's Purchase.

Stetson, Jan. 28, 1831. No. 3, Range 3, north of Waldo Patent.

Veazie, March 26, 1853. Northerly part of Bangor.

Winn, March 21, 1857. River Township No 4.

- Holden, April 13, 1852. Set off from Brewer.
 Howland, Feb. 10, 1856. No. — Range 7, north of White Patent.
 Hudson, Inc. Feb. 25, 1852 as Kirkland, name changed 1854.
 Keweenaw, Feb. 20, 1852, taken from Levent and Glenburn.
 Kingman, Jan. 25, 1857. No. 6, Range 4.
 Laysan, Feb. 11, 1852. Nov. 1, Range 2.
 Lee, Feb. 3, 1852. No. 4, Range 2, east of Penobscot river and
 north of Bingham's purchase.
 Levent, June 14, 1852. No. 2, Range 3, north of White Patent.
 Lincoln, Jan. 20, 1852. No. 2 and 3 and half township granted to
 Joseph E. Faxon.
 Lowell, Feb. 9, 1857 as Humpreysville, name changed to Lowell.
 Ship north of township No. 1, H. P. Faxon, 1851. East part of
 Passadumkeag township No. 17, 1852.
 Mattawamkeag, Feb. 14, 1850. No. 1, Indian purchase, east side
 of Penobscot river.
 Marshall, Feb. 6, 1852. Bridge on Acadia street.
 Medway, Feb. 8, 1852. A, Range 6 and Town 5.
 Milford, Feb. 23, 1852. No. 2, old Indian purchase, east side of
 Penobscot river.
 Mount Chase, March 21, 1852. Township No. 2, Range 6.
 Newburg, March 12, 1852. No. 2, Range 1, north of White Patent.
 Newport, June 14, 1852. No. 4, Range 4, north of White Patent.
 Old Town, March 12, 1852. Part of Orono.
 Orono, March 12, 1852. No. 2, old Indian purchase, west side of
 Penobscot river.
 Orrington, March 12, 1852. No. 2, east of Penobscot river.
 Passadumkeag, Jan. 1, 1852. No. 1, old Indian purchase, east side of
 Penobscot river.
 Patten, April 1851. No. 4, B. to West town east line of State.
 Phippsburg, Feb. 21, 1852. No. 2, Range 4, north of White Patent.
 Presque Isle, Feb. 27, 1852. Township No. 2, Range 1.
 Springfield, Feb. 12, 1854. No. 2, Range 2, north of Bingham's
 Purchase.
 Stearns, Jan. 25, 1851. No. 3, Range 2, north of White Patent.
 Vassie, March 26, 1852. Northerly part of Bangor.
 Winn, March 11, 1857. River Township No. 1.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Was incorporated by the General Court of Massachusetts, February 15, 1816. It was the northerly part of Hancock County. Bangor was the shire town.

The first term of Court held in Bangor was the Court of Common Pleas for the third Circuit, opened July 2, 1816. The judges were, Hon. William Crosby, of Belfast, Chief Justice; Martin Kinsley, Esquire of Hampden, Associate; James Campbell*, Esquire of Naraguagus, Associate. The County officers were, Samuel E. Dutton, of Bangor, Judge of Probate; Allen Gilman, of Bangor, Register of Probate; Jacob McGaw, of Bangor, County Attorney; Thomas Cobb, Clerk of Courts; General Jedediah Herrick, of Hampden, Sheriff; James Poor, of Bangor, Crier to the Court; John Wilkins of Orrington, Register of Deeds and County Treasurer.

The lawyers present at the first term were:—Oliver Leonard of Brewer, the first lawyer in the County; Allen Gilman of Bangor; Jacob McGaw of Bangor; Samuel E. Dutton of Bangor; Thomas A. Hill of Bangor; William D. Williamson of Bangor; John Godfrey of Hampden, afterwards of Bangor; Enoch Brown of Hampden, afterwards of Bangor; David Perham of Brewer; Samuel M. Pond of Bucksport; John Pike† of — graduated at Dartmouth College, 1803, died 1816, aged 33; Philo H. Washburn† of — graduated at Brown University 1801, died 1825.

The Court House was what is now the City Hall in Bangor, which stood nearer to Hammond street than now and faced Main street, with a green lawn in front and steps up to it.

The docket of the Court shows the first 14 cases as follows:

- No. 1. Lawrence Costigan vs. Josiah Brewer.
- No. 2. Wm. Peabody vs. Samuel Judkins.
- No. 3. Robert Treat vs. Daniel Livermore.
- No. 4. Robert McPheters vs. John McPheters.
- No. 5. David Gilmore vs. Freeman Luce.

* Mr. Campbell was not present.

† Of these two lawyers I know nothing more than above. They were members of Hancock County Bar in 1811 and were probably of that part of Hancock County now Waldo.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Was incorporated by the General Court of Massachusetts, February 15, 1816. It was the northern part of Hancock County. Bangor was the shire town.

The first term of Court held in Bangor was the Court of Common Pleas for the third Circuit opened July 2, 1816. The judges were, Hon. William Crosby, of Boston, Chief Justice; Martin Kinsley, Esquire of Bangor, Associate; James Campbell, Esquire of Bangor, Associate. The County officers were Samuel E. Patton of Bangor, Judge of Probate; Allen Gilman of Bangor, Register of Probate; Jacob McGowan of Bangor, County Attorney; Thomas Cobb, Clerk of Court; General Ashmun Herrick, of Bangor, Sheriff; James Foster of Bangor, Constable; John Weston of Bangor, Register of Deeds and County Treasurer.

The lawyers present at the first term were:—Otho Leonard, Brewer, the first lawyer in the County; Allen Weston of Bangor; Jacob McGowan of Bangor; Samuel E. Patton of Bangor; Thomas A. Hill of Bangor; William D. Williamson of Bangor; John Godfrey of Bangor, afterwards of Bangor; Jacob Foster of Bangor, afterwards of Bangor; David Patton of Bangor; Samuel M. Pond of Bangor; John Fisk of ———; Edmund Darnmouth College, died 1818 aged 35; Philip H. Watson of ——— graduated at Brown University 1801, died 1825.

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* Mr. Campbell was not present.
+ Of these two lawyers I know nothing more than their names. That were registered in Bangor County but in fact and were probably of that part of Hancock County now Maine.

- No. 6. Elihu Dole vs. Joshua Chamberlain.
 - No. 7. Bathsheba Snow vs. Reuben Snow.
 - No. 8. Robert Parker, Admr. vs. Benoni Hunt.
 - No. 9. James Poor vs. John Smart.
 - No. 10. Nabby Mann vs. Leavitt S. Sherbourne.
 - No. 11. George Logan vs. James Webster.
 - No. 12. Jacob McGaw vs. Royal Blood.
 - No. 13. Calvin Copeland vs. James Jumper.
 - No. 14. Andrew Grant vs. Reuben Newcomb, Jr.
-

PETITION OF JOHN BREWER OF ORRINGTON, 1792.

FROM MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES COMMUNICATED BY DR. J. F. PRATT, OF

CHELSEA, MASS.

“To the Honorable, the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled :

The Petition of John Brewer, of Orrington, in the County of Hancock, in behalf of the widow Peal, an Indian squaw, whose sanup was killed in the year 1787 by one James Page, [Andrew Gilman and Archable McPhetres in company.] Said Page, Gilman and McPhetres were apprehended and carried to Pownalborough Gole. The Indians not being acquainted with the laws of the commonwealth, did not appear at the Supreme Court to support their complaint, therefore said Page, Gilman and McPhetres were discharged from Gole by order of the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court. And in the year 1788 your Honors appointed the Rev. Daniel Little to go down to Penobscot and have a conference with the Indians on public business, and among the rest, to inquire into the murder of Peal. And it appeared to your committee that Peal was willfully killed, and left five dollars with your petitioner to give to the widow, and to inform her that if she should come to want during her widowhood, he did not doubt but the Honorable Court would give her some further support. She has often applied to your petitioner for some support on that encouragement. But your petitioner has put her off on account of her being some part of the time in Canada but cannot put her off any more.

JOHN BREWER.”

DEATHS IN BANGOR.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 218, VOL. 2.

From Records of Joseph Wing, City Undertaker.

1834. April 1, Miss Mary Lyon, of Gardiner, 21.
April 7, Mrs. Nancy B. wife of Mark L. Hill, 23.
April 20, Nath. Ingersoll, of New Gloucester, 81.
April 23, Wm. B. Hoyt, 34.
April 27, Abram Smith Jr., 10.
May 1, Mrs. Mary Miller, 18.
May 10, Wm. H. Eaton, 19; Enoch Eaton.
May 16, Miss Ann Burns, 23; Casual.
May 17, Mrs. Sarah W. Stevens, 26; Isaac Stevens.
May 20, Frederick Parker, 27.
May 24, Mary Jane Hook, drowned, 17; Asa Hook.
May 24, Mrs. Margaret M. Drummond, 38; A. Drummond.
May 29, Gordon Harvey, 40.
May 29, Mrs. Lydia Dow, 24; John Dow.
June 17, Mr. Aaron Brown, 22.
June 20, Geo. Wentworth, 4; Jona Wentworth
June 26, Mrs. Elizabeth Lumbert, 37; J. R. Lumbert.
July 6, Patrick Welch, 50.
July 8, Col. Jona Wentworth, 41; drowned.
July 11, Capt Wm. P. Burr, 30.
July 13, Dustin C. Quimby, 29.
July 19, Miss Nancy Warren, 22, of Paris.
July 24, Wm. Wall, 24, of Augusta.
July 27, Daniel Durren? 19.
Aug. 2, Chas. Bradford Jr., 13.
Aug. 13, Mrs. Sarah B. Bond, 37; Prof. Bond.
Aug. 13, J. W. Brier, 23, of Cornish.
Aug. 22, John H. Gower, 3; Robt. Gower.
Aug. 24, Peter C. Whipple, 32.
Aug. 25, Miss Hannah Hoyt, 21.
Aug. 28, Mrs. Almira Weed, 22; E. B. Weed.
Sept. 1, Amanda P. Holman, 10; L. Holman.
Sept. 3, John Cook, 27; of Chittenden, Vt.
Sept. 4, John Payson, 35.
Sept. 8, Miss Susan W. Rice, 25; Warren Rice.
Sept. 13, Mrs. Ellen Hewes, 26; Garret Hewes.
Sept. 16, Miss Rebecca B. Palmer, 24, of Dixmont.
Oct. 13, Mrs. Mercy G. Demeritt, 29; R. P. Demeritt.
Oct. 18, Benj. Nason, 19, of Minot.
Oct. 18, Isaac Lincoln, 23, of Thomaston.
Oct. 21, Miss Mary A. White, 14; Elias White.

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

VOLUME II.

	Page.
For Sweet read Swett.....	28
Rev. Marshfield Steele.....	28
Rev. William Cooper married Judith, daughter of Judge Samuel Sewall, May 12, 1720. Strike out word "Mann.".....	40
For John Sutton read Joshua Scottow.....	40
Geo. W. Brown born in Concord, Mass.....	43
Spelled Harthorn, Harthon and Hathorn, the last the most correct...	61, 62
Rev. Samuel Veazie died Dec. 3, 1797.....	71
Johnson Veazie died Feb. 19, 1862.....	74
Samuel ^l Veazie of Brewer died Jan. 17, 1867. His wife died Dec. 16, 1866, aged 51 years.....	74
Wales Veazie died Oct. 7, 1864.....	74
For Georgetown Church Records read Woolwich.....	105
For Sanders read Saunders.....	128
John Sargent resided in Saint Andrews, not Saint Stephens.....	130
For Chaplain read Champaign.....	134
Arno Wiswell entered Bowdoin College (1837) but did not graduate. The degree of A. M. was conferred upon him by the college as of 1841.....	176
For George H. Witherell read George H. Witherlee.....	223
In line five from bottom for "lawship" read "early life".....	234

The General Index for this Volume will be sent later

#1560

